

OF THE ECONOMIC
STRUCTURES OF INDIA
AND CHINA: A STUDY OF
KEY DIFFERENCES AND
SIMILARITIES

## INTRODUCTION

India and China are two of the world's fastest-growing economies. This presentation will provide a comparative analysis of their economic structures, highlighting key differences and similarities.





# TRADE & POLICY

China is the world's largest exporter, while India is a major player in **IT services** and **pharmaceuticals**. Both countries have been involved in trade disputes with the United States. India uses Mixed Policy and China uses Socialist policy.



### **GDP**

India's GDP is primarily driven by the service sector, while China's is driven by manufacturing. India's GDP growth rate has been consistently high, but China's has slowed down in recent years.



#### POPULATION AND LABOR FORCE

China has a larger population and labor force than India.
However, India has a younger population, which could be an advantage in the long term. Both countries have a significant informal sector.

# CONCLUSION

In conclusion, India and China have different economic structures, but both have made significant progress in recent years. India's service sector and young population could be advantageous, while China's manufacturing and infrastructure investments have propelled its growth. Continued cooperation and competition between the two countries will shape the global economy for years to come.

# Thank You!