## 1 Prerequisites

The following libraries are necessary for using of GIEM2G:

- MPI subsystem GIEM2G needs at least TWO processes to work!
- FFTW3 (http://www.fftw.org/download.html) It *must* be built with MPI and OpenMP support i.e. with (--enable-mpi --enable-openmp)
- $\bullet$  OpenBlas (https://github.com/xianyi/OpenBLAS) (recommended) or other modern implementation of BLAS/LAPACK

### 2 Installation

### 2.1 For Linux

It is highly recommended to create a section in make.inc for your platform by

```
ifeq ($(PLATFORM), MY_PLATFORM)
FC=
FC_Link=

FOPTS=
Ar=

LIB_FFTW= <PATH_TO_FFTW>/lib -lfftw3_omp -lfftw3_mpi -lfftw3
LIB_BLAS= <PATH_TO_BLAS>/lib -lopenblas_omp
FFTW_INC= <PATH_TO_FFTW>/include

INSTALL_PATH=
endif
```

- Set your favorite MPI Fortran compiler to FC, FC\_Link.
- Set optimization and linking options to FOPTS. For gfortran you can use the ones from the GNU section of make.inc
- Note! your compiler with your options must support preprocessing
- Set xiar to AR in case of using Intel compilers and ar in other cases
- The <PATH\_TO\_FFTW>, <PATH\_TO\_BLAS> are paths to FFTW3 and BLAS libraries correspondingly
- Set path for installed binary into INSTALL\_PATH

To build GIEM2G run  ${\tt make}$  PLATFORM=MY\_PLATFORM. Unfortunately, the parallel make is not supported for GIME2G

#### 2.2 For Windows

I have never try to do this.

# 3 Using

- Example of input format (json-based): test/commemi3d2.json
- The background conductivity for z < 0 is always 0
- The origin of coordinate system in lateral direction is placed in the corner of anomaly
- The field "Conductivity" contains path to the plain-text file with conductivity distribution.
- Note The order of data of this file is like  $\sigma(N_z, N_x, N_y)$  Fortran order. That means that in first conductivity is changed along Z direction, than along X and than along Y.
- $\bullet$  The field "zborders" contains coordinates of the cell borders in vertical direction. This way, length of this array is  $N_z+1$
- The values of "xshift" and "yshift" fields in the "Recievers" means shift of the origin of the set of recivers from the center of the cell (1,1) of the anomaly. For any element of the "Recievers" array GIEM2G compute 6 components of electrical and magnetic fields in the  $N_xN_y$  sites with following coordinates  $(\frac{dx}{2} + xshift + dx \cdot I, \frac{dy}{2} + yshift + dy \cdot J, depth), I = 0 \dots N_x, J = 0 \dots N_y$ . Thus "xshift": 0e0, "yshift": 0e0, "depth": 0 mean that electrical and magnetic fields will be computed above the centers of the anomaly cells at z = 0 i.e. at the ground-air border.
- Nx, Ny and < NP > must be even and 2Ny must be divisible by < NP > without reminder