CSE 421 ID: 20301246

Application Layer Protocols (HTTP.SMTP/POP) Examination Lab

Objectives:

Capture traffic and observe the PDUS for HTTP, SMTP, POP.

Task 1: Observe HTTP traffic exchange between a client and server.

Step 1 – Run the simulation and capture the traffic.

- Enter Simulation mode.
- Click on the PC1. Open the **Web Browser** from the **Desktop**.
- Enter www.bracu.ac.bd into the browser. Clicking on Go will initiate a web server request. Minimize the Web Client configuration window.
- Two packets appear in the Event List, a DNS request needed to resolve the URL to the IP address of the web server and an ARP request needed to resolve the IP address of the server to its hardware MAC address.
- Click the Auto Capture / Play button to run the simulation and capture events.
- Sit tight and observe the packets flowing through the network.



- When the above message appears Click "View Previous Events".
- Click on PC1. The web browser displays a web page appears.

Step 2 – Examine the following captured traffic.

Our objective in this lab is only to observe HTTP traffic.

	Last Device	At Device	Туре		
1.	PC1	Switch 0	HTTP		
2	Local Web Server	Switch 1	HTTP		

 Find the following packets given in the table above in the Event List, and click on the colored square in the Info column.



When you click on the Info square for a packet in the event list the PDU
 Information window opens. If you click on these layers, the algorithm used by the device (in this case, the PC) is displayed. View what is going on at each layer.

• Examine the PDU information for the remaining events in the exchange.

For packet 1::

HTTP packet is this?

What kind of HTTP packet is packet no. 1?

HTTP request packet

Click onto "Inbound PDU details" tab. Scroll down at the end, what do you see?

Source IP and destination IP address and port number of these two host has given.

Again, HTTP request and HTTP request details like accept stuffs and host.

For packet 2:

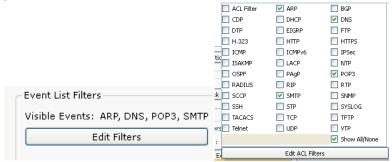
Click onto "Inbound PDU details" tab. Scroll down at the end, what do you see? What kind of

After HTTP request, it is a HTTP response packet. Connection has stopped.

Task 2: Observe email traffic exchange between a client and email server using SMTP and POP3.

Step 1 – Run the simulation and capture the traffic.

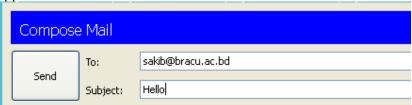
- On the Event List window click "Reset Simulation" button. All previous packets will disappear.
- At the bottom of the Event List window, there is a filter which filters the protocols that we want to see. Click Edit filters. Another window appears showing different protocols, unclick HTTP and click SMTP and POP3.



- Click a space anywhere outside the popup window, then it will disappear.
- Your Event List Filter should be as shown below:

Visible Events: ARP, DNS, POP3, SMTP	Event List Filters	
	Visible Events: ARP, DNS, POP3, SMTP	
Edit Filters Show All	Edit Filters	Show All

 Now click on the PC1. Close the web browser window. Open the Email from the Desktop. A mail browser window will open. Click "compose", another window appears.



- Fill the window as shown and press send.
- Minimize the client window.
- Click the Auto Capture / Play button to run the simulation and capture events.
- Sit tight and observe the packets flowing through the network.
- This interaction is between the sender client and its email server.

Step 2 – Examine the following captured traffic.

Our objective in this lab is only to observe SMTP traffic.

	Last Device	At Device	Type
3.	PC1	Switch 0	DNS
4.	PC1	Switch 0	SMTP
5.	Bracu Email Server	Switch 1	SMTP

- Find the following packets given in the table above in the **Event List**, and click on the colored square in the **Info** column.
- Examine the PDU information.

For packet 4::

What is the purpose of this DNS packet?

Identify and find the IP address of the email server of BRACU.

For packet 5& 6::

Explain why SMTP packet was sent to the email server and the server replied with an SMTP packet?

The SMTP packet email tries to add connection with email server by

requesting and in reply, the acknowledgement is given from the server to SMTP packet.

Step 3 – Run the simulation and capture the traffic for POP.

- On the Event List window click "Reset Simulation" button. All previous packets will disappear.
- Now click on the PC0. Open the Email from the Desktop. A mail browser window will open. Click "receive", minimize the window.
- Click the Auto Capture / Play button to run the simulation and capture events.
- Sit tight and observe the packets flowing through the network.
- This interaction is between the sender client and its email server.

Step 2 – Examine the following captured traffic.

Our objective in this lab is only to observe POP traffic.

	Last Device	At Device	Type
6.	PC1	Switch 0	DNS
7.	PC1	Switch 0	POP3
8.	Bracu Email Server	Switch 1	POP3

- Find the following packets given in the table above in the **Event List**, and click on the colored square in the **Info** column.
- Examine the PDU information.

For packet 6::

W	hat	İS	the	pur	pose	of	this	D١	١S	pack	et?
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Identify and find the IP address of email server that belongs to BRACU.

For packet 7&8::

Explain why POP packet was sent to the email server and the server replied with a POP packet?

POP packet request for email to the server and in return, the server respond to that request through POP packet.

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