Bài kiểm tra đánh giá phân loại

Môn: Lập trình Android

Lóp: CTK40

Câu 1. Thiết kế giao diện theo hình sau:

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С	Undo	Redo	÷
7	8	9	×
4	5	6	_
1	2	3	+
±	0	rae	=

Câu 2. Cho đoạn code sau trong ngôn ngữ lập trình C#. Hãy chuyển đổi sang ngôn ngữ lập trình Java và nhúng vào ứng dụng trên.

```
1. using System;
2. using System.Collections.Generic;
3.
4. namespace DoFactory.GangOfFour.Command.RealWorld
5. {
6.  /// <summary>
7.  /// MainApp startup class for Real-World
8.  /// Command Design Pattern.
9.  /// </summary>
10. class MainApp
11. {
12.  /// <summary>
13.  /// Entry point into console application.
14.  /// </summary>
15.  static void Main()
16.  {
17.  // Create user and let her compute
18.  User user = new User();
19.
```

```
// User presses calculator buttons
    user.Compute('+', 100);
    user.Compute('-', 50);
    user.Compute('*', 10);
    user.Compute('/', 2);
    // Undo 4 commands
    user.Undo(4);
    // Redo 3 commands
    user.Redo(3);
    // Wait for user
    Console.ReadKey();
  }
}
/// <summary>
/// The 'Command' abstract class
/// </summary>
abstract class Command
  public abstract void Execute();
  public abstract void UnExecute();
/// <summary>
/// The 'ConcreteCommand' class
/// </summary>
class CalculatorCommand : Command
  private char _operator;
  private int _operand;
  private Calculator _calculator;
  // Constructor
  public CalculatorCommand(Calculator calculator,
    char @operator, int operand)
    this._calculator = calculator;
    this. operator = @operator;
    this._operand = operand;
  }
  // Gets operator
  public char Operator
    set { _operator = value; }
  }
  // Get operand
```

```
public int Operand
 set { _operand = value; }
// Execute new command
public override void Execute()
  _calculator.Operation(_operator, _operand);
// Unexecute last command
public override void UnExecute()
 _calculator.Operation(Undo(_operator), _operand);
// Returns opposite operator for given operator
private char Undo(char @operator)
  switch (@operator)
   case '+': return '-';
  case '-': return '+';
   case '*': return '/';
    case '/': return '*';
    default: throw new
    ArgumentException("@operator");
 }
      }
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// The 'Receiver' class
    /// </summary>
    class Calculator
      private int _curr = 0;
      public void Operation(char @operator, int operand)
        switch (@operator)
          case '+': _curr += operand; break;
          case '-': _curr -= operand; break;
          case '*': curr *= operand; break;
          case '/': _curr /= operand; break;
        }
        Console.WriteLine(
          "Current value = {0,3} (following {1} {2})",
          _curr, @operator, operand);
```

```
}
}
/// <summary>
/// The 'Invoker' class
/// </summary>
class User
  // Initializers
  private Calculator _calculator = new Calculator();
  private List<Command> _commands = new List<Command>();
  private int _current = 0;
  public void Redo(int levels)
    Console.WriteLine("\n---- Redo {0} levels ", levels);
    // Perform redo operations
    for (int i = 0; i < levels; i++)</pre>
    {
      if (_current < _commands.Count - 1)</pre>
        Command command = _commands[_current++];
        command.Execute();
      }
    }
  }
  public void Undo(int levels)
    Console.WriteLine("\n---- Undo {0} levels ", levels);
    // Perform undo operations
    for (int i = 0; i < levels; i++)</pre>
    {
      if (_current > 0)
        Command command = _commands[--_current] as Command;
        command.UnExecute();
      }
    }
  }
  public void Compute(char @operator, int operand)
    // Create command operation and execute it
    Command command = new CalculatorCommand(
      _calculator, @operator, operand);
    command.Execute();
    // Add command to undo list
    _commands.Add(command);
    current++;
```

```
173. }
174. }
175. }
```