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Q1 What is SQL?

→ SQL is a standard programming language used to store, manage and retrieve data from relational databases.

It allows us to:

- i. Create and modify structure
- ii. Insert, Update and Delete data
- iii. Query and retrieve specific data using condition.
- iv. Control access and permission.

Q2 Difference between data and information.

| | Data | Information |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|
| i | Raw facts, figures, or symbols | Processed, organized and meaningful data. |
| ii | Eg: 100, 200, 300 | Eg: The average score is 200 |
| iii | Has no context by itself | Has context and meaning |
| iv | Input for processing | Output after processing. |

Q3 What is Database and DBMS?

→ Database is an organized collection of data stored electronically. Example: A library database storing

books, authors and members.

DBMS is a software that manages databases, allow users to create, read, update and delete data easily.

Q4 What is Relational Database Management System?

→ RDBMS is a type of DBMS that store data in tables and establishes relationships between them using keys.

Eg: A "student" table can relate to a "course" table through a course ID.

Q5 State 5 names of Database Management system or software.

- i. MySQL
- ii. Oracle database
- iii. PostgreSQL
- iv. Microsoft SQL server
- iv. SQLite.