# **REACT AND SERVICES**

### With or without React:

- Your static files may be on one server
- Your services may be on a different server

### **OUR SETUP**

Development using two servers:

- the webpack-dev-server from react-scripts
- a server.js we run separately

Final product using one server:

- npm run build creates static files
- our server will serve those static files

Real world could stay two separate servers!

# **DEV SETUP**

- Create a server.js for services
- Add scripts entry in package.json
- Add proxy entry in package.json for CORS

# **SERVER.JS**

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const PORT = 5000; // Why 5000? dev-server uses 3000

// Not yet configured for static files!

app.get('/api/test', (req, res) => {
   res.send('server works');
});

app.listen(PORT, () => {
   console.log(`http://localhost:${PORT}/`);
});
```

## PACKAGE.JSON SCRIPTS ENTRY

I **choose** to use same package.json:

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "react-scripts start",
    "build": "react-scripts build",
    "test": "react-scripts test",
    "eject": "react-scripts eject",
    "dev": "npx nodemon server.js"
},
```

- Why dev?
  - Just a name, so make it meaningful
- Remember to install express
- Remember to install nodemon
  - as dev dependency

## **TRYING IT OUT**

- Terminal 1: npm start
- Terminal 2: npm run dev

### Once everything is running:

- browser console:
  - fetch('/api/test');
  - inspect response in Network

### **HEY! THAT IS THE REACT PAGE!**

We requested a relative url

- so it hit this server
- which is only serving this one React page
  - regardless of path
- our /api/test is on a **different port**
- browser console:
  - fetch('http://localhost:5000/api/test');

## **CORS ERROR**

#### A CORS error makes sense

- We are requesting a different **origin**
- Server is not applying CORS headers to response

### Two solutions:

- use a proxy -OR-
- set the CORS header

## **CORS THINKING**

Which is better choice this time?

- use a proxy -OR-
- set the CORS header

We will use a proxy:

- CRA makes it easy
- We will not be on a different server in production

CORS headers make more sense if our services will always be on a separate server from our static files

## **PROXY**

CRA provides a proxy ability:

• add a proxy line in package.json

"proxy": "http://localhost:5000",

Any request that doesn't match a file on CRA webpack-dev-server will go to proxy server

• restart npm start

# **TRY IT AGAIN**

```
fetch('http://localhost:5000/api/test');
```

- Still errors
- But we aren't using the proxy!

```
fetch('/api/test');
```

- This works!
- With correct response!

### **PROXY SUMMARY**

### Notice what happens:

- browser requests /api/test
  - What port? What is full url of request?
- dev-server makes request to actual server
  - What port? What is full url of request?
- dev-server sends response to browser
- browser gets the response to original request
  - Doesn't know proxy was involved!

# **REACT CAN CALL SERVICES**

### More on this later

- but pure JS can call fetch
- proxy lets us handle two servers

# **PRODUCTION SETUP**

- Run npm run build to create static files
- Modify server.js to handle static files
- Add entry in package.json to run server

### **CREATING STATIC FILES**

npm run build creates build/ directory

- This is like previous public/ directory
- CRA uses public/ as INPUT, not OUTPUT

All .js and .jsx are transpiled and bundled

- Into static files to run in browser
- No static file runs on server

# **SERVING STATIC FILES**

We have already done this before

• Just a different directory

```
app.use(express.static('./build'));
```

### **MODIFYING PACKAGE.JSON**

package.json

```
"scripts": {
    "start": "react-scripts start",
    "build": "react-scripts build",
    "test": "react-scripts test",
    "eject": "react-scripts eject",
    "dev": "npx nodemon server.js",
    "serve": "node server.js"
},
```

- Why not nodemon?
- Why not npx?
- Could replace start!
  - Is package for running or developing?
  - Move current start to a new name

# TRY IT!

Remember which port the server uses!

### WHAT HAPPENS WITH PROXY?

- Nothing is using proxy info
  - Now running only your server.js
    - Which doesn't try to proxy
- browser requests relative urls
  - Such as /api/test
  - And server has them!
- We are on different port than before
  - but relative urls didn't care

### PROXY AND SERVICES SUMMARY

- Two servers to develop, One server for production
  - Not the only way to do it!
- We are using one package.json for both
  - Also not the only way to do it!
- CRA uses proxy in package.json for dev-server
  - This lets us use relative urls
  - as long as relative urls work for prod
- React all becomes static JS files
  - static files on server, run in browser