



DATA SOLUTIONS  
PLATFORM

# DATA ANALYTICS

## POWER BI DATA ANALYSIS

*With Power BI Expert.... Benjamin Taiwo*

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- ❖ Constraints and Data Types
- ❖ Data Sources
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# Introduction to our Platform and Set Expectation

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- ❖ This is a project-based course, designed for learners looking to build a solid career in the data space, be job-ready for a Power BI Analyst role as well as pass the **Microsoft DP-900 and PL-300** exam

## Course resources include:

- ❖ End to End Power BI Downloadable PDF eBook
- ❖ Weekly Assignments and Hands-On Demos
- ❖ At least one paid certification exam
- ❖ Practice Test to replicate the DP-900 and PL-300 exam experience

## Expectations Set:

- ❖ Power Query
- ❖ Power BI Desktop
- ❖ Power BI Service
- ❖ DAX
- ❖ SQL – Data Query Language (DQL)

# Meet the Trainer – Benjamin Taiwo BSc, MEng

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## Previous Roles:

- ❖ Data Analyst
- ❖ Business Intelligence Analyst
- ❖ Data Analytics and Reporting Specialist
- ❖ Senior Database Modeler

\*\*\*\*Microsoft Certified

## Industries Experience:

- ❖ Manufacturing
- ❖ Government
- ❖ Health
- ❖ Insurance
- ❖ Telecom
- ❖ Others

# Why Data Analytics?

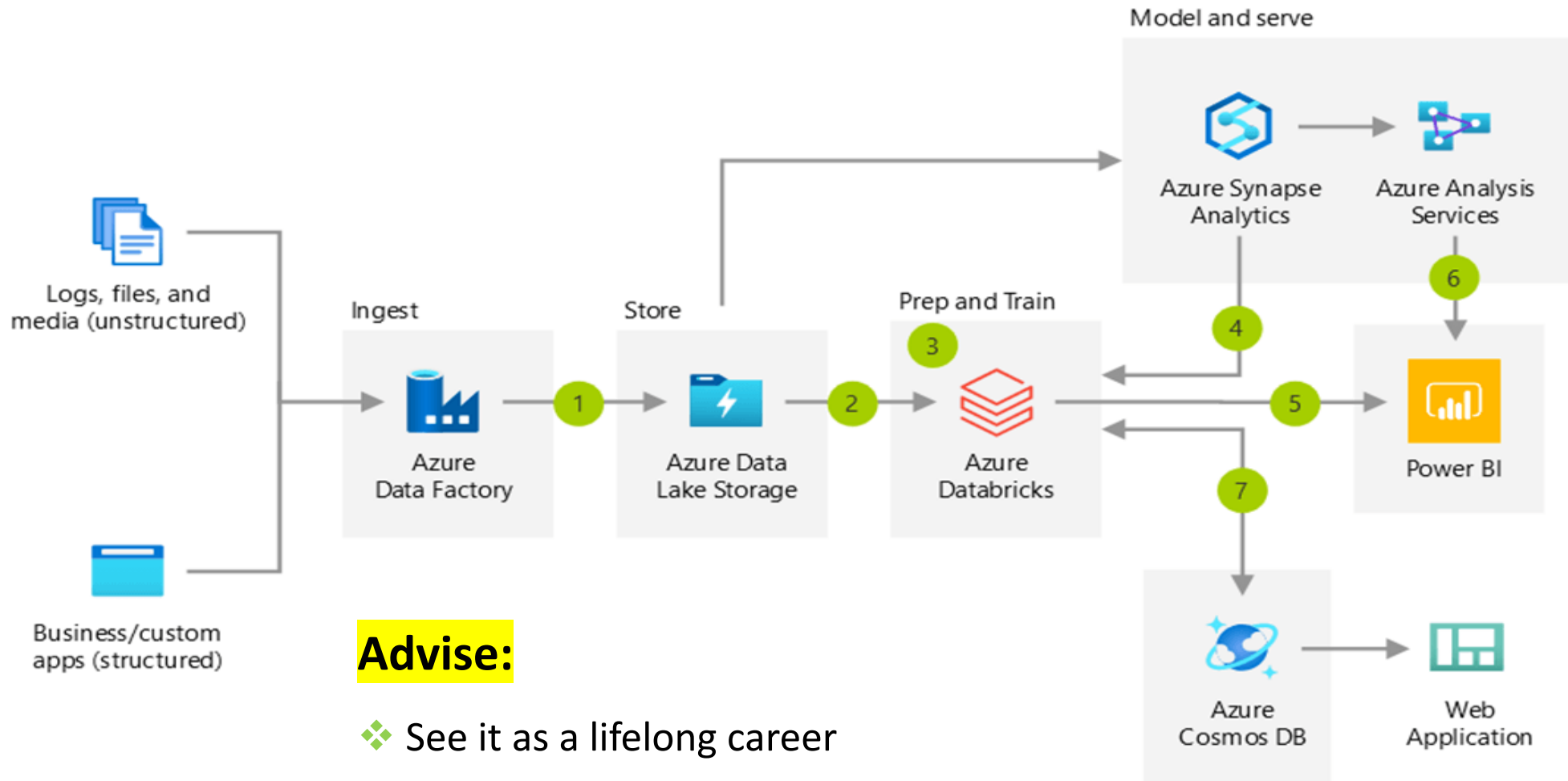
## Data in Abundance:

- ❖ Between the dawn of time and 2003, five exabytes (1 Bn GB) of data had been created at Google.
- ❖ By 2010, this amount of data was being created every **two days**, and by 2021 it was being created every **40 minutes**.
- ❖ There are approximately **400,000 bytes** of data for **every grain of sand on earth**
- ❖ Companies that make use of customer analytics are 23 times more likely to outperform their competitors in customer acquisition (nine times for retention).
- ❖ 75 billion Internet of Things (IoT) devices is estimated to be in the world by 2025

## Data Science Careers:

- ❖ Data science was identified as the skill with the largest skill gap, according to a 2021 report by the World Economic Forum.
- ❖ In 2020 the number of data science job listings outstripped the number of people searching for such jobs by a factor of 3 to 1.
- ❖ By 2026, the US Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates data science will create around 11.5 million job openings
- ❖ The average salary for a data scientist is \$100,000 CAD according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and that of an analyst is \$70,000 CAD.

# ETL Framework



## Advise:

- ❖ See it as a lifelong career
- ❖ Learn something new daily
- ❖ Integrate the skills into your lifestyle

# Course Outline

## Prepare the Data

- ❖ Get data from different sources
- ❖ Clean, transform, and load data

## Model the Data

- ❖ Design a data model
- ❖ Develop a data model
- ❖ Create model calculations with DAX
- ❖ Optimize model performance

## Visualize & Analyze the Data

- ❖ Design Create reports
- ❖ Create dashboards
- ❖ Enrich reports for usability
- ❖ Enhance reports for usability & storytelling
- ❖ Identify patterns & trends

## Deploy & Maintain Assets

- ❖ Manage files & datasets
- ❖ Manage workspaces

## Data Analysis Expressions (DAX)

- ❖ Syntax
- ❖ Operators
- ❖ Aggregate Functions
- ❖ Logical Functions
- ❖ Text Functions
- ❖ Rounding Functions
- ❖ Filter Functions
- ❖ Date & Time Functions

## Structured Query Language (SQL)

- ❖ Data Query Language (DQL)

# THE COURSE PROJECT

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## THE PROJECT

Congratulations! You've just been hired as the Business Intelligence Analyst for **PassThru Corp.**, a national manufacturing company.

## PROJECT SCOPE

The company's senior management needs some measures to make informed decision on how to grow their revenues, make larger profits and increase customer retention rate.

Your assignment is to employ the **complete Microsoft Power BI tools** to design, develop and deploy reports and dashboards for this Team

**Data Source:** A folder with csv files containing information about sales, products, customers, and store locations

## OBJECTIVES

- ❖ Prepare the Data
- ❖ Model the Data
- ❖ Visualize & Analyze the Data
- ❖ Deploy & Maintain Assets

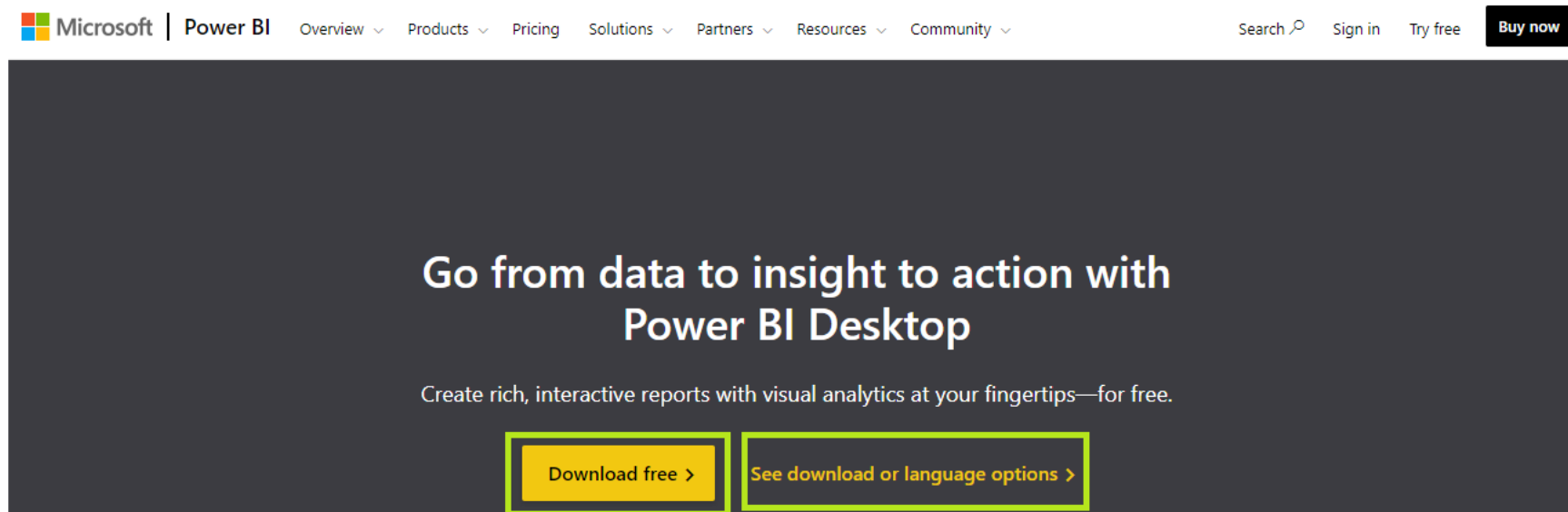


# Introducing Power BI

- ❖ A component of Microsoft Power Platform
- ❖ Power Platform include Power BI, Power Apps, Power Automate, Power Automate Desktop (PAD), Power Virtual Agents

## To Download Power BI:

- ❖ Go to [powerbi.microsoft.com/desktop](https://powerbi.microsoft.com/desktop) and click “**Download free**”
- ❖ Use *See download or language options* to update Power BI Desktop



# PREPARING THE DATA

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## Get data from different sources

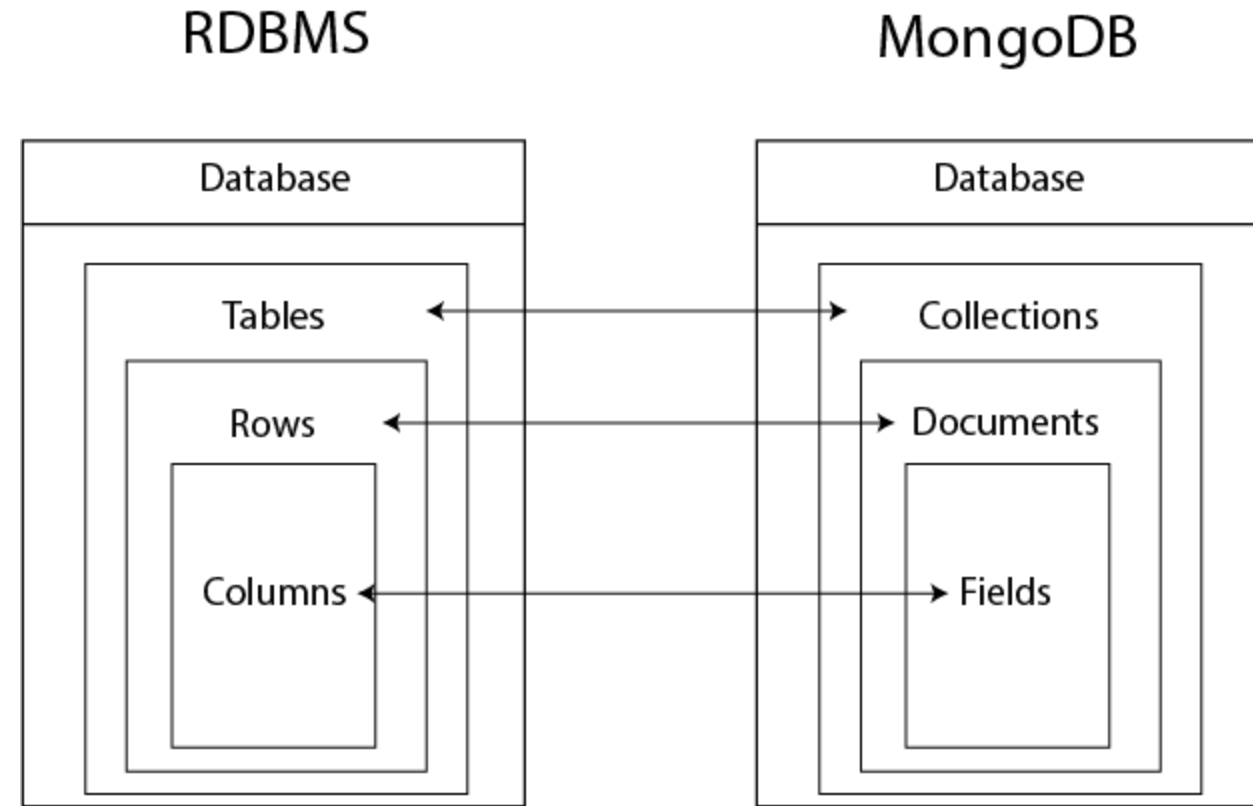
- ❖ Connecting to Data
- ❖ Data Sources
- ❖ Storage Modes
- ❖ Parameters
- ❖ Data Profiling

## Clean, transform and load data

- ❖ Cleaning Data
- ❖ Identifying Keys
- ❖ Shaping Tables
- ❖ Combining Queries
- ❖ Modifying M Code

# Data in Analytics Explained

- ❖ Data is a collection of facts such as numbers, descriptions and observations used in decision making.
- ❖ A table is a **collection** of related data held in a table format within a **database**. It consists of columns and rows.
- ❖ Analytics is the systematic computational analysis of data or statistics. The five areas are **descriptive analytics**, diagnostic analytics, predictive analytics, prescriptive analytics, and cognitive analytics.




# CONSTRAINTS AND DATA TYPES

## Primary and Foreign Keys

- ❖ Primary Key is a column or combination of columns that contain values that uniquely identify each row in the table
- ❖ Foreign Key (FK) is a column or combination of columns that is used to establish and enforce a link between the data in two tables

date	product_id	quantity
1/1/1997	869	5
1/1/1997	1472	3
1/1/1997	76	4
1/1/1997	320	3
1/1/1997	4	4
1/1/1997	952	4
1/1/1997	1222	4
1/1/1997	517	4
1/1/1997	1359	4
1/1/1997	357	4
1/1/1997	1426	5
1/1/1997	190	4
1/1/1997	367	4
1/1/1997	250	5
1/1/1997	600	4
1/1/1997	702	5



These columns are **foreign keys**; they contain *multiple* instances of each value, and are used to match the **primary keys** in related lookup tables

## Data Type

- ❖ A data type is an attribute that specifies the type of data that the object can hold such as integer data, character data, monetary data, date and time data, binary strings, and so on.

date	day_of_month	month	year	weekday	week_of_year	week_ending	month_name	quarter
1/1/1997	1	1	1997	Wednesday	1	1/5/1997	January	Q1
1/2/1997	2	1	1997	Thursday	1	1/5/1997	January	Q1
1/3/1997	3	1	1997	Friday	1	1/5/1997	January	Q1
1/4/1997	4	1	1997	Saturday	1	1/5/1997	January	Q1
1/5/1997	5	1	1997	Sunday	2	1/5/1997	January	Q1
1/6/1997	6	1	1997	Monday	2	1/12/1997	January	Q1

product_id	product_brand	product_name	product_sku	product_retail_price	product_cost	product_weight
1	Washington	Washington Berry Juice	90748583674	2.85	0.94	8.39
2	Washington	Washington Mango Drink	96516502499	0.74	0.26	7.42
3	Washington	Washington Strawberry Drink	58427771925	0.83	0.4	13.1
4	Washington	Washington Cream Soda	64412155747	3.64	1.64	10.6
5	Washington	Washington Diet Soda	85561191439	2.19	0.77	6.66
6	Washington	Washington Cola	29804642796	1.15	0.37	15.8
7	Washington	Washington Diet Cola	20191444754	2.61	0.91	18
8	Washington	Washington Orange Juice	89770532250	2.59	0.8	8.97

These columns are **primary keys**; they *uniquely* identify each row of a table, and match the **foreign keys** in related data tables

# DATA SOURCES

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## Power BI data sources categories

- ❖ Flat files & Folders (csv, text, Excel, JSON etc.)
- ❖ Databases (SQL, Access, Oracle, IBM, MySQL, etc.)
- ❖ Power Platform (Dataflows, Power BI datasets, Dataverse, etc.)
- ❖ Azure (SQL Database, Blob Storage, Cosmos DB, Data Lake Storage, etc.)
- ❖ Online Services (SharePoint, GitHub, Dynamics 365, Google Analytics, Salesforce, etc.)
- ❖ Others (Web feeds, R scripts, Spark, Hadoop, etc.)

# Connecting to Data / Power BI Desktop Overview

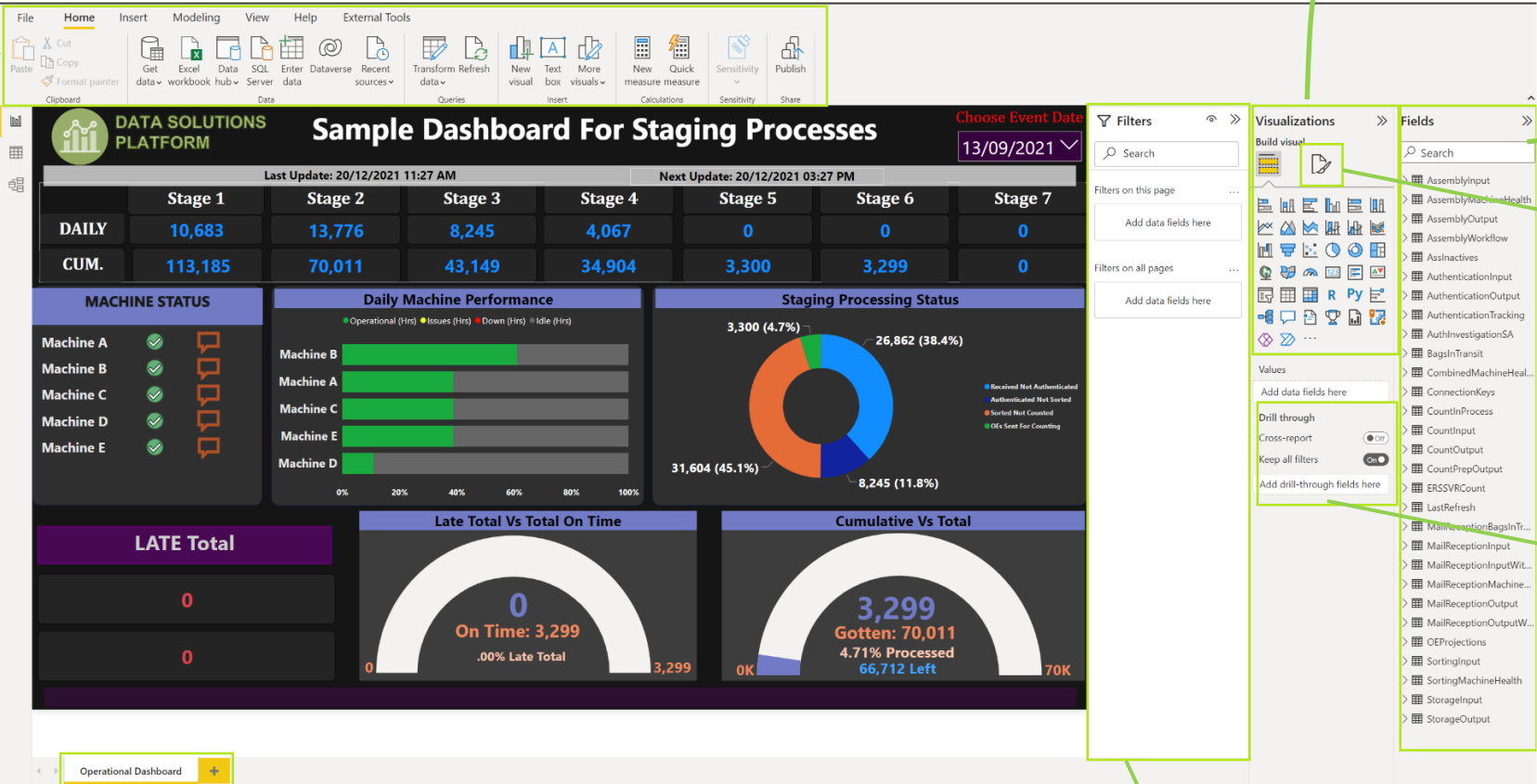
**Menu/Home Options**  
Data, Queries, Insert,  
Calculations, Sensitivity, Share.

**VISUALIZATION OPTIONS**  
Charts, Slicers, Maps, Matrices, etc.

**FIELD LIST**  
Tables, Columns, Measures

**FIELDS/FORMAT/  
ANALYICTS PANE**  
Visual-specific configuration  
& formatting tools

**DRILL THROUGH FILTERS**  
Options for page-level drill  
through filters



**REPORT PAGES**  
Similar to Excel tabs; each is a blank reporting canvas

**FILTERS PANE**  
Visual-Level, Page-Level, and Report-Level Filters

# Connecting to Data / Query Editor Overview

## QUERY EDITING TOOLS

Table transformations, calculated columns, etc.

**FORMULA BAR**  
This is "M" code

**QUERY PANE**

The screenshot displays the Power Query Editor interface. At the top is a ribbon with tabs: File, Home, Transform, Add Column, View, Tools, and Help. The Transform tab is active, showing various data transformation options like 'Merge Queries', 'Append Queries', 'Combine Files', 'Text Analytics', 'Vision', and 'Azure Machine Learning'. Below the ribbon is the Formula Bar, which contains the M code: `= Table.TransformColumnTypes(#"Promoted Headers",{{"Transaction_Date", type date}, {"Stock_Date", type date}, {"Invoice_ID", type text}, {"Age_Group_Key", Int64.Type},`. The main area is the Query Pane, which shows a table with 8 columns and 28 rows. The columns are: Transaction\_Date, Stock\_Date, Invoice\_ID, Age\_Group\_Key, Customer\_Gender\_Key, Region\_Key, Product\_Key, and Quantity\_Sold. The right-hand side of the interface contains two panels: 'Query Settings' and 'Properties'. The 'Properties' panel shows the table name 'PassThru Sales' and a list of applied steps: 'Source', 'Promoted Headers', and 'Changed Type'.

	Transaction_Date	Stock_Date	Invoice_ID	Age_Group_Key	Customer_Gender_Key	Region_Key	Product_Key	Quantity_Sold
1	2015-01-01	2014-08-30	INV-1001	1	1	1	1	271
2	2015-01-01	2014-10-17	INV-1002	1	1	1	4	273
3	2015-01-01	2014-11-28	INV-1003	4	1	1	6	252
4	2015-01-01	2014-08-22	INV-1004	3	2	2	7	244
5	2015-01-01	2014-12-09	INV-1005	4	1	1	9	227
6	2015-01-02	2014-10-17	INV-1006	1	2	2	4	247
7	2015-01-02	2014-08-01	INV-1007	1	2	2	9	255
8	2015-01-02	2014-12-12	INV-1008	1	1	1	9	269
9	2015-01-02	2014-09-30	INV-1009	3	1	1	10	271
10	2015-01-03	2014-09-04	INV-1010	3	2	2	4	229
11	2015-01-03	2014-09-21	INV-1011	1	2	2	4	244
12	2015-01-03	2014-12-10	INV-1012	1	1	1	6	273
13	2015-01-03	2014-09-18	INV-1013	1	2	2	9	249
14	2015-01-03	2014-12-01	INV-1014	1	1	1	9	268
15	2015-01-03	2014-11-07	INV-1015	1	2	2	9	249
16	2015-01-03	2014-10-28	INV-1016	1	1	1	10	229
17	2015-01-03	2014-08-22	INV-1017	3	1	1	10	226
18	2015-01-04	2014-11-04	INV-1018	1	1	1	1	271
19	2015-01-04	2014-07-11	INV-1019	1	2	2	1	245
20	2015-01-04	2014-07-23	INV-1020	1	2	2	4	314
21	2015-01-04	2014-10-03	INV-1021	3	2	2	7	248
22	2015-01-04	2014-10-13	INV-1022	3	1	1	10	226
23	2015-01-05	2014-10-12	INV-1023	1	1	1	4	258
24	2015-01-05	2014-10-17	INV-1024	1	1	1	6	315
25	2015-01-05	2014-10-13	INV-1025	3	1	1	8	274
26	2015-01-06	2014-08-25	INV-1026	3	1	1	1	249
27	2015-01-06	2014-09-20	INV-1027	1	2	2	4	247
28	2015-01-06	2014-10-11	INV-1028	1	2	2	4	250

**TABLE NAME  
& PROPERTIES**

**APPLIED STEPS**  
Like a macro!

**COLUMN PROFILE**  
Based on first 1,000 rows

**DATA VIEW**

# DATA SOURCE: JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)

## Importing a JSON File

- ❖ Convert the JSON list to a table
- ❖ Expand the attributes in the list to columns
- ❖ Change the data type for each column

### Get Data

All

File

Database

Power Platform

Azure

Online Services

Other

File

Excel Workbook

Text/CSV

XML

JSON

Folder

PDF

Parquet

SharePoint folder

Certified Connectors

Template Apps

Connect

Cancel



# DATA SOURCE: SQL SERVER DATABASE

## Importing data from RDB

- ❖ Select the right SQL Database
- ❖ Add the server and schema information and connect
- ❖ Enter the correct user credentials
- ❖ Select the interested tables and load into Power BI

The image shows a three-step process for connecting to a MySQL database in Power BI:

- Get Data:** The 'Database' category is selected in the left sidebar. In the 'Database' list, 'MySQL database' is highlighted. The 'Connect' button is visible at the bottom.
- MySQL database configuration:** A dialog box appears with 'localhost' in the 'Server' field and 'test\_file' in the 'Database' field. The 'Include relationship columns' checkbox is checked. The 'OK' button is highlighted.
- Database configuration:** A second dialog box shows 'localhost;test\_file' in the 'Server' field. The 'User name' is 'btaivo' and the 'Password' is masked with dots. The 'Select which level to apply these settings to' dropdown is set to 'localhost'. The 'Connect' button is highlighted.

# STORAGE MODES

Power BI lets you choose between these types of **storage modes** for your data sources:

- ❖ **Import:** Tables stored in-memory within Power BI and queries are fulfilled by cached data
- ❖ **DirectQuery:** Tables connected directly to the source & queries executed on-demand at the source
- ❖ **Dual:** Tables come from in-memory data or by an on-demand query to the data source

Use **DirectQuery** when:

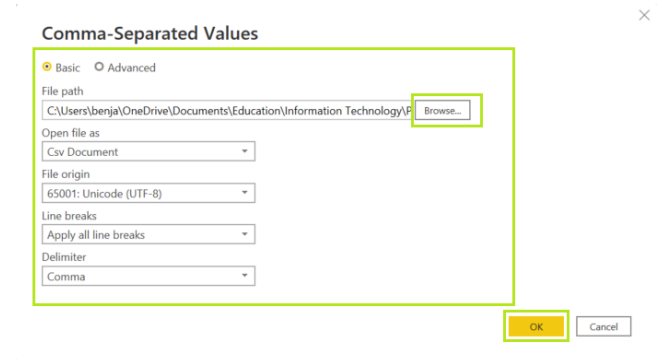
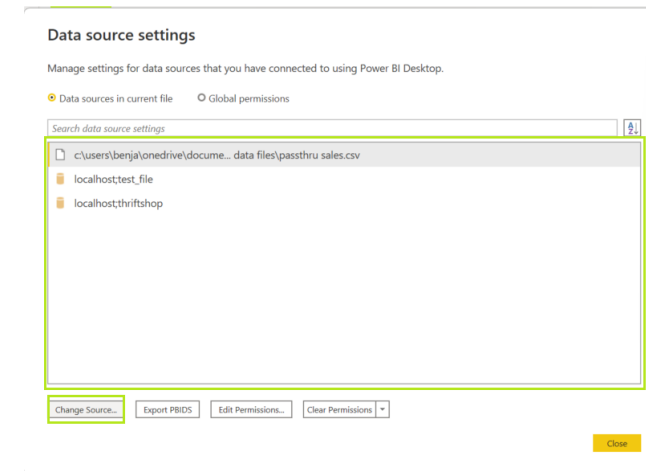
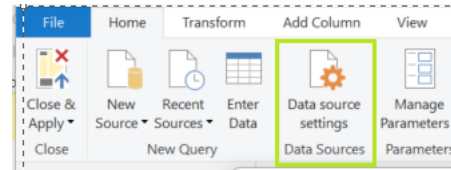
- ❖ Dataset is too large to be stored in-memory
- ❖ Source data changes frequently & reports must show the most recent data
- ❖ Company policy states data can only be accessed from the original source

	Imported Data	DirectQuery
Performance	-Best	-Depends on the data source. Generally, slower compared to imported data
Number of Data Sources	-Unlimited	-Unlimited
Data Transformations	-No M transform restrictions	-Limited M transforms -Transforms based on data source language
Data Modeling	-No restrictions on data modeling	-Very restricted -Limited DAX & no calculated tables -Quick Insights not supported
Data Model Size	-Loaded in-memory (increases model size) -Pro: 1GB per dataset -Premium: Capacity based	-Large/frequent volume of data -Does not increase model size -Limited by data source hardware
Data Refresh	-Data only current to last refresh -Pro: 8x per day 30-min intervals -Full refreshes are “expensive”	-Near real-time -Report always shows latest data available
Row-level Security	-User-level role definitions	-User-level role definitions only available for some data sources

# DATA SOURCE SETTINGS

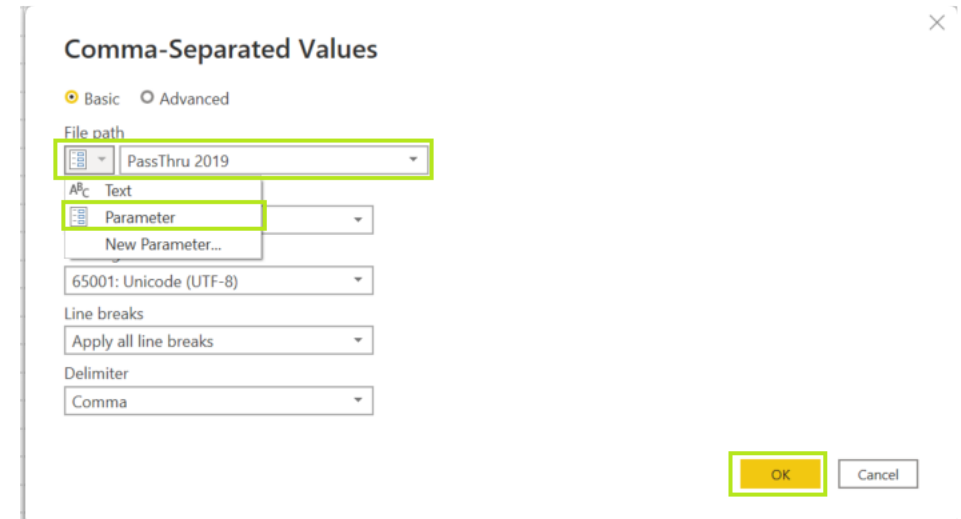
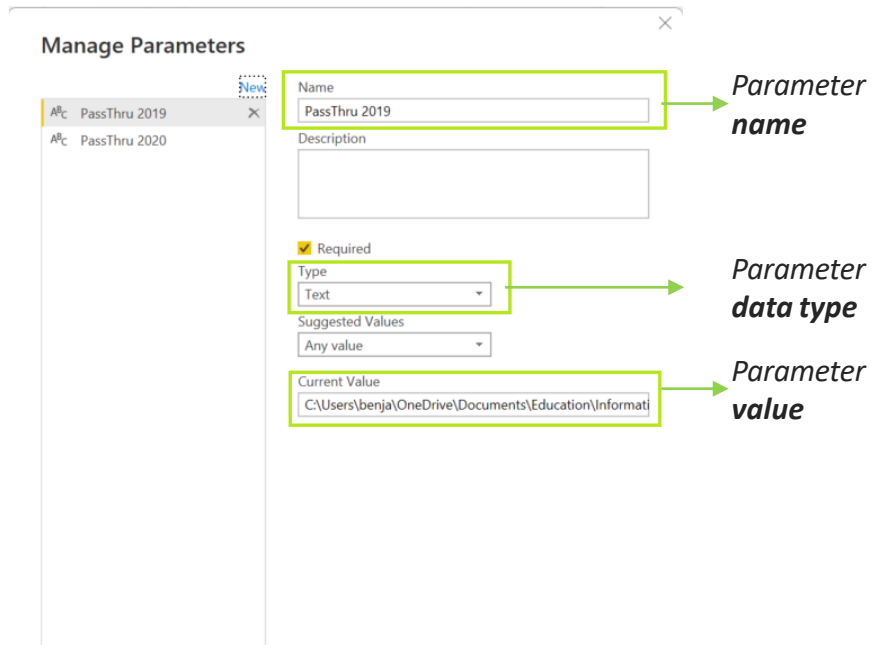
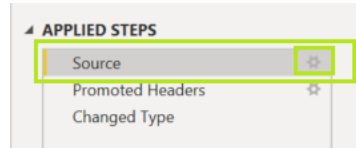
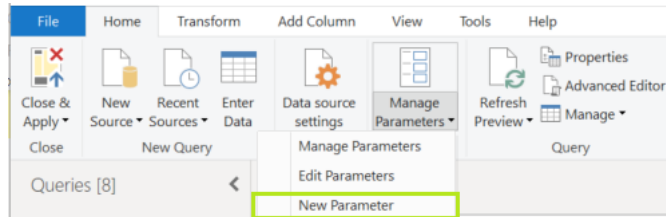
## Managing data connections and permissions

- ❖ Connections to local files reference the exact path. If the file name or location changes, you will need to change the source and browse to the current version.



# DYNAMIC SOURCES WITH PARAMETERS

**Parameters** are a useful way to change data source values dynamically in Power Query



# More Details on the Platform

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- ❖ Class starts fully in October
- ❖ Duration is 8 weeks with ongoing coaching (Your success is our success)
- ❖ Cost: \$400
- ❖ Payment: Interact to [datasolutionsplatform@gmail.com](mailto:datasolutionsplatform@gmail.com)
- ❖ People in Nigeria – Contact me on WhatsApp for account details.

## Next Class Expectation

- ❖ DP-900 Exam should be scheduled
- ❖ Payment should be completed
- ❖ Rolling Calendar Assignment should be completed
- ❖ We are working on the PL-300 exam discount.

**THANK YOU FOR LISTENING**

**Q & A**