Lab Sheet 03 - XML

Part 2: Creating Your First XML Document

```
books.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
library>
  <book>
    <title>The Great Gatsby</title>
    <author>F. Scott Fitzgerald</author>
    <year>1925</year>
    <genre>Fiction</genre>
  </book>
  <book>
    <title>To Kill a Mockingbird</title>
    <author>Harper Lee</author>
    <year>1960</year>
    <genre>Fiction</genre>
  </book>
  <book>
    <title>1984</title>
    <author>George Orwell</author>
    <year>1949</year>
    <genre>Dystopian
  </book>
</library>
```

Part 3: Parsing XML in Java

```
XmlParser.java
package xml;
import org.w3c.dom.*;
import javax.xml.parsers.*;
public class XmlParser {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
    // Create a new DocumentBuilderFactory and DocumentBuilder
    DocumentBuilderFactory factory = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance();
    DocumentBuilder builder = factory.newDocumentBuilder();
    // Parse the XML file
    Document document =
builder.parse("C:\\Users\\student\\Desktop\\EA\\XML\\src\\xml\\books.xml");
    // Normalize the document
    document.getDocumentElement().normalize();
    // Get the root element (library)
    NodeList nodeList = document.getElementsByTagName("book");
    // Loop through each book in the XML document
      for (int i = 0; i < nodeList.getLength(); i++) {
        Node node = nodeList.item(i);
        if (node.getNodeType() == Node.ELEMENT_NODE) {
          Element element = (Element) node;
          // Get and print the details of each book
          String title = element.getElementsByTagName("title").item(0).getTextContent();
          String author = element.getElementsByTagName("author").item(0).getTextContent();
```

```
String year = element.getElementsByTagName("year").item(0).getTextContent();

String genre = element.getElementsByTagName("genre").item(0).getTextContent();

System.out.println("Title: " + title);

System.out.println("Author: " + author);

System.out.println("Year: " + year);

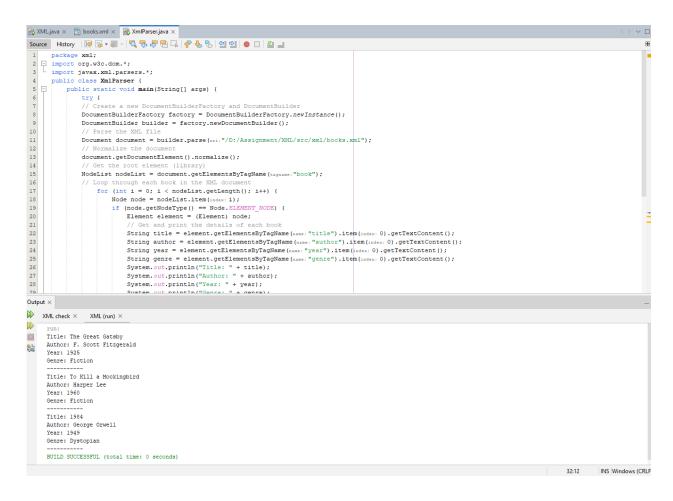
System.out.println("Genre: " + genre);

System.out.println("------");

}

catch (Exception e) {

e.printStackTrace();
}
```



Part 4: Modifying XML Data

```
XmlParser.java
package xml;
import java.io.File;
import org.w3c.dom.*;
import javax.xml.parsers.*;
import javax.xml.transform.Transformer;
import javax.xml.transform.TransformerFactory;
import javax.xml.transform.dom.DOMSource;
import javax.xml.transform.stream.StreamResult;
public class XmlParser {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
    // Create a new DocumentBuilderFactory and DocumentBuilder
    DocumentBuilderFactory factory = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance();
    DocumentBuilder builder = factory.newDocumentBuilder();
    // Parse the XML file
    Document document =
builder.parse("C:\\Users\\student\\Desktop\\EA\\XML\\src\\xml\\books.xml");
    // Normalize the document
    document.getDocumentElement().normalize();
    // Get the root element (library)
    NodeList nodeList = document.getElementsByTagName("book");
    // Modify the year of the first book
    Element firstBook = (Element) nodeList.item(0);
    firstBook.getElementsByTagName("year").item(0).setTextContent("2023");
```

```
// Save the modified document

TransformerFactory transformerFactory = TransformerFactory.newInstance();

Transformer transformer = transformerFactory.newTransformer();

DOMSource source = new DOMSource(document);

StreamResult result = new StreamResult(new

File("C:\\Users\\student\\Desktop\\EA\\XML\\src\\xml\\updated_books.xml"));

transformer.transform(source, result);
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
```

updated books.xml

```
<book>
<title>1984</title>
<author>George Orwell</author>
<year>1949</year>
<genre>Dystopian</genre>
</book>
</library>
```

