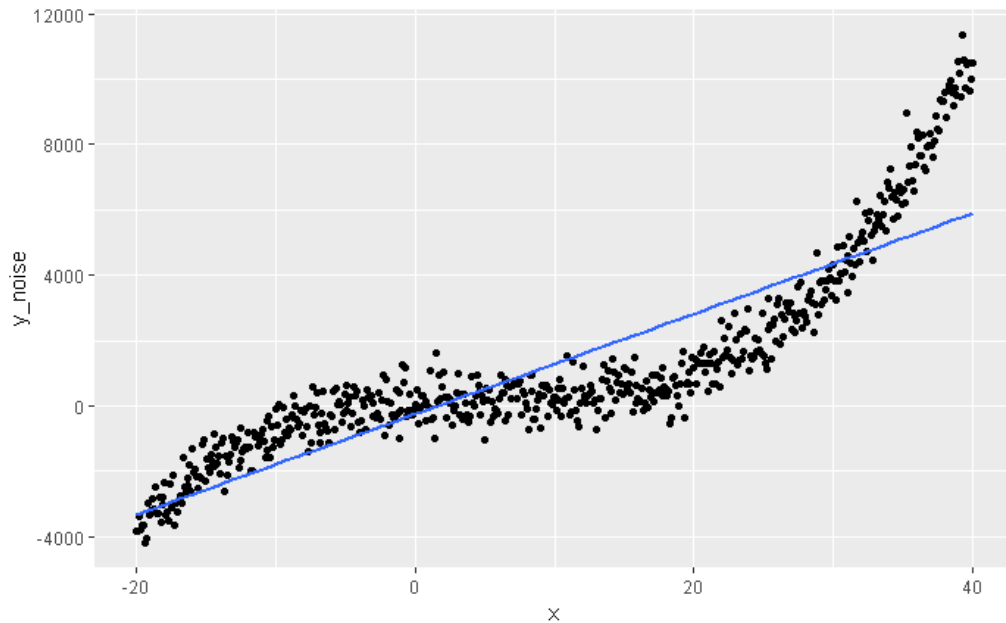


# Polynomial Regression 101

# Polynomial Regression

## Linear Model

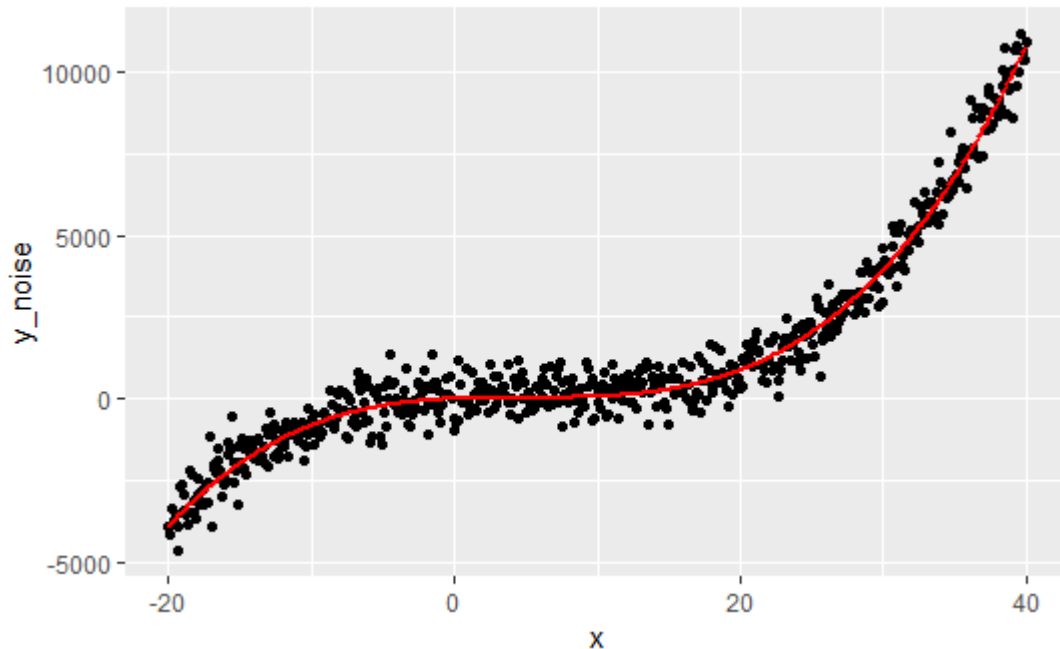
- Data is non-linear (3<sup>rd</sup> order polynom)
  - Linear regression does not cover complexity of data
- Underfitting!



# Polynomial Regression

## Polynomial Fit

- Used when relationship non-linear
- Can estimate a polynomial fit of higher-order
- User needs to define order
- $y = b + m_1 x^1 + m_2 x^2 + m_3 x^3$
- Sidenote: polynomial regression still type of linear regression ( $x^2$  is just feature and  $m_2$  a linear parameter)



# Polynomial Regression

## Too High-Order Fit

- „The more, the better“???
  - $b + m_1 x^1 + m_2 x^2 + \dots + m_N x^N$
  - $N \gg$  than best fit
  - Model covers noise rather than only general shape of data
- Overfitting!

