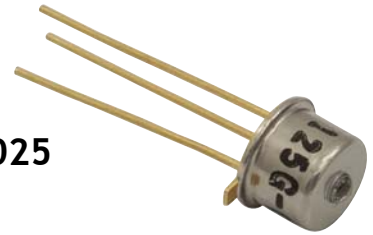


FDS025



### Description

Thorlabs' FDS025 photodiode is ideal for measuring both pulsed and CW fiber light sources by converting optical power into electrical current. The FDS025 Si Photodiode is a three-pin device with a TO-46 package size. This specific photodiode has a ball-shaped lens, which is an ideal optical component for improving signal coupling between fibers. The photodiode anode produces a current, which is a function of the incident light power and the wavelength. The responsivity  $\mathfrak{R}$  ( $\lambda$ ) can be read from the plot on the following page to estimate the amount of photocurrent. This can be converted to a voltage by placing a load resistor ( $R_L$ ) from the photodiode anode to the circuit ground. Where  $P$  is the power, the output voltage is expressed by

$$V_o = P \times \mathfrak{R} \times R_L$$

The bandwidth,  $f_{BW}$ , and the rise time response,  $t_R$ , are determined from the diode capacitance,  $C_J$ , and the load resistance,  $R_L$ , as shown below. The diode capacitance can be lowered by placing a bias voltage from the photodiode cathode to the circuit ground.

$$f_{BW} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)R_L C_J}, t_R = \frac{0.35}{f_{BW}}$$

### Specifications

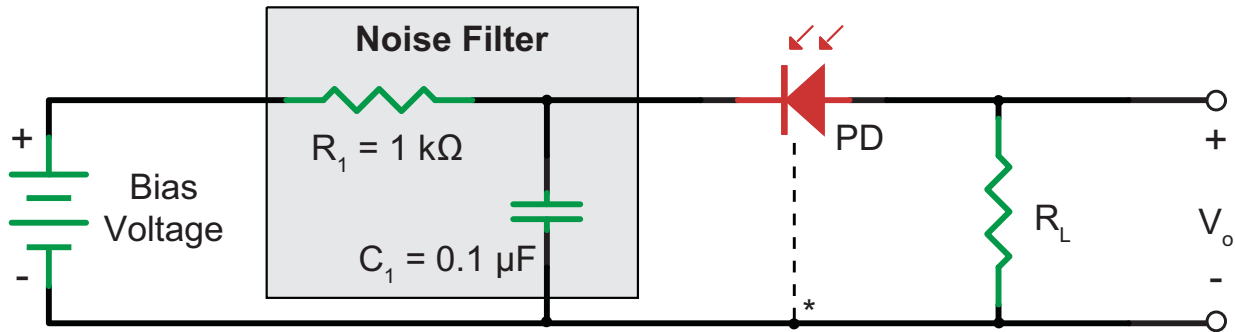
Specifications <sup>a</sup>		
Wavelength Range	$\lambda$	400 - 1100 nm
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_p$	750 nm
Responsivity	$\mathfrak{R}(\lambda)$	0.48 A/W
Rise/Fall Time (850 nm, $R_L=50 \Omega$ , 5 V) <sup>b</sup>	$t_r/t_f$	47 ps / 246 ps
NEP, Typical (850 nm, 5 V)	W/Hz	$9.29 \times 10^{-15}$
Dark Current (5 V)	$I_d$	35 pA (Typ.) 500 pA (Max)
Bias Voltage (Reverse)		20 V (Max)
Reverse Current		5 mA (Max)
Capacitance (5 V)	$C_j$	0.94 pF (Typ.)
Optical Power Damage Threshold		18 mW

- a. Unless otherwise noted, all measurements are performed at 25 °C ambient temperature.  
b. Rise and fall times are measured between 20% and 80% of the step height in accordance with the manufacturer's specification sheet.

Physical Specifications	
Active Area Diameter	Ø0.25 mm
Coupling Lens	Ø0.06" Ball Lens
Package	TO-46
Sensor Material	Si
Storage Temperature	-55 to 125 °C
Operating Temperature	-40 to 75 °C



## Recommended Circuit



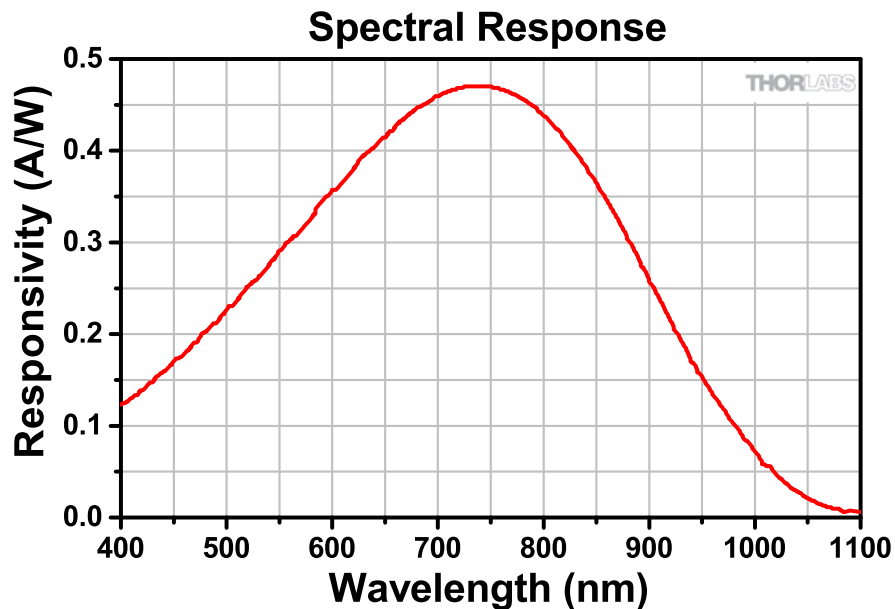
\* Case ground for PD with a third lead.

## Responsivity Graph

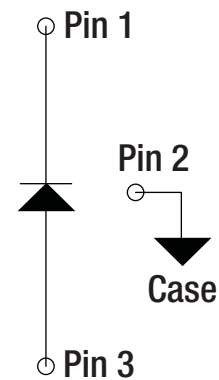
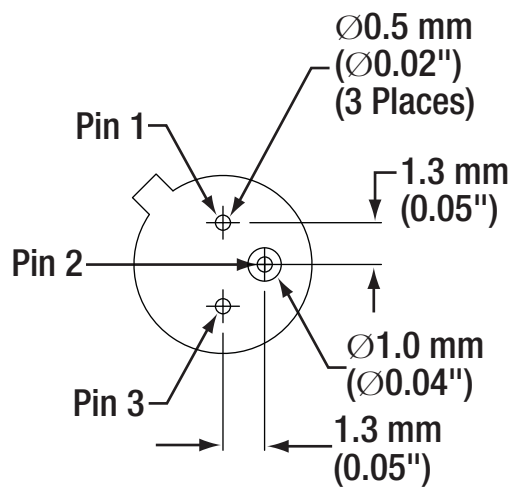
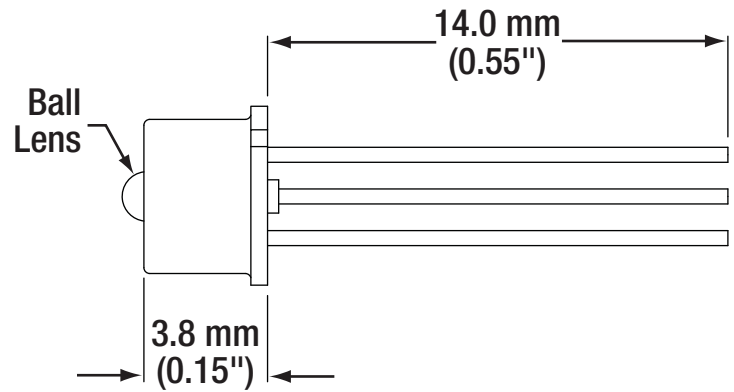
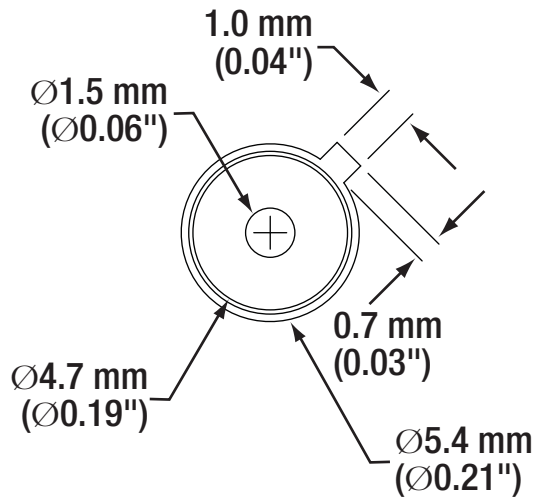
The responsivity of a photodiode is a measure of its sensitivity to light and is defined as the ratio of the photocurrent  $I_P$  to the incident light power  $P$  at a given wavelength:

$$R_\lambda = \frac{I_P}{P}$$

In other words, it is a measure of the effectiveness of the conversion of light power into electrical current. Responsivity constantly varies depending on the wavelength of the incident light, applied reverse bias, and temperature conditions.



## Drawing



Pin Circle Diameter = 2.5 mm (0.10")

## *Precautions and Warranty Information*

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*These products are ESD (electro static discharge) sensitive and as a result are not covered under warranty. In order to ensure the proper functioning of a photodiode care must be given to maintain the highest standards of compliance to the maximum electrical specifications when handling such devices. The photodiodes are particularly sensitive to any value that exceeds the absolute maximum ratings of the product. Any applied voltage in excess of the maximum specification will cause damage and possible complete failure to the product. The user must use handling procedures that prevent any electro static discharges or other voltage surges when handling or using these devices.*

*Thorlabs, Inc. Life Support and Military Use Application Policy is stated below:*

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- 2. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system or to affect its safety or effectiveness.*
- 3. The Thorlabs products described in this document are not intended nor warranted for usage in Military Applications.*