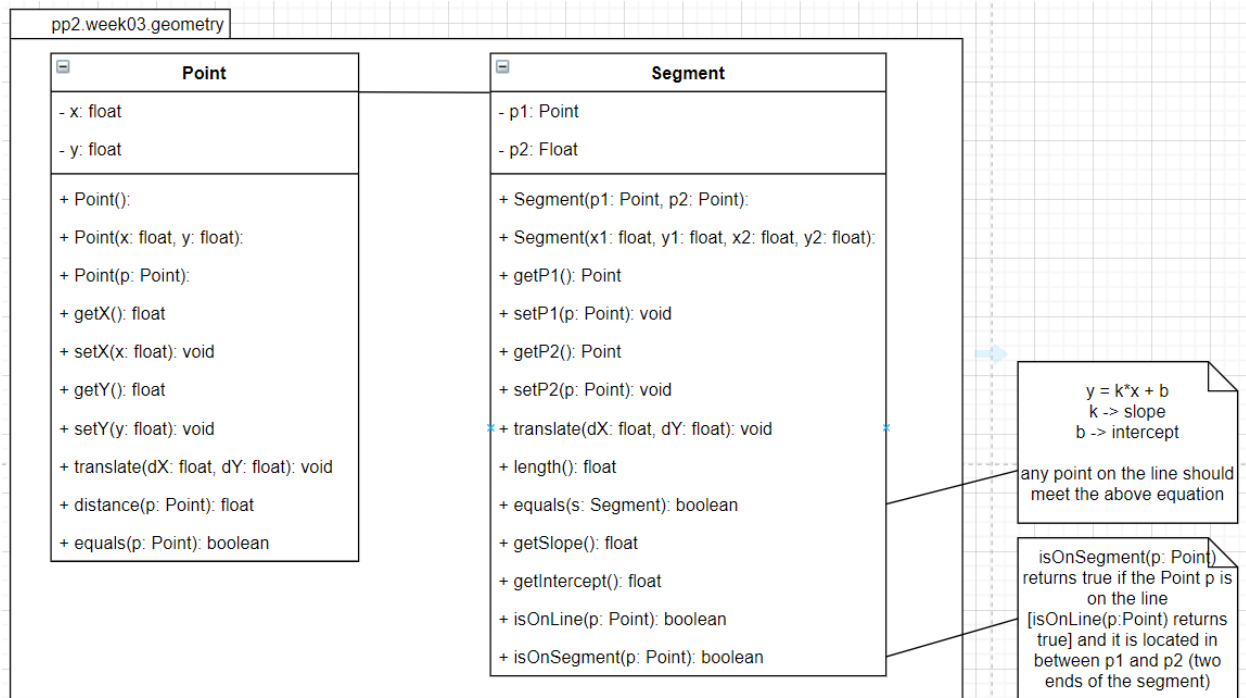


## Exercises 3

1. [EX] Given the following UML Class diagram, try to implement it.



- a. Some necessary fixes:
- Make sure you have the classes in the appropriate package.
  - Complete the Point class, especially add setter/getter methods as well as the last two methods. [Why we needed getter/setters, a.k.a. accessor/modifier?]
  - Complete the Segment class.
  - From the main methods in the Main class, test each functionality preferably as soon as you complete each.

## 2. [EX] Invoice

- a. Create a class called **Invoice** in package **pp2.week03.ex02** that a hardware store might use to represent an invoice for an item sold at the store. An Invoice should include four pieces of information as for instance variables
- a part number (type [String](#))
  - a part description (type `String`),
  - a quantity of the item being purchased (type `int`)
  - a price per item (double).
- b. Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable.
- c. If the quantity is not positive, it should be set to 0. If the price per item is not positive, it should be set to 0.0.
- d. In addition, provide a method named **getInvoiceAmount()** that calculates the invoice amount (i.e., multiplies the quantity by the price per item), then returns the amount as a double value.
- e. Write a test app named **InvoiceTest** that demonstrates class Invoice's functionalities.
- f. Try to draw Class diagram for **Invoice** class.

### 3. [PW] **CustomDate**

- a. Create a class named **CustomDate** in package **pp2.week03.datetime** that includes three instance variables—a month (type int), a day (type int) and a year (type int). Provide a constructor that initializes the three instance variables. (Test if the input parameters are valid - consider [leap years](#) as well).
- b. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable.
- c. Provide a method **displayDate()** that displays the month, day and year separated by forward slashes (/).
- d. Provide a method **difference(CustomDate date)** which returns the difference between current method and the input parameter **date** in terms of **days**.
- e. Provide a static method **compare(CustomDate date1, CustomDate date2)** that returns
  - i. Positive 1 if the date1 is earlier.
  - ii. Negative 1 if the date2 is earlier.
  - iii. 0(Zero) if the dates are the same.
- f. Provide a method **displayFormatted()** that will print the date in the format of: **12 Jan 2020**
- g. Write a test app named **CustomDateTest** that demonstrates class **CustomDate's** functionalities.
- h. Try to draw Class diagram for **CustomDate** class.

### 4. [PW] **CustomTime**

- a. Create a class named **CustomTime** in package **pp2.week03.datetime** that includes three instance variables— hour (type int), minute (type int) and second (type int).
- b. Provide a **constructors**
  - i. that will take three input parameters (hour, minute, second respectively) and initialize member variables.
  - ii. That will take no input and initialize the members with 0.
  - iii. That will take one input parameter (hour) and initialize member variables (minute and second initialized by 0).
  - iv. That will take two input parameters (hour, minute, respectively) and initialize member variables (second initialized by 0).
- c. Provide one additional constructor to copy the given CustomTime object and create a new CustomTime object. **public CustomTime(CustomTime time);**
- d. Provide getter methods for each member.
- e. Provide a method **toUniversalString()** which will return a string representing the time in universal format (HH:MM:SS)
- f. Provide a method **toStandardString()** which will return a string representing the time in standard format (H:MM:SS AM/PM)
- g. Write a test app named **CustomTimeTest** that demonstrates class **CustomTime's** capabilities.
- h. Try to draw Class diagram for **CustomTime** class.

### 5. [EX] [Complex numbers](#)

- a. Create a class named **ComplexNumber** in package **pp2.week03.math** which will be used to represent complex numbers ( $x + yi$ )
  - i. There are (at least) two members of the class: real (x - real part of the complex number) and imag (y - imaginary part of the number both of type float or double).
- b. Provide a constructor to get two real numbers (real and imag) respectively and initialize the members.

- c. Provide a method **equals(ComplexNumber number)**; that will return true if the object represented by **this** is equal to input parameter **number** object, false otherwise.
- d. Provide a method **toString()**; to return string representation of the object.
- e. Provide a method **re()**; that will return the real part of the complex number.
- f. Provide a method **imag()**; that will return the imaginary part of the complex number.
- g. Provide a method **conjugate()**; that will return another object of type ComplexNumber which represents the conjugate of **this** complex number object.
  - i.  $\text{conjugate}(x+yi) = x - yi$
- h. Provide a method **abs()**; that will return another object of type ComplexNumber which represents the absolute value of **this** complex number object.
- i. Provide a method **add(ComplexNumber number)**; to add input parameter **number** to the complex number represented by **this** and return the result.
- j. Provide a method **sub(ComplexNumber number)**; to subtract input parameter **number** from the complex number represented by **this** and return the result.
- k. Provide a method **mult(ComplexNumber number)**; to multiply input parameter **number** to the complex number represented by **this** and return the result.
- l. Write a test app named **ComplexTest** that demonstrates class **ComplexNumber's** capabilities.
  - i. **Extra:** Test yourself – Exponentiation: given a complex number **c** and **n** by user find out the value of  $C^n$ .
  - ii. Input: x, y, n
  - iii. Output:  $(x+yi)^n$
- m. Try to draw Class diagram for **ComplexNumber** class.