Pandas Functions

• read csv(): Read a CSV file into a DataFrame.

"df = pd.read_csv('data.csv')"

• read_excel(): Read an Excel file into a DataFrame.

"df = pd.read excel('data.xlsx')"

• to csv(): Write DataFrame to a CSV file.

"df.to csv('data out.csv')"

• to_excel(): Write DataFrame to an Excel file.

"df.to excel('data out.xlsx')"

• head(): View the first n rows of the DataFrame.

"df.head()"

• tail(): View the last n rows of the DataFrame.

"df.tail()"

• info(): Get concise summary of the DataFrame.

"df.info()"

• describe(): Generate descriptive statistics.

"df.describe()"

• **shape**: Get the dimensions of the DataFrame.

"df.shape"

• columns: Get the column names of the DataFrame.

"df.columns"

• **index**: Get the index (row labels) of the DataFrame.

"df.index"

values: Get the data as a 2D array.

"df.values"

dtypes: Get the data types of each column.

"df.dtypes"

astype(): Convert the data type of a column.

"df['column'].astype('int')"

• fillna(): Fill missing values in DataFrame.

"df.fillna(0)"

• **dropna():** Remove missing values from DataFrame.

"df.dropna()"

• **drop():** Drop specified labels from rows or columns.

"df.drop(['column1', 'column2'], axis=1)"

• iloc[]: Access DataFrame by integer*location.

"df.iloc[0]"

• **loc[]:** Access DataFrame by label*location.

"df.loc['label']"

- **groupby():** Group DataFrame using a mapper or by a series of columns.
- "df.groupby('column')"
- agg(): Apply aggregation functions to grouped data.

"df.groupby('column').agg({'column2': 'sum'})"

• merge(): Merge DataFrame or Series with a database*style join.

"pd.merge(df1, df2, on='key column')"

- **concat():** Concatenate DataFrame objects along a particular axis. "pd.concat([df1, df2])"
- **apply():** Apply a function along an axis of the DataFrame. "df.apply(np.sqrt)"
- applymap(): Apply a function element*wise in the DataFrame.

"df.applymap(lambda x: x*2)"

• map(): Apply a function to every element in a column.

"df['column'].map(lambda x: x*2)"

• pivot_table(): Create a spreadsheet*style pivot table.

"pd.pivot_table(df, values='column1', index='column2', aggfunc=np.sum)"

• melt(): Unpivot a DataFrame from wide to long format.

"pd.melt(df, id_vars=['column1'], value_vars=['column2', 'column3'])"

• sort_values(): Sort DataFrame by column values.

"df.sort_values(by='column')"

• sort_index():Sort DataFrame by index labels.

"df.sort index()"

 set_index(): Set the DataFrame index (row labels) using existing columns.

"df.set_index('column')"

• reset_index(): Reset the DataFrame index.

"df.reset_index()"

• value_counts(): Count unique values in a column.

"df['column'].value_counts()"

• unique(): Get unique values in a column.

"df['column'].unique()"

• nunique(): Count distinct observations in a column.

"df['column'].nunique()"

• **drop_duplicates():():** Remove duplicate rows from DataFrame.

"df.drop_duplicates()"

• isin(): Filter DataFrame rows based on a list of values.

"df[df['column'].isin(['value1', 'value2'])]"

• query(): Query the DataFrame with a boolean expression.

"df.query('column > 0')"

• rename(): Rename columns or index labels.

"df.rename(columns={'old_name': 'new_name'})"

• cut(): Bin values into discrete intervals.

"pd.cut(df['column'], bins=3)"

• qcut(): Bin values into quantiles.

"pd.qcut(df['column'], q=4)"

• rolling(): Provide rolling window calculations.

"df['column'].rolling(window=3).mean()"

• **shift():** Shift index by desired number of periods.

"df['column'].shift(periods=1)"

• **str**: String methods for Series.

"df['column'].str.lower()"

• datetime: Convert column to datetime dtype.

"pd.to_datetime(df['date_column'])"

• pd.to_numeric(): Convert argument to a numeric type.

"pd.to_numeric(df['numeric_column'])"

 get_dummies(): Convert categorical variables into dummy/indicator variables.

"pd.get_dummies(df['category_column'])"

 str.contains(): Check if pattern or regex is contained within a string of a Series.

"df['column'].str.contains('pattern')"

• **str.replace()**: Replace occurrences of pattern/regex in the Series/Index with some other string.

"df['column'].str.replace('old_string', 'new_string')"

 str.extract(): Extract capture groups in the regex pat as columns in a DataFrame.

"df['column'].str.extract('(\d+)')"

• str.split(): Split strings around given separator/delimiter.

"df['column'].str.split(',')"

• **str.strip():** Remove leading and trailing characters.

"df['column'].str.strip()"

• **str.join()**: Join lists contained as elements in the Series/Index with passed delimiter.

"','.join(df['column'])"

• **str.isnumeric():** Check whether all characters in each string are numeric. "df['column'].str.isnumeric()"

• **str.isalpha():** Check whether all characters in each string are alphabetic. "df['column'].str.isalpha()"

• str.isdigit(): Check whether all characters in each string are digits.

"df['column'].str.isdigit()"

• **str.startswith()**: Check whether each string starts with a specified substring.

"df['column'].str.startswith('prefix')"

- **str.endswith():** Check whether each string ends with a specified suffix. "df['column'].str.endswith('suffix')"
- **str.find():** Return lowest indexes in each string in the Series/Index where the substring is fully contained between [start:end].

"df['column'].str.find('substring')"

- **str.len():** Return the length of the string.
- "df['column'].str.len()"
- **str.capitalize():** Convert strings in the Series/Index to be capitalized.

"df['column'].str.capitalize()"

- **str.lower():** Convert strings in the Series/Index to lowercase.
- "df['column'].str.lower()"
- **str.upper():** Convert strings in the Series/Index to uppercase.

"df['column'].str.upper()"

• **str.title():** Convert strings in the Series/Index to titlecase.

"df['column'].str.title()"

• str.swapcase(): Convert strings in the Series/Index to swapcase.

"df['column'].str.swapcase()"

• **str.isalnum():** Check whether all characters in each string are alphanumeric.

"df['column'].str.isalnum()"

- **str.isdecimal():** Check whether all characters in each string are decimal. "df['column'].str.isdecimal()"
- **str.islower():** Check whether all characters in each string are lowercase. "df['column'].str.islower()"
- **str.isupper():** Check whether all characters in each string are uppercase. "df['column'].str.isupper()"
- **str.isspace():** Check whether all characters in each string are whitespace. "df['column'].str.isspace()"
- **str.count():** Count occurrences of pattern in each string of the Series/Index.

"df['column'].str.count('pattern')"

- str.pad(): Filling the strings in the Series/Index to a minimum width.
- "df['column'].str.pad(width=10)"
- **str.lstrip():** Stripping whitespace from the beginning of each string in the Series/Index.

- "df['column'].str.lstrip()"
- **str.rstrip():** Stripping whitespace from the end of each string in the Series/Index.
- "df['column'].str.rstrip()"
- **str.rjust()**: Filling the right side of strings in the Series/Index with an additional character.
- "df['column'].str.rjust(width=10, fillchar='0')"
- **str.ljust():** Filling left side of strings in the Series/Index with an additional character.
- "df['column'].str.ljust(width=10, fillchar='0')"
- **str.zfill():** Pad strings in the Series/Index by prepending '0' characters. "df['column'].str.zfill(width=10)"
- **str.partition():** Split the strings in the Series/Index around the first occurrence of sep.
- "df['column'].str.partition(sep='delimiter')"
- **str.rpartition():** Split the strings in the Series/Index around the last occurrence of sep.
- "df['column'].str.rpartition(sep='delimiter')"
- **str.splitlines():** Split the strings in the Series/Index at the line breaks. "df['column'].str.splitlines()"
- str.expandtabs(): Expand tabs in each string of the Series/Index.
- "df['column'].str.expandtabs(tabsize=4)"
- **str.swapaxes():** Swap axes of the Series/Index objects.
- "df['column'].str.swapaxes(axis1=0, axis2=1)"