fuse | machines


# Week – 1

# Learning About Docker

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# Summary

In this project, Maven is employed as the build tool for managing and automating the build process of a Java application. The application's dependencies, configurations, and build lifecycle are specified in the project's Maven configuration file (pom.xml).

The application utilizes a MySQL database, and to streamline the deployment and management of the database, Docker is employed. The MySQL database is containerized, meaning it is encapsulated within a Docker container, allowing for consistent and reproducible deployments across different environments. Docker Compose is used to define and orchestrate the multi-container application stack, providing a simple way to manage the entire application environment, including both the Java application and the MySQL database.

Here's a breakdown of the key components and their roles in the project:

Maven:

Maven is utilized as the build automation tool to manage the project's build lifecycle, dependencies, and project structure.

The pom.xml file contains project configurations, dependencies, and build plugins.

Java Application:

The Java application source code is structured according to Maven conventions.

Maven is used to compile, test, and package the application into executable artifacts (e.g., JAR or WAR files).

MySQL Database:

The MySQL database is containerized using Docker.

Docker provides a lightweight, isolated environment for the MySQL database, ensuring consistent behavior across different environments.

Docker Compose:

Docker Compose is employed to define and manage the multi-container application stack.

The docker-compose.yml file specifies the services (containers) needed for the application, including the MySQL database and any other required services.

Deployment and Scaling:

The Docker Compose file simplifies the deployment process, allowing for easy scaling or replication of the application stack if needed.

Docker containers facilitate portability and consistency, enabling developers to run the application stack on different environments with minimal configuration.

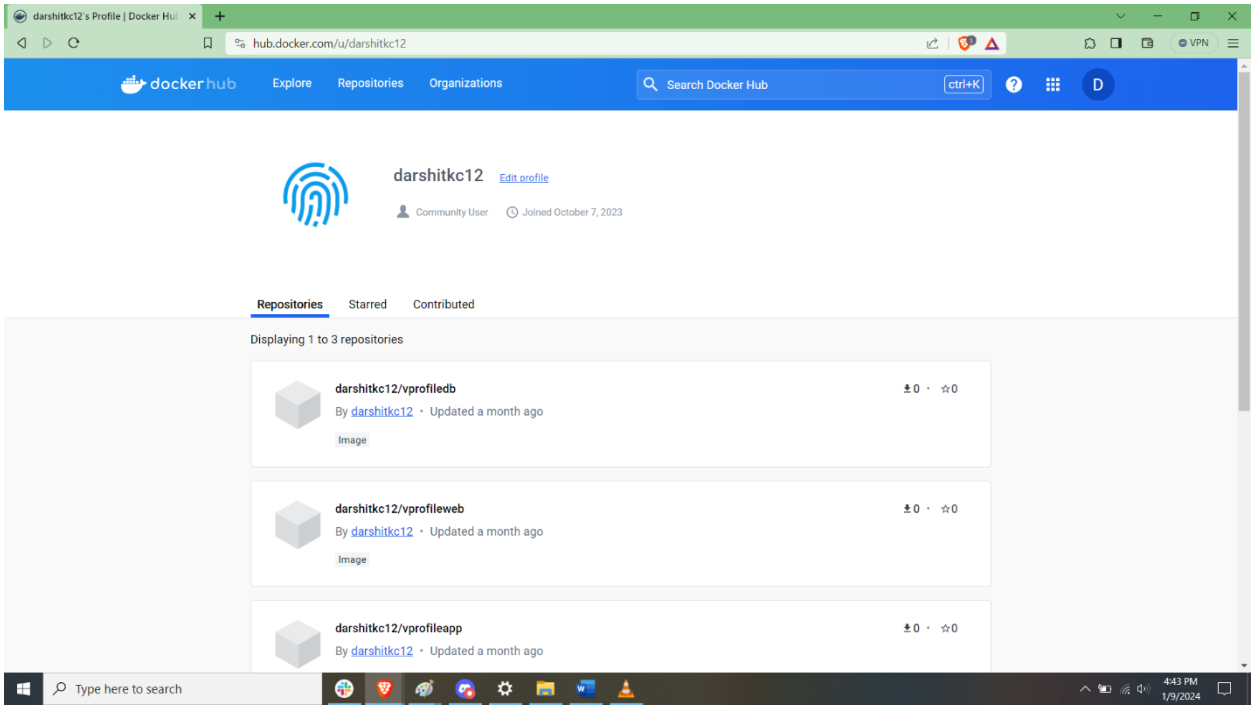
By combining Maven for build automation and Docker with Docker Compose for containerized deployment, the project achieves a streamlined and reproducible development, testing, and deployment process. Developers can easily manage dependencies, build the application, and deploy the entire stack, including the MySQL database, using standardized and version-controlled configurations

# Docker

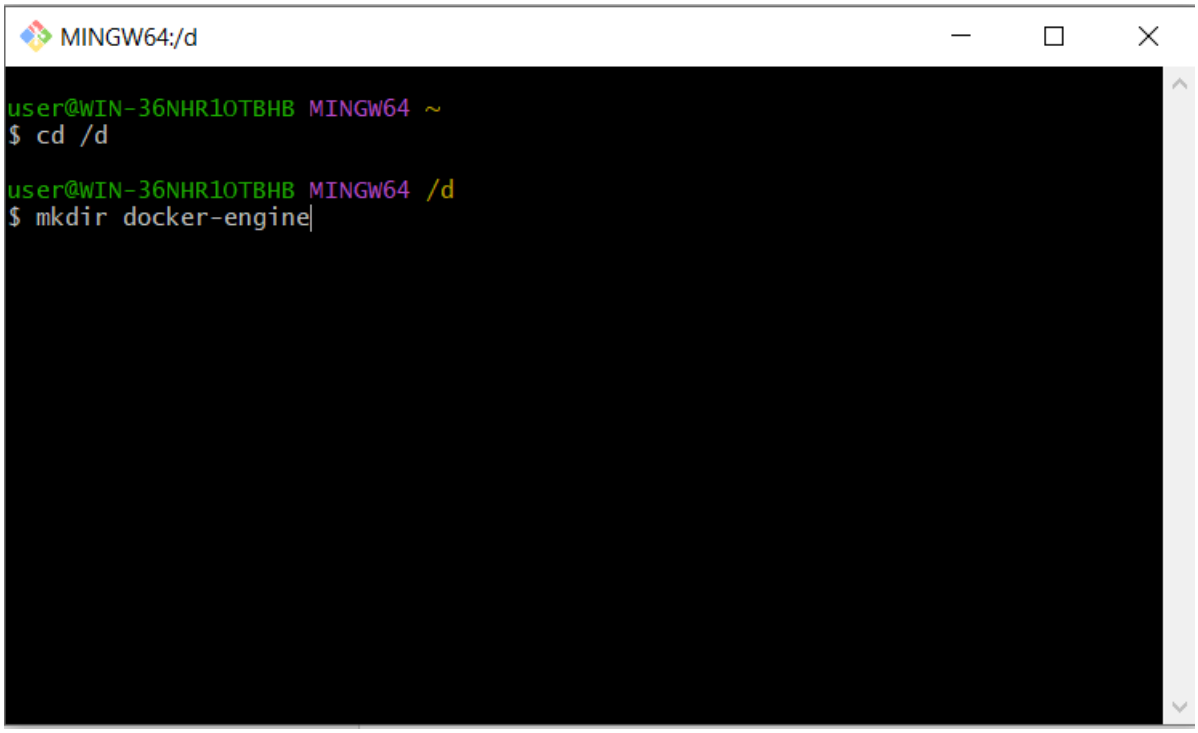
Docker is a set of platforms as a service (PaaS) product that use OS-level virtualization to deliver software in packages called containers.

## Docker Setup

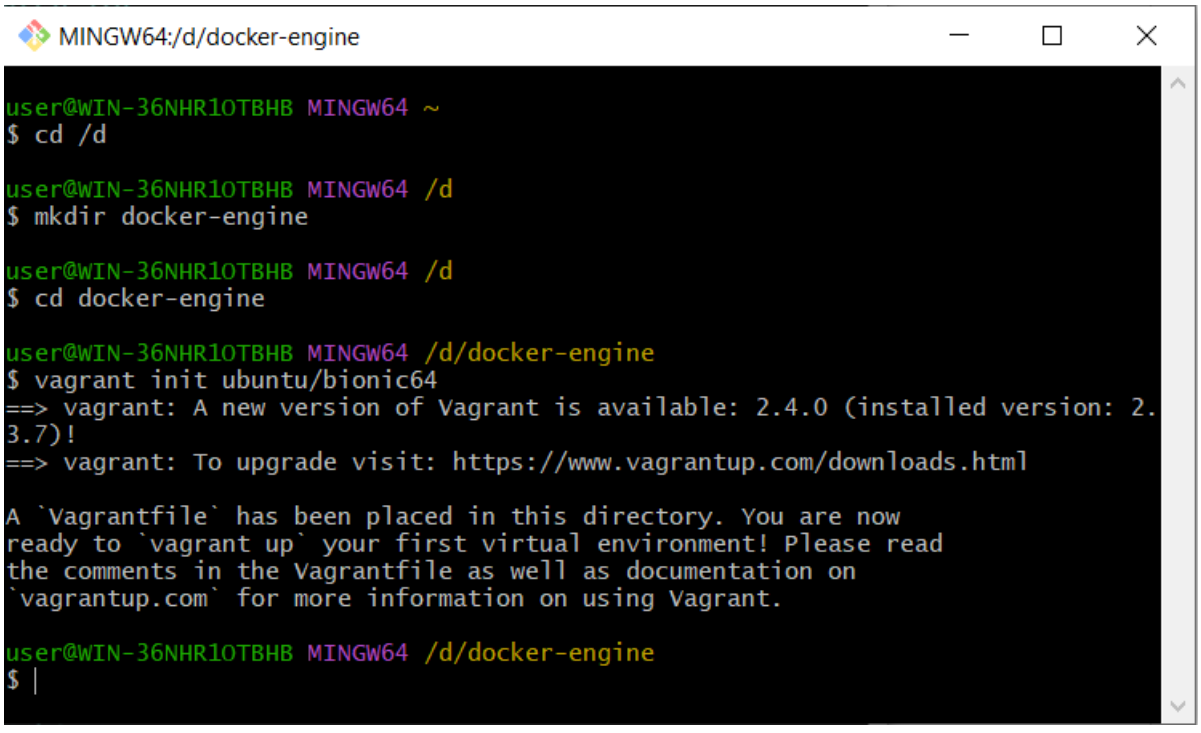
### Creating Profile & Setting up repository



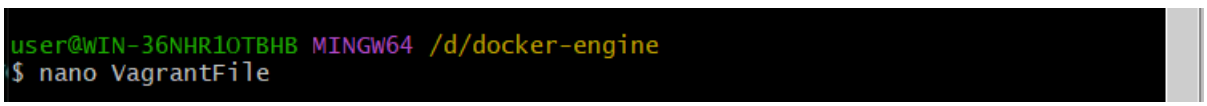
Creating directory to work on project



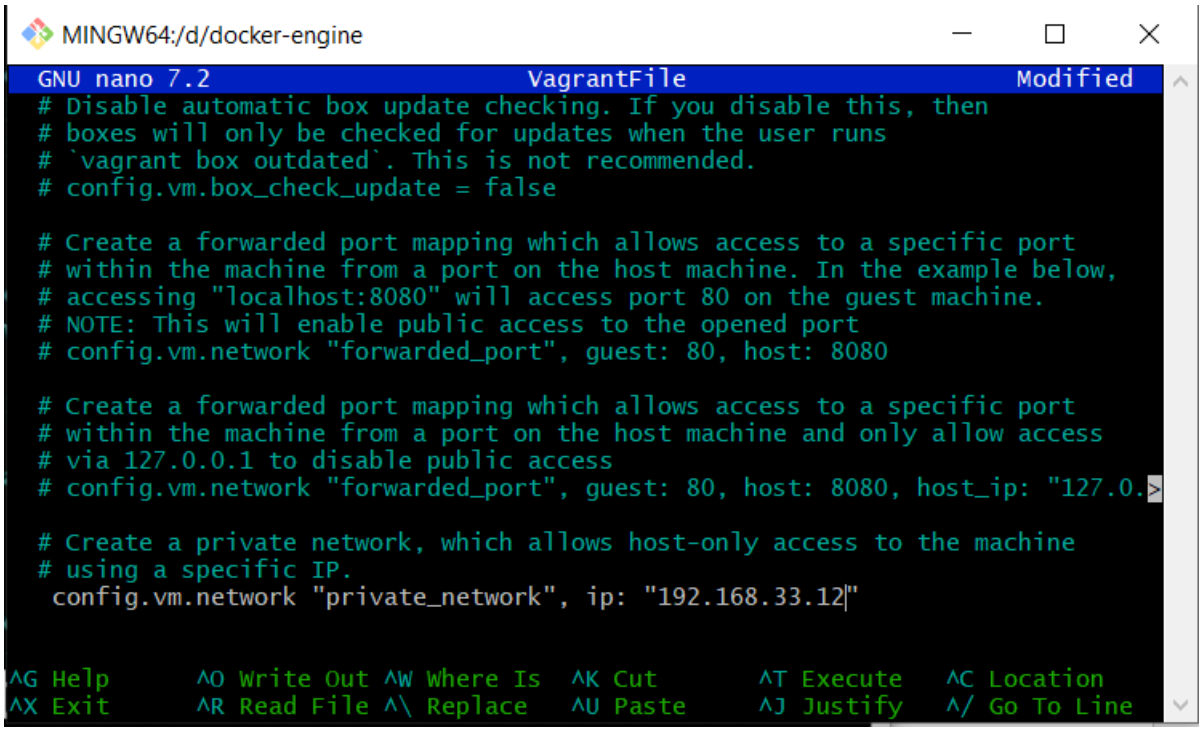

Initializing vagrant file for running VM



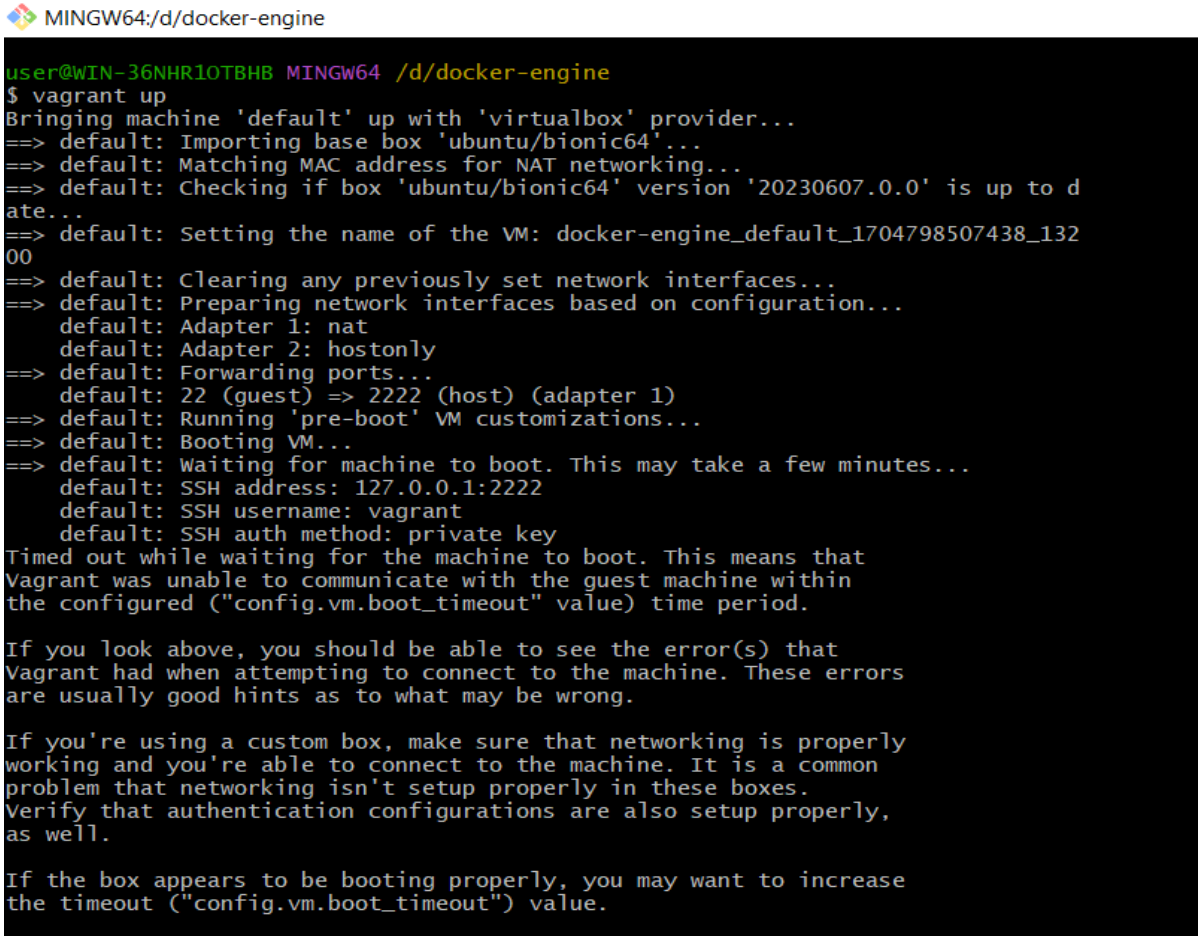

Edit VM configuration file



Allowing VM to be access through web



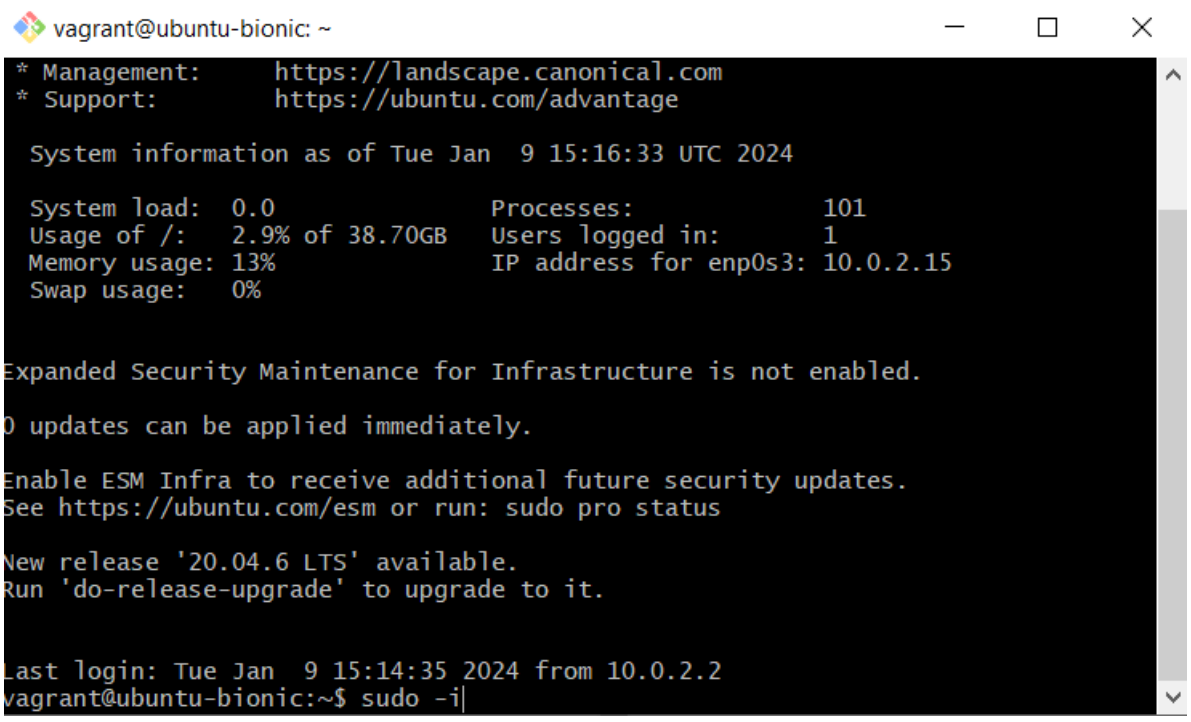

Running VM



Accessing VM through shell

```
user@WIN-36NHR1OTBHB MINGW64 /d/docker-engine
$ vagrant ssh

user@WIN-36NHR1OTBHB MINGW64 /d/docker-engine
$ vagrant ssh
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-212-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:     https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:        https://ubuntu.com/advantage

 System information disabled due to load higher than 2.0

Expanded Security Maintenance for Infrastructure is not enabled.

0 updates can be applied immediately.

Enable ESM Infra to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status


The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

vagrant@ubuntu-bionic:~$
```

Giving super user do permission



# Installing Docker using git repository

## Install using the apt repository

Before you install Docker Engine for the first time on a new host machine, you need to set up the Docker repository. Afterward, you can install and update Docker from the repository.

1. Set up Docker's `apt` repository.

```
# Add Docker's official GPG key:
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install ca-certificates curl gnupg
sudo install -m 0755 -d /etc/apt/keyrings
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/ap
sudo chmod a+r /etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg

# Add the repository to Apt sources:
echo \
  "deb [arch=$(dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg] https
  $(. /etc/os-release && echo "$VERSION_CODENAME") stable" | \
  sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/docker.list > /dev/null
sudo apt-get update
```

2. Install the Docker packages.

Latest | Specific version

To install the latest version, run:

```
$ sudo apt-get install docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docke
```

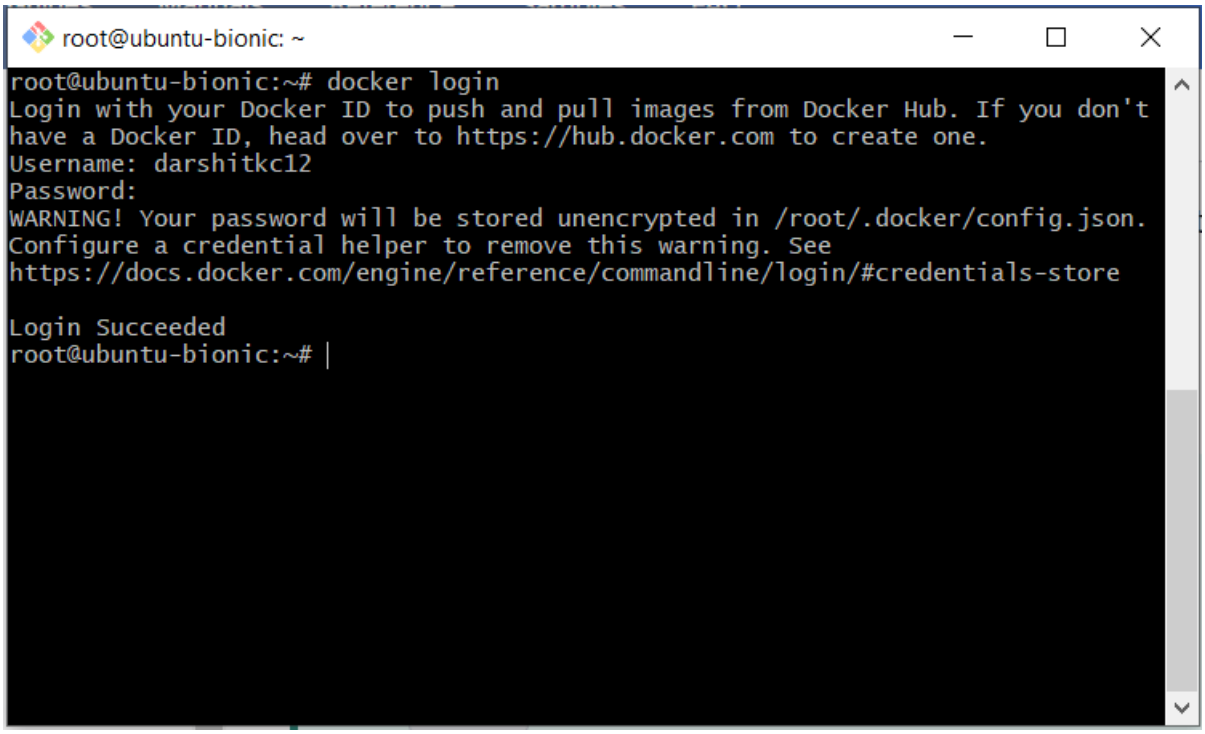
3. Verify that the Docker Engine installation is successful by running the `hello-world` image.

```
$ sudo docker run hello-world
```

This command downloads a test image and runs it in a container. When the container runs, it prints a confirmation message and exits.

You have now successfully installed and started Docker Engine.

Logging in in docker through shell



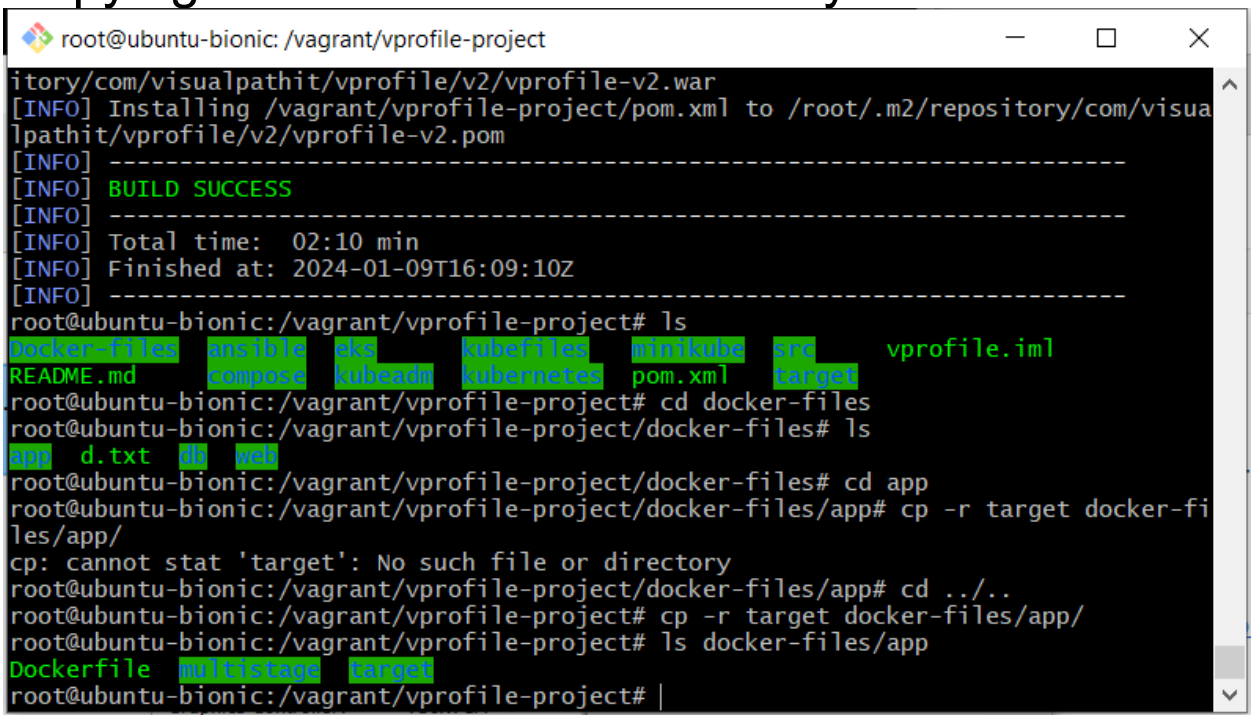
# Checking docker status

```
root@ubuntu-bionic: ~
● docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; vendor preset: e
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2024-01-09 15:19:18 UTC; 5min ago
     Docs: https://docs.docker.com
 Main PID: 3733 (dockerd)
    Tasks: 10
   CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
           └─3733 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/contain

Jan 09 15:19:17 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:17.822240855
Jan 09 15:19:17 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:17.826117185
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:18.026986622
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:18.762022964
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:18.825705494
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:18.825785980
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:18.825859331
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:19:18.916158852
Jan 09 15:19:18 ubuntu-bionic systemd[1]: Started Docker Application Container E
Jan 09 15:20:33 ubuntu-bionic dockerd[3733]: time="2024-01-09T15:20:33.377925991
~
lines 1-19/19 (END)
```

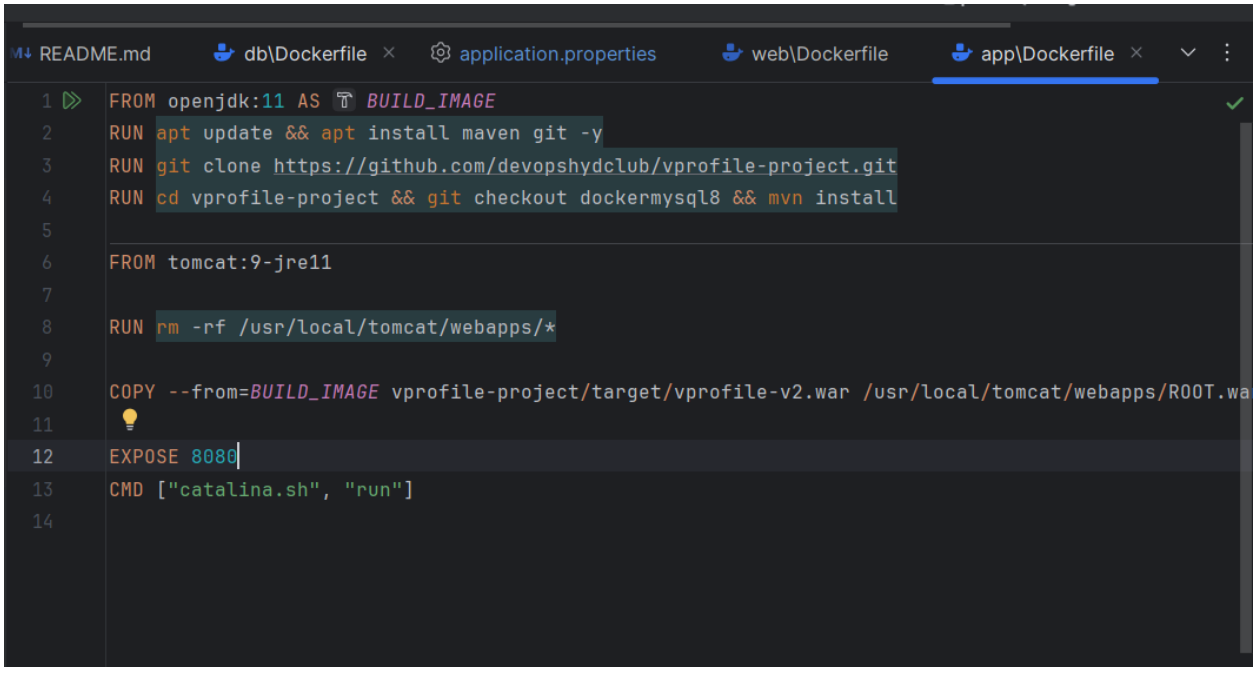
# Building project through maven

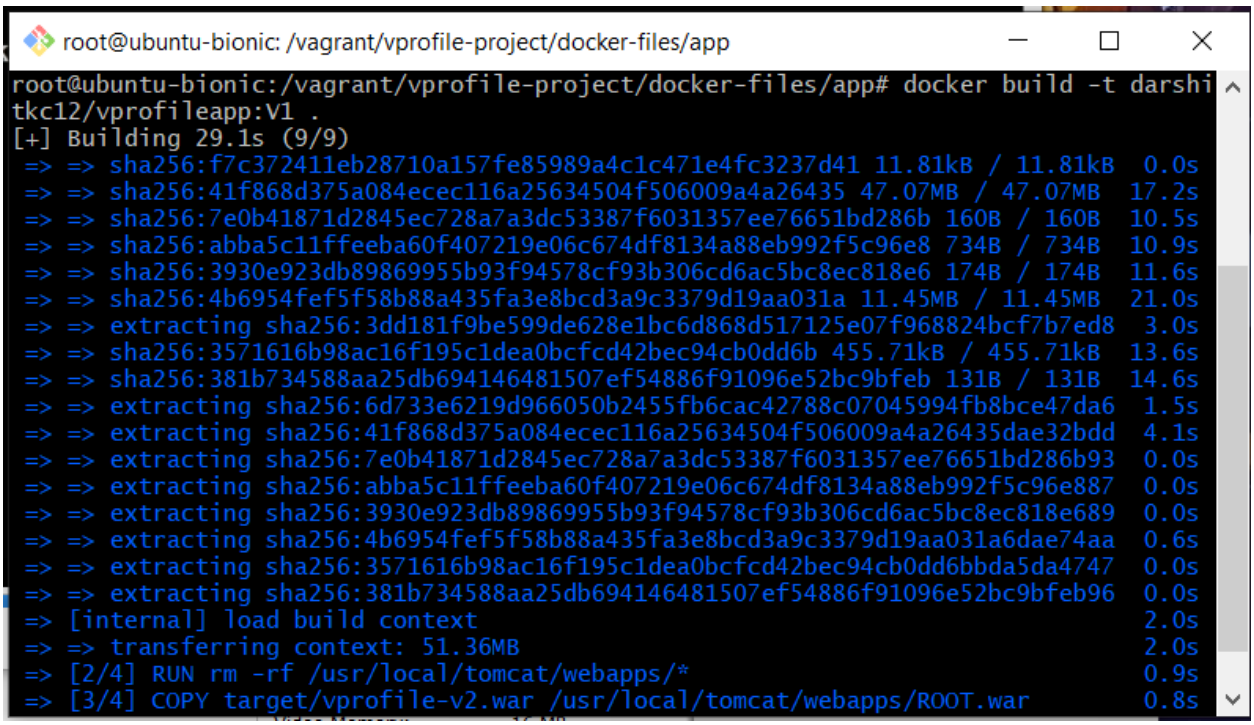
```
root@ubuntu-bionic: /vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/app
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project# mvn install
[INFO] Scanning for projects...
[INFO]
[INFO] ----------------------< com.visualpathit:vprofile >----------------------
[INFO] Building Visualpathit VProfile Webapp v2
[INFO] --------------------------------[ war ]---------------------------------
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/plugi
ns/maven-resources-plugin/2.6/maven-resources-plugin-2.6.pom
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/plugin
s/maven-resources-plugin/2.6/maven-resources-plugin-2.6.pom (8.1 kB at 4.1 kB/s)
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/plugi
ns/maven-plugins/23/maven-plugins-23.pom
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/plugin
s/maven-plugins/23/maven-plugins-23.pom (9.2 kB at 46 kB/s)
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/maven
-parent/22/maven-parent-22.pom
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/maven-
parent/22/maven-parent-22.pom (30 kB at 129 kB/s)
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/apache/11/a
pache-11.pom
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/apache/11/ap
ache-11.pom (15 kB at 92 kB/s)
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/plugi
ns/maven-resources-plugin/2.6/maven-resources-plugin-2.6.jar
```

# Copying artifact to another directory

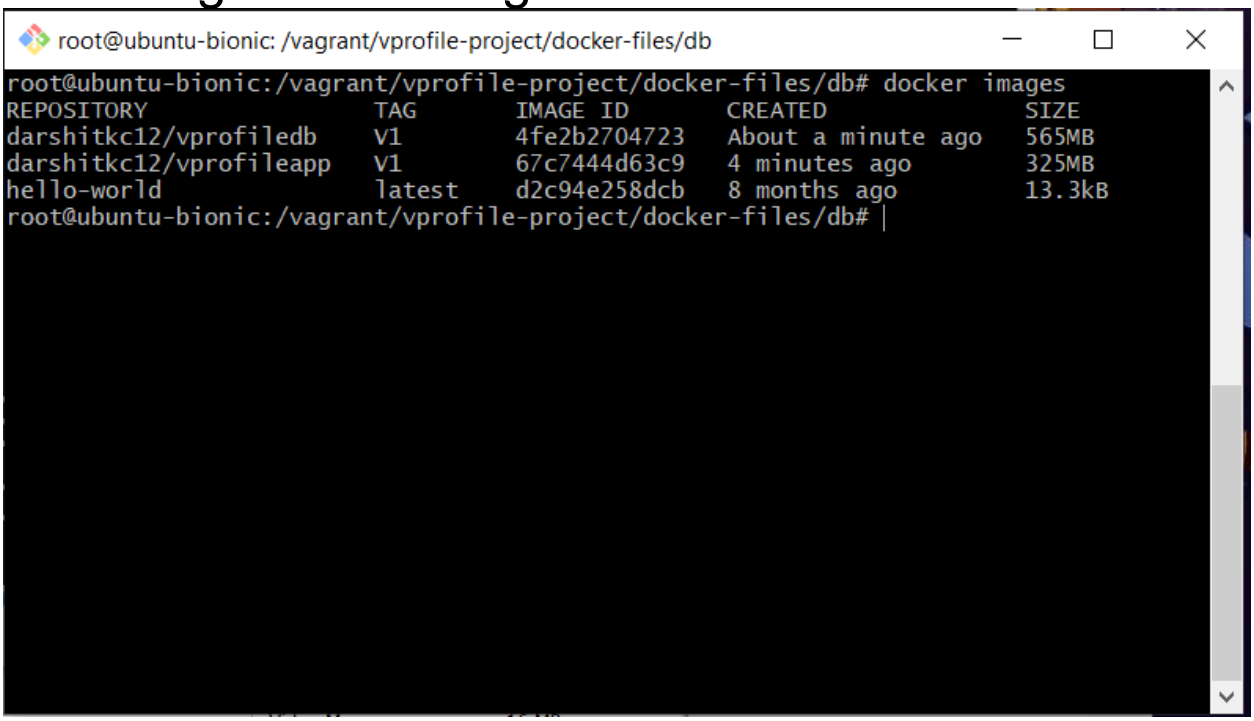



# Application is being built as docker container






# Checking docker images



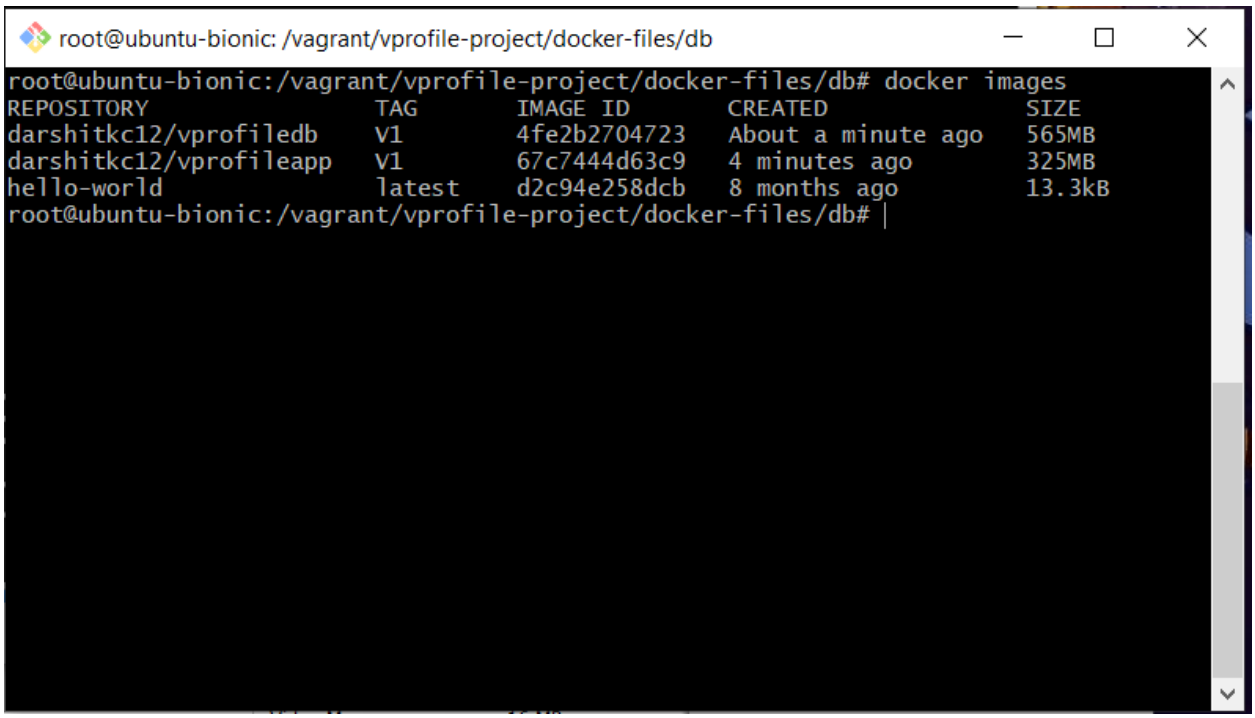
# Building database as docker container

README.md | db\Dockerfile | application.properties | web\Dockerfile | app\Dockerfile

```
FROM mysql:8.0.33

ENV MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD="vprodbpass"
ENV MYSQL_DATABASE="accounts"


ADD db_backup.sql docker-entrypoint-initdb.d/db_backup.sql
```

root@ubuntu-bionic: /vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db# docker build -t darshit
kc12/vprofiledb:V1 .
[+] Building 13.8s (5/7)
 => [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile                          0.0s
 => => transferring dockerfile: 245B                                          0.0s
 => [internal] load .dockerignore                                             0.0s
 => => transferring context: 2B                                               0.0s
 => [internal] load metadata for docker.io/library/mysql:8.0.33               3.5s
 => [auth] library/mysql:pull token for registry-1.docker.io                  0.0s
 => [internal] load build context                                             0.1s
 => => transferring context: 6.34kB                                           0.0s
 => [1/2] FROM docker.io/library/mysql:8.0.33@sha256:ea68e51ffe9b96fef6076f12  10.2s
 => => resolve docker.io/library/mysql:8.0.33@sha256:ea68e51ffe9b96fef6076f121  0.0s
 => => sha256:f6360852d65467a8252391f24826648079893ea03e52d4d8 7.46kB / 7.46kB  0.0s
 => => sha256:eb11df7b201aa831c1f1a0c4a07a630b40fcbfacdb7eb6fd 2.62kB / 2.62kB  0.0s
 => => sha256:ea68e51ffe9b96fef6076f1218af11301aeaf13c6201e0ec9aae 549B / 549B  0.0s
 => => sha256:49bb46380f8cb3491e82d000b27a6eb26b2490291da81 17.83MB / 44.92MB  10.1s
 => => sha256:d6eef8c26cf9c633276ffd191110525157aa8811962f 982.82kB / 982.82kB  2.4s
 => => sha256:aab3066bbf8fc576b01df1b0391e5a72a7ff72b1c0c5d09a7bab 884B / 884B  1.1s
 => => sha256:0e908b1dcba2267120afc44b8f24aba3cdf060da12572571 4.61MB / 4.61MB  3.4s
 => => sha256:480c3912a2fde8647ba9e97d569e907841498684daa29bd8 2.63kB / 2.63kB  3.2s
 => => sha256:89a648ecb3cf74a58ea563b9fa617f389d20ad307b98d1ee31bb 338B / 338B  3.9s
 => => sha256:6313eed007807d8f70c46daf7c87a6036ad41b272af6a 13.63MB / 58.60MB  10.1s
 => => sha256:668fe2d98404a0684b0c56382e44806d0912dcd0f77c2ee15e03 316B / 316B  4.6s
```


root@ubuntu-bionic: /vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db# docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
darshitkc12/vprofiledb V1 4fe2b2704723 About a minute ago 565MB
darshitkc12/vprofileapp V1 67c7444d63c9 4 minutes ago 325MB
hello-world latest d2c94e258dcb 8 months ago 13.3kB
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db#

# Building web images as docker container

README.md | db\Dockerfile | db_backup.sql | application.properties | web\Dockerfile

```
FROM nginx

RUN rm -rf /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
COPY nginvproapp.conf /etc/nginx/conf.d/vproapp.conf
```

root@ubuntu-bionic: /vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/web

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db# docker images
REPOSITORY                 TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED              SIZE
darshitkc12/vprofiledb     V1        4fe2b2704723   About a minute ago   565MB
darshitkc12/vprofileapp    V1        67c7444d63c9   4 minutes ago        325MB
hello-world                latest    d2c94e258dcb   8 months ago         13.3kB
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db# ls
Dockerfile  db_backup.sql
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/db# cd ../..
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project# ls
Docker-files  ansible  eks      kubefiles   minikube  src     vprofile.iml
README.md     compose  kubeadm  kubernetes  pom.xml   target
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project# cd docker-files
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files# clear
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files# ls
app  d.txt  db  web
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files# cd web
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/web# ls
Dockerfile  nginvproapp.conf
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/web# docker build -t darshi
tkc12/vprofileweb:V1 .
[+] Building 25.2s (9/9) FINISHED
 => [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile                          0.0s
 => => transferring dockerfile: 200B                                          0.0s
 => [internal] load .dockerignore                                             0.0s
```

# Pulling rabbitmq from docker repository

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/compose# docker pull rabbitmq
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/rabbitmq
a48641193673: Downloading  924.9kB/29.55MB
0c6774f8669e: Downloading  912.6kB/44.47MB
345b513f4387: Download complete
d425d9b0a570: Waiting
5ad710591657: Waiting
75b400e36267: Waiting
5f9ef9027ea3: Waiting
49fb96d8a408: Waiting
276633c311d1: Waiting
d85545149ba6: Waiting
b248ca730a81: Waiting
```

# Pulling tomcat from docker repository

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/web# docker pull tomcat
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/tomcat
3dd181f9be59: Already exists
0f838805bddf: Pull complete
e39426fdaf82: Extracting  16.71MB/158.6MB
646f6a954707: Download complete
7ad7501a603a: Download complete
9a85227543ee: Download complete
9f254810c153: Download complete
2e60b97b5a62: Download complete
```

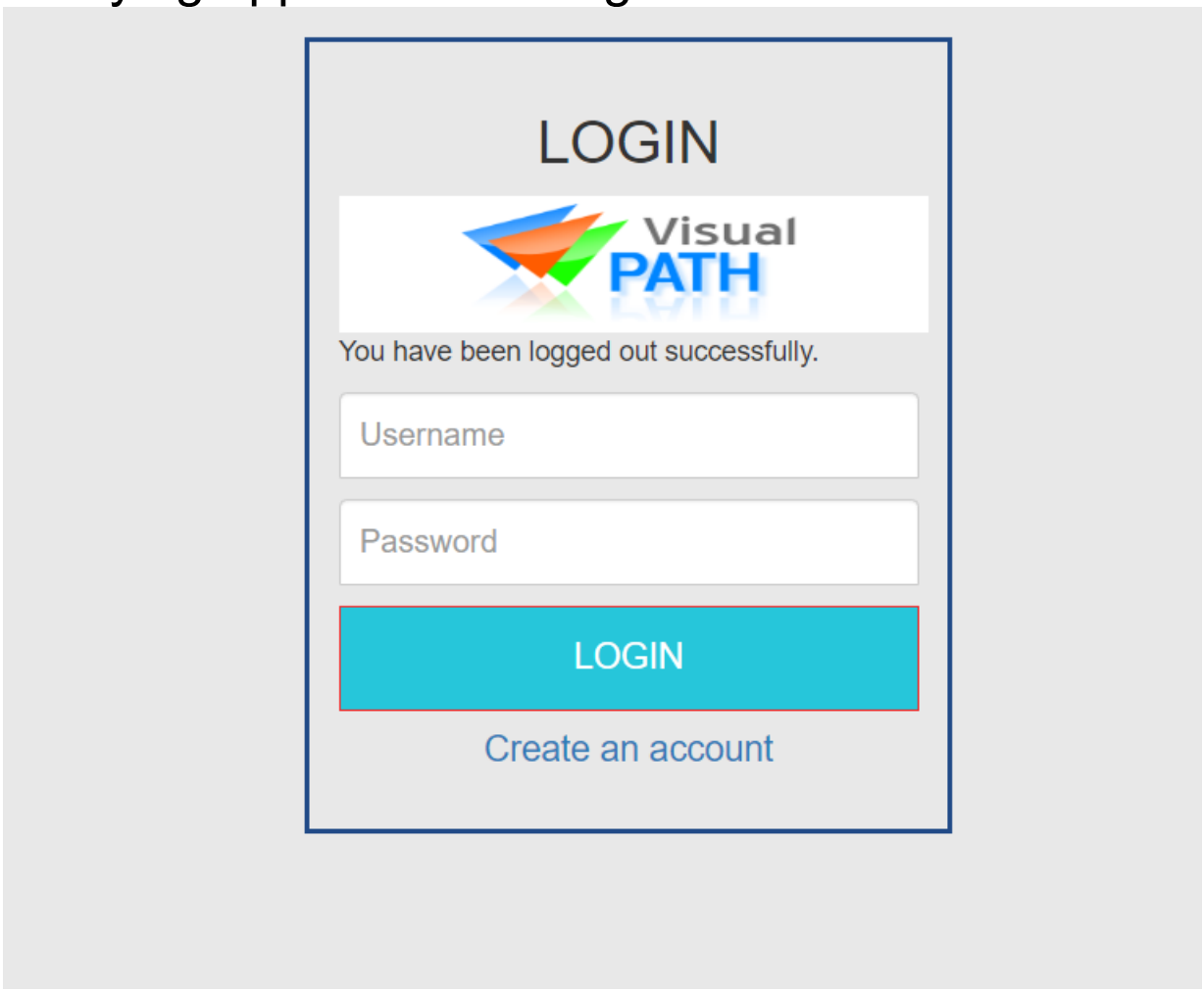
# Installing Docker Compose

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:~# DOCKER_CONFIG=${DOCKER_CONFIG:-$HOME/.docker}
root@ubuntu-bionic:~# mkdir -p $DOCKER_CONFIG/cli-plugins
root@ubuntu-bionic:~# curl -SL https://github.com/docker/compose/releases/download/v2
.23.3/docker-compose-linux-x86_64 -o $DOCKER_CONFIG/cli-plugins/docker-compose
  % Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
                                 Dload  Upload   Total   Spent    Left  Speed
  0     0    0     0    0     0      0      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--     0
100 56.9M  100 56.9M    0     0  4116k      0  0:00:14  0:00:14 --:--:-- 5248k
root@ubuntu-bionic:~# chmod +x $DOCKER_CONFIG/cli-plugins/docker-compose
root@ubuntu-bionic:~# docker compose version
Docker Compose version v2.23.3
root@ubuntu-bionic:~# Docker Compose version v2.23.3
```

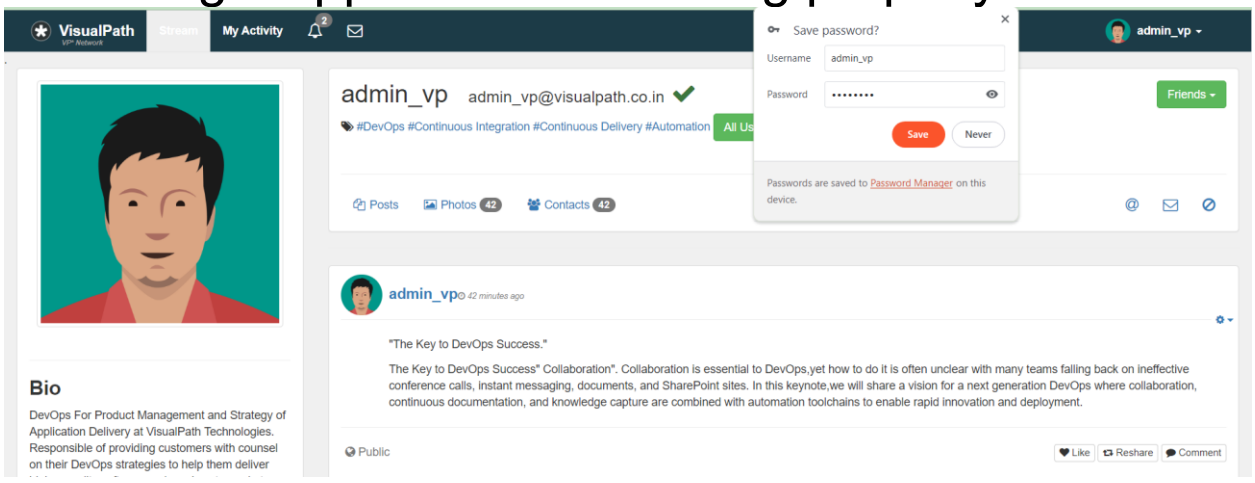
# Running docker compose

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/compose# docker-compose up
Creating network "compose_default" with the default driver
Creating volume "compose_vproappdata" with default driver
Creating volume "compose_vprodbdata" with default driver
Pulling vproweb (vprocontainers/vprofileweb:latest)...
latest: Pulling from vprocontainers/vprofileweb
faef57eae888: Pull complete
76579e9ed380: Pull complete
cf707e233955: Pull complete
91bb7937700d: Pull complete
4b962717ba55: Pull complete
f46d7b05649a: Pull complete
103501419a0a: Pull complete
debb0e21c501: Pull complete
46ad10c590b5: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:8a46738b923aaa170f189278569b10e53e64566bbba495a29608619db3b0d221
Status: Downloaded newer image for vprocontainers/vprofileweb:latest
Pulling vprodb (vprocontainers/vprofiledb:latest)...
latest: Pulling from vprocontainers/vprofiledb
e2c03c89dcad: Pulling fs layer
68eb43837bf8: Pulling fs layer
796892ddf5ac: Pulling fs layer
6bca45eb31e1: Waiting
ebb53bc0dcca: Waiting
2e2c6bdc7a40: Waiting
6f27b5c76970: Waiting
438533a24810: Waiting
e5bdf19985e0: Waiting
667fa148337b: Waiting
5baa702110e4: Waiting
767e02e4ddab: Waiting
```

# Verifying application through browser




# Checking if application is working properly

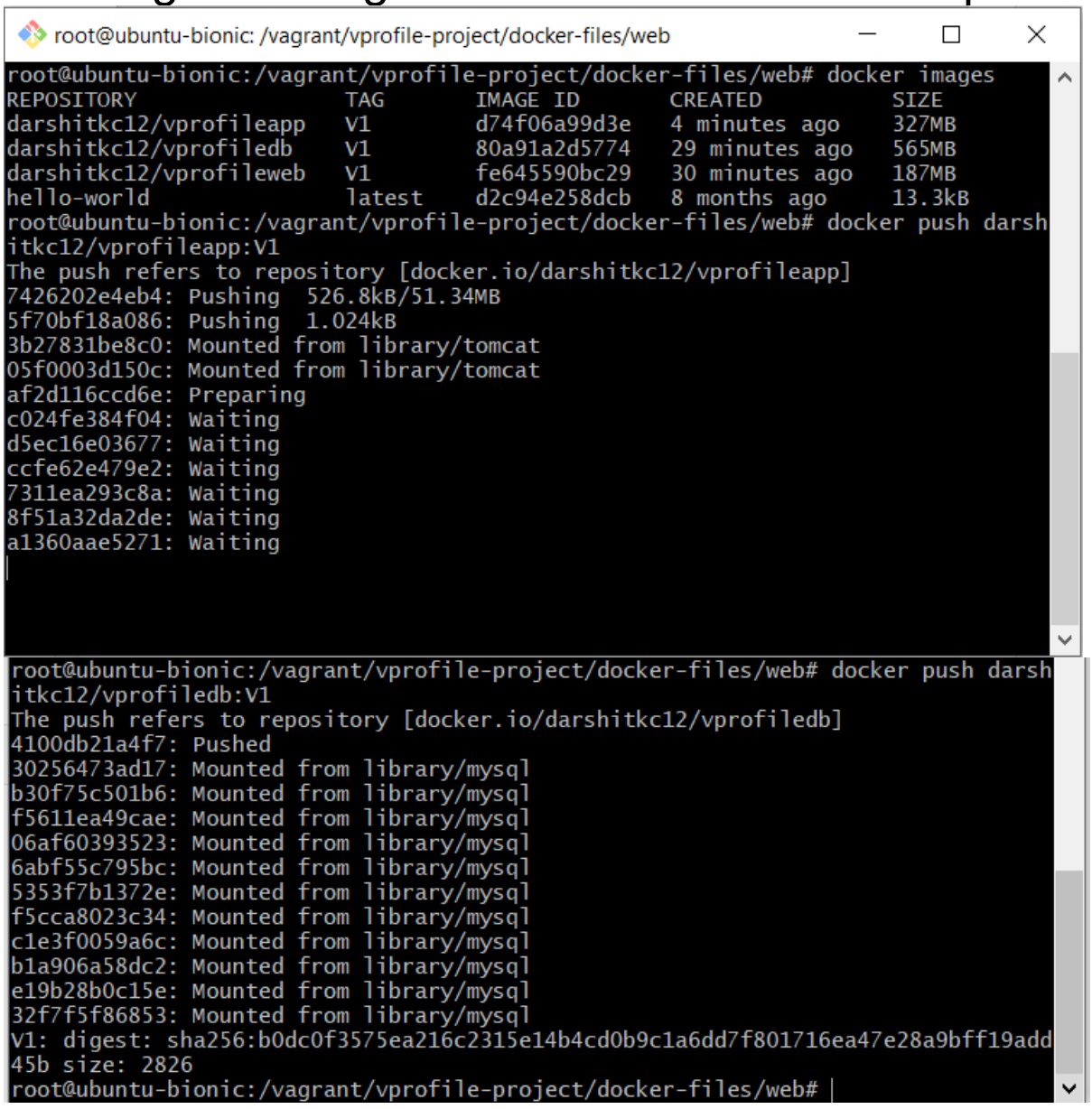


# Rabbitmq initiated

## Generated 2 Connections

## 6 Chanels 1 Exchage and 2 Que

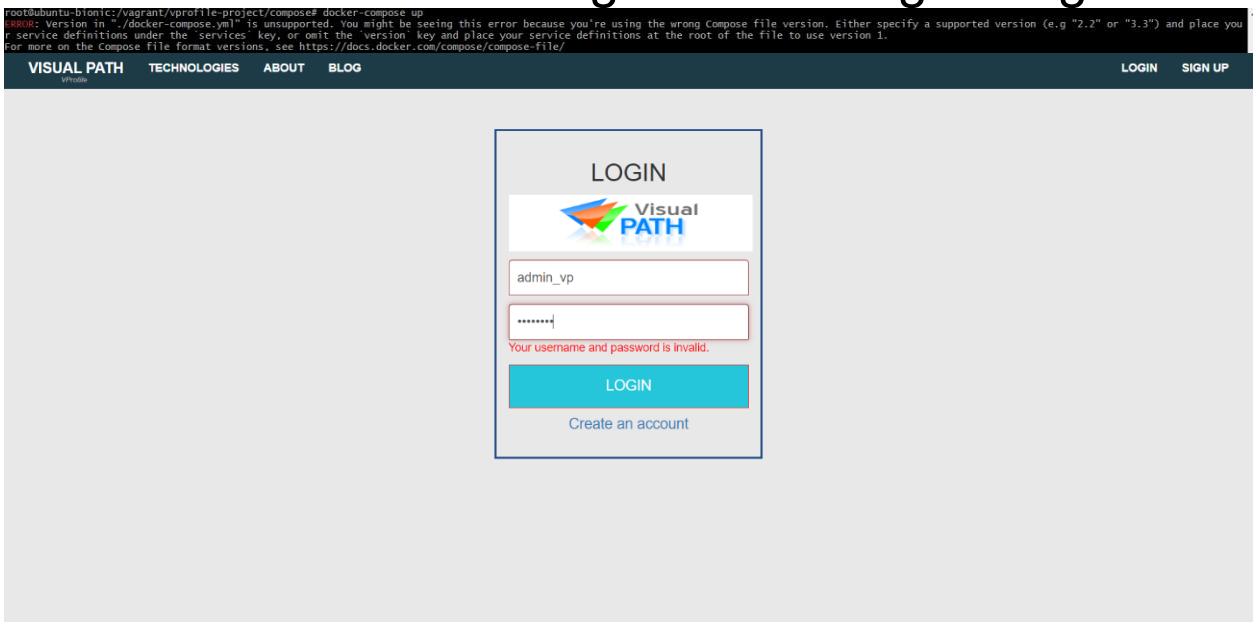
Pushing image to docker repository



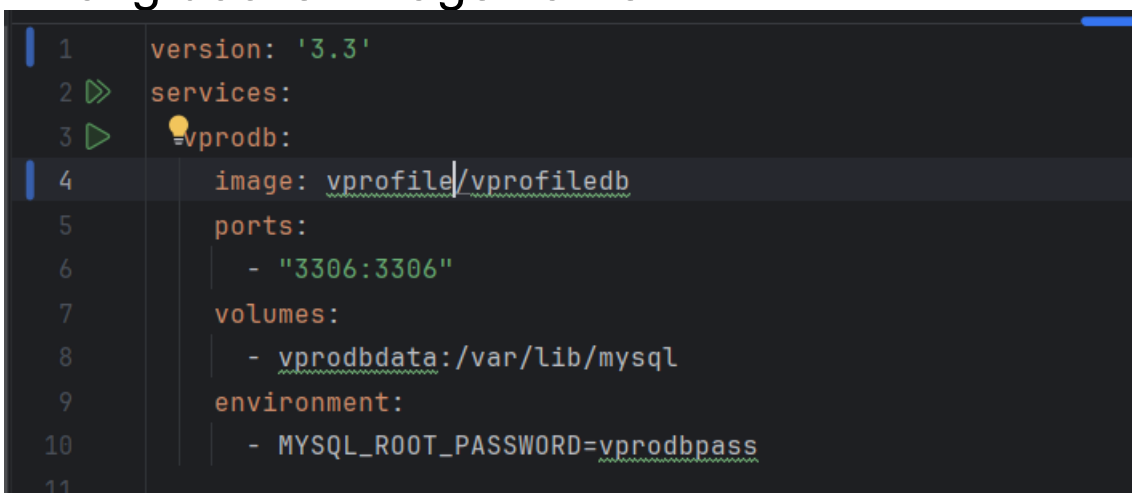
```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/vprofile-project/docker-files/web# docker push darsh
itkc12/vprofileweb:V1
The push refers to repository [docker.io/darshitkc12/vprofileweb]
80d60d9d9fa4: Pushing  3.584kB
4ec947bad34e: Pushing  3.072kB
b074db3b55e1: Preparing
e50c68532c4a: Preparing
f6ba584ca3ec: Preparing
01aaa195cdad: Waiting
2a13e6a7cca6: Waiting
370869eba6e9: Waiting
7292cf786aa8: Waiting
```

# Error

# Error due database configuration being wrong

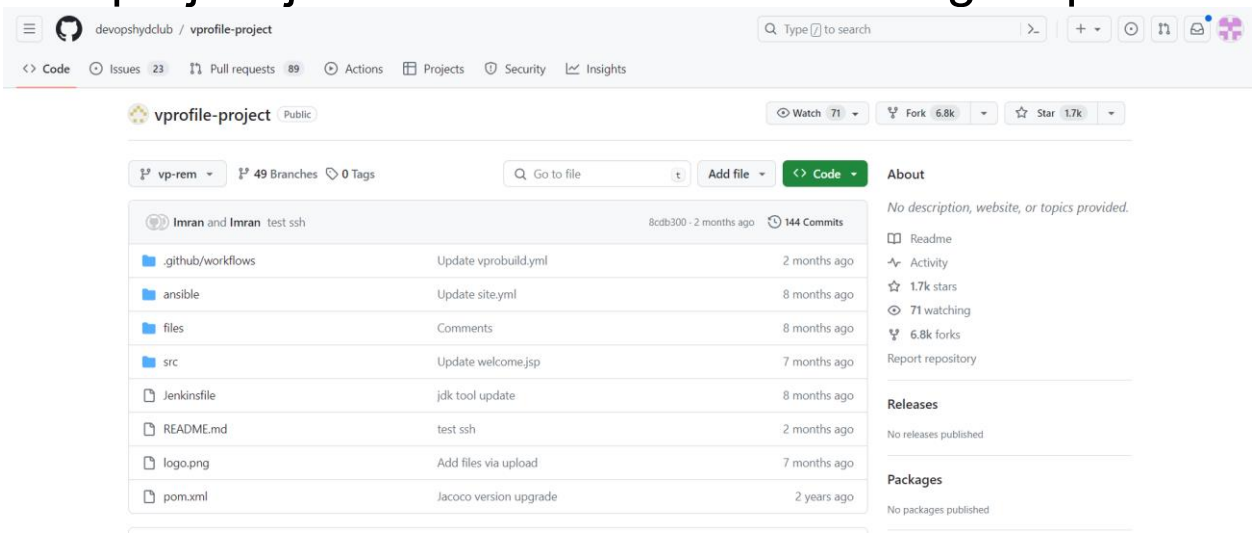



# Wrong docker image name



# Study Material

# The project java file is taken from these git repo



# Learning about docker

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## Overview of Docker Build

Docker Build is one of Docker Engine's most used features. Whenever you are creating an image you are using Docker Build. Build is a key part of your software development life cycle allowing you to package and bundle your code and ship it anywhere.

Docker Build is more than a command for building images, and it's not only about packaging your code. It's a whole ecosystem of tools and features that support not only common workflow tasks but also provides support for more complex and advanced scenarios.

### Packaging your software

Build and package your application to run it anywhere: locally or in the cloud.

### Multi-stage builds

Keep your images small and secure with minimal dependencies.

### Multi-platform images

Build, push, pull, and run images seamlessly on different computer architectures.

# Learning about installation about docker

## Install Docker Engine on Ubuntu

To get started with Docker Engine on Ubuntu, make sure you meet the prerequisites, and then follow the installation steps.

### Prerequisites

**Note**

If you use ufw or firewalld to manage firewall settings, be aware that when you expose container ports using Docker, these ports bypass your firewall rules. For more information, refer to Docker and ufw.

#### OS requirements

To install Docker Engine, you need the 64-bit version of one of these Ubuntu versions:

- Ubuntu Mantic 23.10
- Ubuntu Lunar 23.04
- Ubuntu Jammy 22.04 (LTS)
- Ubuntu Focal 20.04 (LTS)

Learning about docker compose

# Docker Compose overview

> **⚠ Important**
>
> Docker's documentation refers to and describes Compose V2 functionality.
>
> Effective July 2023, Compose V1 stopped receiving updates and is no longer in new Docker Desktop releases. Compose V2 has replaced it and is now integrated into all current Docker Desktop versions. For more information, see Migrate to Compose V2.

Compose is a tool for defining and running multi-container Docker applications. With Compose, you use a YAML file to configure your application's services. Then, with a single command, you create and start all the services from your configuration.

Compose works in all environments; production, staging, development, testing, as well as CI workflows. It also has commands for managing the whole lifecycle of your application:

- Start, stop, and rebuild services
- View the status of running services
- Stream the log output of running services
- Run a one-off command on a service

# Learning about key and feature about docker compose



## Key features and use cases of Docker Compose

Using Compose is essentially a three-step process:

1. Define your app's environment with a `Dockerfile` so it can be reproduced anywhere.
2. Define the services that make up your app in a `compose.yaml` file so they can be run together in an isolated environment.
3. Run `docker compose up` and the Docker compose command starts and runs your entire app.

A `compose.yaml` looks like this:

```
services:
  web:
    build: .
    ports:
      - "8000:5000"
    volumes:
      - .:/code
      - logvolume01:/var/log
    depends_on:
      - redis
```

## Docker Engine overview

Docker Engine is an open source containerization technology for building and containerizing your applications. Docker Engine acts as a client-server application with:

- A server with a long-running daemon process `dockerd`.
- APIs which specify interfaces that programs can use to talk to and instruct the Docker daemon.
- A command line interface (CLI) client `docker`.

The CLI uses Docker APIs to control or interact with the Docker daemon through scripting or direct CLI commands. Many other Docker applications use the underlying API and CLI. The daemon creates and manage Docker objects, such as images, containers, networks, and volumes.

For more details, see Docker Architecture.

# Installing docker compose using repository

## Install using the repository

1. Set up the repository. Find distro-specific instructions in:
   Ubuntu | CentOS | Debian | Raspberry Pi OS | Fedora | RHEL | SLES.
2. Update the package index, and install the latest version of Docker Compose:
   - For Ubuntu and Debian, run:

     ```
     $ sudo apt-get update
     $ sudo apt-get install docker-compose-plugin
     ```

   - For RPM-based distros, run:

     ```
     $ sudo yum update
     $ sudo yum install docker-compose-plugin
     ```

3. Verify that Docker Compose is installed correctly by checking the version.

   ```
   $ docker compose version
   ```

   Expected output:

   ```
   Docker Compose version vN.N.N
   ```

The following project was completed using study material as well as video