R Notebook

Code ▼

iiData

cache me out side, how 'bout dat data

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```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(randomForest)
data <- read.csv("ffclean6.csv")
data = data %>%
  mutate(mydate = as.Date(substr(last_modified_datetime, 1, 10)))
```

Question 1: France's score of it's own country

This is the only problem done in SQL

It seems that France gives french manufacters a higher than average score for all nutrition.

Conversly, it seems that the UK gives a lower nutrition score on average, and the countries that have France as a point of manufacturing score lower than average.

avg score of all countries = 7.98163664965167 31149 rows returned in 95ms from:

```
SELECT (CAST (nutrition_score_fr_100g as integer)), countries_en
FROM ffclean6;
```

avg_score where country has france in it 8.06925675675676:

```
SELECT AVG( CAST (nutrition_score_fr_100g as integer))
FROM ffclean6
WHERE countries_en LIKE '%France%';
```

avg_score where country does not contain france in it = 7.70384254920337

```
SELECT AVG(CAST (nutrition_score_fr_100g as integer)), countries_en FROM ffclean6
WHERE countries_en NOT LIKE '%France%';
```

avg of all countries based on UK scores7.71909210568558:

```
SELECT AVG(CAST (nutrition_score_uk_100g as integer)), countries_en
FROM ffclean6;
```

avg of France based on UK scores7.75865709459459:

```
SELECT AVG( CAST (nutrition_score_uk_100g as integer))
FROMG ffclean6
WHERE countries_en LIKE '%France%'
```

avg of NOT France based on UK stores 7.5936537689115:

```
SELECT AVG( CAST (nutrition_score_uk_100g as integer))
FROM ffclean6
WHERE countries_en NOT LIKE '%France%'
```

Question 2: Predicting categorization of Sugary snack vs Dairies vs Fresh Food vs meats

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```
q2data = data %>%
  filter(main_category_en == "Sugary snacks" |
         main category en == "Dairies" |
         main category en == "Fresh foods" |
         main_category_en == "Meats") %>%
 select(additives n,
         ingredients_that_may_be_from_palm_oil_n,
         energy 100g,
         fat 100g,
         saturated_fat_100g,
         carbohydrates 100g,
         sugars 100g,
         fiber 100g,
         proteins 100g,
         salt 100g,
         sodium_100g,
         main category en,
         mydate)
q2data = q2data[complete.cases(q2data),]
q2data$main category en <- factor(q2data$main category en)
set.seed(420)
q2train = q2data %>%
  sample_frac(.9, replace = TRUE)
q2test = q2data %>%
 sample frac(.1, replace = TRUE)
```

```
fit2 <- randomForest(as.factor(main_category_en) ~ additives_n +</pre>
                        ingredients_that_may_be_from_palm_oil_n +
                        energy_100g +
                        fat 100g +
                        saturated_fat_100g +
                        carbohydrates 100g +
                        sugars_100g +
                        fiber_100g +
                        proteins_100g +
                        salt_100g +
                        sodium_100g,
                     data = q2train,
                     importance=TRUE,
                     ntree= 2000)
predict2 <- predict(fit2, q2test)</pre>
conf2 = fit2$confusion
```

Answer to 2

```
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conf2

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q2data %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=mydate))+
    geom_histogram(aes(y = ..density..), bins = length(unique(q2data$mydate))) +
    geom_density()

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q2data %>%
    ggplot(aes(mydate, main_category_en, color = main_category_en))+
    geom_point( alpha = .2)
```

Question 3: Predicting categorization of United States vs United Kingdom vs Germany vs Spain

```
q3data = data %>%
  filter(countries en == "United States" |
         countries_en == "United Kingdom" |
         countries en == "Germany" |
         countries en == "Spain") %>%
 select(additives n,
         ingredients_that_may_be_from_palm_oil_n,
         energy_100g,
         fat_100g,
         saturated_fat_100g,
         carbohydrates_100g,
         sugars_100g,
         fiber 100g,
         proteins 100g,
         salt 100g,
         sodium 100g,
         countries_en,
         mydate)
q3data = q3data[complete.cases(q3data),]
q3data$countries_eny_en <- factor(q3data$countries_en)
set.seed(420)
q3train = q3data %>%
 sample_frac(.9, replace = TRUE)
q3train$countries en <- factor(q3train$countries en)
q3test = q3data %>%
  sample frac(.1, replace = TRUE)
q3test$countries en <- factor(q3test$countries en)
```

```
fit3 <- randomForest(as.factor(countries en) ~ additives n +</pre>
                        ingredients_that_may_be_from_palm_oil_n +
                        energy 100g +
                        fat 100g +
                        saturated fat 100g +
                        carbohydrates 100g +
                        sugars 100g +
                        fiber 100g +
                        proteins 100g +
                        salt 100g +
                        sodium 100g,
                     data = q3train,
                     importance=TRUE,
                     ntree= 2000)
predict3 <- predict(fit3, q3test)</pre>
conf3 = fit3$confusion
```

Answer to 3

```
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conf3

Hide

q3data %>%

ggplot(aes(x=mydate))+

geom_histogram(aes(y = ..density..), bins = length(unique(q3data$mydate))) +

geom_density()

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q3data %>%

ggplot(aes(mydate, countries_en, color = countries_en))+

geom_point( alpha = .2)
```

Question 5: Predicting categorization of United States vs United Kingdom vs Germany vs Spain

```
q5data = data %>%
  filter(pnns_groups_1 == "Fish Meat Eggs") %>%
  select(additives_n,
         ingredients_that_may_be_from_palm_oil_n,
         energy 100g,
         fat_100g,
         saturated_fat_100g,
         carbohydrates_100g,
         sugars_100g,
         fiber_100g,
         proteins_100g,
         salt_100g,
         sodium 100g,
         pnns_groups_2,
         mydate)
q5data = q5data[complete.cases(q5data),]
q5data$pnns_groups_2 <- factor(q5data$pnns_groups_2)</pre>
set.seed(420)
q5train = q5data %>%
  sample frac(.9, replace = TRUE)
q5train$pnns_groups_2 <- factor(q5train$pnns_groups_2)</pre>
q5test = q5data %>%
  sample frac(.1, replace = TRUE)
q5test$pnns_groups_2 <- factor(q5test$pnns_groups_2)</pre>
```

Answer to #5

conf5 = fit5\$confusion

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```
conf5
```

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```
q5data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=mydate))+
  geom_histogram(aes(y = ..density..), bins = length(unique(q5data$mydate))) +
  geom_density()
```

```
q5data %>%
  ggplot(aes(mydate, pnns_groups_2, color = pnns_groups_2))+
  geom_point( alpha = .2)
```