

IDC101-Introduction to computers (Python programming)

Lab tasks – **Session 06**

December 19-20 2022

- Name your Colab sheet as rollNo-WS-No.ipynb (for example, if you are making colab sheet for WS6 then it should be named as: rollNo-WS-06.ipynb)

Learn to use:

- Practice *continue*, and *break* statements in while/for loop. Using *break* to modify program to determine whether a number is prime or not.
- Use *for....else* and *while else* statements.
- Writing *function* for adding numbers, finding a number is odd/even

```
def sum(a,b):  
    sum=a+b  
    return(sum)  
print(sum(10,5))  
## you can embed a function within a function  
print(sum(sum(2,4),sum(9,10)))
```

```
def isOdd(a):  
    if a%2 == 0:  
        return (True)  
    else:  
        return (False)  
print(isOdd(3))  
print(isOdd(4))
```

- Dealing with datatype **list**

```
exList=[2,3,'to',101,'idc101',89,91,'welcome']  
print(exList[2],exList[4][2:])  
print(exList[7],exList[2],exList[4])  
print(len(exList))  
  
exList.append(98) ## adds to the end of list  
print(exList)  
print(exList.index('idc101')) # returns 4
```

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- Q 1. Write a program to print n^{th} prime number starting by using:
- break* statement.
 - Write a function to determine if a number is prime.
- Q 2. Find sum of odd numbers from 0 till 100 (Using continue statement).
- Q 3. Find sum of first n prime numbers.
- Q 4. Write a program to find whether an input WORD has following properties:
- The string length is at least 8 characters long.
 - String contains at least 1 numeric character.
 - String contains at least 1 capital alphabet.
 - String contains at least 1 special character (NOT numeric/alphabet/space).

- Q 5. The collatz conjecture states that "For any positive integer repeating two simple arithmetic operations to obtain next number, **viz.** if number (n) is even, then next number is $n/2$ else the next number is $(3n+1)/2$, will eventually transform the input integer into 1. The sequence of numbers obtained is called hailstone numbers. Write a function to check collatz conjecture. Find the number of steps required to convert a number to 1 and maximum number obtain during the process.

Input integer n

If n is even:

$$(n+1)^{\text{th}} = n/2$$

Else:

$$(n+1)^{\text{th}} = (3*n+1)/2$$

- Q 6. Write a program to find the occurrence of unique character in the string given below (Make a **list** of these unique characters). For each entry in this list, find occurrence of characters. Now make a unique **list** of overlapping two consecutive characters and find their occurrences. Generalize this using a function for any n consecutive characters.

```
seq='accttcagacttggaagattggcatcttcgccaccgggtactcggcccacggctcctcc
tgacacgtatagtcactctagtgccaacgagttatttccgccgatgtatgagatacaagaactgAACGCTC
CtgcttatggggGCAGGTgacgaaagcttctaccagtcttctttgttagtaagggcacactttgtcgcccc
agcacgcatgcccactggtagcatgccgtagatcaatagcctttctcttggttagtaagggcacacttt
gtcgccccagcacgcatgcccactggtagcatgccgtagatcaatagcctttctcttg'
```