ETA Prediction Challenge

@DataHack

A taxi goes from Chinatown to Times Square. How long will it take to arrive?



The Team



Nir Malbin

An innovative ML expert and programmer, expert in feature engineering and selection techniques.

Kaggle Master



Gad Benram

Data Ninja, a pure professional in every data spect from gathering and exploring to modeling. Kaggle Master



Seffi Cohen

CDS (Chief Data Scientist)
for the Israeli Defense
Forces, and pioneer in ML
ensemble techniques.
Kaggle Master



Daniel Marcous

Data Wizard, expert in big data processing and production ready ML. Googler, Wazer and traffic analytics expert.

Taxi challenge by @Final

Data:

In this challenge, you are given data on taxi rides in New York, containing information on each ride such as the start and end points, date, time of day, distance, etc...

Goal:

Our purpose is to predict the travel time (in logarithmic scale) of a ride. The data is split to train and test sets, and we can use both general data of the ride with local data on similar rides from the train set.

Ride Information - Given Dataset

- From / To coordinates (lon, lat)
- Departure timestamp
- Trip distance (road distance)
- Vendor Taxi company (Found to be not important)
- Passenger count (Found to be not important)

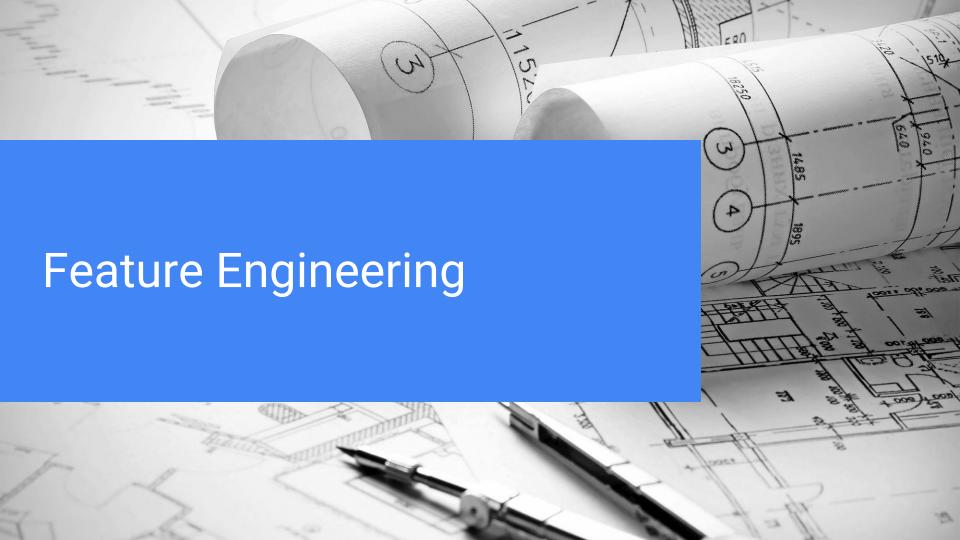


Predicting ETA Using:

- 1. Ride Information
- 2. Environment
- 3. Geography
- 4. Inferred States

Data Cleaning

- Box coordinates to NYC (remove 0.0 etc.)
- Remove very long / far rides (>2h/65km)
- Remove anomalies



Datetime based features

- Month start / end
- Day / Day of week / Hour / 15 Minute interval
- Is weekend / business day
- Is work hour (09:00-17:00)
- Is rush hour (morning / afternoon)
- Is holiday



City based features

- NYC Neighbourhood (pair crossing)
- Distance to points of interest (100X2)
 - Schools / Hospitals / Parks etc.

PCA → 2



Weather based features

- Temperature
- Events Rain / Snow etc.
- Humidity
- Wind
- Visibility
- Min / Max / Avg / std etc.



Inferred Traffic based features

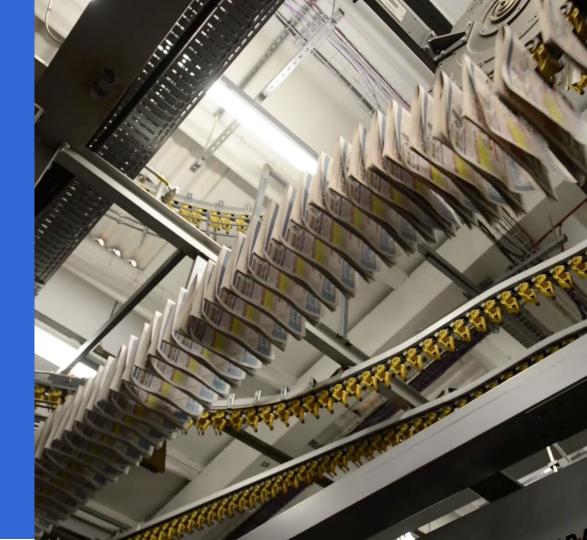
- Assumption:

 our data is a representative sample of the
 NYC's "driving population"
- Crowdedness
 - #rides in X radius
 - **100 / 500 / 1500 / 5000**
 - Euclidean / Manhattan



News based features

- 1. Crawling NYTimes
- 2. Topic Modeling
- 3. Finding topics correlated with ETA
- 4. Using top10 correlated topics as features
 - a. Number of articles on a day for every topic



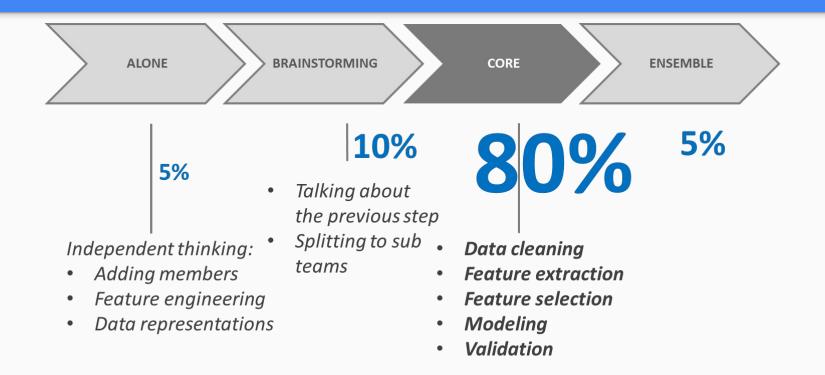


Ensemble

- Random Forest
- Deep XGBoost
- Dropping the most important feature
- RNN poor results



Extreme M.L.



Caveats

- Timeseries future mixing
- Crowdedness assumes that data is a representative sample of the total car population
- Variance taken from original validation dataset (constant)