

DATA VISUALIZATION AND STORY **TELLING**

TEAM - 15

FINAL PROJECT PHASE-4

Introduction:

- The objective of this research is to identify patterns and correlations in the Worcester criminal incident dataset through the utilization of Tableau's robust data visualization functionalities. With greater precision, my attention will be directed towards the 'Time of Day' and 'Time Range' columns that were recently appended to the dataset. This technique can be considered suitable for achieving the goal of simplifying and elucidating intricate data for a diverse array of audiences.
- I have enhanced the dataset significantly to facilitate more precise analysis. I corrected errors and standardized data formats in the dataset. For better analysis, I made a 'Time Range' column that breaks down time data into hourly blocks; for example, instead of writing 1:20 PM as '1-2 PM,' I wrote it as '1-2 PM'. Another addition is the 'Year' column, which lets you see how crime rates have changed throughout the years.
- There are a total of 398,373 records in this collection, and they provide a comprehensive description of criminal activity in Worcester. There is a lot of thought put into the structure of the database, with fields like "INCIDENT_NUMBER," "DATE_LOGGED," "YEAR," "TIME_LOGGED," "DEPARTMENT," "INCIDENT_TYPE," "LOCATION," and "ZIPCODE" for each record. With this much information, we can examine crime trends from several angles, including when they occur (in terms of time and date), where they occur (in terms of location and zip code), what kinds of crimes are committed, and which police agencies are involved.

Key Characteristics:

- **Time Series:** YEAR and TIME_LOGGED offer insights on when crimes occur, potentially indicating patterns like seasonal changes or time-of-day tendencies.
- **Space-Based Analyses:** Crime can be mapped geographically using LOCATION and ZIPCODE, which is essential for locating problem regions and prioritizing police resources.
- **Typology of Crime:** INCIDENT_TYPE classifies each occurrence according to its nature, which is crucial for identifying patterns of crime in the city.
- **Police Response:** By using the DEPARTMENT attribute, reaction times and police manpower can be analyzed.

Key findings:

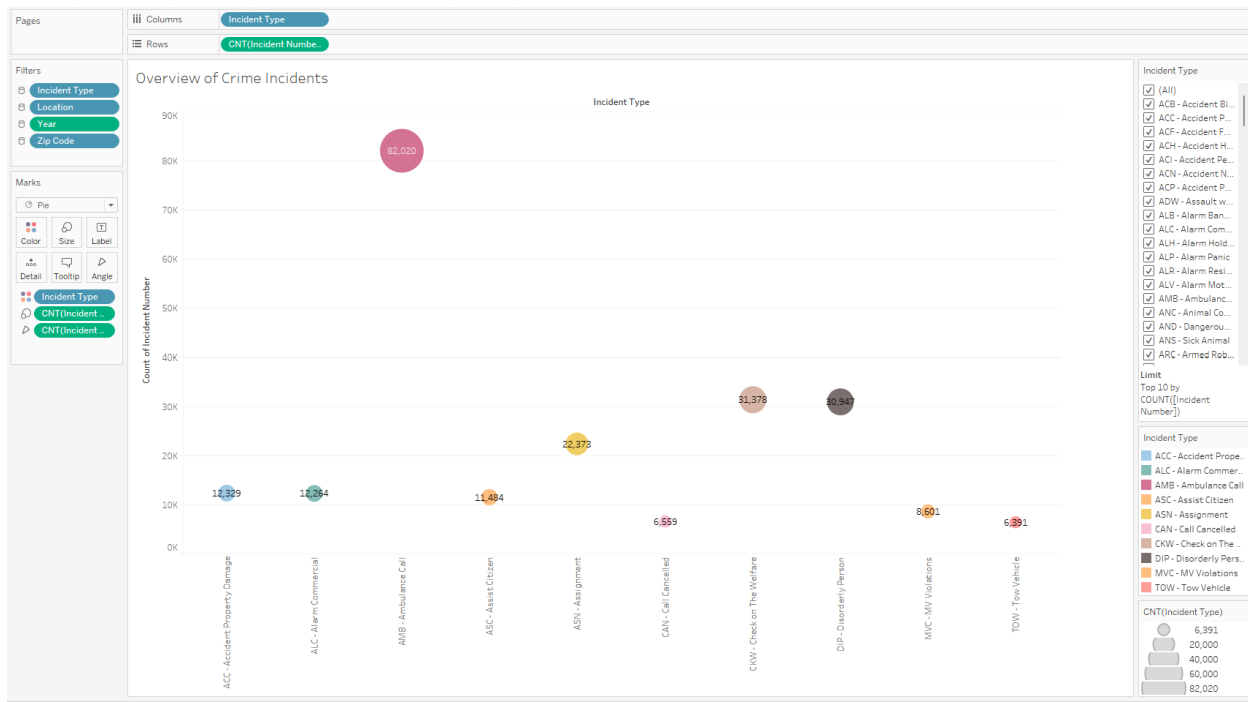
- **Differing Crime Types and Frequencies:** The data shows that there are clear patterns in the numbers and kinds of crimes, and these patterns change during the day and the week. The necessity for flexible and responsive approaches to law enforcement is highlighted by this heterogeneity.
- **Geographical Crime Hotspots:** The spatial analysis identifies high-crime locations in Worcester, highlighting the need for community-based safety efforts and targeted interventions in these areas.

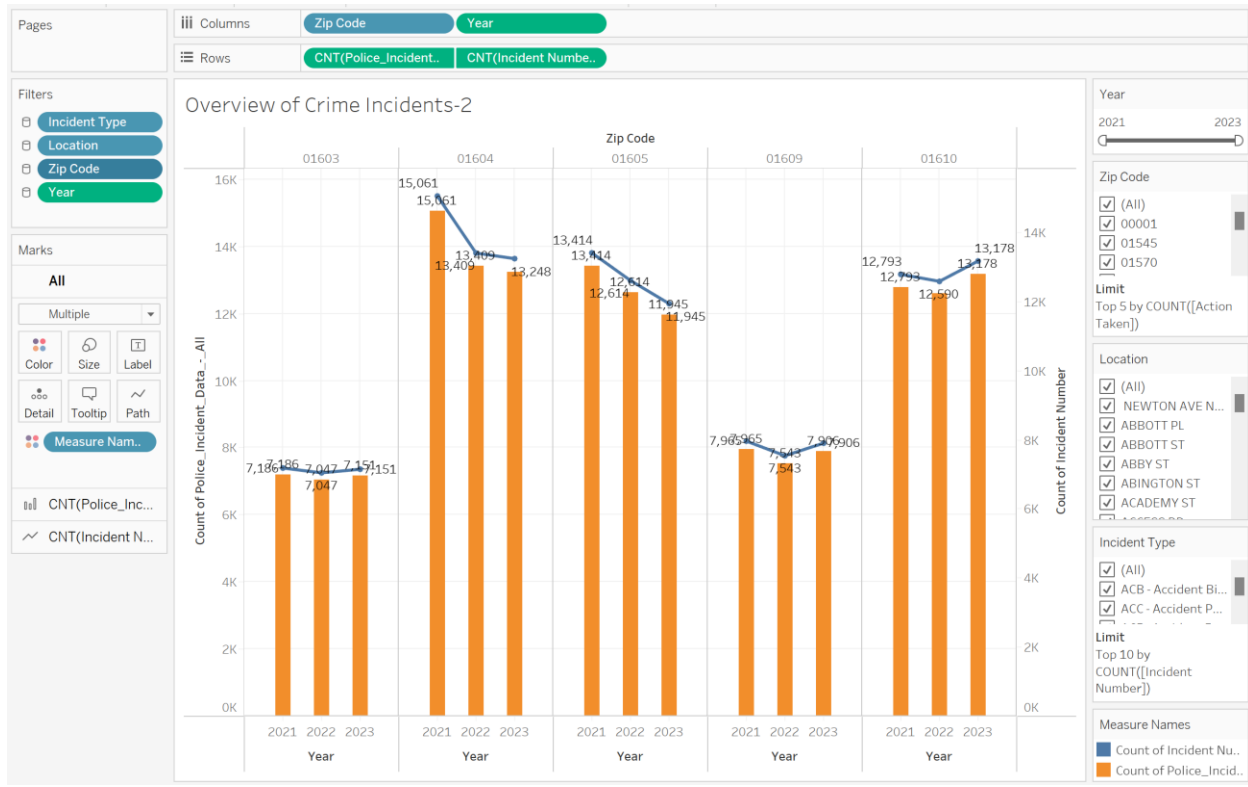
- Trends throughout time: By including 'Time of Day' and 'Day' as temporal data points, we can get a more nuanced picture of when crimes are more likely to happen, which is great for public awareness and law enforcement efforts.
- Effects on the Public and Law Enforcement: These findings are critical for police departments to use in making long-term plans and allocating scarce resources. A proactive approach to community safety and policing can be achieved by understanding crime patterns.

Research question-1:

- The addition of the 'Time Range' column allows for the identification of patterns in the frequency and types of crime incidents that occur in various locations of Worcester. Furthermore, how can this information be utilized to enhance the implementation of targeted community safety measures?

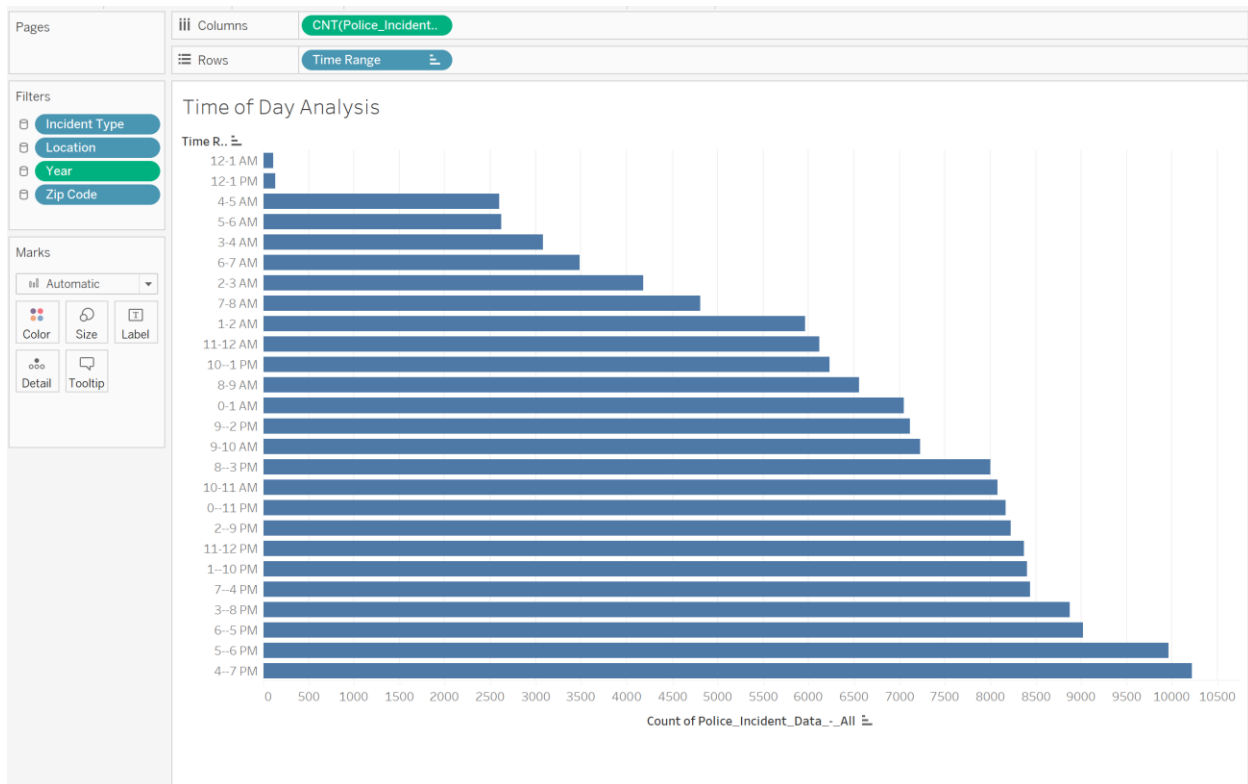
First Story Point - Overview of Crime Incidents





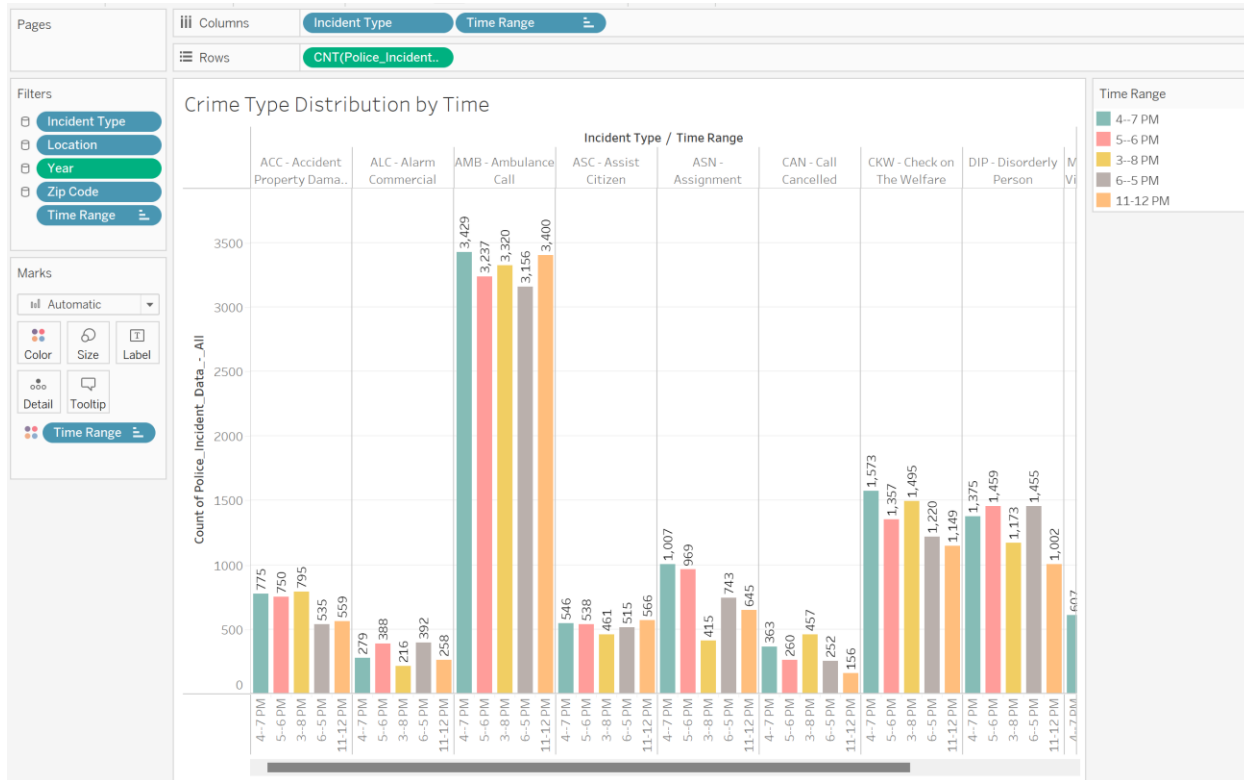
- **Objective:** In overall, the following data is offered to show the variety of crimes perpetrated in Worcester and the frequency with which they occur.
- **Audience Benefit:**
 - Government Officials and Law Enforcement: Planning and resource allocation are both made easier when they know how often specific crimes occur.
 - Academic Community and University Students: This provides a concise synopsis of the local crime scene, which is useful for both personal and academic research.
 - General Public: Gives a detailed account of the crime statistics in their region, which may influence decisions on personal safety by increasing awareness.

Second Story Point - Time of Day Analysis



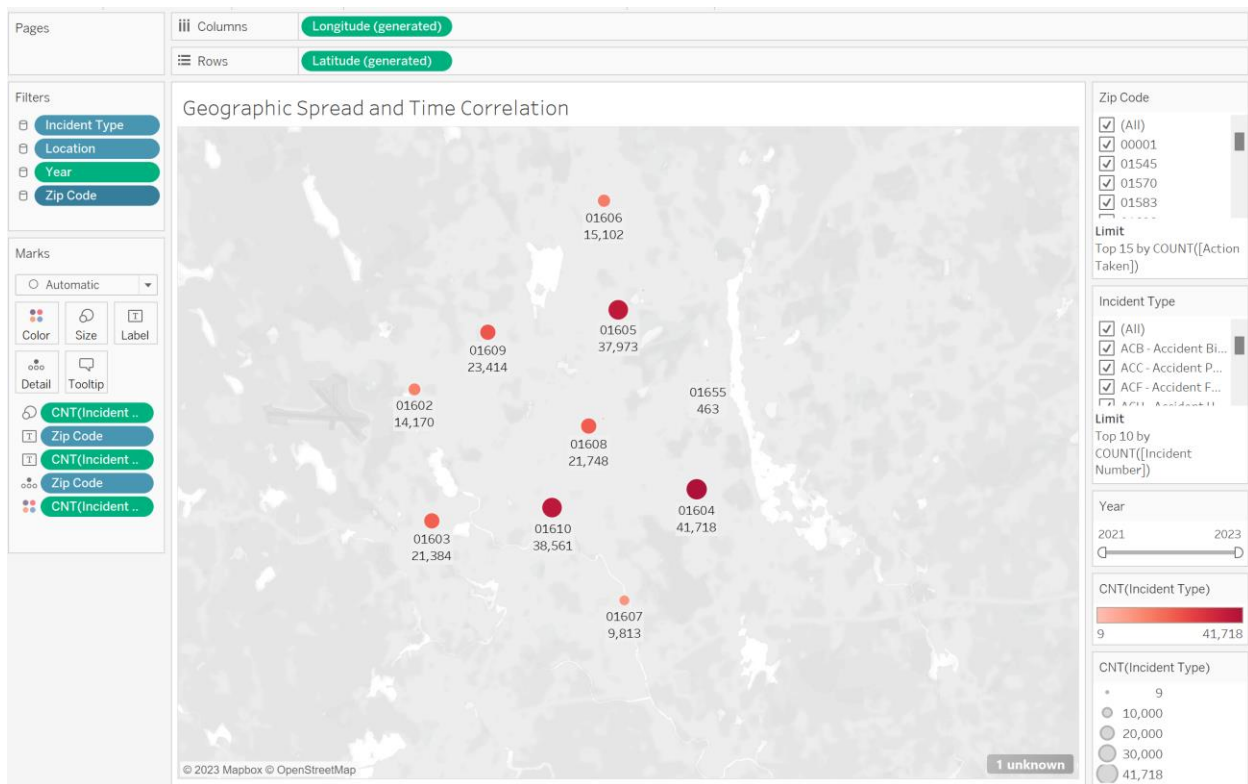
- **Objective:** This study aims to analyze the daily crime rate in Worcester in order to determine its relative volatility.
- **Visualization Approach:** The use of bar and line graphs to show temporal patterns and heat maps to show daily and hourly crime concentrations.
- **Audience Benefit:**
 - Government officials and law enforcement: When it comes to arranging patrols and formulating measures to avoid crimes, knowing when they tend to happen most helps.
 - Academic Community and University Students: Gaining insight into crime trends throughout time can inform the development of campus security protocols and individual timetables.
 - General Public: This research can help people plan their actions more strategically by indicating when it is safest and riskiest to undertake certain things.

Third Story Point - Crime Type Distribution by Time



- **Objective:** The objective is to investigate the manner in which various types of criminal activity are distributed throughout the day.
- **Visualization Approach:** Creating bar charts or stacked area charts to show the frequency of specific crime types within designated time ranges.
- **Audience Benefit:**
 - Government officials and law enforcement: Permits the implementation of time-sensitive tactics to counteract particular forms of crime when they are most common.
 - Academic Community and University Students: Helps with research and personal protection by increasing their knowledge of when specific crimes are more likely to occur.
 - General Public: Can help in planning for one's own safety by revealing when specific crimes seem to be more common.

Fourth Story Point - Geographic Spread and Time Correlation

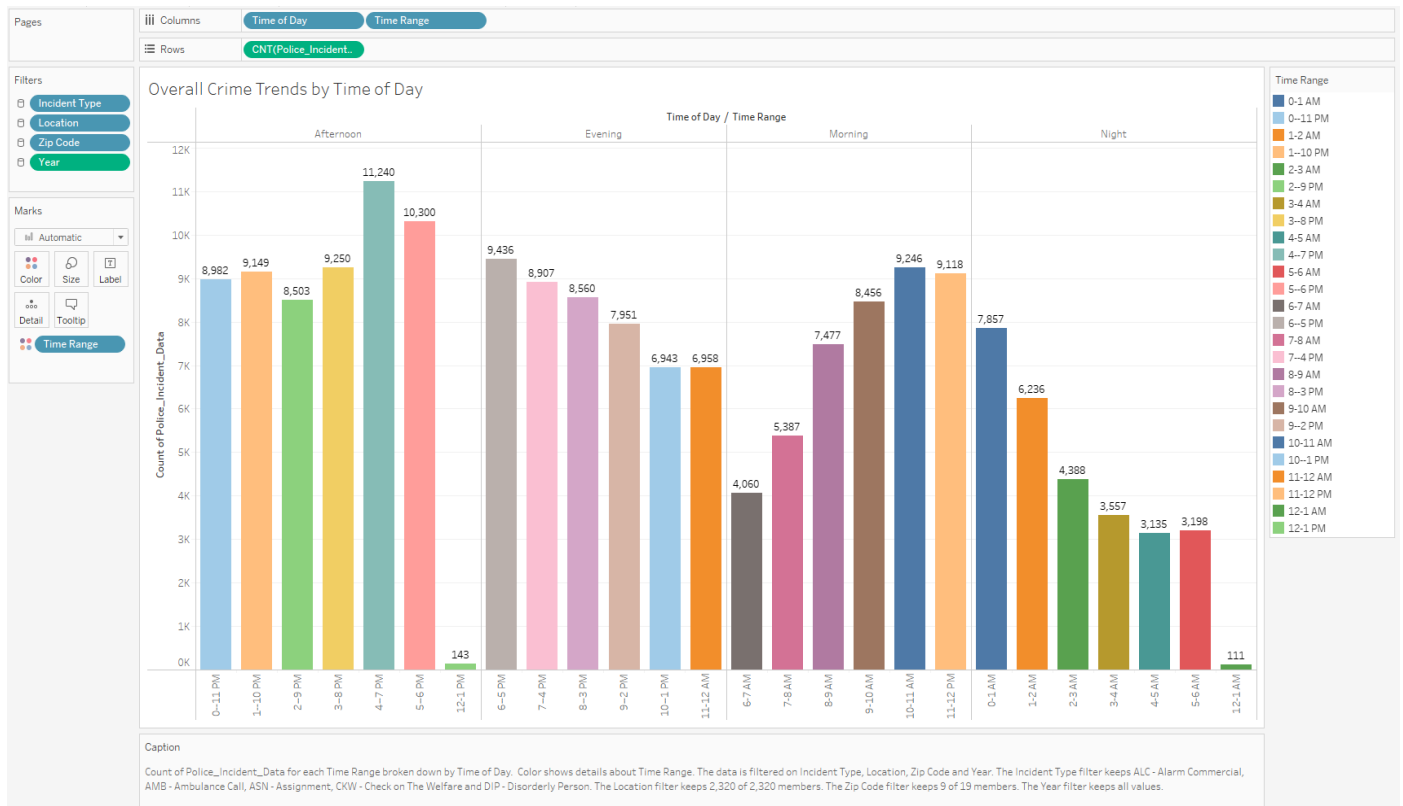


- **Objective:** In order to learn how crime rates have changed over time in relation to their geographical dispersion.
- **Visualization Approach:** Using crime statistics organized by time range superimposed on top of geographical maps.
- **Audience Benefit:**
 - Government officials and law enforcement: If law enforcement and community involvement programs are to achieve their goals, they must be able to identify crime hotspots and how they correlate with time.
 - Academic Community and University Students: During certain periods of the day, this article highlights specific areas surrounding universities that might need more security measures.
 - General Public: It helps in making educated decisions about travel and activities by providing information on which parts of the city are safer and which parts are dangerous at different times.

Research Question-2:

"How does the 'Time of Day' (Morning, Afternoon, Evening, Night) mean for Worcester's crime rates, types of crimes, and community safety initiatives in relation to these four time periods?"

First Story Point - Overall Crime Trends by Time of Day:



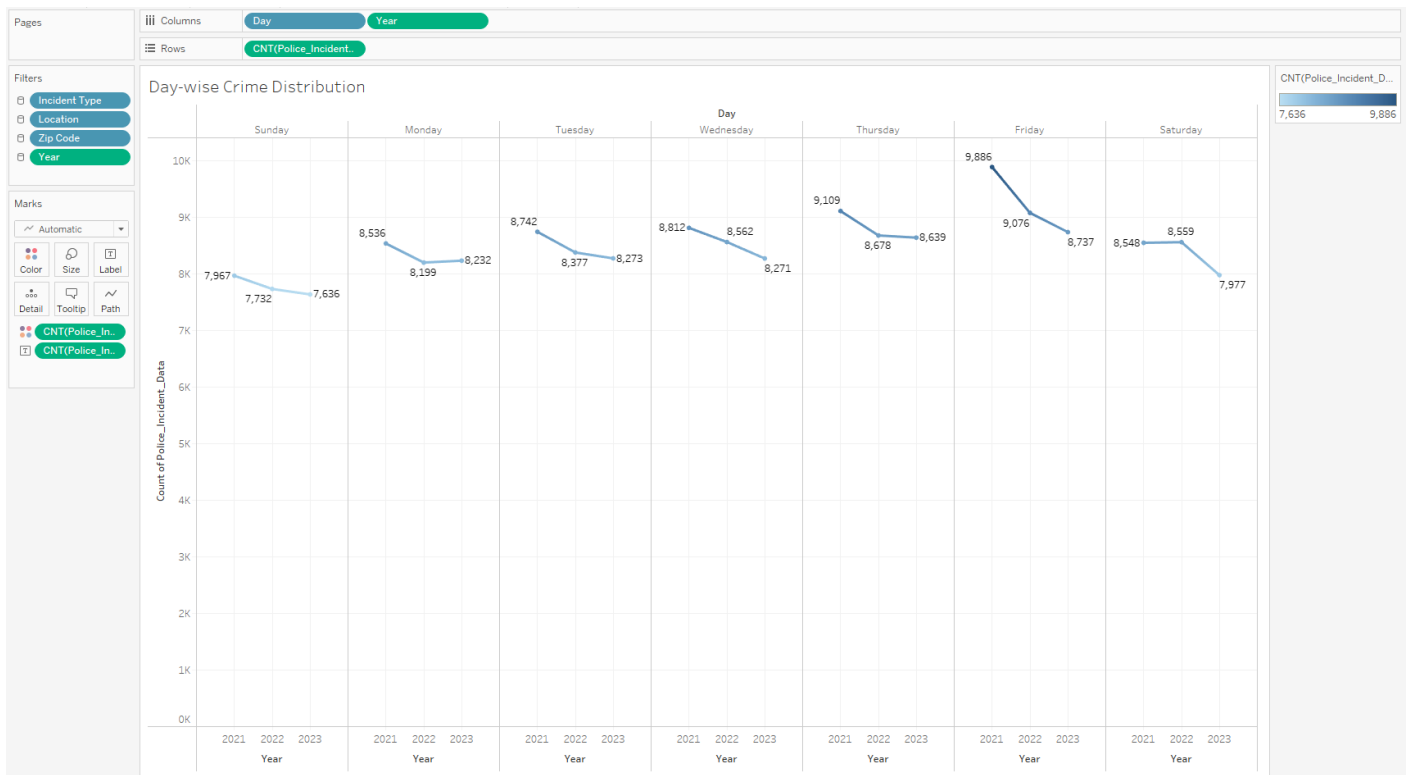
- **Visualization:** Crime rates broken down by time period, as shown by bar charts.
- **Objective:** In order to provide an overview of the ways in which the frequency of crime varies throughout the day at various times.
- **Audience Benefits:**
 - Law Enforcement and City Officials: To better allocate patrols and resources, it is important to understand when crime is most prevalent. This information is useful for foreseeing such problems and making appropriate preparations for responses.
 - General Public and University Communities: There has been a rise in consciousness regarding the peak crime periods. Particularly in neighborhoods around schools or in residential areas, this information can help shape daily habits and personal safety precautions.

Second Story Point - Crime Type Analysis by Time of Day:



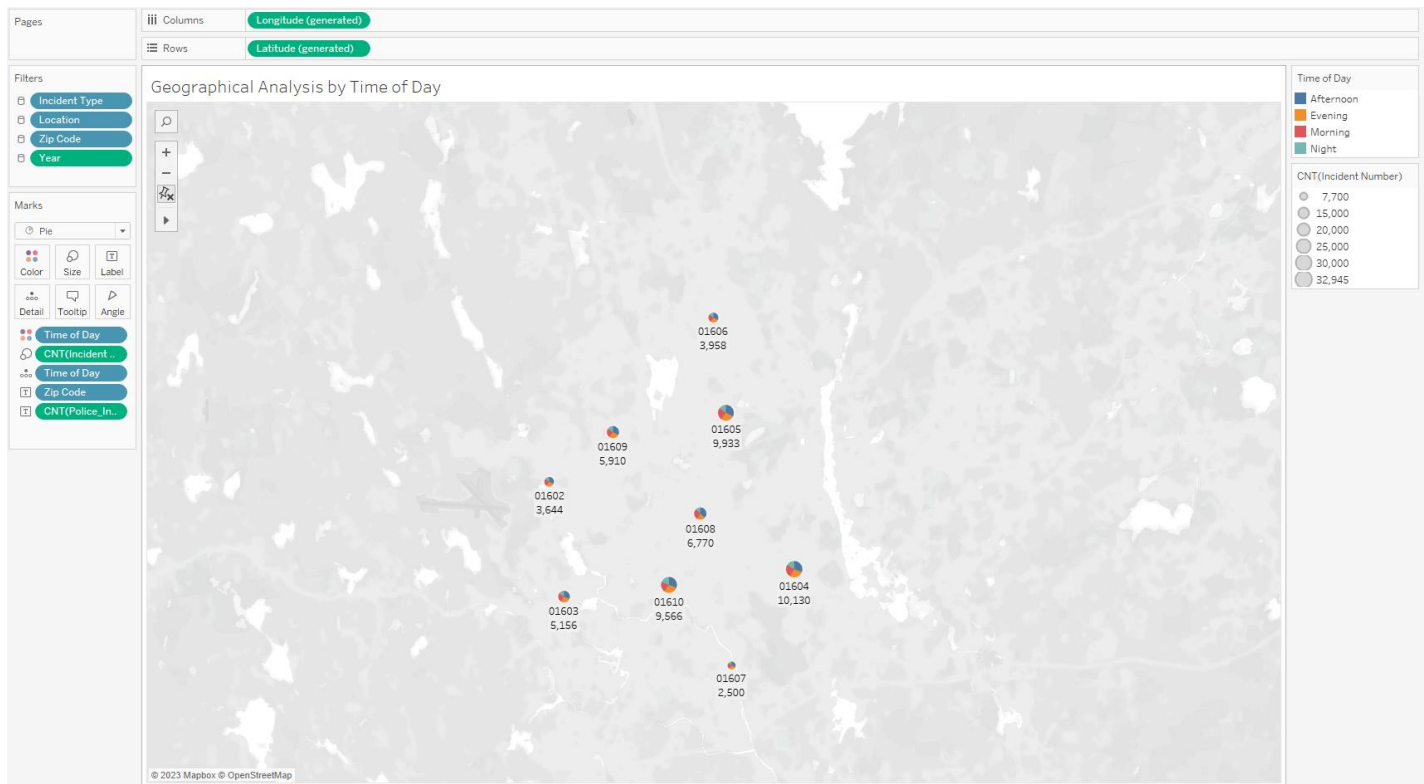
- **Visualization:** Side-by-Side circle charts showing types of crimes occurring in each time segment.
- **Objective:** In order to determine the times of day when specific crimes tend to occur more frequently.
- **Audience Benefits:**
 - Law Enforcement and City Officials: Gain a better understanding of the most common crime categories during particular times of the day. This will help with creating targeted preventative efforts and public safety announcements.
 - General Public and University Communities: Important for developing safety initiatives and public education campaigns. The data can help residents and students stay safer by alerting them to distinct threats at different times.

Third Story Point - Day-wise Crime Distribution:



- **Visualization:** Line graphs illustrating the rise and fall of criminal activity on various days of the week.
- **Objective:** with the purpose of observing any shifts in the crime rate on particular events.
- **Audience Benefits:**
 - Law Enforcement and City Officials: Finding out how crime tends to happen on certain days so you can better allocate resources. On days when crime rates are higher, this information might be vital for determining if more patrols or community programming are needed.
 - General Public and University Communities: Helpful for figuring out what to do and what dangers to be aware of on certain days of the week. Decisions about school activities, community gatherings, and personal routines can be impacted by the knowledge.

Fourth Story Point - Geographical Analysis by Time of Day:

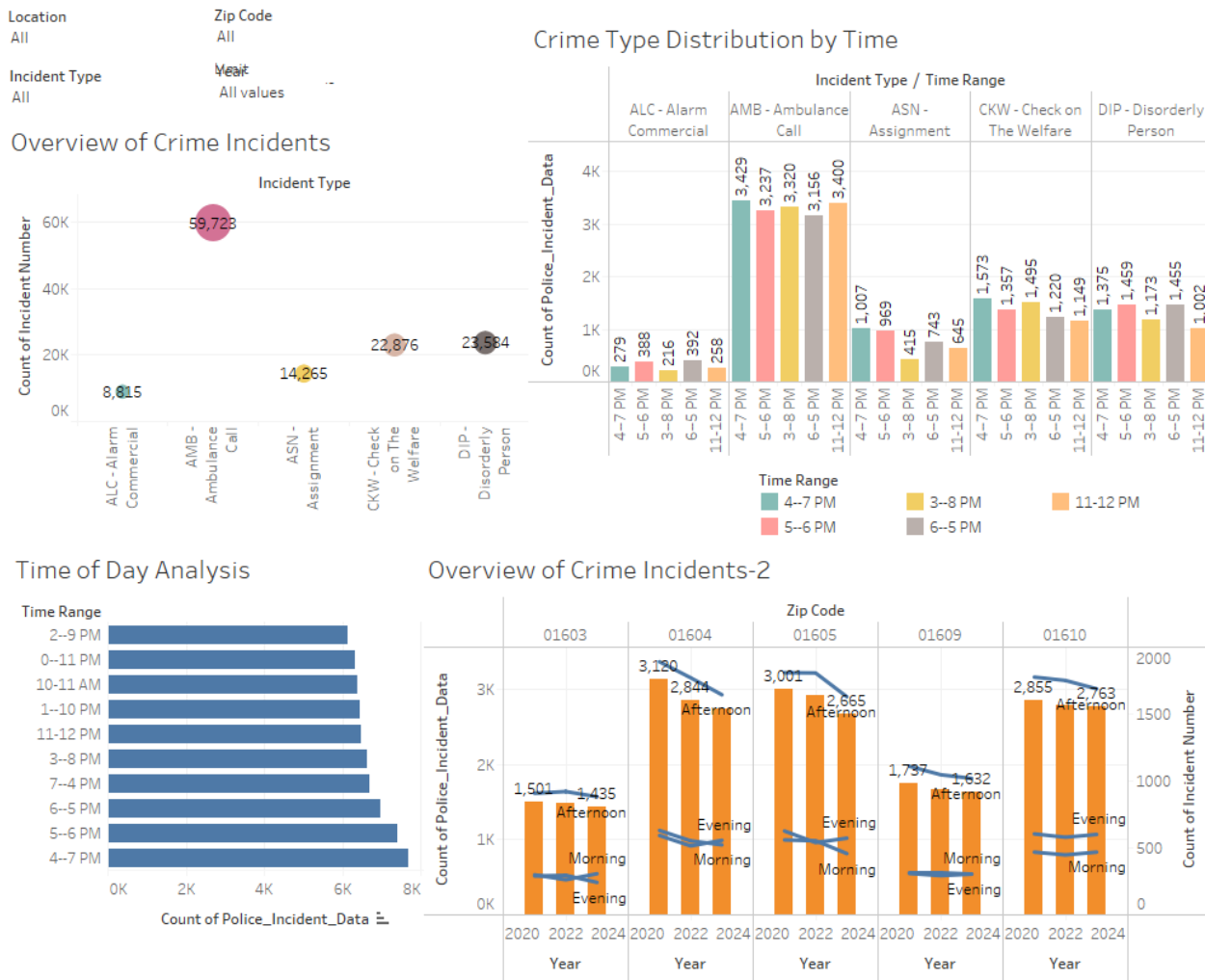


- **Visualization:** Information about the time of day superimposed on geographical heat maps.
- **Objective:** The goal is to investigate the daily and hourly variations in crime hotspots.
- **Audience Benefits:**
 - Law Enforcement and City Officials: Assists in identifying problem areas and how they change over time, which is crucial for city planning, patrols, and development. Based on these numbers, authorities can decide where to station more officers or set up surveillance equipment.
 - General Public and University Communities: Essential for housing, business, and community decision-making, it shows which locations are safer and which are riskier at different times. Better decisions on when, where, and how to travel, work, and study can result from this understanding.

Dashboard Design

Every visualization is tailored to fit every dashboard precisely, eliminating the need for scrollbars, so users can have the greatest Tableau experience possible. The main goal is to design a user interface that tells the story of the data while simultaneously being engaging and easy to use.

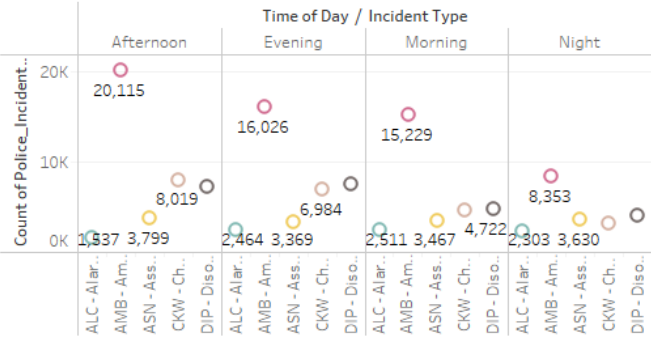
Dashboard featuring Time Range:



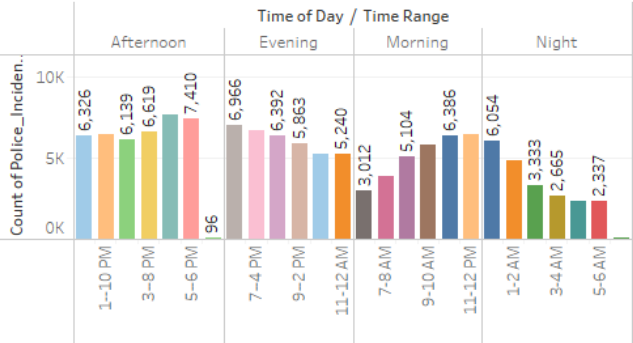
Dashboard featuring Time of Day:

Location: All Time of Day: All Zip Code: All Incident Type: All Year: All values

Crime Type Analysis by Time of Day



Overall Crime Trends by Time of Day



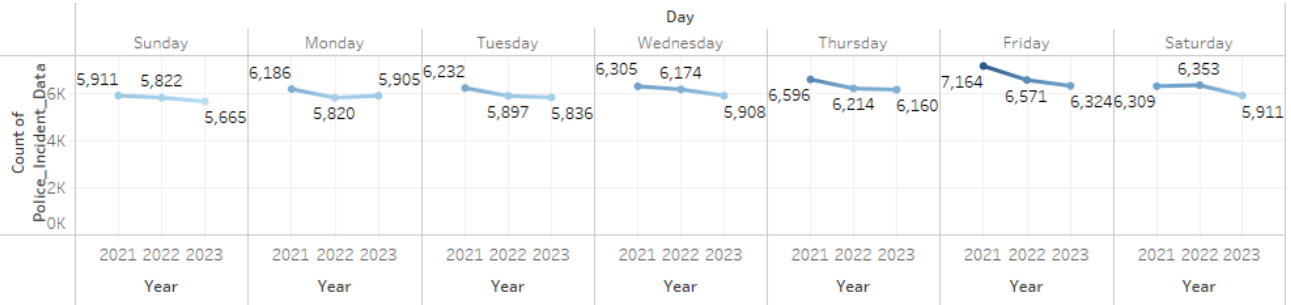
Incident Type

- ALC - Alarm Co..
- AMB - Ambulan..
- ASN - Assignme..
- CKW - Check on ..
- DIP - Disorderly ..

Time Range

- 0-1 AM
- 0-11 PM
- 1-2 AM
- 1-10 PM
- 2-3 AM
- 2-9 PM
- 3-4 AM
- 3-8 PM
- 4-5 AM
- 4-7 PM
- 5-6 AM
- 5-6 PM
- 6-7 AM
- 6-5 PM
- 7-8 AM
- 7-4 PM
- 8-9 AM
- 8-3 PM
- 9-10 AM
- 9-2 PM
- 10-11 AM
- 10-1 PM
- 11-12 AM
- 11-12 PM
- 12-1 AM
- 12-1 PM

Day-wise Crime Distribution



Dashboard featuring Geographical map:

Zip Code
All

Incident Type
All

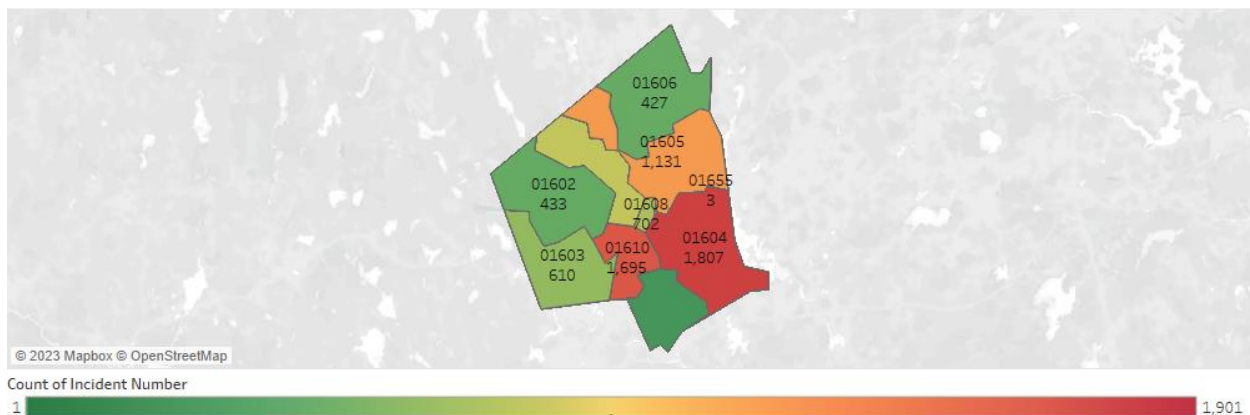
Time of Day
All

Year
All values

Geographical Analysis by Time of Day



Geographic Spread and Time Correlation



Future Scope:

In my ongoing study of crime data analysis in Worcester, I plan to use more extensive data sets to enhance the scope and depth of my research. This expansion will contain socioeconomic and demographic data that will aid in determining the causes of crime trends. Examining the correlation between demographics, income, and education levels with crime rates provides a fuller view of public safety. Statistics on urban development can shed light on how the addition of new homes or businesses affects crime rates.

One of my long-term goals is to one day use cutting-edge analytical methods like predictive analytics and machine learning to foretell patterns in criminal behavior. Giving local authorities the tools, they need to address potential crime hotspots before they become epidemics is the purpose of this method. My research will be more applicable to real-world issues if I collaborate with Worcester's community groups and city administration. By compiling a thorough, data-driven picture of Worcester crime, we hope to launch public safety programs focused on the community.

Conclusion

The extensive analysis of the Worcester crime incident dataset has yielded critical insights into the dynamics of criminal activity in the city. Through meticulous data enhancement, including the addition of columns like 'Time of Day' and 'Day', and the utilization of advanced visualization tools in Tableau, we have uncovered patterns and trends that offer a deeper understanding of the nature and distribution of crime.

The analysis not only serves the immediate needs of law enforcement and city officials in their ongoing efforts to enhance public safety but also contributes to the academic understanding of urban crime dynamics. For the general public, the findings offer an increased awareness of safety risks, encouraging informed and cautious behavior.

The synthesis of this data into actionable intelligence is a testament to the power of data-driven approaches in addressing urban challenges. The insights gained from this analysis should be leveraged to foster a safer, more aware, and resilient community in Worcester.

Moving forward, continued data monitoring and analysis are recommended to adapt to evolving crime trends and to sustain effective community safety strategies. This ongoing effort will require collaborative approaches involving law enforcement, city planners, community groups, and residents, all united in the common goal of ensuring safety and security in Worcester.