

Purrr and factors

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Libraries

```
library("readxl")
library("purrr")
library("tibble")
library("tidyverse")
library("dplyr")
```

Combining multiple spreadsheets in a workbook

Download the spreadsheet <https://www.census.gov/retail/mrts/www/mrtssales92-present.xls>. Combine the Adjusted Range of each spreadsheet in the excel workbook to a single dataframe.

```
#Excel spreadsheet in Project Directory
path <- "mrtssales92-present.xls"

#Combine data in each worksheet in excel workbook using the specified range
data <- path %>%
  excel_sheets() %>%
  set_names() %>%
  map_df(~ read_excel(path = path, sheet = .x, range = "A72:N110"), .id = "sheet")
```

```
## readxl works best with a newer version of the tibble package.
## You currently have tibble v1.4.2.
## Falling back to column name repair from tibble <= v1.4.2.
## Message displays once per session.
```

```
#Convert to tibble
as_tibble(data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,026 x 15
##   sheet X__1 `ADJUSTED(2)` X__2 X__3 X__4 X__5 X__6 X__7
##   <chr> <chr> <chr>          <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 2018 <NA> Retail and f~ 492034 492530 496077 497776 503955 505168
## 2 2018 <NA> Retail sales~ 390976 392572 394170 395627 401215 402499
## 3 2018 <NA> Retail sales~ 450425 450842 454370 455899 460881 461838
## 4 2018 <NA> Retail sales~ 349367 350884 352463 353750 358141 359169
## 5 2018 <NA> Retail sales~ 434632 434859 437764 439586 444141 444367
## 6 2018 <NA> Retail sales~ 333574 334901 335857 337437 341401 341698
## 7 2018 <NA> GAFO(1)      108084 108483 108939 109266 110515 110162
## 8 2018 441 Motor vehicl~ 101058 99958 101907 102149 102740 102669
## 9 2018 4411~ Automobile a~ 93580 92557 94411 94653 95173 95159
## 10 2018 4413 Automotive p~ 7478 7401 7496 7496 7567 7510
## # ... with 1,016 more rows, and 6 more variables: X__8 <dbl>, X__9 <dbl>,
## # X__10 <dbl>, X__11 <dbl>, X__12 <dbl>, X__13 <dbl>
```

Normalizing data

Select the columns that include Year, Code, Kind of Business, and Months. Assign names to columns.

```
#Select columns
data <- data[,c(3,1,4:15)]

#Add names to columns
names(data)[1:14] <- c("Business","Year", "Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug", "Sep"

#Preview data
head(data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 14
##   Business Year      Jan      Feb      Mar      Apr      May      Jun      Jul      Aug
##   <chr>      <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Retail ~ 2018 492034 492530 496077 497776 503955 505168 508230 507872
## 2 Retail ~ 2018 390976 392572 394170 395627 401215 402499 405525 405935
## 3 Retail ~ 2018 450425 450842 454370 455899 460881 461838 464728 463666
## 4 Retail ~ 2018 349367 350884 352463 353750 358141 359169 362023 361729
## 5 Retail ~ 2018 434632 434859 437764 439586 444141 444367 446711 446408
## 6 Retail ~ 2018 333574 334901 335857 337437 341401 341698 344006 344471
## # ... with 4 more variables: Sep <dbl>, Oct <dbl>, Nov <dbl>, Dec <dbl>
```

Gather data and make 'Month' a factor.

```
#Gather data: Each month column becomes a single column called 'Month' and the values associated are re
data.g<- gather(data,'Month','Sale',3:14)
```

Make Month a factor and specify levels.

```
#Check data types
str(data.g)
```

```
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 12312 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ Business: chr "Retail and food services sales, total" "Retail sales and food services excl motor
## $ Year : chr "2018" "2018" "2018" "2018" ...
## $ Month : chr "Jan" "Jan" "Jan" "Jan" ...
## $ Sale : num 492034 390976 450425 349367 434632 ...
```

```
#Specify levels and Make Month a factor
levels <- c("Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "Jul", "Aug", "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec")
```

```
data.g$Month <- factor(data.g$Month, levels)
```

```
#Check data types again
str(data.g)
```

```
## Classes 'tbl_df', 'tbl' and 'data.frame': 12312 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ Business: chr "Retail and food services sales, total" "Retail sales and food services excl motor
## $ Year : chr "2018" "2018" "2018" "2018" ...
## $ Month : Factor w/ 12 levels "Jan","Feb","Mar",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Sale : num 492034 390976 450425 349367 434632 ...
```

```
#Preview 20 rows of data
head(data.g, n = 20)
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 4
##   Business                                Year Month      Sale
##   <chr>                                <chr> <fct>   <dbl>
## 1 Retail and food services sales, total    2018 Jan    492034
## 2 Retail sales and food services excl motor vehicle an~ 2018 Jan    390976
```

```
## 3 Retail sales and food services excl gasoline stations 2018 Jan 450425
## 4 Retail sales and food services excl motor vehicle an~ 2018 Jan 349367
## 5 Retail sales, total 2018 Jan 434632
## 6 Retail sales, total (excl. motor vehicle and parts d~ 2018 Jan 333574
## 7 GAFO(1) 2018 Jan 108084
## 8 Motor vehicle and parts dealers 2018 Jan 101058
## 9 Automobile and other motor vehicle dealers 2018 Jan 93580
## 10 Automotive parts, acc., and tire stores 2018 Jan 7478
## 11 Furniture, home furn, electronics, and appliance sto~ 2018 Jan 18208
## 12 Furniture and home furnishings stores 2018 Jan 9984
## 13 Electronics and appliance stores 2018 Jan 8224
## 14 Building mat. and garden equip. and supplies dealers 2018 Jan 31975
## 15 Building mat. and supplies dealers 2018 Jan 27658
## 16 Food and beverage stores 2018 Jan 61145
## 17 Grocery stores 2018 Jan 54380
## 18 Beer, wine and liquor stores 2018 Jan 4743
## 19 Health and personal care stores 2018 Jan 28136
## 20 Pharmacies and drug stores 2018 Jan 23345
```

Calculations

Compute average “Retail and food services sales, total” for each month.

```
data.g %>%
  filter(str_detect(Business, "Retail and food services")) %>%
  group_by(Month) %>%
  summarize("Average Sales" = mean(Sale))
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 2
##   Month `Average Sales`
##   <fct>         <dbl>
## 1 Jan           319512.
## 2 Feb           320487.
## 3 Mar           322163.
## 4 Apr           323272.
## 5 May           324319.
## 6 Jun           325738
## 7 Jul           326883.
## 8 Aug           328044.
## 9 Sep           328608.
## 10 Oct          330086.
## 11 Nov              NA
## 12 Dec              NA
```

Get rid of null values in the dataset that is causing

```
#omit NAs
data.g <- na.omit(data.g)
```

```
#Rerun the previous code
data.g %>%
  filter(str_detect(Business, "Retail and food services")) %>%
  group_by(Month) %>%
  summarize("Average Sales" = mean(Sale))
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 2
##   Month `Average Sales`
```

##	<fct>	<dbl>
##	1 Jan	319512.
##	2 Feb	320487.
##	3 Mar	322163.
##	4 Apr	323272.
##	5 May	324319.
##	6 Jun	325738
##	7 Jul	326883.
##	8 Aug	328044.
##	9 Sep	328608.
##	10 Oct	330086.
##	11 Nov	323837.
##	12 Dec	324600.