

PRACTICAL REPORT

For IoT Practical



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4.9 Serial Communication - Sending the Value of Multiple Arduino Pins

Send groups of binary bytes, integers, or long values from Arduino. For example, you may want to send the values of the digital and analogue pins to Processing.

Arduino Code:

```
const char HEADER = 'H';
const int baudRate = 9600;
void setup()
{
        /* Established Serial Communication. */
        Serial.begin(baudRate);
        /* Wait until Serial Communication not established. */
        while (!Serial)
        {
        }
        for (int i = 2; i <= 13; i++)
        {
                pinMode(i, INPUT);
                digitalWrite(i, HIGH);
        }
}
void loop()
{
        Serial.write(HEADER);
        int values = 0;
        int bit = 0;
        for (int i = 2; i <= 13; i++)
        {
                bitWrite(values, bit, digitalRead(i));
```

```
bit = bit + 1;
}
sendBinary(values);
for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
{
    values = analogRead(i);
    sendBinary(values);
}
delay(1000);
}
void sendBinary(int value)
{
    Serial.write(lowByte(value));
    Serial.write(highByte(value));
}</pre>
```

Processing Code:

```
import processing.serial.*;

Serial myPort;
char HEADER = 'H';

void setup()
{
        size(200, 200);
        String portName = "COM9";
        println(" Connecting to -> " + portName);
        myPort = new Serial(this, portName, 9600);
}

void draw()
{
    int val;
```

```
if ( myPort.available() >= 15)
        {
                if( myPort.read() == HEADER)
                {
                         println("Message received:");
                         val = readArduinoInt();
                         for(int pin=2, bit=1; pin <= 13; pin++)</pre>
                         {
                                 print("digital pin " + pin + " = " );
                                 int isSet = (val & bit);
                                 if( isSet == 0)
                                          println("0");
                                 else
                                          println("1");
                                 bit = bit \star 2;
                         }
                }
                println();
                for(int i=0; i < 6; i ++)
                {
                         val = readArduinoInt();
                         println("analog port " + i + "= " + val);
                }
                println("----");
                }
        }
}
int readArduinoInt()
{
        int val;
        val = myPort.read();
```

```
val = myPort.read() * 256 + val;
return val;
}
```

4 Output:

```
analog port 4= 262
analog port 5= 275

----

Message received:
digital pin 2 = 1
digital pin 3 = 1
digital pin 4 = 1
digital pin 6 = 1
digital pin 7 = 1
digital pin 8 = 1
digital pin 9 = 1
digital pin 10 = 1
digital pin 11 = 1
digital pin 12 = 1
digital pin 13 = 1

analog port 0= 276
analog port 1= 266
analog port 4= 265
analog port 4= 259
analog port 5= 271

----

Console

A Errors
```