Lab 8

AIM: Demonstrate the use of control flow, comparision and arithmetic instryctions in 8085 Assembly Labguage to manipulate the data and implement algorithms for ordering values checking specific properties of numbers.

Programs

Question 1. A string of readings is stored in the memory location starting at 2070H and the end of the string is indicated by the byte 0DH. Write an 8085 assembly language program to check each byte in the string and save the bytes in the range of 30H to 39H (Both inclusive) in memory location starting from 2090H. Also count the number of bytes accepted from the string between 30H to 39H.

DATA(H): 35, 2F, 30, 39, 3A, 37, 7F, 31, 0D, 32

Answer:

Assuming all the values are present in the proper memory locations.

```
; Initialization
LXI H, 2070H ; Load memory address
LXI D, 2090H ; Load destination address
MVI C, 00H ; Initialize count to 0
LOOP:
   MOV A, M ; Load byte from memory
   CPI 0DH
              ; Check for end of string
   JZ DONE
              ; If end, terminate
   CPI 30H
              ; Compare with lower bound
   JC NEXT
              ; Skip if below 30H
   CPI 3AH ; Compare with upper bound +1
    JNC NEXT
              ; Skip if greater than 39H
   MOV M, A ; Store in destination
    INX D
              ; Increment destination pointer
    INR C
              ; Increment count
NEXT:
   INX H ; Move to next byte JMP LOOP ; Repeat loop
DONE:
               ; Store count at the end
   MOV M, C
    HLT
               ; Halt program
```

Question 2. Write an 8085 assembly language program to find the factorial of a given number.

Answer:

```
; Initialization
MVI B, 05H ; Number to find factorial
MVI C, 01H ; Initialize factorial result to 1
LOOP:
   MOV A, B ; Copy B to A
   CPI 01H ; Check if B is 1
   JZ DONE
             ; If 1, terminate
   MOV D, C ; Copy result to D
   MVI A, 00H; Clear A for multiplication
   MOV E, D ; Copy multiplier to E
MUL_LOOP:
   ADD D
              ; Multiply A = A + D (loop-based multiplication)
   DCR E
             ; Decrement multiplier
   JNZ MUL_LOOP ; Repeat until zero
   MOV C, A ; Store new factorial result
    DCR B
             ; Decrement B
    JMP LOOP ; Repeat loop
DONE:
   HLT
              ; Halt program
```

Question 3. Write an 8085 assembly language program to check whether a given number is prime or not. If the number is prime, store 01H at the memory location which stores the result, else 00H.

Answer:

```
; Initialization
MVI B, 07H; Example number (7)
MVI C, 02H ; Start divisor from 2
MVI D, 01H ; Assume number is prime (01H)
CHECK:
   MOV A, B ; Copy number to A
   MOV E, C ; Copy divisor to E
    ; Division logic begins
    MVI L, 00H; Clear remainder
   MOV H, 00H; Clear quotient
   MOV D, A ; Copy dividend
   MOV A, E ; Copy divisor
DIV_LOOP:
    CMP D
              ; Compare divisor and dividend
    JC DIV_DONE
```

```
SUB E ; Subtract divisor from dividend
    INX H ; Increment quotient
    JMP DIV_LOOP
DIV_DONE:
   MOV L, D ; Store remainder in L
    ; Division logic ends
   MOV A, L ; Get remainder
   CPI 00H
             ; Check if remainder is zero
    JZ NOTPRIME; If zero, not prime
   INR C ; Increment divisor
   MOV A, C ; Compare divisor with number/2
   MOV E, B
    RRC
            ; Divide number by 2
    CMP C
    JNC CHECK ; Continue loop if divisor < number/2</pre>
JMP PRIME
NOTPRIME:
   MVI D, 00H; Set flag to not prime (00H)
PRIME:
   MOV M, D ; Store result
   HLT
             ; Halt program
```

Question 4. Write an assembly Language Program to find out the GCD (Greatest Common Divisor) for the numbers using the euclidean algorithm. DATA: (12,18)10 = 610 (12,17)10 = 110

Answer:

```
LXI H, 2070H ; Load address of first number
MOV B, M ; Load first number
INX H
           ; Move to next memory location
MOV C, M; Load second number
GCD_LOOP:
            ; Compare B and C
   CMP C
   JZ DONE
            ; If equal, GCD found
   JNC SWAP ; Swap if B < C
           ; B = B - C
   SUB C
   JMP GCD LOOP
SWAP:
   MOV D, B
   MOV B, C
   MOV C, D
   JMP GCD_LOOP
```

```
DONE:

MOV M, B ; Store GCD in memory

HLT ; Halt program
```

Question 5. Write an 8085 Assembly Language Program to calculate the average of a set of 10 numbers

Answer:

```
LXI H, 2070H ; Load address of numbers
MVI C, 0AH ; Set counter (10 numbers)
MVI B, 00H ; Initialize sum to 0
SUM_LOOP:
    MOV A, M ; Load number
    ADD B
            ; Add to sum
   MOV B, A ; Store result in B
    INX H
            ; Move to next number
              ; Decrement counter
    DCR C
    JNZ SUM_LOOP
MOV A, B
           ; Load sum
MVI C, 0AH ; Load divisor (10)
CALL DIV ; Call division subroutine MOV M, H ; Store average in memory
HLT
             ; Halt program
```