

# Electrical Topology Diagram (Implementation v5)

As-of date: 2026-02-18

Purpose: provide a complete, install-level electrical topology for the current build scope, including all major electrical components, fuse IDs, fuse housings, planned wire gauges, and estimated one-way run lengths for procurement planning.

Related docs:

- Canonical electrical/system baseline: [docs/SYSTEMS.md](#)
- Detailed fuse matrix: [docs/ELECTRICAL\\_fuse\\_schedule.md](#)
- Battery and trunk recalculation record: [docs/ELECTRICAL\\_battery\\_fuse\\_wire\\_recalc\\_2026-02-18.md](#)
- Decisions and unresolved items: [docs/TRACKING.md](#)
- Procurement source of truth: [bom/bom\\_estimated\\_items.csv](#)

## Sweep Outcomes Included In This Revision

- Corrected Sterling BB1248120 modeling basis to ~1500W max output (~26A at 57.6V), replacing prior 120A @ 48V planning assumption.
- Added explicit fuse-holder/housing definitions for every fuse family ( Class T , Lynx MEGA , inline MIDI/ANL/AMI , PV gPV , and ATO/ATC ).
- Added conductor schedule across 48V , 12V , PV, and AC segments with explicit assumptions.
- Updated 12V topology to a shared 12V junction fed by an Orion-Tr Smart 48/12-30 charger and a 12V 100Ah buffer battery branch, with F-11 source fuse plus SW-12V-BATT manual isolation.
- Added a full-circuit estimated run-length validation pass ( C-01 through C-35 ) and purchase-ready wire rollup totals.

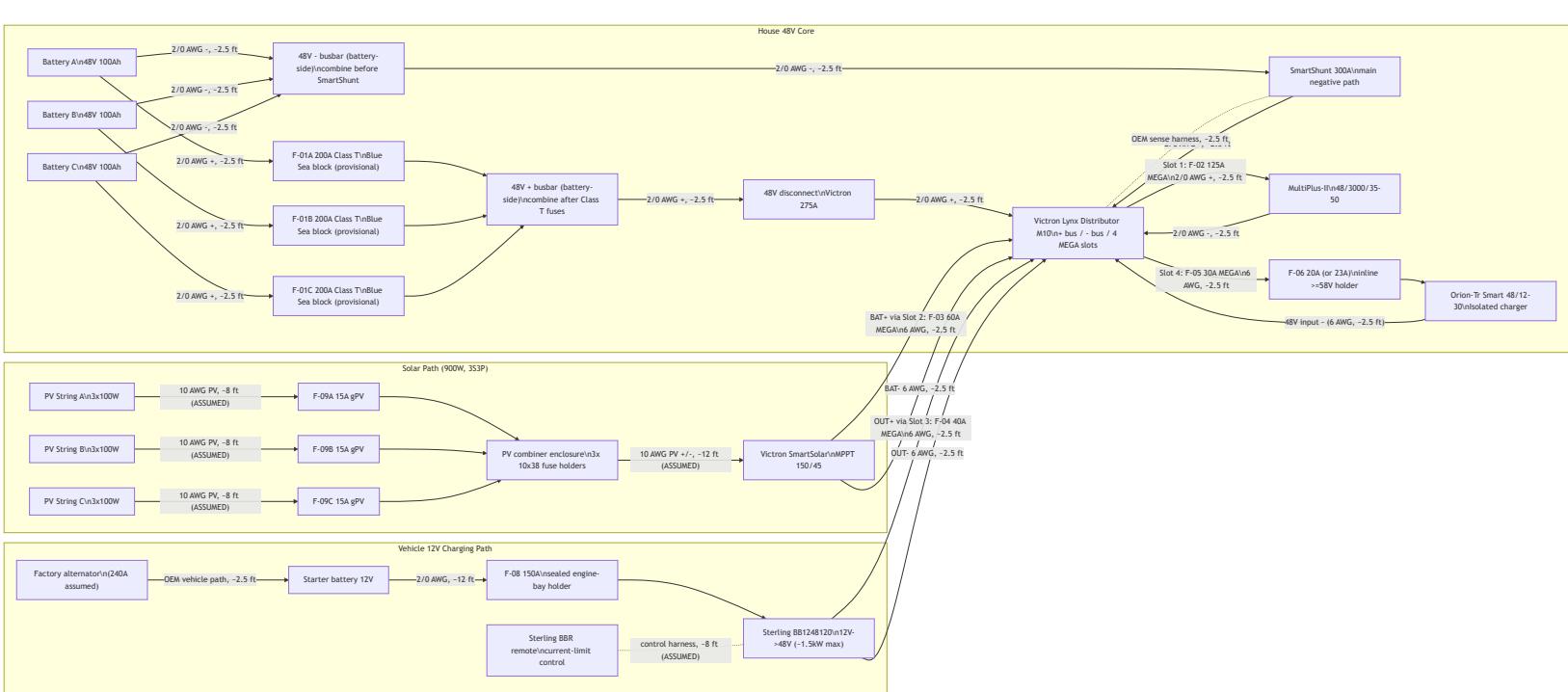
## Length Estimation Defaults Used In This Pass

1. Cabinet internal interconnect default: 2.5 ft one-way ( ASSUMED ).
2. Cabinet-to-near load branch default: 8 ft one-way ( ASSUMED ).
3. Cabinet-to-far load branch default: 12 ft one-way ( ASSUMED ).
4. AC branch to receptacle chain default: 15 ft one-way per branch leg ( ASSUMED ).
5. Policy lock: use the smallest gauge that meets current and voltage-drop targets; do not auto-upsize, but flag warnings when margin is tight.
6. Parallel battery bank lock: keep BATT+\_A/B/C equal length and BATT-\_A/B/C equal length.

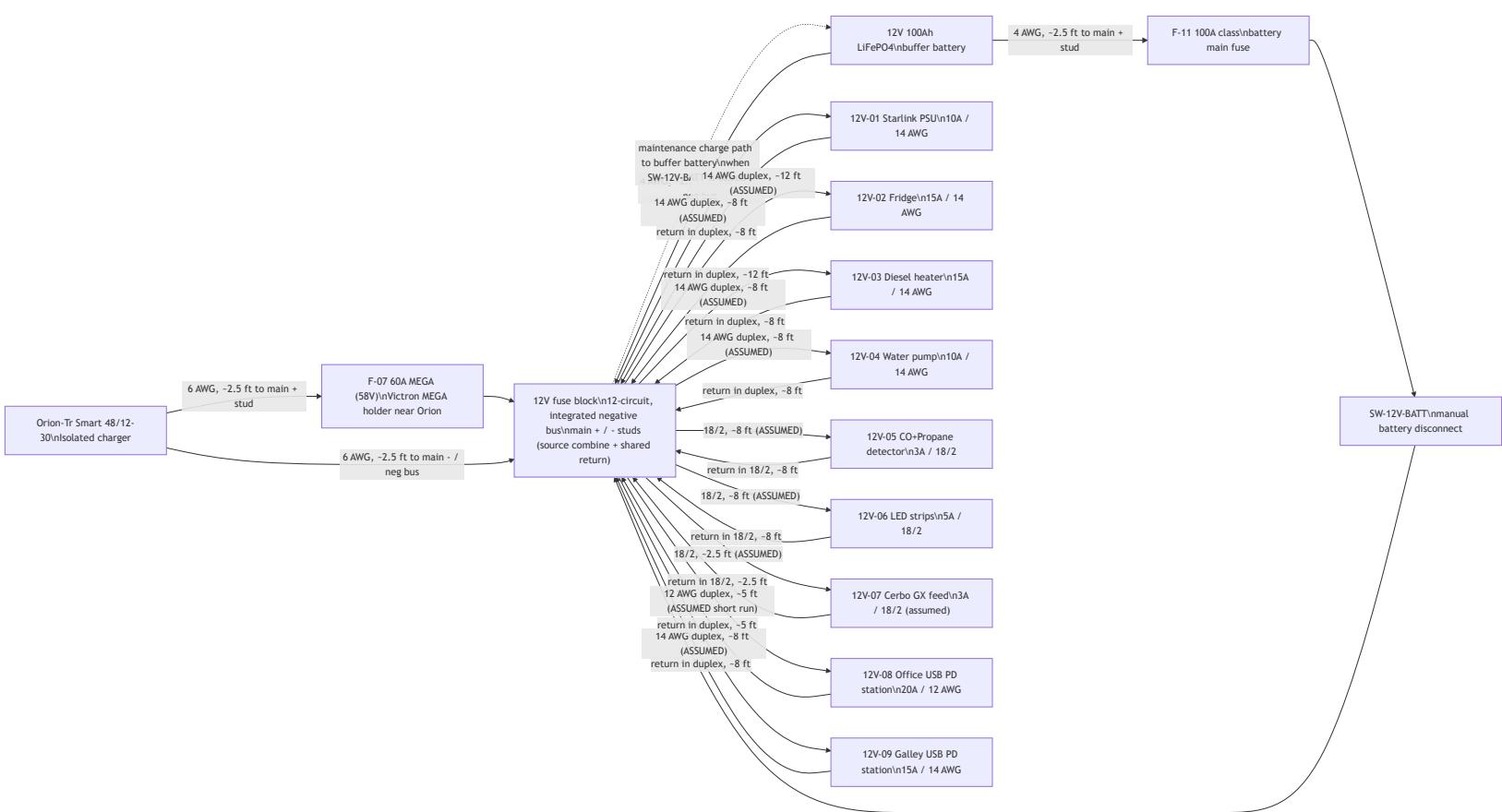
## Battery Fuse/Wire Recalculation Basis (2026-02-18)

- Scope in this pass is limited to battery-side and major 48V trunk paths ( C-01 through C-15 ).
- Provisional battery listing inputs used: 51.2V 100Ah , <=200A current limit per battery.
- Conservative sizing factors used in this pass:
  1. Parallel-sharing factor K\_share = 1.5
  2. Continuous margin factor K\_cont = 1.25
- Current envelope used for battery-discharge branch sizing in current architecture: I\_total = F-02 + F-05 = 125A + 30A = 155A .
- Per-battery design current: I\_batt\_design = (155A / 3) \* 1.5 = 77.5A .
- Continuous-adjusted minimum battery branch fuse threshold: I\_fuse\_min = 77.5A \* 1.25 = 96.9A .
- Provisional battery branch fuse selection: F-01A/B/C = 200A Class T , constrained by the provisional battery <=200A current-limit listing.
- Final lock gate: validate true 51.2V battery datasheet/manual current and terminal limits before permanent fuse lock; if lower limits are confirmed, move to 175A .
- Cable procurement remains estimate-based until CAD/field run lengths are frozen. This pass sets a no-padding 2/0 estimate baseline of 61.5 ft total ( 34.5 ft red, 27.0 ft black), replacing the legacy 50 ft scenario placeholder.

## Complete Power Topology (48V Core + Charge Sources)



## 12V Distribution Topology (Shared Junction With Buffer Battery)

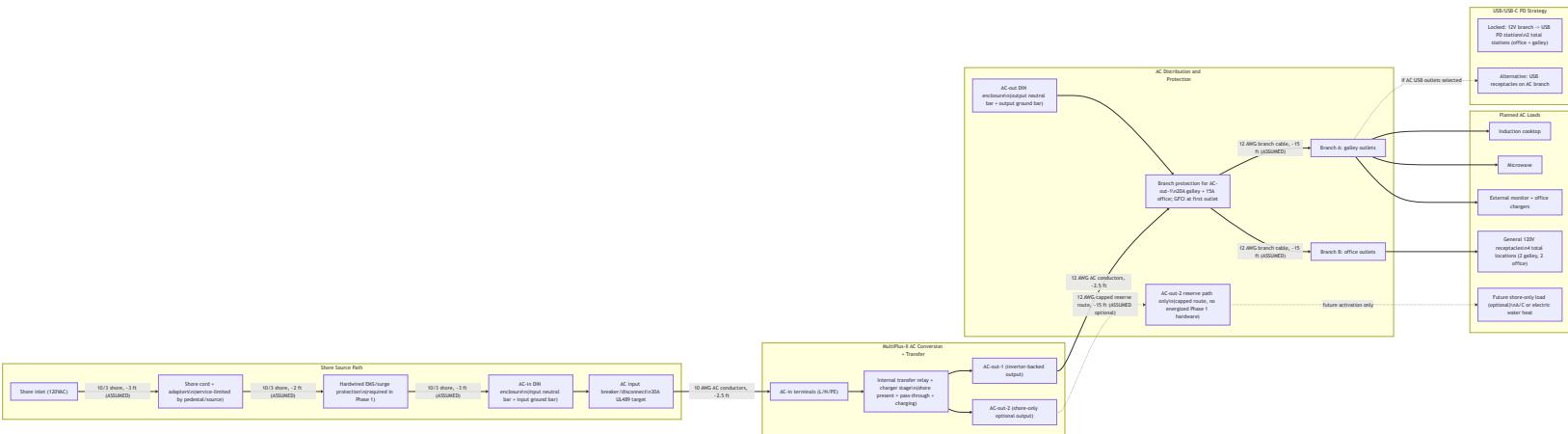


## 12V Operating Intent (Locked)

- Orion-Tr Smart 48/12-30 is the primary 12V charger/feed source.
- SW-12V-BATT is **normally closed** in operation; open is service/isolation mode only.
- With SW-12V-BATT closed, Orion output at the fuse-block main + stud maintains/charges the 12V buffer battery through the shared-junction path.
- With SW-12V-BATT open, the buffer battery is isolated from the main + stud; this mode is for service/troubleshooting only and not the default operating state.
- The buffer battery remains in the active operating path during normal use and is intended to absorb transients/peaks on the 12V rail.

- The fuse block is the **12V** junction device in this baseline: main **+** stud is the source-combine point, and the integrated negative bus/main **-** is the shared return point.
- Do not solder-splice high-current source conductors; terminate with crimped lugs on rated studs/junction hardware.

## AC Path Topology (Shore + Inverter Output, Full Hierarchy)



## AC Operating Behavior (Expected)

- Shore present: MultiPlus transfer relay closes, AC-in is passed to AC-out paths, and charger stage charges the **48V** bank.
- Shore absent: MultiPlus transfers to inverter mode and powers **AC-out-1** from battery; **AC-out-2** drops by design.
- AC-in hardware is **30A** (**TT-30** + hardwired EMS + **30A** breaker + **10 AWG** AC-in conductors); set MultiPlus input current limit to actual source (**15A**, **20A**, or **30A**) to avoid pedestal/source breaker trips.

## AC Safety/Protection Chain (What Must Exist)

- Upstream shore protection chain before MultiPlus AC-in: shore inlet -> hardwired EMS -> **30A** AC input breaker/disconnect.
- AC-out branch protection including UL943-class residual-current protection and overcurrent protection sized to branch wiring and expected load.
- Split-panel architecture with dedicated neutral/ground bars per AC enclosure and no AC-in/AC-out neutral mixing.
- Continuous equipment grounding path from shore inlet through MultiPlus and branch circuits, plus chassis bond in mobile install context.
- Neutral/ground handling must follow MultiPlus relay behavior; do not add an always-bonded downstream neutral-ground bond in branch receptacle wiring.

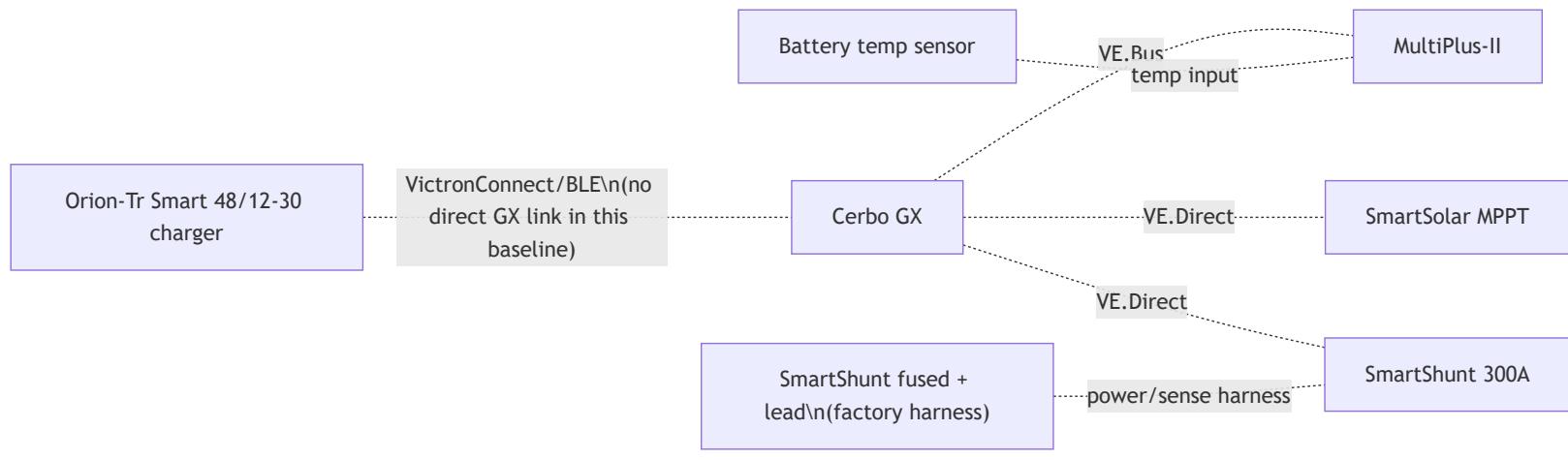
## AC Reference Basis (Manufacturer Guidance)

- Victron MultiPlus-II **120V** installation guidance (AC-in breaker sizing, UL943-class residual-current protection on outputs, and AC-out-2 shore-only behavior): [https://www.victronenergy.com/media/pg/MultiPlus-II\\_120V/en/installation.html](https://www.victronenergy.com/media/pg/MultiPlus-II_120V/en/installation.html)
- Victron MultiPlus-II datasheet (**48/3000/35-50** baseline model reference): <https://www.victronenergy.com/upload/documents/Datasheet-MultiPlus-II-inverter-charger-120V-EN.pdf>

## AC/USB Baseline Locked For BOM

- Shore interface: **30A** RV-style inlet baseline with adapter kit for **15A** / **20A** hookups.
- AC input protection: dedicated hardwired-EMS + AC-in DIN enclosure + **30A** AC input breaker/disconnect upstream of MultiPlus AC-in.
- AC-out-1 distribution: two protected branches (**20A** galley, **15A** office) with GFCI-at-first-outlet strategy.
- Receptacle plan: **4** total **120V** receptacle locations (**2** galley, **2** office).
- USB charging plan: **2** DC-fed USB PD station assemblies on **12V** branches (**1** office, **1** galley) with branch baselines of **20A** (office) and **15A** (galley).
- AC-out-2 remains reserve-only in Phase 1 (labeled capped route; no energized branch hardware procured).

## Monitoring and Control Topology



## Fuse and Switch Housing Map (Where Each Item Is Physically Housed)

Item ID	Item value/type	Housing method	Location
F-01A	200A Class T (provisional)	Blue Sea Class T fuse block (110A-200A family)	Battery compartment near Battery A +
F-01B	200A Class T (provisional)	Blue Sea Class T fuse block (110A-200A family)	Battery compartment near Battery B +
F-01C	200A Class T (provisional)	Blue Sea Class T fuse block (110A-200A family)	Battery compartment near Battery C +
F-02	125A MEGA	Lynx integrated slot holder	Lynx Slot 1
F-03	60A MEGA	Lynx integrated slot holder	Lynx Slot 2
F-04	40A MEGA	Lynx integrated slot holder	Lynx Slot 3
F-05	30A MEGA	Lynx integrated slot holder	Lynx Slot 4
F-06	20A target / 23A MIDI fallback	Inline sealed holder (>=58vDC)	Electrical cabinet near Orion branch source
F-07	60A MEGA (58v class)	Victron MEGA fuse holder	Electrical cabinet at Orion 12v + source end
F-08	150A	Sealed engine-bay MEGA/ANL holder	Engine bay near starter battery +
F-09A/B/C	15A gPV each	10x38 touch-safe fuse holders in PV combiner	Roof-entry combiner enclosure
F-10	Per branch (ATO/ATC)	Integrated blade sockets in generic 12V fuse block	Electrical cabinet
F-11	100A class (12V buffer battery main)	Sealed inline MIDI/AMI/ANL holder	Within ~`7`` of 12V buffer battery positive post
SW-12V-BATT	Manual battery disconnect switch	Sealed rotary DC switch body	Electrical cabinet near 12V fuse-block main + stud for service access
OEM-SHUNT	Factory low-current inline fuse (SmartShunt harness)	Integrated inline holder in Victron harness lead	Electrical cabinet near Lynx positive tap

## Conductor Schedule (Start-to-Finish)

Segment ID	Circuit segment	Nominal voltage	Current basis	Overcurrent protection	Planned wire gauge	Estimated one-way length (this pass)

C-01	Battery A + -> F-01A	48V	Battery branch, fuse-limited	F-01A 200A provisional	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED, equal-length set)
C-02	Battery B + -> F-01B	48V	Battery branch, fuse-limited	F-01B 200A provisional	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED, equal-length set)
C-02C	Battery C + -> F-01C	48V	Battery branch, fuse-limited	F-01C 200A provisional	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED, equal-length set)
C-03	Class T outputs -> battery-side 48v + busbar -> disconnect input	48V	Combined trunk current	F-01A/B/C	2/0 AWG each branch	2.5 ft each branch (ASSUMED, 4 conductors in rollup)
C-04	Disconnect output -> Lynx + bus	48V	Aggregate discharge design current (155A = F-02 125A + F-05 30A; 255A Lynx fuse sum is non-concurrent theoretical)	Upstream Class T fuses	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-05	Battery negatives -> battery-side 48v - busbar -> SmartShunt battery side	48V	Mixed-path rollup: 3x battery-negative branches at 77.5A design each + NEGBUS_TO_SHUNT trunk at 155A aggregate	N/A (main negative path)	2/0 AWG each branch	2.5 ft each branch (ASSUMED, 4 conductors in rollup)
C-06	SmartShunt load side -> Lynx - bus	48V	Aggregate return current	N/A	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-06A	Lynx positive tap -> SmartShunt positive sense/power lead	48V	Shunt electronics supply (very low current)	Factory inline fuse in OEM harness	OEM harness lead	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-07	Lynx Slot 1 (F-02) -> MultiPlus DC+	48V	Inverter branch, fuse-limited	F-02 125A	2/0 AWG (manual minimum AWG 1 on short runs)	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-08	MultiPlus DC- -> Lynx - bus	48V	Inverter return current	F-02 protects paired positive	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-09	MPPT BAT+ -> Lynx Slot 2 (F-03)	48V	Controller output (45A max)	F-03 60A	6 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-10	MPPT BAT- -> Lynx - bus	48V	Controller return current	F-03 protects paired positive	6 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-11	Sterling output + -> Lynx Slot 3 (F-04)	48V	Charger output (~26A nominal max)	F-04 40A	6 AWG planned (10 AWG minimum per Sterling table)	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-12	Sterling output - -> Lynx - bus	48V	Charger return current	F-04 protects paired positive	6 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-13	Lynx Slot 4 (F-05) -> F-06 holder	48V	Orion branch feeder, fuse-limited	F-05 30A	6 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-14	F-06 -> Orion 48v + input	48V	Orion input, fuse-limited	F-06 20A/23A	6 AWG planned (8 AWG minimum per Orion table)	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-15	Orion 48v - input -> Lynx - bus	48V	Orion input return current	F-06 protects paired positive	6 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)

C-16	Starter battery + -> F-08 -> Sterling input +	12V	Charger input path, fuse-limited	F-08 150A	2/0 AWG planned (2 AWG minimum per Sterling table)	12 ft (ASSUMED, long vehicle run)
C-17	Vehicle return/chassis -> Sterling input -	12V	Charger input return	F-08 protects paired positive	2/0 AWG planned	12 ft (ASSUMED, long vehicle run)
C-18	Orion 12V + -> F-07 -> 12V fuse block main + stud	12V	Charger output path (30A continuous, 60A fuse)	F-07 60A	6 AWG planned (8 AWG minimum per Orion table)	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-19	Orion 12V - -> 12V fuse block integrated - bus / main - stud	12V	Charger output return	F-07 protects paired positive	6 AWG	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-19A	12V buffer battery + -> F-11 -> SW-12V-BATT -> 12V fuse block main + stud	12V	Buffer source path and service isolation path	F-11 100A class	4 AWG planned	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-19B	12V buffer battery - -> 12V fuse block integrated - bus / main - stud	12V	Buffer battery return path	N/A (paired with C-19A)	4 AWG planned	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)
C-20	12V panel -> Starlink PSU	12V	Branch load	F-10 10A	14 AWG duplex	8 ft (ASSUMED, near-load branch)
C-21	12V panel -> Fridge	12V	Branch load	F-10 15A	14 AWG duplex	12 ft (ASSUMED, far-load branch)
C-22	12V panel -> Diesel heater	12V	Branch load	F-10 15A	14 AWG duplex	8 ft (ASSUMED, near-load branch)
C-23	12V panel -> Water pump	12V	Branch load	F-10 10A	14 AWG duplex	8 ft (ASSUMED, near-load branch)
C-24	12V panel -> CO + propane detector	12V	Branch load	F-10 3A	18/2	8 ft (ASSUMED, near-load branch)
C-25	12V panel -> LED strips	12V	Branch load	F-10 5A	18/2	8 ft (ASSUMED, near-load branch)
C-26	12V panel -> Cerbo GX power feed	12V	Branch load (~3W)	F-10 3A (assumed)	18/2	2.5 ft (ASSUMED, cabinet internal)
C-27	PV strings -> F-09 combiner -> MPPT PV input	PV string voltage (3s)	String current + combiner output current	F-09A/B/C 15A each	10 AWG PV wire	12 ft trunk + 3x8 ft string legs (ASSUMED)
C-28	Shore inlet -> shore cord/adapter -> hardwired EMS -> AC-in DIN enclosure / AC input breaker	120VAC	Source-limited shore current (adapter-constrained at source)	30A AC input breaker/disconnect baseline with source-current-limit settings policy	10/3 shore feed to inlet/EMS/AC-in area	8 ft (ASSUMED)
C-29	AC input breaker/disconnect -> MultiPlus AC-in	120VAC	MultiPlus AC input current (30A hardware basis)	Upstream 30A AC breaker/disconnect (C-28)	10 AWG stranded AC conductors	2.5 ft (ASSUMED, cabinet internal)

C-30	MuliPlus AC-out-1 -> branch RCD/GFCI + breaker assembly	120VAC	Inverter-backed branch distribution current	UL943-class RCD/GFCI + branch breakers (20A galley, 15A office)	12 AWG stranded AC conductors	2.5 ft (ASSUMED, cabinet internal)
C-31	Branch A -> galley receptacle locations (2)	120VAC	Branch load (induction, microwave, galley outlets)	c-30 branch protection stack	12 AWG stranded AC conductors	15 ft (ASSUMED, branch leg default)
C-32	Branch B -> office receptacle locations (2)	120VAC	Branch load (monitor and office outlet use)	c-30 branch protection stack	12 AWG stranded AC conductors	15 ft (ASSUMED, branch leg default)
C-33	MuliPlus AC-out-2 (reserve-only) -> capped route for future shore-only branch	120VAC	N/A in Phase 1 (route reserved only)	N/A in Phase 1 (no energized branch hardware)	12 AWG stranded AC conductors (reserve path only)	15 ft (ASSUMED, reserve route default)
C-34	12V panel -> USB PD station branch (office zone)	12V	High-demand office charging branch (100W + 65W class station budget)	F-10 branch fuse (20A)	12 AWG duplex baseline	5 ft (ASSUMED, short-run requirement)
C-35	12V panel -> USB PD station branch (galley zone)	12V	Galley charging branch (65W class USB-C plus USB-A/C loads)	F-10 branch fuse (15A)	14 AWG duplex baseline	8 ft (ASSUMED, near-load branch)

## Wiring Validation Worksheet (Estimate Pass, 2026-02-18)

Calculation basis for drop screening:

- $V_{drop} = I * (2 * L_{one\_way} * R_{per\_ft})$
- Resistance basis used in this pass ( ohm/ft ): 2/0=0.0000779 , 6 AWG=0.0003951 , 4 AWG=0.0002485 , 12 AWG=0.001588 , 14 AWG=0.002525 , 18/2=0.006385 , 10 AWG=0.000999 .
- Design targets: <=2% on major 48V trunks, <=3% on planned 12V /AC branches.
- C-05 is a rollup row that includes both branch and trunk return paths; voltage-drop screen shown is the conservative worst-case ( 155A ) within that rollup.

Circuit ID	From	To	Fuse	Current basis	Gauge	Estimated one-way length	Voltage drop %	BOM gauge bucket	Status
C-01	Battery A +	F-01A	F-01A 200A	77.5A design branch share	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.06% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS
C-02	Battery B +	F-01B	F-01B 200A	77.5A design branch share	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.06% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS
C-02C	Battery C +	F-01C	F-01C 200A	77.5A design branch share	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.06% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS
C-03	Class T load studs	48V + bus / disconnect input	F-01A/B/C	77.5A per branch	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft each (x4 conductors)	0.06% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS
C-04	Disconnect output	Lynx + bus	Upstream Class T	155A aggregate	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.12% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS
C-05	Battery - branches	SmartShunt battery side via 48V - bus	N/A	77.5A per battery-negative branch; row rollup also	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft each (x4 conductors)	0.12% @ 51.2V (worst-)	Row 28 (2/0 black)	PASS

				includes one 155A trunk (NEGBUS_TO_SHUNT)			case rollup)		
C-06	SmartShunt load side	Lynx - bus	N/A	155A aggregate return	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.12% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 black)	PASS
C-06A	Lynx positive tap	SmartShunt sense/power lead	OEM inline fuse	OEM harness current	OEM harness	2.5 ft	N/A (low-current OEM lead)	Row 23 (kit harness)	PASS
C-07	Lynx Slot 1 DC+	MultiPlus DC+	F-02 125A	125A	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.10% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS
C-08	MultiPlus DC-	Lynx - bus	F-02 paired	125A	2/0 AWG	2.5 ft	0.10% @ 51.2V	Row 28 (2/0 black)	PASS
C-09	MPPT BAT+	Lynx Slot 2	F-03 60A	45A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.17% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG red)	PASS
C-10	MPPT BAT-	Lynx - bus	F-03 paired	45A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.17% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG black)	PASS
C-11	Sterling output +	Lynx Slot 3	F-04 40A	26A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.10% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG red)	PASS
C-12	Sterling output -	Lynx - bus	F-04 paired	26A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.10% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG black)	PASS
C-13	Lynx Slot 4	F-06 source side	F-05 30A	30A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.12% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG red)	PASS
C-14	F-06 load side	Orion 48V +	F-06 20A/23A	20A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.08% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG red)	PASS
C-15	Orion 48v -	Lynx - bus	F-06 paired	20A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.08% @ 51.2V	Row 29 (6 AWG black)	PASS
C-16	Starter battery +	Sterling input +	F-08 150A	125A design	2/0 AWG	12 ft	1.95% @ 12V	Row 28 (2/0 red)	PASS (near 2%; keep routing clean)
C-17	Vehicle return/chassis	Sterling input -	F-08 paired	125A design	2/0 AWG	12 ft	1.95% @ 12V	Row 28 (2/0 black)	PASS (near 2%; verify crimp/ground prep)
C-18	Orion 12v +	Fuse block main + stud	F-07 60A	30A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.49% @ 12V	Row 29 (6 AWG red)	PASS
C-19	Orion 12v -	Fuse block integrated - bus /	F-07 paired	30A	6 AWG	2.5 ft	0.49% @ 12V	Row 29 (6 AWG black)	PASS

		main - stud							
C-19A	Buffer battery +	Fuse block main + stud (via F-11/SW)	F-11 100A	50A design	4 AWG	2.5 ft	0.52% @ 12V	Row 30 (4 AWG red)	PASS
C-19B	Buffer battery -	Fuse block integrated - bus / main - stud	N/A	50A design	4 AWG	2.5 ft	0.52% @ 12V	Row 30 (4 AWG black)	PASS
C-20	12V fuse panel	Starlink PSU	F-10 10A	8A	14 AWG duplex	8 ft	2.69% @ 12V	Row 32 (14 AWG duplex)	PASS (near 3%)
C-21	12V fuse panel	Fridge	F-10 15A	7A	14 AWG duplex	12 ft	3.54% @ 12V	Row 32 (14 AWG duplex)	WARN (shorten run or move to 12 AWG)
C-22	12V fuse panel	Diesel heater	F-10 15A	10A startup screen	14 AWG duplex	8 ft	3.37% @ 12V	Row 32 (14 AWG duplex)	WARN (startup drop margin tight)
C-23	12V fuse panel	Water pump	F-10 10A	7A	14 AWG duplex	8 ft	2.36% @ 12V	Row 32 (14 AWG duplex)	PASS
C-24	12V fuse panel	CO+propane detector	F-10 3A	0.2A	18/2	8 ft	0.17% @ 12V	Row 33 (18/2)	PASS
C-25	12V fuse panel	LED strips	F-10 5A	5A	18/2	8 ft	4.26% @ 12V	Row 33 (18/2)	WARN (18/2 only if short run/lower current)
C-26	12V fuse panel	Cerbo GX feed	F-10 3A	0.3A	18/2	2.5 ft	0.08% @ 12V	Row 33 (18/2)	PASS
C-27	PV strings/combiner	MPPT PV input	F-09A/B/C 15A	30A trunk screen	10 AWG PV	12 ft trunk + 3x8 ft string legs	0.72% @ 100V trunk screen	Row 31 (10 AWG pair-equivalent)	PASS (string leg lengths still ASSUMED)
C-28	Shore inlet/EMS path	AC input breaker/disconnect	Source-limited AC OCP	30A hardware basis	10/3	8 ft	0.40% @ 120VAC	Row 114 (10/3 shore + AC-in feed)	PASS
C-29	AC input breaker/disconnect	MultiPlus AC-in	Upstream AC OCP	30A hardware basis	10 AWG AC	2.5 ft	0.12% @ 120VAC	Row 114 (10/3 shore + AC-in feed)	PASS
C-30	MultiPlus AC-out-1	Branch RCD/GFCI+breaker assembly	Branch OCP stack	20A	12 AWG AC	2.5 ft	0.13% @ 120VAC	Row 113 (12 AWG AC branch)	PASS
C-31	Branch A	Galley receptacle chain	20A branch OCP	20A	12 AWG AC	15 ft	0.79% @ 120VAC	Row 113 (12 AWG AC branch)	PASS
C-32	Branch B	Office receptacle chain	15A branch OCP	15A	12 AWG AC	15 ft	0.60% @ 120VAC	Row 113 (12 AWG AC branch)	PASS

C-33	MultiPlus AC-out-2	Reserve-only capped route	N/A in Phase 1	N/A	12 AWG AC (reserve path only)	15 ft	0.60% @ 120VAC (future-use screen)	N/A (not procured in Phase 1)	RESERVE
C-34	12V fuse panel	Office USB PD station	F-10 20A	20A design cap	12 AWG duplex	5 ft	2.65% @ 12V	Row 116 (12 AWG + 14 AWG USB set)	PASS (keep <=5 ft or upsize)
C-35	12V fuse panel	Galley USB PD station	F-10 15A	8A expected	14 AWG duplex	8 ft	2.69% @ 12V	Row 116 (12 AWG + 14 AWG USB set)	PASS (near 3%; if sustained current rises, move to 12 AWG)

## Wire Rollup (No-Padding Purchase Baseline)

Gauge / cable family	Estimated total	Source circuits	BOM row
2/0 AWG red	34.5 ft	C-01, C-02, C-02C, C-03, C-04, C-07, C-16	28
2/0 AWG black	27.0 ft	C-05, C-06, C-08, C-17	28
6 AWG red	12.5 ft	C-09, C-11, C-13, C-14, C-18	29
6 AWG black	10.0 ft	C-10, C-12, C-15, C-19	29
4 AWG red	2.5 ft	C-19A	30
4 AWG black	2.5 ft	C-19B	30
10 AWG pair-equivalent (PV)	36 ft route (72 ft conductor equivalent)	C-27 (3x8 ft strings + 12 ft combiner trunk, ASSUMED)	31
14 AWG duplex	44 ft	C-20, C-21, C-22, C-23, C-35	32
18/2	18.5 ft	C-24, C-25, C-26	33
12 AWG AC branch cable	35 ft (C-33 excluded in Phase 1)	c-30 through c-32	113
10/3 shore + AC-in feed	11 ft	C-28, C-29	114
USB branch mix (12 AWG + 14 AWG)	5 ft (12 AWG) + 8 ft (14 AWG)	C-34, C-35	116

Notes:

1. This table is a base estimate only; it intentionally excludes order padding and termination waste.
2. Apply personal order overage at checkout based on actual spool cut increments and routing confidence.
3. Parallel bank balancing is locked: C-01/C-02/C-02C and battery-negative branches in C-05 remain equal length.

## 3x Battery Bank Bench-Build Cut List (2/0 AWG)

Purpose: make the bench build orderable without needing final camper run lengths. Treat lengths below as *bench module* lengths only; final install harnesses should be re-cut after layout freeze.

Assumptions:

1. Battery terminals are M8 (verify your battery stud size before ordering lugs).
2. Class T fuse blocks and battery-side busbars use 3/8" studs (treat as M10 lugs unless your specific hardware differs).
3. Lynx Distributor is the M10 model (main connections M10 ; internal/fuse studs may still be M8 depending on the position).

Cable ID	Qty	From -> To	Color	Gauge	Est. one-way length	Lug A	Lug B
BATT+_A/B/C	3	Battery + -> Class T block line side	red	2/0	2.5 ft each (ASSUMED)	M8	M10
FUSE_TO_POSBUS_A/B/C	3	Class T block load side -> 48v + busbar	red	2/0	2.5 ft each (ASSUMED)	M10	M10
POSBUS_TO_DISC	1	48v + busbar -> disconnect input	red	2/0	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)	M10	M10
DISC_TO_LYNX+	1	disconnect output -> Lynx + input	red	2/0	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)	M10	M10
BATT-_A/B/C	3	Battery - -> 48v - busbar	black	2/0	2.5 ft each (ASSUMED)	M8	M10
NEGBUS_TO_SHUNT	1	48v - busbar -> SmartShunt battery side	black	2/0	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)	M10	M10
SHUNT_TO_LYNX-	1	SmartShunt load side -> Lynx - input	black	2/0	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)	M10	M10
LYNX_SLOT1_TO_MULTI+	1	Lynx Slot 1 dc+ -> MultiPlus dc+	red	2/0	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)	M8	M8
LYNX_TO_MULTI-	1	Lynx - -> MultiPlus dc-	black	2/0	2.5 ft (ASSUMED)	M8	M8

Locked balancing rule for the 3x parallel bank:

1. Keep BATT+\_A/B/C equal length, same lug geometry, and same cable family.
2. Keep BATT-\_A/B/C equal length, same lug geometry, and same cable family.
3. If an unavoidable routing offset appears in final install, log a warning and verify sharing with clamp-current checks under load and charge.

Torque reference (verify against your exact manuals/hardware):

- MultiPlus-II DC terminals: 12 Nm ( M8 nut) per Victron installation guidance.
- SmartShunt shunt bolts: verify torque for the installed 300A model per Victron installation guidance.
- Lynx Distributor M10 model: M10 nuts 33 Nm (older serials may be lower), and M8 nuts 14 Nm per Victron Lynx installation guidance.

## Additional Components Included In Topology Scope

- 48V disconnect ( 275A )
- Pre-charge resistor (commissioning/soft-charge aid before connecting large DC loads)
- Battery-side 48V + combine busbar (after Class T fuses)
- Battery-side 48V - combine busbar (battery-only, before SmartShunt)
- 12V fuse block main + stud used as source-combine point (Orion + buffer battery feed)
- 12V fuse block integrated negative bus/main - used as shared return point
- 12V buffer battery main fuse ( F-11 ) and manual disconnect switch ( SW-12V-BATT )
- Shore AC inlet + cord/adapter interface hardware
- Hardwired EMS in shore path before AC-in breaker/disconnect
- Split AC-in and AC-out DIN enclosures with dedicated neutral/ground bars per enclosure
- AC branch RCD/GFCI + breaker hardware
- Receptacle boxes + 120V outlets ( 4 planned locations: 2 galley, 2 office)
- AC-out-2 reserve-only capped route (no energized Phase 1 branch hardware)
- USB PD station branch hardware ( 2 stations: office + galley)
- Battery temperature sensor wiring to inverter/monitoring path
- SmartShunt fused positive sense/power lead (factory harness)

## Assumptions (Explicit)

1. Cable sizing assumes fine-strand copper conductors (OFC welding-cable baseline for high-current DC paths), enclosed vehicle routing, and the estimated one-way lengths listed in this document.
2. Voltage-drop design intent used here: <=2% on major 48V power runs and <=3% on 12V branch circuits.
3. F-09 PV string fuse value ( 15A ) remains provisional until final module datasheet max-series-fuse rating is confirmed.
4. Cerbo GX feed is assumed from the 12V panel ( 12V-07 ) for branch-level serviceability.
5. Orion branch remains split-protection ( F-05 upstream feeder + F-06 device-level input fuse).
6. No low-voltage-disconnect (LVD) automation is included in Phase 1; protection is source fusing plus manual SW-12V-BATT isolation.
7. Big 3 alternator-upgrade path is purchase-later; this diagram captures the current stock-alternator-first architecture.
8. F-01A/B/C are provisionally set to 200A pending final 51.2V battery datasheet/manual confirmation; if validated limits are lower, shift to 175A .

9. 2/0 cable quantity planning baseline in this pass is 61.5 ft total no-padding ( 34.5 ft red + 27.0 ft black); user-applied order padding is intentionally deferred to checkout.

## Completion Status

- DC/PV topology is complete for current BOM scope and load model scope.
- AC hierarchy is complete at architecture level, including transfer behavior, branch strategy, and protection chain.
- Full-circuit estimate pass is now documented with run lengths, voltage-drop screening, and purchase rollups.
- Remaining work is final measured-length replacement and SKU-level closeout before final cut-to-length harness production.