

Identification of Science Resources & Tool for Extracting Standard Metadata Properties

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Introduction

- ❖ Identifying the correct file format is imperative for processing its contents.
- ❖ Many metadata standards are serialized as XML requires additional details of namespace information for processing.
- ❖ Packaging data into data packages requires metadata identification and parsing of the files.
- ❖ A tool for reliable identification makes it easier.

Aim

- ❖ Determine the scientific resources using the Linux file command and Apache Tika which are excellent tools for file format identification.
- ❖ Use Apache Tika for parsing the metadata contents of the resources.
- ❖ Extraction of standard set of properties from the metadata.

File Command

- ❖ File command performs several additional tests for determining the file format instead of using the file extensions.
- ❖ Uses the format signatures, known as magic numbers for identifying the file format.
- ❖ The magic directory contains the files, these files consist of the magic numbers. File command uses a compiled binary file containing the magic files.

Apache Tika

- ❖ It is an open source toolkit for detecting and extracting metadata and contents of the files.
- ❖ Its ability to detect and parse file formats from over a 1000 different formats makes it a useful tool for search engine indexing, content analysis, translation etc.
- ❖ The new file types can be detected by creating a custom XML file containing the information.
- ❖ New parsers can be easily created and integrated into the application for fresh file formats.

DataONE Magic file

- ❖ Gathered a Test corpus for the known DataONE file formats.

- ❖ Define rules for DataONE file format Identification.
- ❖ Create Magic files for identifying DataONE file formats

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- ❖ Compile magic files for the libmagic library of the file command.
- ❖ Tested the magic file using unittest library in python.

```
MacBookPratik:magic_files pratikshrivastava$ file -m magic.mgc ../examples/onedcx/00_onedcx.xml
../examples/onedcx/00_onedcx.xml: formatid="http://ns.dataone.org/metadata/schema/onedcx/v1.0"
```

Custom File Detector using Tika

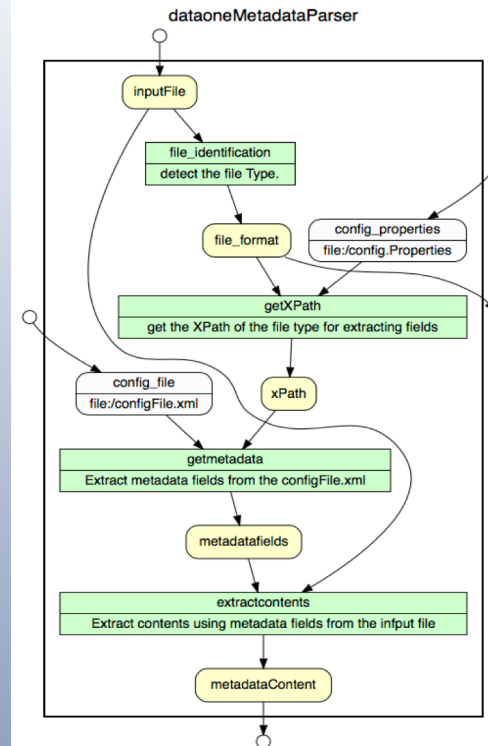
- ❖ Create custom-mimetypes.xml and a jar file for identifying new file format .
- ❖ The xml supports magic numbers for file Identification.
- ❖ Tika app with custom-mimetypes.jar is used for file detection.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<mime-info>
  <mime-type type="text/xml;format=xml://ecoinformatics.org/ml-2.0.0">
    <comment>Example file type <comment>
      <magic priority="68">
        <match value="xml://ecoinformatics.org/ml-2.0.0" type="string" offset="58:1000"/>
      </magic>
    </mime-type>
    <mime-type type="text/xml;format=xml://ecoinformatics.org/ml-2.0.1">
      <comment>Example file type <comment>
        <magic priority="68">
          <match value="xml://ecoinformatics.org/ml-2.0.1" type="string" offset="58:1000"/>
        </magic>
      </mime-type>
    </mime-info>
```

DataONE Metadata Extraction Tool

```
<FileFormat>
<fileformat name="isotc211-gmd-pungaea">
  <namespaces>
    <namespace prefix="gco" url="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gco/">
    <namespace prefix="gmd" url="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gmd/">
    <namespace prefix="gml" url="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gml/">
  </namespaces>
  <metadataFields>
    <field>
      //gml_ML_Metadata/gmd:contact
    </field>
    </metadataFields>
  </FileFormat>
</fileformat name="isotc211">
  <namespaces>
    <namespace prefix="gco" url="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gco/">
    <namespace prefix="gmd" url="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gmd/">
    <namespace prefix="gml" url="http://www.isotc211.org/2005/gml/">
  </namespaces>
  <metadataFields>
    <field label="Title">
      //gmd_MD_DataIdentification/gmd:citation/gmd_CIT_citation/gmd:title
    </field>
  </metadataFields>
</fileformat>
```

- ❖ A configurable command line tool for extracting standard metadata properties for science resources.
- ❖ It uses custom detector for identification of the file type.
- ❖ It is a custom namespace aware parsers for extraction of the metadata content from different file formats.
- ❖ Uses a configuration file for extracting the metadata properties from a science resource.



References

- <http://tika.apache.org>
- <https://github.com/apache/tika>
- <https://github.com/file/file>
- <http://openpreservation.n.org/blog/2012/08/09/magic-editing-and-creation-primer>
- <https://linux.die.net/manual/1/file>
- <https://filemagic.readthedocs.io/en/latest/guide.html>

Results / Conclusion:

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- ❖ An easily configurable tool for adding new file format.
- ❖ Easier to add and remove metadata properties for file extraction.
- ❖ The output can be exported to JSON, CSV format.
- ❖ Highly usable in searching and indexing metadata contents.

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- The new file types can be detected by creating a custom XML file containing the information.
- New parsers can be easily created and integrated into the application for fresh file formats.

Method

- Create Magic files for identifying DataONE file formats.
- Gathered a Test corpus for the known DataONE file formats.
- Define rules for DataONE file format Identification.
- Compile magic files for the Libmagic library used by the file command.
- Create custom-mimetypes.xml file for identification using Tika.
- It uses magic numbers as well for identification.
- Tika performs detection of the file type and based on that uses parsers for metadata extraction.
- Created custom namespace aware parsers for extraction of the metadata content from different file formats.
- Created a command line application based on Tika, which uses a configuration file for extracting standard set of metadata fields based on the file type.
- It takes file as input and identifies the file format and extract metadata properties.

Results

- Successful identification of the file types using Libmagic and Apache Tika.
- Used Python for unittest and the latest file version will contain the changes.
- Configurable command line application for detecting file types.
- Configurable tool for extracting desired set of metadata fields from the input file type.
- Configuration file helps in addition of new file formats and the respective metadata fields for extraction.