

## DAA-Practical - 1

//Program to display the Fibonacci sequence up to n-th term using non-recursive

### CODE

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class FibonacciSeries {
    static void printFibonacci(int nterms) {
        int n1 = 0, n2 = 1, count = 0;

        if (nterms <= 0) {
            System.out.println("Please enter a positive integer");
        }
        else if (nterms == 1) {
            System.out.println("Fibonacci sequence up to " + nterms + " term:");
            System.out.println(n1);
        }
        else {
            System.out.println("Fibonacci sequence:");
            while (count < nterms) {
                System.out.print(n1 + " ");
                int nth = n1 + n2;
                n1 = n2;
                n2 = nth;
                count++;
            }
        }
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter number of terms: ");
        int nterms = sc.nextInt();
        printFibonacci(nterms);
    }
}
```

### Output

Enter number of terms: 8

Fibonacci sequence:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13

//Program to display the Fibonacci sequence up to n-th term using recursive method

### CODE

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class FibonacciRecursive {

    static int fibonacci(int n) {
        if (n <= 1)
            return n;
        else
            return fibonacci(n - 1) + fibonacci(n - 2);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter number of terms: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();

        System.out.println("Fibonacci sequence:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print(fibonacci(i) + " ");
        }
    }
}
```

### Output

Enter number of terms: 7

Fibonacci sequence:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8