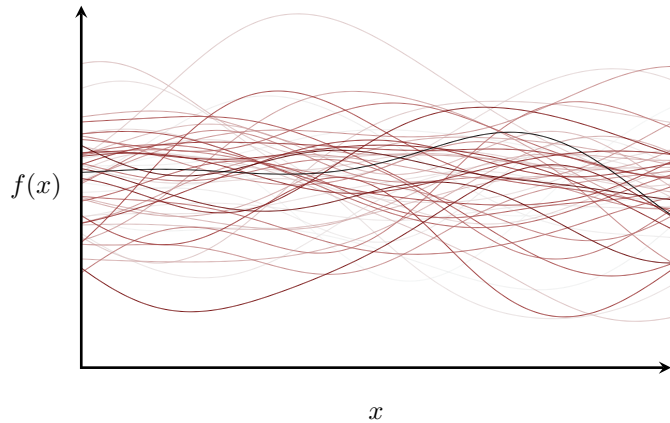


$$\pi(f) = \mathcal{GP}(m, k)$$



$$\pi(f(x_1)) = \text{normal}(m(x_1), \sqrt{k(x_1, x_1)})$$

