ml1010week3

April 14, 2020

Example code provided by: https://machinelearningmastery.com/feature-selection-machine-learning-python/

1 1. Univariate Selection

```
[1]: # Feature Selection with Univariate Statistical Tests
     from pandas import read_csv
     from numpy import set_printoptions
     from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest
     from sklearn.feature_selection import f_classif
     # load data
     filename = 'pima-indians-diabetes.data.csv'
     names = ['preg', 'plas', 'pres', 'skin', 'test', 'mass', 'pedi', 'age', 'class']
     dataframe = read_csv(filename, names=names)
     array = dataframe.values
     X = array[:,0:8]
     Y = array[:,8]
     # feature extraction
     test = SelectKBest(score_func=f_classif, k=4)
     fit = test.fit(X, Y)
     # summarize scores
     set_printoptions(precision=3)
     print(fit.scores_)
     features = fit.transform(X)
     # summarize selected features
     print(features[0:5,:])
```

```
[ 39.67 213.162 3.257 4.304 13.281 71.772 23.871 46.141]

[[ 6. 148. 33.6 50. ]

[ 1. 85. 26.6 31. ]

[ 8. 183. 23.3 32. ]

[ 1. 89. 28.1 21. ]

[ 0. 137. 43.1 33. ]]
```

2 2. Recursive Feature Elimination

```
[2]: # Feature Extraction with RFE
     from pandas import read_csv
     from sklearn.feature_selection import RFE
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
     # load data
     url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/master/
     →pima-indians-diabetes.csv"
     names = ['preg', 'plas', 'pres', 'skin', 'test', 'mass', 'pedi', 'age', 'class']
     dataframe = read csv(url, names=names)
     array = dataframe.values
     X = array[:,0:8]
     Y = array[:,8]
     # feature extraction
     model = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs')
     rfe = RFE(model, 3)
     fit = rfe.fit(X, Y)
     print("Num Features: %d" % fit.n_features_)
     print("Selected Features: %s" % fit.support_)
     print("Feature Ranking: %s" % fit.ranking_)
    Num Features: 3
    Selected Features: [ True False False False False True True False]
    Feature Ranking: [1 2 4 5 6 1 1 3]
    C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\envs\milestone1\lib\site-
    packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:940: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed
    to converge (status=1):
    STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
    Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
        https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
    Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
        https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-
    regression
      extra_warning_msg=_LOGISTIC_SOLVER_CONVERGENCE_MSG)
```

3 3. Principal Component Analysis

```
[3]: # Feature Extraction with PCA
import numpy
from pandas import read_csv
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
# load data
url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jbrownlee/Datasets/master/

→pima-indians-diabetes.csv"
```

```
names = ['preg', 'plas', 'pres', 'skin', 'test', 'mass', 'pedi', 'age', 'class']
dataframe = read_csv(url, names=names)
array = dataframe.values
X = array[:,0:8]
Y = array[:,8]
# feature extraction
pca = PCA(n_components=3)
fit = pca.fit(X)
# summarize components
print("Explained Variance: %s" % fit.explained_variance_ratio_)
print(fit.components_)
```

```
Explained Variance: [0.889 0.062 0.026]

[[-2.022e-03 9.781e-02 1.609e-02 6.076e-02 9.931e-01 1.401e-02 5.372e-04 -3.565e-03]

[-2.265e-02 -9.722e-01 -1.419e-01 5.786e-02 9.463e-02 -4.697e-02 -8.168e-04 -1.402e-01]

[-2.246e-02 1.434e-01 -9.225e-01 -3.070e-01 2.098e-02 -1.324e-01 -6.400e-04 -1.255e-01]]
```

4 4. Feature Importance

[0.119 0.215 0.087 0.077 0.071 0.154 0.124 0.152]