

Railway Management System

By Group 22:

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FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

[DOCUMENT LINK](#)



ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM:

[DOCUMENT LINK](#)



RELATIONAL MODEL:

[DOCUMENT LINK](#)



SQL DDL MODEL:

[DOCUMENT LINK](#)



SQL DML MODEL:

[DOCUMENT LINK](#)



FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 1:

FR - 1

Query to retrieve train id that will transport parcel from source AHMEDABAD to destination GANDHINAGAR

SQL query:

```
select pa.par_id, tr.train_id from parcel pa INNER JOIN station s ON s.sid = pa.sid  
INNER JOIN train tr ON s.train_id = tr.train_id WHERE pa.source_t='Ahmedabad'  
and pa.destination_t='Gandhinagar' AND tr.t_source='Ahmedabad' AND  
tr.t_destination='Gandhinagar';
```

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 1:

FR - 1

OUTPUT-

	par_id integer	train_id integer	
1	1001	1	



FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 2:

FR - 2

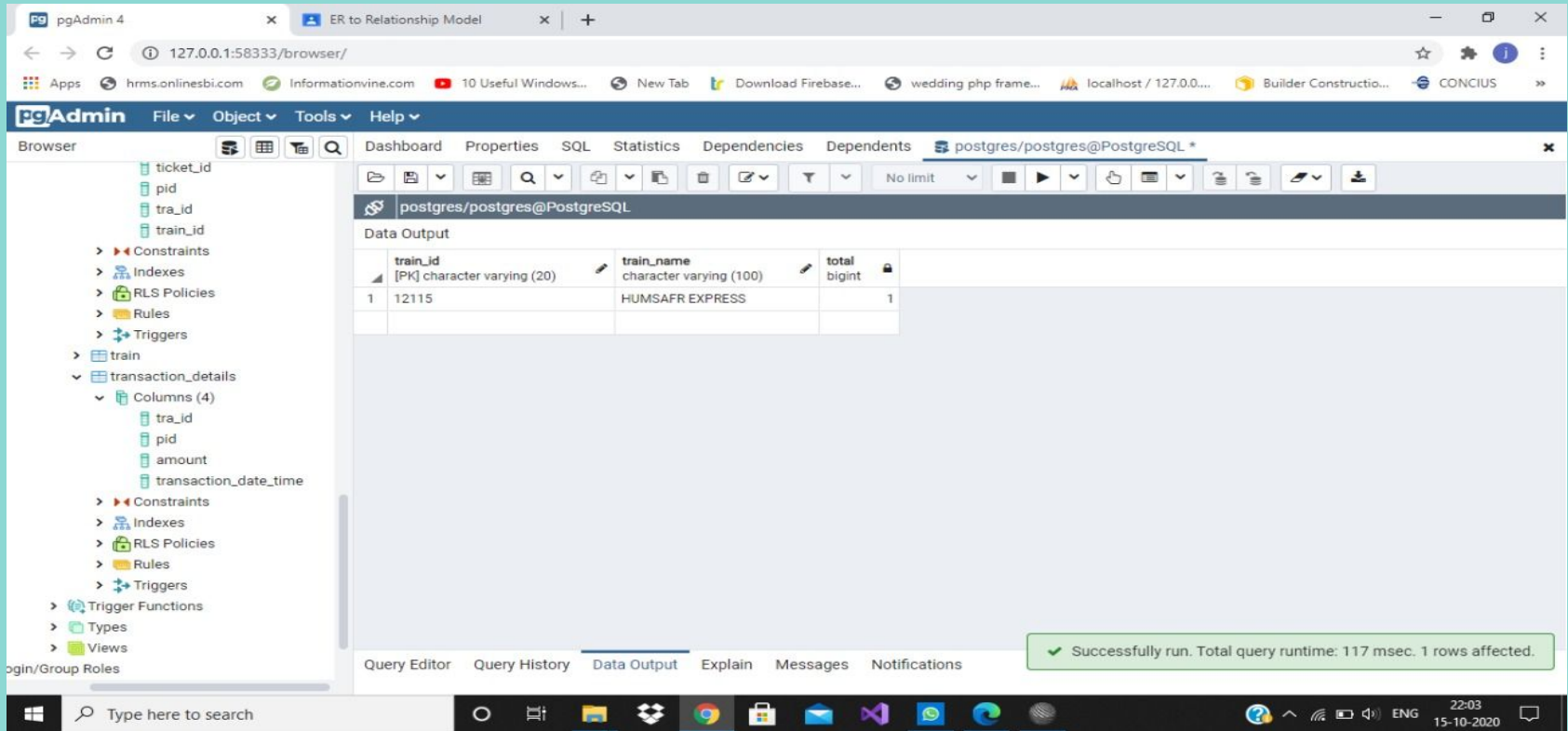
Count the number of tickets of train id 12115 and display the name of the train.

SQL QUERY:

```
select tr.train_id, tr.train_name, (Select COUNT(tc.ticket_id) from ticket tc where  
tc.train_id = tr.train_id)  
as Total from train tr where tr.train_id = '12115';
```

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 2:

FR - 2 OUTPUT



The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface. The left sidebar displays a tree view of the database structure, including tables like 'ticket_id', 'pid', 'tra_id', 'train_id', and 'transaction_details'. The main pane shows the 'Data Output' for a query executed on the 'train' table. The query result is displayed in a table with the following data:

train_id	train_name	total
1	HUMSAFR EXPRESS	1

At the bottom of the interface, a green status bar indicates: "Successfully run. Total query runtime: 117 msec. 1 rows affected."



FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 3:

FR - 3


Retrieve passenger name and ticket details of passenger with the help of transaction details table and train table and arrival and departure time of train.

SQL QUERY:

```
select tc.ticket_id,pa.fname, pa.lname, pa.sid, tc.train_id, ad.arrtime, ad.deptime,  
st.food_av,tran.amount from passenger pa JOIN ticket tc ON pa.pid = tc.pid JOIN  
station st ON st.sid = pa.sid JOIN arr_dept ad ON st.sid = ad.sid JOIN train tr ON  
tr.train_id = ad.train_id JOIN transaction_details tran ON tran.tra_id = tc.tra_id  
WHERE pa.pid = 2;
```

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 3:

FR - 3 OUTPUT

Data Output		Explain	Messages	Notifications					
 ticket_id integer	 fname character varying (20)	 lname character varying (20)	 sid integer	 train_id integer	 arrtime timestamp without time zone	 deptime timestamp without time zone	 food_av boolean	 amount integer	
1	102	Rita	Gada	2	2	2020-11-28 16:30:00	2020-11-28 16:40:00	true	400



FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 4:

FR - 4

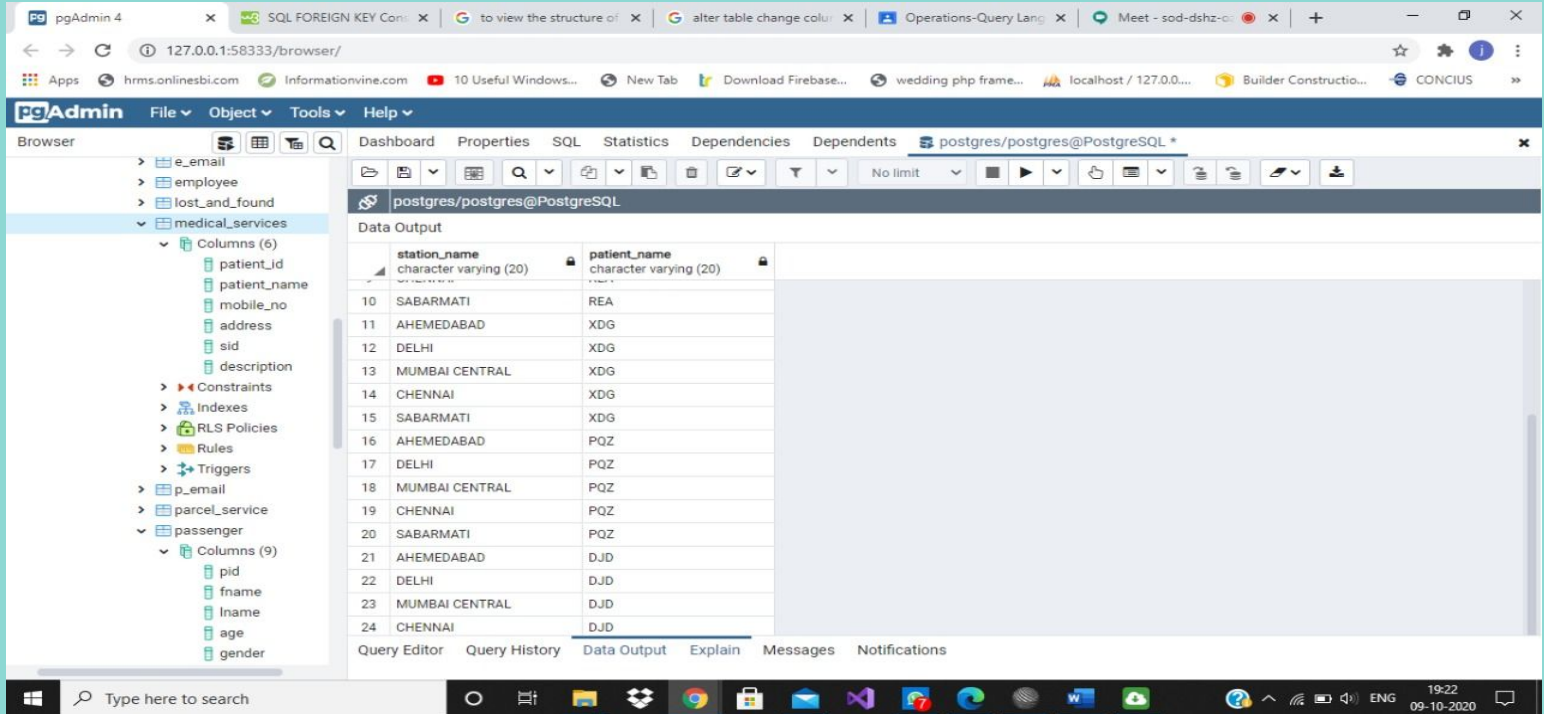
Retrieve all the station names where patients are suffering from covid 19.

SQL Query:

```
select station.station_name,medical_services.patient_name from  
station,medical_services INNER JOIN station s on s.sid = medical_services.sid  
where medical_services.description like '%COVID%';
```

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 4:

FR - 4 OUTPUT



The screenshot shows the pgAdmin 4 interface with the 'Data Output' tab selected. The table displays the following data:

station_name	patient_name
SABARMATI	REA
AHEMEDABAD	XDG
DELHI	XDG
MUMBAI CENTRAL	XDG
CHENNAI	XDG
SABARMATI	XDG
AHEMEDABAD	PQZ
DELHI	PQZ
MUMBAI CENTRAL	PQZ
CHENNAI	PQZ
SABARMATI	PQZ
AHEMEDABAD	DJD
DELHI	DJD
MUMBAI CENTRAL	DJD
CHENNAI	DJD



FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 5:

FR - 5

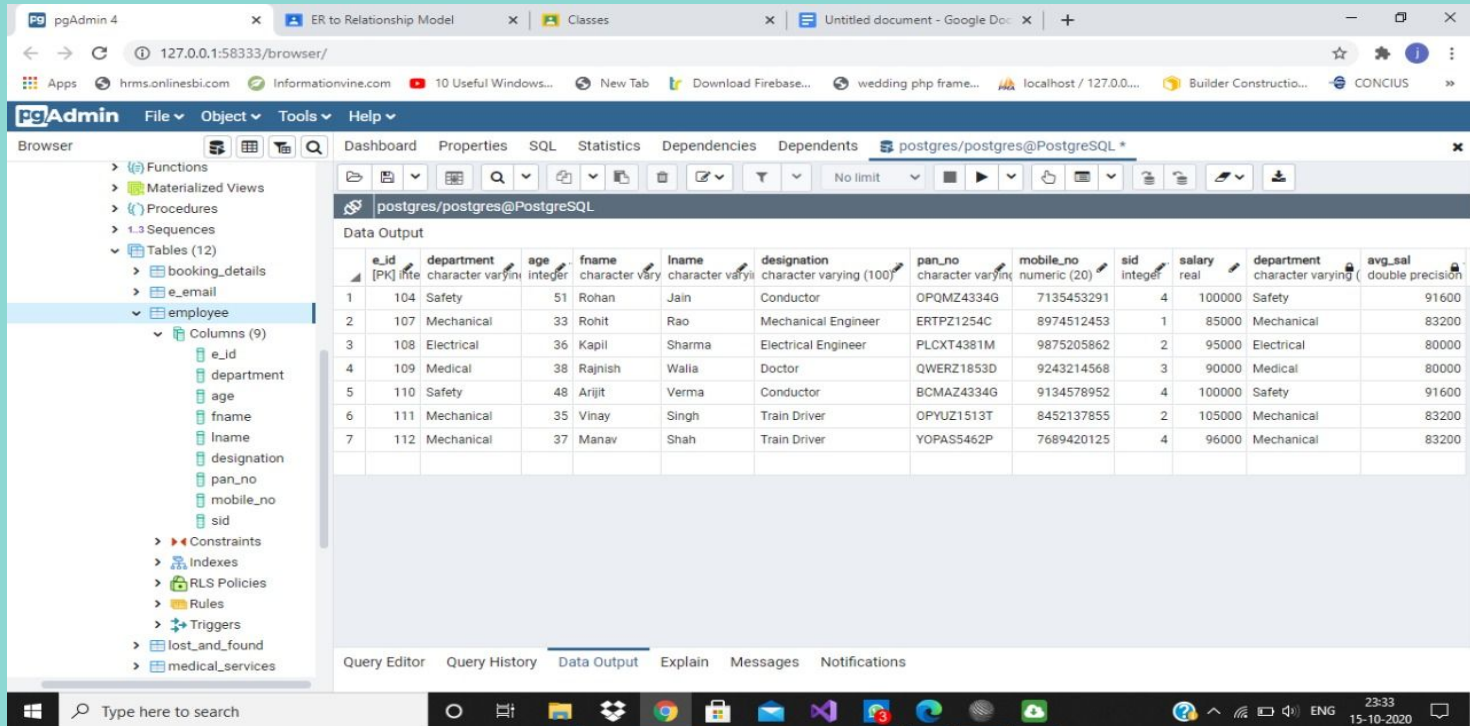
Find out employees of departments who draw more salary then average salary of all employees of that department.

SQL Query:

```
SELECT * FROM employee AS e JOIN ( SELECT department, AVG(salary) AS  
avg_sal FROM employee GROUP BY department ORDER BY department  
) AS department_avg_sal  
ON (e.department = department_avg_sal.department)  
WHERE e.salary > department_avg_sal.avg_sal;
```

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT - 5:

FR - 5 OUTPUT



The screenshot displays the pgAdmin 4 interface. The left sidebar shows the database structure, with the 'employee' table selected under 'Tables (12)'. The main pane shows the 'Data Output' tab for the 'postgres/postgres@PostgreSQL' database. The table 'employee' is displayed with the following data:

e_id	department	age	fname	lname	designation	pan_no	mobile_no	sid	salary	department	avg_sal	
1	104	Safety	51	Rohan	Jain	Conductor	OPQMZ4334G	7135453291	4	100000	Safety	91600
2	107	Mechanical	33	Rohit	Rao	Mechanical Engineer	ERTPZ1254C	8974512453	1	85000	Mechanical	83200
3	108	Electrical	36	Kapil	Sharma	Electrical Engineer	PLCXT4381M	9875205862	2	95000	Electrical	80000
4	109	Medical	38	Rajnish	Walia	Doctor	QWERZ1853D	9243214568	3	90000	Medical	80000
5	110	Safety	48	Arijit	Verma	Conductor	BCMAZ4334G	9134578952	4	100000	Safety	91600
6	111	Mechanical	35	Vinay	Singh	Train Driver	OPYUZ1513T	8452137855	2	105000	Mechanical	83200
7	112	Mechanical	37	Manav	Shah	Train Driver	YOPAS5462P	7689420125	4	96000	Mechanical	83200



CONCLUSION:

- In our project Railway management system we have stored all the information about the Trains scheduled and the users booking tickets.
- This database is helpful for the applications which facilitate passengers to book the train tickets and check the details of trains like seat availability, scheduled time and location.
- Even we have the records of station availability details like food, waiting room.
- Services provides by station are also stored such as parcel , medical and lost and found services.
- We have also covered the employees working at railway their departments and designations.
- It avoids inconvenience of going to railway station for each and every query they get, We had considered the most important requirements only.



THANK YOU