



Qyntara AI

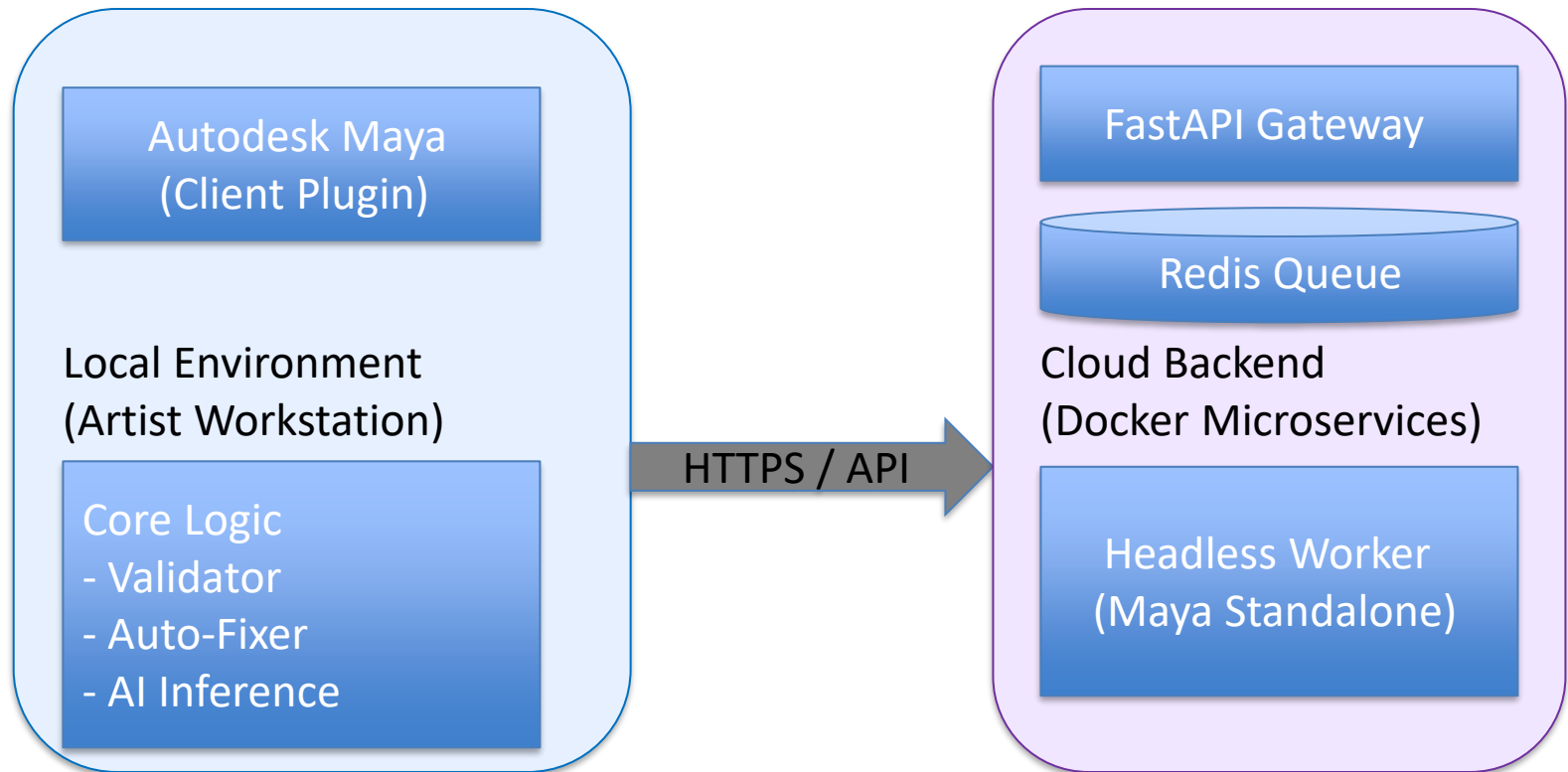
Next-Gen 3D Asset Validation &
Auto-Fix System

End-to-End Architecture
Overview

Executive Summary

- Hybrid System: Combines Local Maya Plugin with Cloud processing.
- Goal: Ensure Game/VR/VFX assets are technically flawless.
- Key Innovations:
 - - 40+ Real-time Geometry Checks (N-gons, Open Edges)
 - - Deterministic Auto-Fix Engine
 - - Deep Learning Model (MeshAnomalyNet) for subjective quality
 - - Dockerized Microservices for scalability

High-Level System Architecture



Client Architecture (Maya Plugin)

- Tech Stack: Python 3, PySide2 (Qt), Maya Python API.
- UI Layer: Decoupled from logic, strictly handles user signals.
- Core Logic: Shared library ('qyntara_ai.core') containing all validation rules.
- Performance: Optimized viewport overlays using OpenMaya API.
- Features:
 - - Validation Dashboard
 - - Smart Alignment Tools
 - - Game Engine Export Presets (Unity/Unreal)

Cloud/Backend Architecture

- Tech Stack: FastAPI, Redis, Docker, Headless Maya.
- API Gateway: Handles file uploads and job validation.
- Message Broker: Redis queues valid jobs for processing.
- Worker Nodes: Scalable containers running Maya Standalone.
- Parity: Reuses the exact same 'Core' rules set as the client.
- Purpose: Allows batch processing of thousands of assets without tying up artist workstations.

AI Model: MeshAnomalyNet

- Architecture Type: PointNet-based Binary Classifier
 - Purpose: Detects non-determinist topology errors (subjective quality).
 - Input: Point Cloud (N=1024 sampled vertex points).
 - Layers:
 - 1. Convolutions (64 -> 128 -> 1024 filters) for feature extraction.
 - 2. Global Max Pooling (aggregates features).
 - 3. Fully Connected Layers (512 -> 256 -> 1) for classification.