

IMD0105 - Special Issues in Information Technology VI

Interactive Data Visualization with Bokeh

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Previously on last class (...)

Agenda

Part I

- Introduction about Bokeh
- Glyphs
- Lines
- Plot (numpy, pandas)
- Column data source

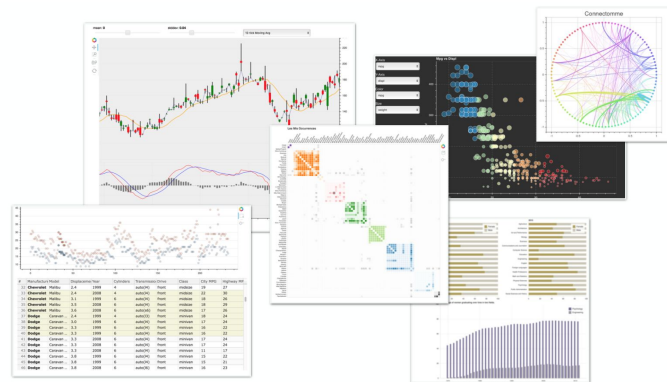
Part II

- Layout
- Rows of plot
- Columns of plot
- Nested plots
- Grid plots
- Tabbed plots
- Links selections
- Legends

What is Bokeh?

<http://bokeh.pydata.org/en/latest/>

- Interactive visualization, controls, and tools
- Versatile and high-level graphics
- High-level statistical charts
- Streaming, dynamic, large data
- For the browser, with or without a server
- No JavaScript



Plotting with Glyphs

What are Glyphs

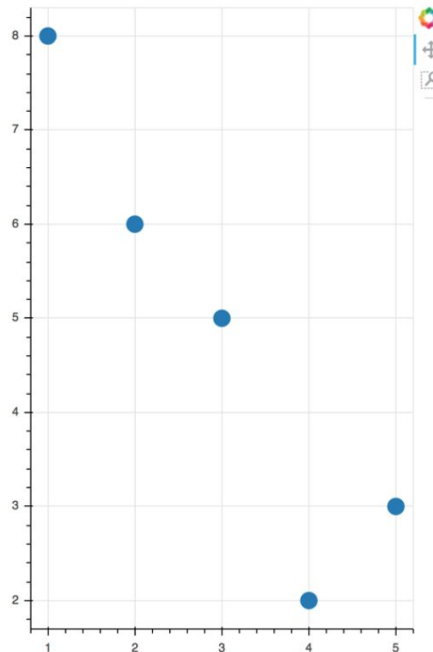
- visual shapes
- circles, squares, triangles
- rectangles, lines, wedges

With properties attached to data

- coordinates (x,y)
- size, color, transparency

Typical usage

```
In [1]: from bokeh.io import output_file, show
In [2]: from bokeh.plotting import figure
In [3]: plot = figure(plot_width=400, tools='pan,box_zoom')
In [4]: plot.circle([1,2,3,4,5], [8,6,5,2,3])
In [5]: output_file('circle.html')
In [6]: show(plot)
```

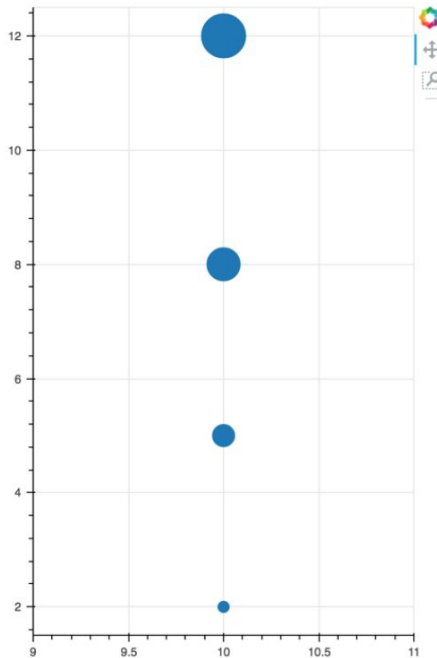


Glyph properties

- Lists, arrays, sequences of values
- Single fixed values

```
In [1]: plot = figure()
```

```
In [2]: plot.circle(x=10, y=[2,5,8,12], size=[10,20,30,40])
```



Markers

- `asterisk()`
- `circle()`
- `circle_cross()`
- `circle_x()`
- `cross()`
- `diamond()`
- `diamond_cross()`
- `inverted_triangle()`
- `square()`
- `square_cross()`
- `square_x()`
- `triangle()`
- `x()`

Lines

```
In [1]: from bokeh.io import output_file, show
```

```
In [2]: from bokeh.plotting import figure
```

```
In [3]: x = [1,2,3,4,5]
```

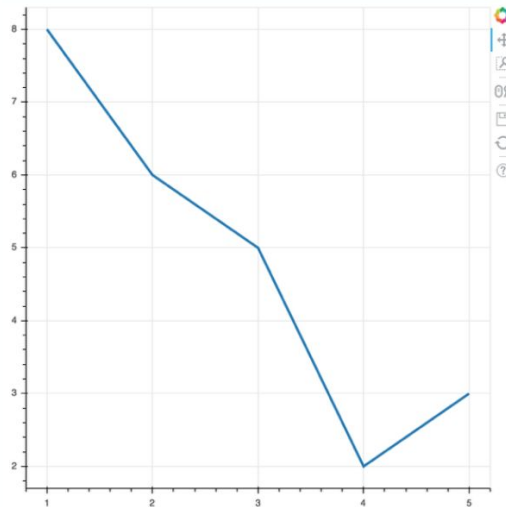
```
In [4]: y = [8,6,5,2,3]
```

```
In [5]: plot = figure()
```

```
In [6]: plot.line(x, y, line_width=3)
```

```
In [7]: output_file('line.html')
```

```
In [8]: show(plot)
```



Lines and markers together

```
In [1]: from bokeh.io import output_file, show
```

```
In [2]: from bokeh.plotting import figure
```

```
In [3]: x = [1,2,3,4,5]
```

```
In [4]: y = [8,6,5,2,3]
```

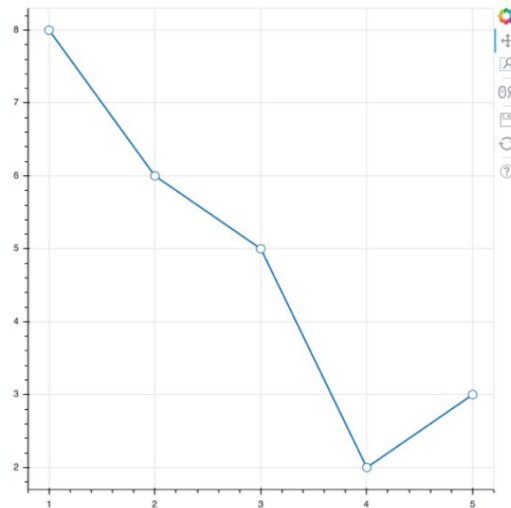
```
In [5]: plot = figure()
```

```
In [6]: plot.line(x, y, line_width=2)
```

```
In [7]: plot.circle(x, y, fill_color='white', size=10)
```

```
In [8]: output_file('line.html')
```

```
In [9]: show(plot)
```



Numpy arrays

```
In [1]: from bokeh.io import output_file, show
```

```
In [2]: from bokeh.plotting import figure
```

```
In [3]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [4]: x = np.linspace(0, 10, 1000)
```

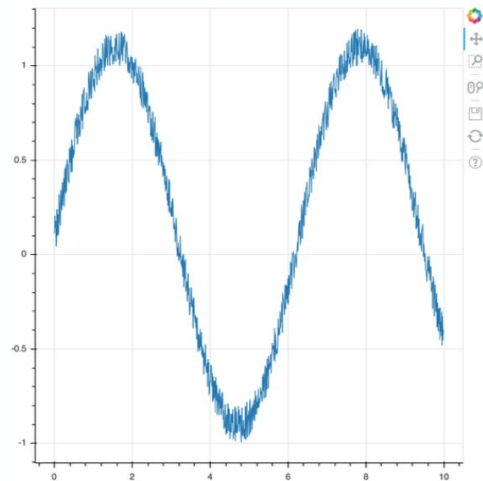
```
In [5]: y = np.sin(x) + np.random.random(1000) * 0.2
```

```
In [6]: plot = figure()
```

```
In [7]: plot.line(x, y)
```

```
In [8]: output_file('numpy.html')
```

```
In [9]: show(plot)
```



Pandas

```
In [1]: from bokeh.io import output_file, show
```

```
In [2]: from bokeh.plotting import figure
```

```
In [3]: # Flowers is a Pandas DataFrame
```

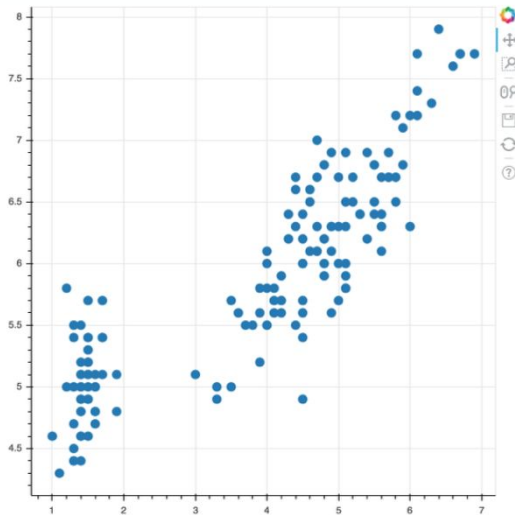
```
In [4]: from bokeh.sampledata.iris import flowers
```

```
In [5]: plot = figure()
```

```
In [6]: plot.circle(flowers['petal_length'],  
...:               flowers['sepal_length'],  
...:               size=10)
```

```
In [7]: output_file('pandas.html')
```

```
In [8]: show(plot)
```



Column data source

- Common fundamental data structure for Bokeh
- Maps string column names to sequences of data
- Often created automatically for you
- Can be shared between glyphs to link selections
- Extra columns can be used with hover tooltips

Column data source

```
In [1]: from bokeh.models import ColumnDataSource
```

```
In [2]: source = ColumnDataSource(data={  
...:                                     'x': [1,2,3,4,5],  
...:                                     'y': [8,6,5,2,3]})
```

```
In [3]: source.data
```

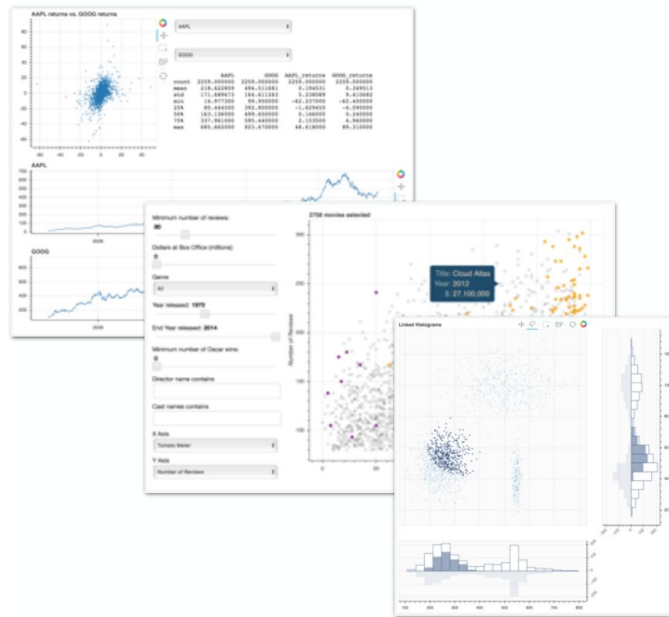
```
Out[3]: {'x': [1, 2, 3, 4, 5], 'y': [8, 6, 5, 2, 3]}
```

Introduction to Layout

Arranging multiple plots

Arrange plots (and controls) visually on a page:

- rows, columns
- grid arrangements
- tabbed layouts



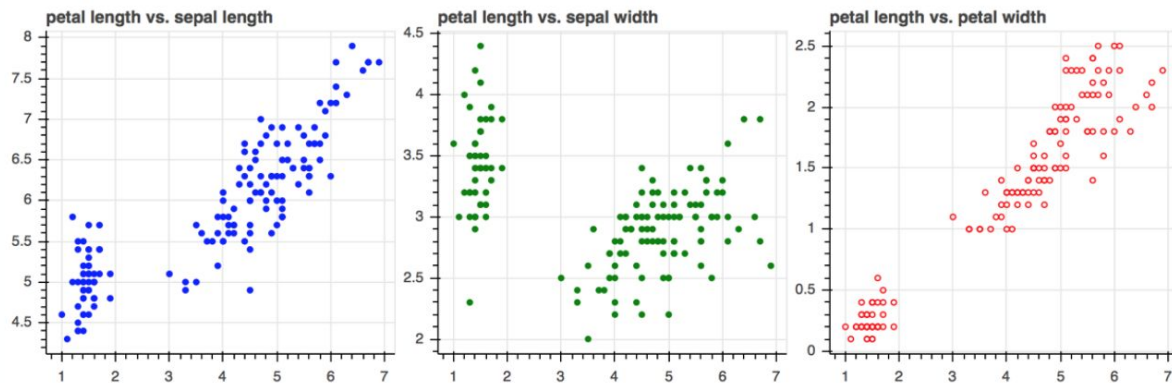
Rows of plot

```
In [1]: from bokeh.layouts import row
```

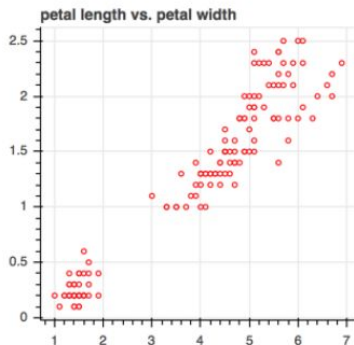
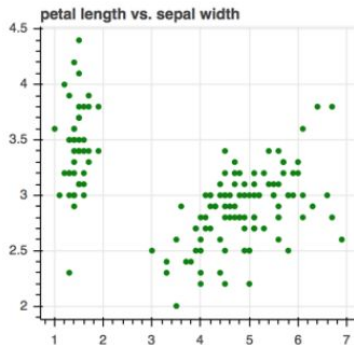
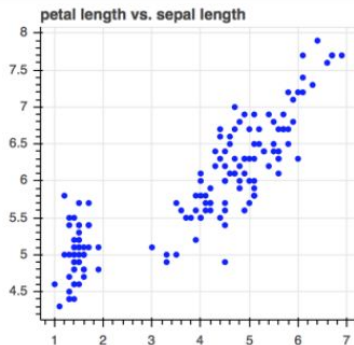
```
In [2]: layout = row(p1, p2, p3)
```

```
In [3]: output_file('row.html')
```

```
In [4]: show(layout)
```



Columns of plot



```
In [1]: from bokeh.layouts import column
```

```
In [2]: layout = column(p1, p2, p3)
```

```
In [3]: output_file('column.html')
```

```
In [4]: show(layout)
```

Nested plots

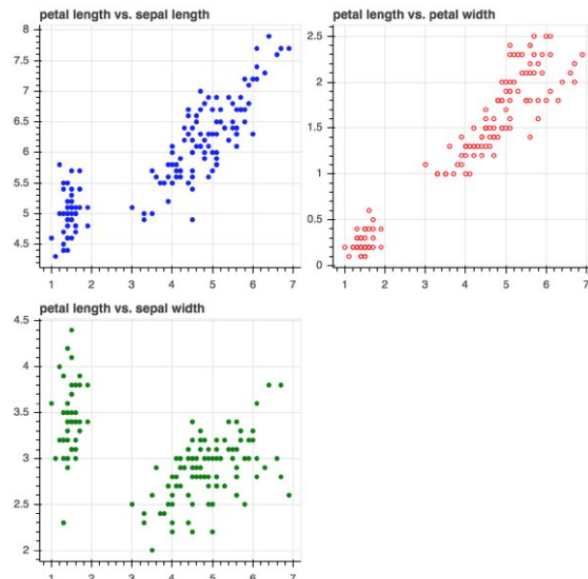
- Rows and column can be nested for more sophisticated layouts

```
In [1]: from bokeh.layouts import column, row
```

```
In [2]: layout = row(column(p1, p2), p3)
```

```
In [3]: output_file('nested.html')
```

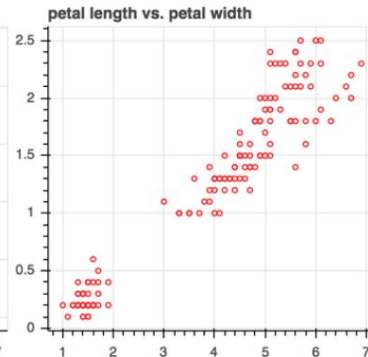
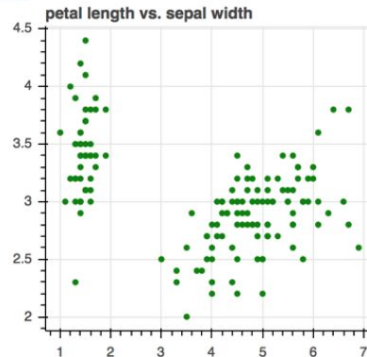
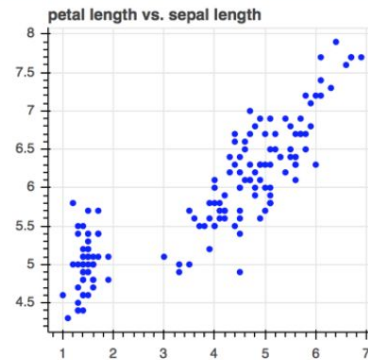
```
In [4]: show(layout)
```



Gridplots

```
In [1]: from bokeh.layouts import gridplot  
  
In [2]: layout = gridplot([[None, p1], [p2, p3]],  
    ...:                   toolbar_location=None)  
  
In [3]: output_file('nested.html')  
  
In [4]: show(layout)
```

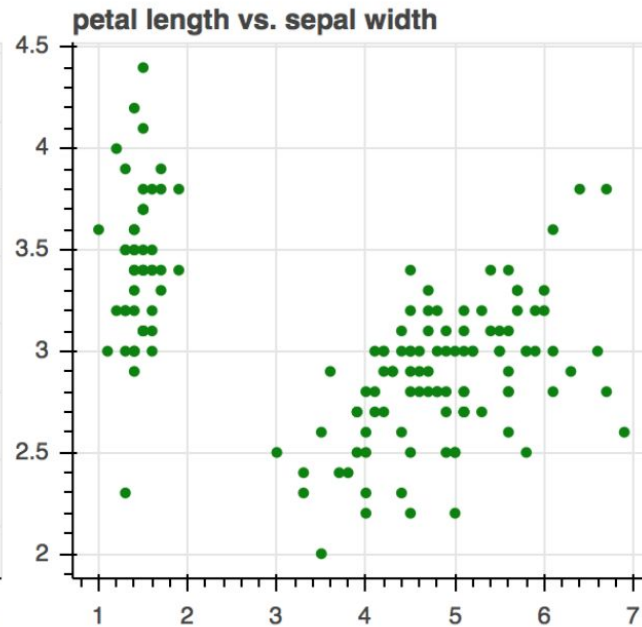
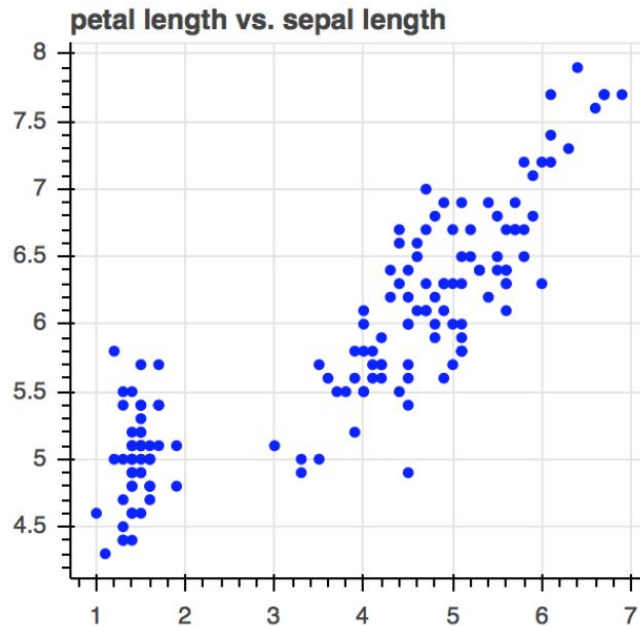
- Give a “list of rows” for layout
- can use None as a placeholder
- Accepts toolbar_location



Tabbed Layout

first

second



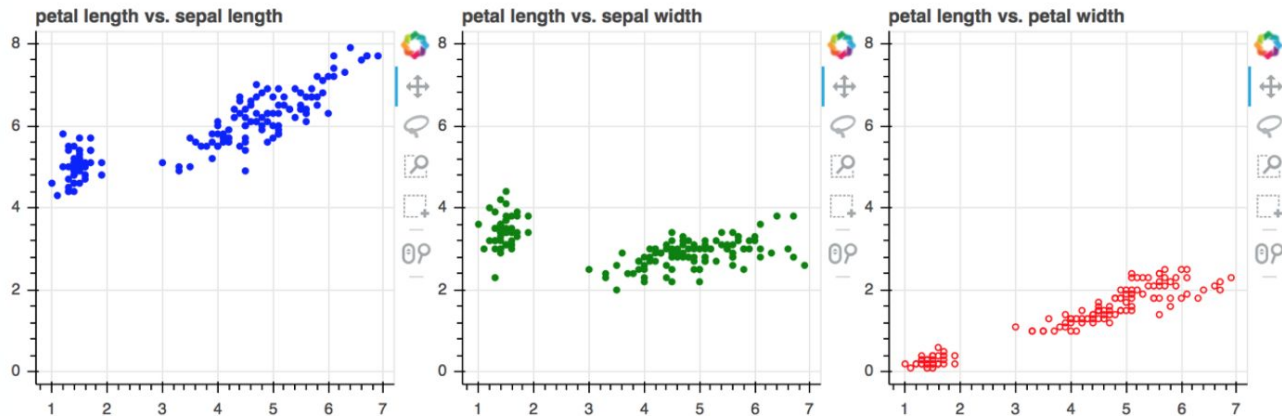
Tabbed Layout

```
In [1]: from bokeh.models.widgets import Tabs, Panel  
  
In [2]: # Create a Panel with a title for each tab  
  
In [3]: first = Panel(child=row(p1, p2), title='first')  
  
In [4]: second = Panel(child=row(p3), title='second')  
  
In [5]: # Put the Panels in a Tabs object  
  
In [6]: tabs = Tabs(tabs=[first, second])  
  
In [7]: output_file('tabbed.html')  
  
In [8]: show(layout)
```

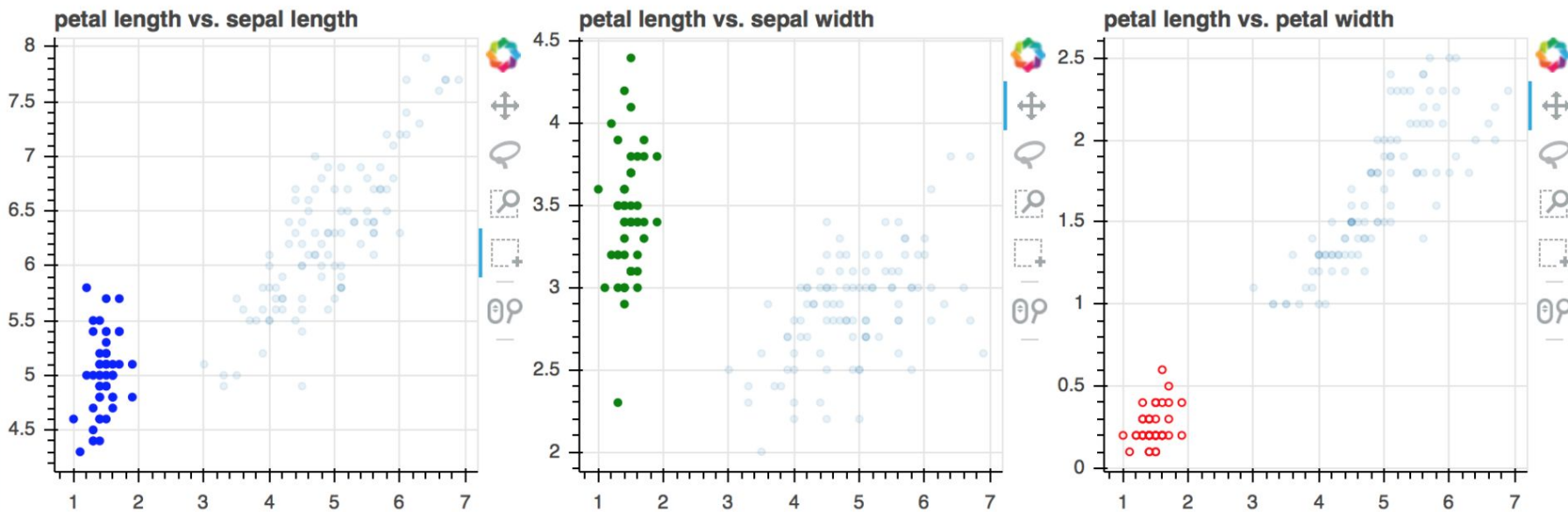
Linking axes

```
In [1]: p3.x_range = p2.x_range = p1.x_range
```

```
In [2]: p3.y_range = p2.y_range = p1.y_range
```



Link selections



Link selections

```
In [1]: p1 = figure(title='petal length vs. sepal length')
```

```
In [2]: p1.circle('petal_length', 'sepal_length',  
...:             color='blue', source=source)
```

```
In [3]: p2 = figure(title='petal length vs. sepal width')
```

```
In [4]: p2.circle('petal_length', 'sepal_width',  
...:             color='green', source=source)
```

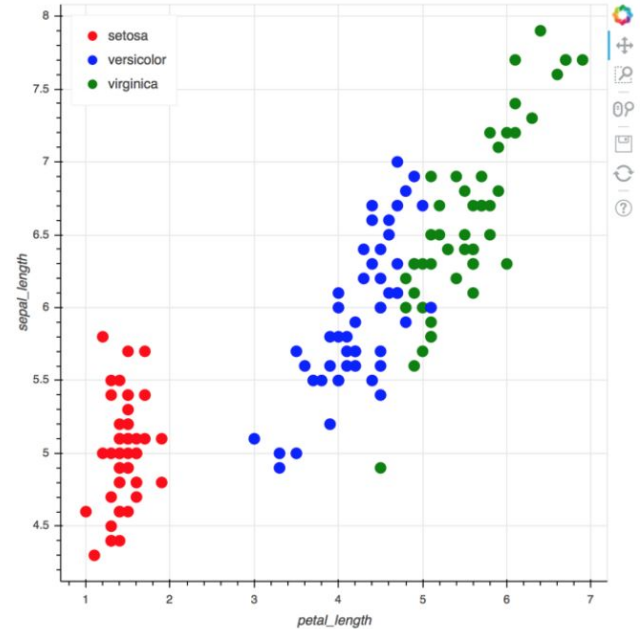
```
In [5]: p3 = figure(title='petal length vs. petal width')
```

```
In [6]: p3.circle('petal_length', 'petal_width',  
...:             line_color='red', fill_color=None,  
...:             source=source)
```

Legends

```
In [1]: plot.circle('petal_length', 'sepal_length',  
...:               size=10, source=source,  
...:               color={'field': 'species',  
...:                     'transform': mapper},  
...:               legend='species')
```

```
In [2]: plot.legend.location = 'top_left'
```

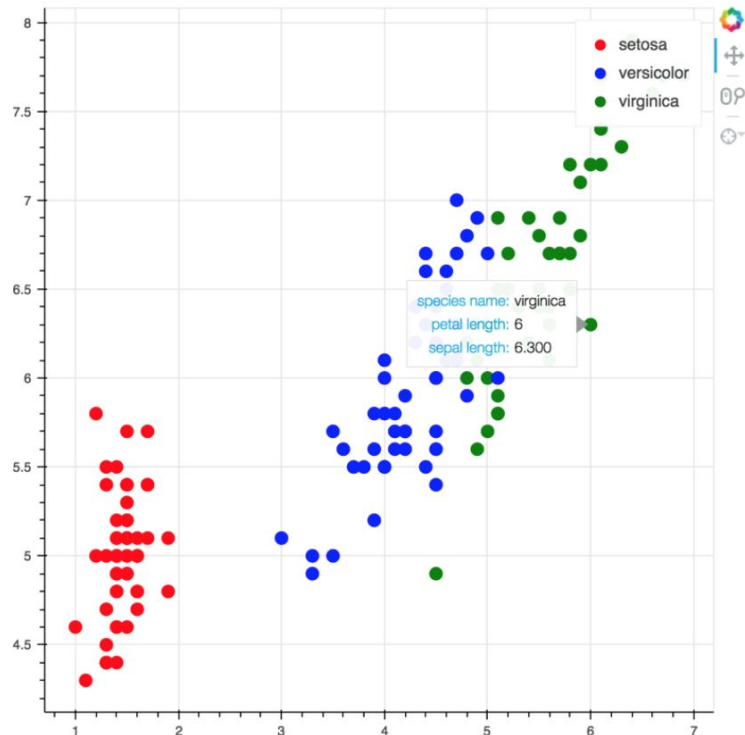


Hover tips

```
In [1]: from bokeh.models import HoverTool
```

```
In [2]: hover = HoverTool(tooltips=[  
...:     ('species name', '@species'),  
...:     ('petal length', '@petal_length'),  
...:     ('sepal length', '@sepal_length'),  
...:     ])
```

```
In [3]: plot = figure(tools=[hover, 'pan',  
...:                     'wheel_zoom'])
```



References

<http://bokeh.pydata.org/en/latest/>