

Summary Data

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Get Summary Data (Practice with preloaded datasets)

1. Retrieve Pre-loaded Datasets

Base R and some of its core data science packages (like tidyverse and its dependencies) come with preloaded datasets. We can use these preloaded to practice our data science skills.

First, we must install and run **dplyr**:

```
#install.packages("tidyverse")  
library(dplyr)
```

Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.4.2

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

to view the available preloaded datasets, run the following cell:

```
#data()
```

In this lesson we will work with the **Star Wars** dataset ([starwars](#)) that loads with the **dplyr** library (part of the tidyverse package).

To learn more about this dataset run:

```
help(starwars)
```

starting httpd help server ... done

```
starwars
```

```
# A tibble: 87 × 14
  name      height  mass hair_color skin_color eye_color birth_year sex  gender
  <chr>      <int> <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 Luke Sk...   172    77 blond      fair        blue        19    male mascul...
2 C-3PO       167    75 <NA>      gold        yellow      112   none mascul...
3 R2-D2        96    32 <NA>      white, bl... red         33   none mascul...
4 Darth V...  202   136 none      white       yellow     41.9  male mascul...
5 Leia Or...  150    49 brown     light       brown      19    fema... femin...
6 Owen La...  178   120 brown, gr... light       blue       52    male mascul...
7 Beru Wh...  165    75 brown     light       blue       47    fema... femin...
8 R5-D4        97    32 <NA>      white, red  red        NA     none mascul...
9 Biggs D...  183    84 black     light       brown      24    male mascul...
10 Obi-Wan...  182    77 auburn, w... fair        blue-gray   57    male mascul...
# i 77 more rows
# i 5 more variables: homeworld <chr>, species <chr>, films <list>,
#   vehicles <list>, starships <list>
```

2. Get Summary Data about a Dataframe

When working with an unfamiliar dataset, it helps to first extract some basic summary data from that dataset. Run the following commands and examine what each did.

```
head(starwars)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 14
  name      height  mass hair_color skin_color eye_color birth_year sex  gender
  <chr>      <int> <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 Luke Sky...  172    77 blond      fair        blue        19    male mascul...
2 C-3PO       167    75 <NA>      gold        yellow      112   none mascul...
3 R2-D2        96    32 <NA>      white, bl... red         33   none mascul...
4 Darth Va...  202   136 none      white       yellow     41.9  male mascul...
5 Leia Org...  150    49 brown     light       brown      19    fema... femin...
6 Owen Lars   178   120 brown, gr... light       blue       52    male mascul...
# i 5 more variables: homeworld <chr>, species <chr>, films <list>,
#   vehicles <list>, starships <list>
```

```
#also try:
head(starwars, 3)
```

```
# A tibble: 3 × 14
  name      height  mass hair_color skin_color eye_color birth_year sex  gender
  <chr>      <int> <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 Luke Sky...  172    77 blond      fair        blue        19    male mascul...
2 C-3PO       167    75 <NA>      gold        yellow      112   none mascul...
3 R2-D2        96    32 <NA>      white, bl... red         33   none mascul...
# i 5 more variables: homeworld <chr>, species <chr>, films <list>,
#   vehicles <list>, starships <list>
```

```
dim(starwars)
```

```
[1] 87 14
```

```
colnames(starwars)
```

```
[1] "name"      "height"    "mass"      "hair_color" "skin_color"
[6] "eye_color" "birth_year" "sex"       "gender"     "homeworld"
[11] "species"   "films"     "vehicles"  "starships"
```

```
table(starwars$species)
```

Aleena	Besalisk	Cerean	Chagrian	Clawdite
1	1	1	1	1
Droid	Dug	Ewok	Geonosian	Gungan
6	1	1	1	3
Human	Hutt	Iktotchi	Kaleesh	Kaminoan
35	1	1	1	2
Kel Dor	Mirialan	Mon Calamari	Muun	Nautolan
1	2	1	1	1
Neimodian	Pau'an	Quermian	Rodian	Skakoan
1	1	1	1	1
Sullustan	Tholothian	Togruta	Toong	Toydarian
1	1	1	1	1
Trandoshan	Twi'lek	Vulptereen	Wookiee	Xexto
1	2	1	2	1
Yoda's species	Zabrak			
1	2			

```
xtabs(data=starwars, ~species + homeworld) |>
  as_tibble() |>
  filter(n > 0)
```

```
# A tibble: 51 × 3
```

	species	homeworld	n
	<chr>	<chr>	<int>
1	Human	Alderaan	3
2	Aleena	Aleen Minor	1
3	Human	Bespin	1
4	Neimodian	Cato Neimoidia	1
5	Cerean	Cerea	1
6	Chagrian	Champala	1
7	Human	Chandriga	1
8	Human	Concord Dawn	1
9	Human	Corellia	2
10	Human	Coruscant	2

```
# i 41 more rows
```

```
#summary(starwars)
```

```
#str(starwars)
```

3. Retrieve Data

Get one row

```
starwars[1,]
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 14
```

```
  name      height  mass hair_color skin_color eye_color birth_year sex  gender
<chr>      <int> <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 Luke Sky...  172    77 blond      fair       blue        19 male  mascu...
# i 5 more variables: homeworld <chr>, species <chr>, films <list>,
#   vehicles <list>, starships <list>
```

Get one cell

```
starwars$name[4]
```

```
[1] "Darth Vader"
```

Get item in list

```
print(starwars$starships[1])
```

```
[[1]]
[1] "X-wing"      "Imperial shuttle"
```

```
starwars$starships[[1]][1]
```

```
[1] "X-wing"
```

Exercise

Choose another built-in dataset visible when you run `data()`. Use the commands above to explore the size, shape, type, and nature of the data stored in that dataset.