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1  #ifndef __LinkList_Implementation__          // For those using Visual Studio,
    lets try to avoid LNK2004 errors...
2  #define __LinkList_Implementation__
3
4  #define PlaneSize 80          // Small commercial plane [Boeing?]
5
6  #pragma region Inclusions
7  #include <iostream>           // Input and Output
8  #include <cstring>             // Used for the 'NULL' keyword, despite that it
9                                // is '0' or 'OL', but keep this for convention
10                               // sakes.
11 #include <cstdlib>
12 #include "LinkedList.h"       // Implementation for Link List.
13 #pragma endregion
14
15
16
17 // Instructions
18 // =====
19 // Documentation:
20 // Provide instructions to the user as to what this program is doing and how to
    use it.
21 // =====
22 void Reservation::Instructions()
23 {
24     std::cout << "WELCOME TO BLUE-SKY AIRLINES!" << std::endl
25         << "Where we are dedicated to suckering you out of your money!" <<
        std::endl
26         << "-----" << std::endl
27         << "This is a simulation program that provides some flexibility with" <<
        std::endl
28         << "adjusting the link list and minor management tools. With this
        program," << std::endl
29         << "it is possible to generate a reasonable size customer list and
        perform" << std::endl
30         << "maintenance as needed. Such maintenance could be removing a
        customer," << std::endl
31         << "updating the customer's information, update reservations, change
        seats," << std::endl
32         << "and even revise customer's in-flight meals! Use the menu to
        navigate" << std::endl
33         << "through this program and try to crash it! I dare you!" << std::endl
34         << "Looks like I picked the wrong week to quit sniffing glue. -Steve
        McCroskey" // reference: https://youtu.be/VmW-ScmGRMA
35         << std::endl << std::endl;
36 } // Instructions()
37
38
39
40 // Main Menu
41 // =====
42 // Documentation:

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43 // This function will provide a list of functionality that is available to the
    end-user.
44 // =====
45 void Reservation::MainMenu()
46 {
47     // The border for the main menu screen
48     std::cout << "Select an option:" << std::endl
49         << "===== " << std::endl;
50
51     // Main menu options
52     std::cout << "[1] - Automatically Generate a Customer List" << std::endl
53         << "[2] - Manually add a new customer" << std::endl
54         << "[3] - Print all customer information" << std::endl
55         << "[4] - Search for a passenger" << std::endl
56         << "[5] - Update passenger information" << std::endl
57         << "[6] - Remove passenger from list" << std::endl
58         << "[7] - Check in passenger" << std::endl
59         << "[8] - Print check in report" << std::endl
60         << "[9] - Print menu report" << std::endl
61         << "[0] - Sort passenger list" << std::endl
62         << "[X] - Exit" << std::endl << std::endl;
63 } // MainMenu()
64
65
66
67 // Evaluate and Run
68 // =====
69 // Documentation:
70 // This will allow the user to perform the requested action, if STDIN is legal.
71 // -----
72 // Parameters:
73 //   STDIN [char]
74 //       User's requested action
75 //   head [Node**]
76 //       Primary list that contains user info
77 // =====
78 void Reservation::EvaluateAndRun(char STDIN)
79 {
80     Node* nullityNode = NULL;           // If the user chooses option '3', then
81                                           // this pointer will be available as
82                                           // the Print_Passenger_List() function
83                                           requires
84                                           // a node datatype, we will send
85                                           // an empty node but will not be
86                                           // used during the execution.
87
88     switch (STDIN)
89     {
90     case '1': // Automatically generate customer list
91         Autofill_List();
92         break;
93     case '2': // Manually input customer
94         ManualCustomerAdd();

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93         break;
94     case '3': // Print all customers [primary pointer]
95         Print_Passenger_List(nullityNode, false);
96         break;
97     case '4': // Search for passenger
98         FindPrintPassenger();
99         break;
100    case '5': // Update passenger information
101        UpdatePassengerInformation();
102        break;
103    case '6': // Thrash passenger node
104        delete_node();
105        break;
106    case '7': // Passenger Checking
107        CheckInPassenger();
108        break;
109    case '8':
110        Print_CheckIn_List(); //print check in report
111        break;
112    case '9':
113        Print_Meal_List(); //print meal choice report
114        break;
115    case '0':
116        Sort(); //sort list
117        break;
118    case 'X': // Quietly pass through; exit
119        break;
120    case 'x': // Quietly pass through; exit
121        break;
122    default: // Bad Input
123        std::cout << "Incorrect option!" << std::endl << std::endl;
124        break;
125    } // switch
126
127    ClearBuffer(); // Provide spacing after evaluation
128 } // EvaluateAndRun()
129
130
131
132 // Prompt User [Main Menu]
133 // =====
134 // Documentation:
135 // Capture user input and return it as an integer. By convention, use a python'ish input prompt.
136 // From personal experience, this is more clear that the program is 'wanting' something from the user.
137 // -----
138 // Output:
139 // STDIN [Char]
140 // Return the STDIN from the end-user.
141 // =====
142 char Reservation::PromptUser_MainMenu()

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143 {
144     char inputCapture = '-';           // If in case - to avoid bugs, use a default ↗
145     value.
146     std::cout << ">>>> ";           // The python'ish prompt
147     std::cin >> inputCapture;           // Capture the input
148     return inputCapture;               // Return the value.
149 } // PromptUser_MainMenu()
150
151
152
153 // Clear Buffer
154 // =====
155 // This function, despite minimal, will try to make the buffer easier to read ↗
156 // for the end user.
157 // =====
158 void Reservation::ClearBuffer()
159 {
160     std::cout << std::endl
161     << std::endl
162     << std::endl
163     << std::endl
164     << std::endl;
165 } // ClearBuffer()
166
167
168
169 // Reservation Constructor
170 // =====
171 // Documentation:
172 // This function will initialize the head pointer to NULL.
173 // =====
174 Reservation::Reservation()
175 {
176     head = NULL;
177 };
178
179
180
181 // Print Passenger List
182 // =====
183 // Documentation:
184 // This function will output all of the information within the link list.
185 // -----
186 // Parameters:
187 // listIndex [Node*]
188 // This will take any valid link list, but this is only
189 // usable for single indexes, not a list! With that,
190 // this parameter works with the 'runOnce' parameter and must be
191 // set to 'true' instead of false. IIF false, then listIndex
192 // ignored. Otherwise, when true, listIndex will be printed.
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193 // runOnce [bool]
194 //     When true, this will allow 'listIndex' to be printed on the screen.
195 //     This parameter adjusts this function to only print ONE node on the
196 //     terminal buffer and no more. If this variable is 'false', then
197 //     the standard list takes precedence.
198 // =====
199 void Reservation::Print_Passenger_List(Node* listIndex, bool runOnce = false)
200 {
201     // IIF runOnce is true then use the listIndex, otherwise use head.
202     Node *temp = runOnce ? listIndex : head;
203
204     // If head is empty, present an error message and leave this function.
205     if (temp == NULL)
206     {
207         std::cout << "<!\> ERROR <!\>: No entries within the list are present!" << ↵
208             << "Nothing to print nor report! Please generate or create a new ↵
209                 list." << std::endl;
210         return;
211     } // if
212
213     int indexCounter = 1; // This will be helpful to know what index the client ↵
214         is located within the list.
215
216     // Output the available list with the information required.
217     // IIF runOnce is true, then we will only output one index.
218     // else, when runOnce is false, we will output the entire list available.
219     while (temp != NULL && ((runOnce && indexCounter < 2) || !runOnce))
220     {
221         std::cout << "Index number: " << indexCounter << std::endl
222             << "Passenger ID: " << temp->passengerID << std::endl
223             << "Passenger Name: " << temp->nameLast << ", " << temp->nameFirst ↵
224                 << std::endl
225             << "Telephone Number: " << temp->telephoneNum << std::endl
226             << "Reservation Number: " << temp->reservationNum << std::endl
227             << "Seat on the plane: " << temp->seatNum << std::endl
228             << "Preferred Meal Plan: " << temp->mealType << std::endl << ↵
229                 std::endl;
230
231         temp = temp->next; // Move to the next node
232         indexCounter++;
233     } // while
234 } // Print_Passenger_List()
235
236 // Insert New Node Entry
237 // =====
238 // Documentation:
239 // This function will forward the new node (or data) onto
240 // the primary link list (or pointer)
241 // -----

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240 // Parameters:
241 // head [Node]
242 //     The primary list that is to be updated.
243 // NewEntry [Node]
244 //     New information that is to be merged or imported into the 'head'.
245 // =====
246 void Reservation::InsertNode(Node* newEntry)
247 {
248     // Disallow any new entries if the plane is full.
249     if (PlaneSize <= ListSize())
250     {
251         std::cout << "<!\> ERROR <!\>: Unable to add new entry!" << std::endl
252             << "The plane is currently full and we have yet to add seats on the wings." << std::endl
253             << "Please consider deleting a passenger with no refunds." << std::endl;
254         return;
255     } // if
256
257     if (head == NULL) // if the current list contains no entries
258         head = newEntry; // then immediately add the temp entry to the list.
259     else
260     {
261         newEntry->next = head; // Import the primary list to the temp entry.
262         head = newEntry;      // Export all of the entries from the temp list to the primary list.
263     }
264 } // InsertNode()
265
266
267
268
269 // Create a New Node
270 // =====
271 // Documentation:
272 // Generate a new entry to be imported into the primary list.
273 // This function will merely make sure that all information is
274 // present before allowing the new node to be official in the
275 // primary list.
276 // -----
277 // Parameters:
278 // head [Node]
279 //     The primary list that will soon include the new node entry.
280 // nameFirst [string]
281 //     Client's first name
282 // nameLast [string]
283 //     Client's last name
284 // passengerID [int]
285 //     Client's Passenger ID
286 // reservationNum [int]
287 //     Client's reservation ID
288 // telephoneNum [int]

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289 //      Client's telephone number
290 //      seatNum [int]
291 //      Client's seat number
292 //      mealType [string]
293 //      Client's requested meal.
294 // =====
295 void Reservation::CreateNewNode(std::string nameFirst, std::string nameLast, int ↗
    passengerID, int reservationNum, int telephoneNum, int seatNum, std::string ↗
    mealType)
296 {
297     // Create a new node to store the new information
298     Node* newEntry = new Node;
299
300
301     // Generate the incoming data into the newly created node
302     newEntry->nameFirst = nameFirst;
303     newEntry->nameLast = nameLast;
304     newEntry->passengerID = passengerID;
305     newEntry->reservationNum = reservationNum;
306     newEntry->telephoneNum = telephoneNum;
307     newEntry->seatNum = seatNum;
308     newEntry->mealType = mealType;
309     newEntry->checkedIn = false;
310
311     newEntry->next = NULL;
312     // Import the data into the primary list
313     InsertNode(newEntry);
314 } // CreateNewNode()
315
316
317
318 // Autofill List [Numbers - Dependency]
319 // =====
320 // Documentation:
321 // This function will provide an easier way to manage
322 // randomized numbers for populating the passenger
323 // information.
324 // -----
325 // Parameters:
326 // key [int]
327 // This will allow us to provide a random number
328 // based on what attribute we are requesting.
329 // Acceptable Key Values:
330 // 0 = Passenger ID
331 // 1 = Reservation Number
332 // 2 = Telephone Number
333 // -----
334 // Output:
335 // Returns a specific, though randomized, integer based on the
336 // key used.
337 // =====
338 int Reservation::Autofill_List_Numbers(int key)

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339 {
340     // Initializations
341     // -----
342     // We will be using these as a way to assure that all values are unique -
343     // dynamically at runtime.
344     // Best approach? No. Best on performance? Absolutely not - at least if
345     // worst case occurs.
346     int newRandomValue;           // This will be used to inspect the rand() value
347     // is unique
348     bool uniqueFound;           // Will be used in cooperation with the loops.
349     Node* temp = head;          // The list that we will be searching
350     Node* nullityNode = NULL;    // A temporary list that wont be used, but
351     // required for the search() function.
352     // -----
353     // Determine the requested type to return
354     switch (key)
355     {
356     case 0:           // Passenger ID
357         do           // Keep scanning until we find unique key
358         {           // It is possible for processing lag phenomenon
359             newRandomValue = rand() % 9999 + 1;
360             uniqueFound = Search(&temp, &nullityNode, 2, " ", newRandomValue) ?
361             false : true;
362         } while (!uniqueFound);
363         return newRandomValue; // Return the unique key
364         break;
365     case 1:           // Reservation Number
366         do           // Keep scanning until we find unique key
367         {           // It is possible for processing lag phenomenon
368             newRandomValue = rand() % 999 + 100;
369             uniqueFound = Search(&temp, &nullityNode, 3, " ", newRandomValue) ?
370             false : true;
371         } while (!uniqueFound);
372         return newRandomValue; // Return the unique key
373         break;
374     case 2:           // Telephone Numbers
375         do           // Keep scanning until we find unique key
376         {           // It is possible for processing lag phenomenon
377             newRandomValue = rand() % 8999999999 + 1000000000;
378             uniqueFound = Search(&temp, &nullityNode, 4, " ", newRandomValue) ?
379             false : true;
380         } while (!uniqueFound);
381         return newRandomValue; // Return the unique key
382         break;
383     default:
384         // Error; access violation occurred.
385         return -255;
386         break;
387     } // switch
388 } // Autofill_List_Numbers()
389

```



```
384
385
386 // Autofill List [Meal Choice - Dependency]
387 // =====
388 // Documentation:
389 // This function will provide a randomized choice of
390 // the <del>horrible</del> best foods available
391 // in Blue-Sky Air Lines!
392 //
393 // The list is inspired by Indiana Jones Temple of Doom
394 // -----
395 // Output:
396 // string
397 //     A randomized string output of the desired
398 //     food or meal that the passenger is willing
399 //     order.
400 // =====
401 std::string Reservation::Autofill_List_MealChoice()
402 {
403     // Randomly pick a number that will
404     // allow us to choose which meal the
405     // passenger is going to eat.
406     int choice = rand() % 4;
407
408     // Evaluate the choice and return the appropriate value.
409     switch (choice)
410     {
411     case 0:
412         return "Monkey Brains";
413         break;
414     case 1:
415         return "Tuna Eyeballs";
416         break;
417     case 2:
418         return "Raw Octopus";
419         break;
420     case 3:
421         return "Fish"; // https://youtu.be/rQbj9uvYL8I
422         break;
423     default:
424         return "Expired Peanuts";
425         break;
426     } // switch
427 } // Autofill_List_MealChoice()
428
429
430
431 // Find Available Seat
432 // =====
433 // Documentation:
434 // This function will merely provide the next available seat.
435 // -----
```

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436 // Output:
437 // Returns the seat ID that is available.
438 // if the seat is not available or is not unique,
439 // then a value of -255 is returned, signaling an error.
440 // however, if the seat is available - then the
441 // seat requested will be returned to confirm.
442 // =====
443 int Reservation::GetSeatAvailable(int requestKey = -255)
444 {
445     // Initializations
446     // -----
447     // We will be using these as a way to assure that all values are unique - ↗
448     // dynamically at runtime.
449     // Best approach? No. Best on performance? Absolutely not - at least if ↗
450     // worst case occurs.
451     int newRandomValue; // This will be used to inspect the rand() value ↗
452     // is unique
453     bool uniqueFound; // Will be used in cooperation with the loops.
454     Node* temp = head; // The list that we will be searching
455     Node* nullityNode = NULL; // A temporary list that wont be used, but ↗
456     // required for the search() function.
457     // -----
458     // Check to see if the user is requesting a new seat
459     if (requestKey != -255)
460     { // Check if the seat is available; end-user manual request
461         uniqueFound = Search(&temp, &>nullityNode, 5, " ", requestKey) ? false : ↗
462         true;
463         newRandomValue = uniqueFound ? requestKey : -255;
464         return newRandomValue;
465     }
466     else // This will be used for auto fill functionality
467     { // Keep scanning until we find unique key
468         // It is possible for processing lag phenomenon
469         newRandomValue = rand() % 100 + 1;
470         uniqueFound = Search(&temp, &>nullityNode, 5, " ", newRandomValue) ? ↗
471         false : true;
472         } while (!uniqueFound);
473         return newRandomValue; // Return the unique key
474     } // GetSeatAvailable()
475
476 // Autofill List
477 // =====
478 // Documentation:
479 // This function will automatically populate and generate a reasonably
480 // sized list.
481 // Notes:
482 // I feel like a tool for using 'babynames.com' to populate
483 // with random names....
484 // -----

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```

482 // Parameters:
483 // head [Node*]
484 // This will take any valid link list.
485 // =====
486 void Reservation::Autofill_List()
487 {
488     // __HARD_CODED__
489     // Update this algorithm with caution!
490     //---
491     // To auto-generate, we are going to throw hard-coded values
492     // to the link list. This will greatly allow us to debug or
493     // generally work with the list.
494     for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++)
495     {
496         switch (i)
497         {
498             case 0:
499                 CreateNewNode(                // primary list
500                     "Fabian",                // First Name
501                     "Nadie",                // Last Name
502                     Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
503                     Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
504                     Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
505                     GetSeatAvailable(),       // Seat Num
506                     Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
507                 break;
508             case 1:
509                 CreateNewNode(                // primary list
510                     "Ganit",                // First Name
511                     "Ume",                // Last Name
512                     Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
513                     Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
514                     Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
515                     GetSeatAvailable(),       // Seat Num
516                     Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
517                 break;
518             case 2:
519                 CreateNewNode(                // primary list
520                     "Dan",                // First Name
521                     "Randi",                // Last Name
522                     Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
523                     Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
524                     Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
525                     GetSeatAvailable(),       // Seat Num
526                     Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
527                 break;
528             case 3:
529                 CreateNewNode(                // primary list
530                     "Reese",                // First Name
531                     "Nafisa",                // Last Name
532                     Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
533                     Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num

```

```
534         Autofill_List_Numbers(2),    // Telephone Num
535         GetSeatAvailable(),           // Seat Num
536         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
537     break;
538 case 4:
539     CreateNewNode(                    // primary list
540         "Nina",                      // First Name
541         "Albany",                    // Last Name
542         Autofill_List_Numbers(0),    // Passenger ID
543         Autofill_List_Numbers(1),    // Reservation Num
544         Autofill_List_Numbers(2),    // Telephone Num
545         GetSeatAvailable(),           // Seat Num
546         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
547     break;
548 case 5:
549     CreateNewNode(                    // primary list
550         "Alexis",                    // First Name
551         "Wayne",                     // Last Name
552         Autofill_List_Numbers(0),    // Passenger ID
553         Autofill_List_Numbers(1),    // Reservation Num
554         Autofill_List_Numbers(2),    // Telephone Num
555         GetSeatAvailable(),           // Seat Num
556         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
557     break;
558 case 6:
559     CreateNewNode(                    // primary list
560         "Rani",                      // First Name
561         "Falcon",                    // Last Name
562         Autofill_List_Numbers(0),    // Passenger ID
563         Autofill_List_Numbers(1),    // Reservation Num
564         Autofill_List_Numbers(2),    // Telephone Num
565         GetSeatAvailable(),           // Seat Num
566         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
567     break;
568 case 7:
569     CreateNewNode(                    // primary list
570         "Yasmine",                   // First Name
571         "Benicia",                   // Last Name
572         Autofill_List_Numbers(0),    // Passenger ID
573         Autofill_List_Numbers(1),    // Reservation Num
574         Autofill_List_Numbers(2),    // Telephone Num
575         GetSeatAvailable(),           // Seat Num
576         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
577     break;
578 case 8:
579     CreateNewNode(                    // primary list
580         "Al",                        // First Name
581         "Bundy",                     // Last Name
582         Autofill_List_Numbers(0),    // Passenger ID
583         Autofill_List_Numbers(1),    // Reservation Num
584         Autofill_List_Numbers(2),    // Telephone Num
585         GetSeatAvailable(),           // Seat Num
```

```
586         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
587     break;
588 case 9:
589     CreateNewNode( // primary list
590         "Janeeva", // First Name
591         "Zaina", // Last Name
592         Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
593         Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
594         Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
595         GetSeatAvailable(), // Seat Num
596         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
597     break;
598 case 10:
599     CreateNewNode( // primary list
600         "Ofra", // First Name
601         "Sable", // Last Name
602         Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
603         Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
604         Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
605         GetSeatAvailable(), // Seat Num
606         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
607     break;
608 case 11:
609     CreateNewNode( // primary list
610         "Nadalia", // First Name
611         "Hao", // Last Name
612         Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
613         Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
614         Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
615         GetSeatAvailable(), // Seat Num
616         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
617     break;
618 case 12:
619     CreateNewNode( // primary list
620         "Hana", // First Name
621         "Starr", // Last Name
622         Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
623         Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
624         Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
625         GetSeatAvailable(), // Seat Num
626         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
627     break;
628 case 13:
629     CreateNewNode( // primary list
630         "Ashia", // First Name
631         "Baeddan", // Last Name
632         Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
633         Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
634         Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
635         GetSeatAvailable(), // Seat Num
636         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
637     break;
```

```
638     case 14:
639         CreateNewNode(                // primary list
640             "Qi",                      // First Name
641             "Wahponjea",              // Last Name
642             Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
643             Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
644             Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
645             GetSeatAvailable(),        // Seat Num
646             Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
647     break;
648     case 15:
649         CreateNewNode(                // primary list
650             "Hali",                   // First Name
651             "Eamon",                  // Last Name
652             Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
653             Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
654             Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
655             GetSeatAvailable(),        // Seat Num
656             Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
657     break;
658     case 16:
659         CreateNewNode(                // primary list
660             "Tai Yang",               // First Name
661             "Taipa",                  // Last Name
662             Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
663             Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
664             Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
665             GetSeatAvailable(),        // Seat Num
666             Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
667     break;
668     case 17:
669         CreateNewNode(                // primary list
670             "Achava",                 // First Name
671             "Nili",                   // Last Name
672             Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
673             Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
674             Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
675             GetSeatAvailable(),        // Seat Num
676             Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
677     break;
678     case 18:
679         CreateNewNode(                // primary list
680             "John",                   // First Name
681             "Hancock",                // Last Name
682             Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
683             Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
684             Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
685             GetSeatAvailable(),        // Seat Num
686             Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
687     break;
688     case 19:
689         CreateNewNode(                // primary list
```

```

690         "Theodore",           // First Name
691         "Roosevelt",          // Last Name
692         Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID
693         Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
694         Autofill_List_Numbers(2), // Telephone Num
695         GetSeatAvailable(),      // Seat Num
696         Autofill_List_MealChoice()); // Preferred Meal
697     break;
698     default: // Easter Egg!
699         CreateNewNode(           // primary list
700             "Jenny",             // First Name
701             "Tommy Tutone",      // Last Name
702             -919,                // Passenger ID [919 area ↗
703             code ;)]
704             -919,                // Reservation Num
705             8675309,            // Telephone Num [reference: ↗
706             https://youtu.be/8ou6DDG5e7I ]
707             919,                // Seat Num
708             "MRE");             // Preferred Meal - ↗
709             Military acronym for 'Meal Ready to Eat', its horrible.
710     break;
711 } // switch
712 } // for
713 } // Autofill_List()
714
715 // User Input [String]
716 // =====
717 // Documentation:
718 // This function will allow the user to input a specific string into the ↗
719 // program.
720 // -----
721 // Parameters:
722 // UsePrompt [bool]
723 // If true, this will provide the python'ish prompt.
724 // -----
725 // Output:
726 // string
727 // Returns a string captured from STDIN.
728 // =====
729 std::string Reservation::UserInput_String(bool UsePrompt = true)
730 {
731     std::string userInput;      // Use this to capture the STDIN
732
733     if (UsePrompt)
734         std::cout << ">>>>> "; // The python'ish prompt
735
736     std::cin >> userInput;      // Capture the input
737
738     return userInput;           // Return the value.
739 } // UserInput_String()

```

```

738
739
740
741 // User Input [Number]
742 // =====
743 // Documentation:
744 // This function will allow the user to input a specific number into the program.
745 // -----
746 // Parameters:
747 // UsePrompt [bool]
748 // If true, this will provide the python'ish prompt.
749 // -----
750 // Output:
751 // int
752 // Returns an int captured from STDIN.
753 // =====
754 int Reservation::UserInput_Number(bool UsePrompt = true)
755 {
756     int userInput; // Use this to capture the STDIN
757
758     if (UsePrompt)
759         std::cout << ">>>>> "; // The python'ish prompt
760
761     std::cin >> userInput; // Capture the input
762
763     while(!std::cin) //ensures user inputed number is an integer
764     {
765         std::cin.clear();
766         std::cin.ignore(INT_MAX, '\n');
767         std::cout << "bad input, please enter again." << std::flush <<
768             std::endl;
769
770         std::cout << ">>>>> "; // The python'ish prompt
771
772         std::cin >> userInput;
773     }
774
775     std::cin.clear(); //clears cin buffer
776     std::cin.ignore(INT_MAX, '\n');
777     return userInput; // Return the value.
778
779 } // UserInput_Number()
780
781
782
783 // User Input [Bool]
784 // =====
785 // Documentation:
786 // This function will allow the user to input a yes or no into the program.
787 // -----

```



```

788 // Parameters:
789 // UsePrompt [bool]
790 //     If true, this will provide the python'ish prompt.
791 // -----
792 // Output:
793 // bool
794 //     Returns a bool captured from STDIN.
795 // =====
796 bool Reservation::UserInput_Bool(bool UsePrompt = true)
797 {
798     char userInput;           // Use this to capture the STDIN
799
800     if (UsePrompt)
801         std::cout << ">>>>> "; // The python'ish prompt
802
803     std::cin >> userInput;     // Capture the input
804
805
806     if (tolower(userInput) == 'y') // See if 'Yes' was selected
807         return true;              // Yes
808     else
809         return false;             // No
810 } // UserInput_Bool()
811
812
813
814 // Manual Customer Add [Meal Choice]
815 // =====
816 // Documentation:
817 // I have decided to separate this chunk of code into its own function
818 // this way its a bit easier and the parent function is not so bloated.
819 // -----
820 // Output:
821 // string
822 //     Returns the preferred meal choice
823 // =====
824 std::string Reservation::ManualCustomerAdd_MealChoice()
825 {
826     // We will use this to store the user's choice and then process it later.
827     int userChoice;
828
829     // Provide the in-flight meal list:
830     std::cout << "Select a number: " << std::endl
831         << " 1) Monkey Brains" << std::endl
832         << " 2) Tuna Eyeballs" << std::endl
833         << " 3) Raw Octopus" << std::endl
834         << " 4) Fish" << std::endl
835         << " 5) Expired Peanuts" << std::endl << std::endl;
836
837     // Prevent bad input; run away protection
838     bool badInputCatch;
839     do

```

```
840     {
841         // Get the customer's request
842         userChoice = UserInput_Number();
843
844         // Process the user's request
845         switch (userChoice)
846         {
847             case 1:                // Monkey Brains
848                 return "Monkey Brains";
849                 break;
850             case 2:                // Tuna Eyeballs
851                 return "Tuna Eyeballs";
852                 break;
853             case 3:                // Raw Octopus
854                 return "Raw Octopus";
855                 break;
856             case 4:                // Fish [Seriously, don't go for the fish!
857                                     https://youtu.be/rQbj9uvYL8I ]
858                 return "Fish";
859                 break;
860             case 5:                // Expired Peanuts
861                 return "Expired Peanuts";
862                 break;
863             default:               // Bad Input
864                 std::cout << "Incorrect option!" << std::endl;
865                 badInputCatch = true;
866                 break;
867         } // switch
868     } while (badInputCatch);
869 } // ManualCustomerAdd_MealChoice()
870
871
872 // Manual Customer add
873 // =====
874 // Documentation:
875 // This will allow the end-user to manually create a new entry within the list.
876 // Capture all fields possible and then run through the importing algorithm.
877 // -----
878 // Parameters:
879 // head [Node**]
880 // The list in which is to be appended
881 // =====
882 void Reservation::ManualCustomerAdd()
883 {
884     // Declarations
885     // -----
886     std::string stdinNameFirst;
887     std::string stdinNameLast;
888     int stdinPhone;
889     std::string stdinMealChoice;
890     int stdinSeat;
```

```
891 // ----
892 // working variables
893 bool cacheBit;
894 // -----
895
896
897 // Provide instructions to the user
898 std::cout << "Please provide the following information:" << std::endl << ↗
      std::endl;
899
900 // ----
901
902 // Capture first name:
903 std::cout << "First name: ";
904 stdinNameFirst = UserInput_String(false);
905 std::cout << std::endl;
906
907 // Capture last name:
908 std::cout << "Last name: ";
909 stdinNameLast = UserInput_String(false);
910 std::cout << std::endl;
911
912 // Capture telephone number:
913 std::cout << "Telephone number: ";
914 stdinPhone = UserInput_Number(false);
915 std::cout << std::endl;
916
917 // Capture preferred meal:
918 std::cout << "In-flight meal choice: " << std::endl;
919 stdinMealChoice = ManualCustomerAdd_MealChoice();
920
921 // Ask the user about preferred seating
922 int seatCheck; // Used for inspecting if seat is available
923 bool seatConfirmed; // Used for confirming if the seat is available.
924
925 do // To avoid errors or frustrating the end-user, put this
926 { // question in a loop and easily escapable via auto-seat-placement.
927   // [optional] Seat
928   std::cout << "Preferred seating arrangement? [Y] = Yes | [N] = No" << ↗
     std::endl;
929
930   // Capture user input for seating preference
931   cacheBit = UserInput_Bool();
932
933   if (cacheBit)
934   { // The customer has seating arrangements
935     std::cout << "Preferred seating: ";
936     stdinSeat = UserInput_Number(false);
937
938     // Check to make sure that the seat is available
939     if (GetSeatAvailable(stdinSeat) != -255)
940       seatConfirmed = true; // Seat is available!
```

```

941         else
942         {
943             seatConfirmed = false; // Seat is not available
944             std::cout << std::endl << "This seat is presently not available!" << std::endl;
945         } // else
946     } // if
947     else // Automatically find the next available seat
948     {
949         stdinSeat = GetSeatAvailable(); // Automatically find available seat
950         seatConfirmed = true; // Auto-confirm the seat being available.
951     } // else
952 } while (!seatConfirmed);
953
954
955 std::cout << std::endl;
956
957 // ----
958
959 // Now that we have the information we need, now lets try to add this new entry into the list!
960 CreateNewNode( // primary list
961     stdinNameFirst, // First Name
962     stdinNameLast, // Last Name
963     Autofill_List_Numbers(0), // Passenger ID [919 area code ;)]
964     Autofill_List_Numbers(1), // Reservation Num
965     stdinPhone, // Telephone Num [reference: https://youtu.be/8ou6DDG5e7I ]
966     stdinSeat, // Seat Num
967     stdinMealChoice); // Preferred Meal - Military acronym for 'Meal Ready to Eat', its horrible.
968 } // ManualCustomerAdd()
969
970
971
972 // Search Node Entries
973 // =====
974 // Documentation:
975 // This is a very important function that will promptly scan the entire list
976 // for a specific key.
977 // This function will scan all nodes available, but it will stop at the
978 // first available hit from the scan. With that, once the scan finds the
979 // key in one of the nodes, this function will NOT continue scanning afterwards.
980 // -----
981 // Methodology:
982 // Using both Node types, cur and pre, we will perform the scan as follows:
983 // | ===== | | ===== | | ===== | | ===== | | ===== |
984 // | NODE 1 | | NODE 2 | | NODE 3 | | NODE N | | NODE N+1 |
985 // | ~~~~~~ | | ~~~~~~ | | ~~~~~~ | | ~~~~~~ | | ~~~~~~ |
986 // | DATA | | DATA | | DATA | | DATA | | DATA |

```

```

987 // | ----- |      | ----- |      | ----- |      | ----- |
988 // |  NEXT  ----> |  NEXT  ----> |  NEXT  ----> |  NEXT  ----> |  NEXT  ---->
989 // | ===== |      | ===== |      | ===== |      | ===== |
990 // |   ---      |      |   pre      |      |   cur      |      | <NOT YET SCANNED>
991 // Simple Logic:
992 // First scan:
993 // cur = node 1 || pre = NULL
994 // Second scan:
995 // cur = node 2 || pre = node 1
996 // Third scan:
997 // cur = node 3 || pre = node 2
998 // N scan: <general form>
999 // cur = node N || pre = node N-1
1000 // -----
1001 // Parameters:
1002 //   cur [Node** - Alterable]
1003 //       Used for processing; holds the search point
1004 //   pre [Node** - Alterable]
1005 //       Used for processing before 'cur'; holds the node right before 'cur'
1006 //   searchMode [int]
1007 //       Determines how the lists will be scanned within this function.
1008 //       0 = Scan Last name [string]
1009 //       1 = Scan first name [string]
1010 //       2 = Scan passenger ID [int]
1011 //       3 = Scan reservation number [int]
1012 //       4 = Scan telephone number [int]
1013 //       5 = Scan seat number [int]
1014 //   searchKeyString [string]
1015 //       A specific key in a string form used for scanning each node.
1016 //   searchKeyInt [int]
1017 //       A specific key in an int form used for scanning each node.
1018 // -----
1019 // Output:
1020 //   bool
1021 //       Reports the status if the operation was successful or failed.
1022 //       true = an error occurred
1023 //       false = operation successful
1024 // =====
1025 bool Reservation::Search(Node** cur, Node** pre, int searchMode, std::string
1026 {
1027     // If the cur pointer points to NULL, then there is nothing to scan.
1028     if (*cur == NULL)
1029         return false;
1030
1031     // Scan the node
1032     while (*cur != NULL)
1033     {
1034         // Besides using a nesting conditional statement, we are going to use
1035         // a switch statement for simplicity.
1036         switch (searchMode)

```

```

1037     {
1038         case 0:      // Scan last name
1039             if (searchKeyString.compare((*cur)->nameLast) == 0)
1040                 // Equality between the two strings
1041                 // [ http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/  ↗
1042                     string/string/compare/ ]
1043                 return true;
1044             break;
1045         case 1:      // Scan first name
1046             if (searchKeyString.compare((*cur)->nameFirst) == 0)
1047                 // Equality between the two strings
1048                 // [ http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/  ↗
1049                     string/string/compare/ ]
1050                 return true;
1051             break;
1052         case 2:      // Scan passenger ID
1053             if ((*cur)->passengerID == searchKeyInt)
1054                 return true;
1055             break;
1056         case 3:      // Scan reservation number
1057             if ((*cur)->reservationNum == searchKeyInt)
1058                 return true;
1059             break;
1060         case 4:      // Scan telephone number
1061             if ((*cur)->telephoneNum == searchKeyInt)
1062                 return true;
1063             break;
1064         case 5:      // Scan seat number
1065             if ((*cur)->seatNum == searchKeyInt)
1066                 return true;
1067             break;
1068     } // switch
1069
1070     // Update the node positions
1071     *pre = (*cur);          // Update pre to cur's current position.
1072     *cur = (*cur)->next;    // Shift cur to next position.
1073 } // while
1074
1075 // Unable to find a node with that specific key and data.
1076 return false;
1077 } // Search()
1078
1079 // List Size
1080 // =====
1081 // Documentation:
1082 // This function will scan through the entire list and evaluate its
1083 // total size, thus providing with the entire list size allocated.
1084 // -----
1085 // Output:
1086 // List Size

```

```
1087 //      Return the list size
1088 // =====
1089 int Reservation::ListSize()
1090 {
1091     Node* temp = head;      // Directly copy the address of the 'head' in which
1092                             // it will be evaluated. We will not do this ↗
1093                             directly
1094                             // with the primary list.
1095     int counter = 0;        // This will retain a count of how many nodes exists ↗
1096                             within
1097                             // the list.
1098     for (; temp != NULL; temp = temp->next)
1099         counter++;
1100     return counter;         // Return the size to the calling function
1101 } // ListSize()
1102
1103
1104
1105 // Find and Print Passenger
1106 // =====
1107 // Documentation:
1108 // This function will allow the end-user to search for a specific passenger
1109 // and output the passenger's information on the terminal.
1110 //
1111 // This function will depend on several functions:
1112 //   Search() && Print_Passenger_List() && UserInput_String()
1113 //   UserInput_Number()
1114 // =====
1115 void Reservation::FindPrintPassenger()
1116 {
1117     // Present the user with a menu in which to search by
1118     std::cout << "Search for Passenger:" << std::endl
1119               << "-----" << std::endl
1120               << " 1) Last name" << std::endl
1121               << " 2) Telephone" << std::endl
1122               << " 3) Reservation ID" << std::endl
1123               << " 4) Passenger ID" << std::endl
1124               << " 5) Seat Number" << std::endl
1125               << " 0) Exit" << std::endl
1126               << std::endl;
1127
1128     bool badInput; // Make sure that the input provided from the end-user
1129                 // is valid; run-away protection.
1130     std::string captureString;
1131     int captureInt;
1132
1133     Node* nodeIndex = head;
1134     Node* nullityNode = NULL;
1135
1136     do {
```

```
1137 // Capture the user's request and process the request
1138 switch (UserInput_Number())
1139 {
1140     case 1: // Last name
1141         // Capture the last name from the end-user
1142         std::cout << "Enter passenger's last name: ";
1143         captureString = UserInput_String(false);
1144         std::cout << std::endl;
1145
1146         if (Search(&nodeIndex, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1147             &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1148             0, // Search by last name
1149             captureString)) // String to search
1150             Print_Passenger_List(nodeIndex, true); // Output the results
1151         else
1152             std::cout << "Unable to find passenger: " << captureString
1153             << std::endl;
1154
1155         badInput = false;
1156         break;
1157     case 2: // Telephone
1158         std::cout << "Enter passenger's telephone number: ";
1159         captureInt >> UserInput_Number(false);
1160         std::cout << std::endl;
1161
1162         if (Search(&nodeIndex, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1163             &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1164             4, // Search by telephone number
1165             "NA", // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1166             captureInt)) // integer to search
1167             Print_Passenger_List(nodeIndex, true); // Output the results
1168         else
1169             std::cout << "Unable to find passenger with the telephone
1170             number: " << captureInt
1171             << std::endl;
1172
1173         badInput = false;
1174         break;
1175     case 3: // Reservation ID
1176         std::cout << "Enter passenger's Reservation number: ";
1177         captureInt = UserInput_Number(false);
1178         std::cout << std::endl;
1179
1180         if (Search(&nodeIndex, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1181             &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1182             3, // Search by reservation number
1183             "NA", // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1184             captureInt)) // integer to search
1185             Print_Passenger_List(nodeIndex, true); // Output the results
1186         else
1187             std::cout << "Unable to find passenger with the reservation
1188             number: " << captureInt
```



```

1187         << std::endl;
1188
1189         badInput = false;
1190         break;
1191     case 4: // Passenger ID
1192         std::cout << "Enter passenger's Passenger number: ";
1193         captureInt = UserInput_Number(false);
1194         std::cout << std::endl;
1195
1196         if (Search(&nodeIndex, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1197             &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1198             2, // Search by passenger number
1199             "NA", // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1200             captureInt)) // integer to search
1201             Print_Passenger_List(nodeIndex, true); // Output the results
1202         else
1203             std::cout << "Unable to find passenger with the passenger number: " << captureInt << std::endl;
1204
1205         badInput = false;
1206         break;
1207     case 5: // Seat Number [Occupied]
1208         std::cout << "Enter passenger's Seat number: ";
1209         captureInt = UserInput_Number(false);
1210         std::cout << std::endl;
1211
1212         if (Search(&nodeIndex, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1213             &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1214             5, // Search by seat number
1215             "NA", // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1216             captureInt)) // integer to search
1217             Print_Passenger_List(nodeIndex, true); // Output the results
1218         else
1219             std::cout << "Unable to find a passenger in seat number: " << captureInt << std::endl;
1220
1221         badInput = false;
1222         break;
1223     case 0: // Exit; silently leave this function
1224         badInput = false;
1225         break;
1226     default: // Bad input
1227         std::cout << "Incorrect option!" << std::endl;
1228         badInput = true;
1229         break;
1230 } // FindPrintPassenger()
1231 } // switch
1232 } while (badInput);
1233 } // FindPrintPassenger()
1234 } // FindPrintPassenger()
1235
1236

```

```

1237
1238 // Cancel Reservation
1239 //
=====
1240 // Documentation:
1241 // This code allows the user to search for a passenger in the list then remove
    them from said list.
1242 // Logic:
1243 // This code is a modified version of the Search function that only searches for
    passenger Last names.
1244 // When it finds the Last Name it will delete the Node the Last Name is
    connected to.
1245 //
=====
1246 bool Reservation::delete_node()
1247 {
1248     Node* pre = head;
1249     Node* temp = head;
1250     std::string captureString;
1251
1252
1253     if (temp == NULL){ //makes sure there is something in head
1254         std::cout << "The list is empty." <<std::endl;
1255         return false;
1256     }
1257     std::cout << "Which passenger would you like to delete? Enter their last
        name: ";
1258
1259     captureString = UserInput_String(false); //captures user inputed last
        name
1260
1261     if (Search(&temp, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1262         &pre, // the node before the desired node will be stored
            here
1263         0, // Search by last name
1264         captureString)) { // String to search
1265
1266         if(head == temp){
1267             head = temp->next;
1268         }else{
1269             pre->next = temp->next; // sets the prev node in the list to
                point to the node after the node
1270             // that will be deleted
1271             delete temp; // deletes the node if the node is the node that needs
                to be deleted
1272
1273             std::cout << "The passenger was removed from the list" << std::endl;
1274             return true;
1275         }else{
1276             std::cout <<"The passenger was not found" <<std::endl;

```

```
1277         return false;
1278     }
1279
1280 }
1281
1282
1283
1284 // Update Passenger Information
1285 // =====
1286 // Documentation:
1287 // This function will provide a front-end to the end-user to identify what
1288 // passenger's information is to be updated.
1289 // This function will first ask the end-user to input the current information
1290 // about the passenger, then with this information - we scan the list for the ↗
1291 // node.
1292 // IIF if the node exists with the passenger's information, then will provide ↗
1293 // the
1294 // end-user with update options for that passenger.
1295 //
1296 // NOTES: This function was coded badly and this should be better optimized, but
1297 // as we work at a coding sweat shop, there is no better way!
1298 // The pay grade at this code sweat shop only offers 27 cents per ↗
1299 // hour :(
1300 // Please help us!
1301 //
1302 // This function depends on the Search() and the input (number\int) function.
1303 // =====
1304 void Reservation::UpdatePassengerInformation()
1305 {
1306     // Present the user with a menu in which to search by
1307     std::cout << "Search for Passenger:" << std::endl
1308         << "-----" << std::endl
1309         << " 1) Last name" << std::endl
1310         << " 2) Telephone" << std::endl
1311         << " 3) Reservation number" << std::endl
1312         << " 4) Passenger number" << std::endl
1313         << " 5) Seat Number" << std::endl
1314         << " 0) Exit" << std::endl
1315         << std::endl;
1316
1317     bool badInput; // Make sure that the input provided from the end-user
1318                   // is valid; run-away protection.
1319     std::string captureString;
1320     int captureInt;
1321
1322     Node* nullityNode = NULL; // Create a list placeholder; we will not need ↗
1323                               // it in this function, but
1324                               // it is required when calling the Search() ↗
1325                               // function.
1326
1327     bool targetFound = false; // We will use this to determine if the ↗
1328                               // passenger was
```

```
1323         // detect during the search. This will become ➤
1324         true
1325         // IIF the passenger was found, otherwise - its ➤
1326         false.
1327         // IIF this is true, then we will allow the user ➤
1328         to update
1329         // that node index.
1330 Node* temp = head; //used so the head pointer is not wrongly ➤
1331 updated
1332 do {
1333     // Capture the user's request and process the request
1334     switch (UserInput_Number())
1335     {
1336     case 1: // Last name
1337             // Capture the last name from the end-user
1338             std::cout << "Enter passenger's last name: ";
1339             captureString = UserInput_String(false);
1340             std::cout << std::endl;
1341             if (Search(&temp, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1342                     &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1343                     0, // Search by last name
1344                     captureString)) // String to search
1345                 targetFound = true;
1346             else
1347                 std::cout << "Unable to find passenger: " << captureString
1348                 << std::endl;
1349             badInput = false;
1350             break;
1351     case 2: // Telephone
1352             std::cout << "Enter passenger's telephone number: ";
1353             captureInt >> UserInput_Number(false);
1354             std::cout << std::endl;
1355             if (Search(&temp, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1356                     &nullityNode, // Required for the function, but not used.
1357                     4, // Search by telephone number
1358                     "NA", // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1359                     captureInt)) // integer to search
1360                 targetFound = true;
1361             else
1362                 std::cout << "Unable to find passenger with the telephone ➤
1363                 number: " << captureInt
1364                 << std::endl;
1365             badInput = false;
1366             break;
1367     case 3: // Reservation ID
1368             std::cout << "Enter passenger's Reservation number: ";
```

```
1370     captureInt = UserInput_Number(false);
1371     std::cout << std::endl;
1372
1373     if (Search(&temp,          // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1374              &nullityNode,    // Required for the function, but not used.
1375              3,               // Search by reservation number
1376              "NA",            // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1377              captureInt))      // integer to search
1378         targetFound = true;
1379     else
1380         std::cout << "Unable to find passenger with the reservation  ↗
1381                     number: " << captureInt
1382                     << std::endl;
1383
1384     badInput = false;
1385     break;
1386 case 4:                                // Passenger ID
1387     std::cout << "Enter passenger's Passenger number: ";
1388     captureInt = UserInput_Number(false);
1389     std::cout << std::endl;
1390
1391     if (Search(&temp,          // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1392              &nullityNode,    // Required for the function, but not used.
1393              2,               // Search by passenger number
1394              "NA",            // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1395              captureInt))      // integer to search
1396         targetFound = true;
1397     else
1398         std::cout << "Unable to find passenger with the passenger  ↗
1399                     number: " << captureInt
1400                     << std::endl;
1401
1402     badInput = false;
1403     break;
1404 case 5:                                // Seat Number [Occupied]
1405     std::cout << "Enter passenger's Seat number: ";
1406     captureInt = UserInput_Number(false);
1407     std::cout << std::endl;
1408
1409     if (Search(&temp,          // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1410              &nullityNode,    // Required for the function, but not used.
1411              5,               // Search by seat number
1412              "NA",            // Default to 'NA' due to standard; unused.
1413              captureInt))      // integer to search
1414         targetFound = true;
1415     else
1416         std::cout << "Unable to find a passenger in seat number: " <<  ↗
1417                     captureInt
1418                     << std::endl;
1419
1420     badInput = false;
1421     break;
```

```

1419         case 0:                                // Exit; silently leave this function
1420             badInput = false;
1421             break;
1422         default:                                // Bad input
1423             std::cout << "Incorrect option!" << std::endl;
1424             badInput = true;
1425             break;
1426     } // switch
1427 } while (badInput);
1428
1429 // If the passenger was not found, leave this function.
1430 if (!targetFound)
1431 {
1432     // Allow the end-user to view the message that the passenger
1433     // was not found during the scan.
1434     // ----
1435     std::cout << "Press the enter or return key to continue. . ." <<      ↗
1436     std::endl;          // This is alternative version of 'system("PAUSE")'
1437     std::cin.ignore();   ↗
1438     // and will work outside of Windows.
1439     std::cin.ignore(); // avoid input ghosting?
1440     // ----
1441     return;
1442 }
1443
1444 // =====
1445 // -----
1446 // =====
1447 // TARGET FOUND
1448
1449 do
1450 {
1451
1452     // What does the end-user want to update?
1453     std::cout << "Information to Update:" << std::endl
1454     << "-----" << std::endl
1455     << " 1) Telephone" << std::endl
1456     << " 2) Reservation number" << std::endl
1457     << " 3) Passenger number" << std::endl
1458     << " 4) Seat Number" << std::endl
1459     << " 0) Exit" << std::endl
1460     << std::endl;
1461
1462
1463     // Get the user's input and evaluate it
1464
1465     switch (UserInput_Number())
1466     {
1467     case 1:                                // Update telephone
1468         // Let the user know of the current value

```

```
1469         std::cout << "Current telephone number: " << temp->telephoneNum <<
            std::endl;
1470         // Allow the user to update that specific field:
1471         std::cout << "Enter a new value: ";
1472         temp->telephoneNum = UserInput_Number(false);
1473
1474         badInput = false;
1475         break;
1476     case 2:         // Update reservation ID
1477         // Let the user know of the current value
1478         std::cout << "Current reservation number: " << temp->reservationNum <<
            << std::endl;
1479         // Allow the user to update that specific field:
1480         std::cout << "Enter a new value: ";
1481         temp->reservationNum = UserInput_Number(false);
1482
1483         badInput = false;
1484         break;
1485     case 3:         // Update passenger ID
1486         // Let the user know of the current value
1487         std::cout << "Current passenger number: " << temp->passengerID <<
            std::endl;
1488         // Allow the user to update that specific field:
1489         std::cout << "Enter a new value: ";
1490         temp->passengerID = UserInput_Number(false);
1491
1492         badInput = false;
1493         break;
1494     case 4:         // Seat Number
1495         int newSeatNum;
1496         // Let the user know of the current value
1497         std::cout << "Current seat number: " << temp->seatNum <<
            std::endl;
1498         // Allow the user to update that specific field:
1499         std::cout << "Enter a new value: ";
1500
1501         newSeatNum = UserInput_Number(false);        //gathers user input
1502
1503         if(GetSeatAvailable(newSeatNum) != -255)    //checks to make
            sure seat is not taken
1504         {
1505             temp->seatNum = newSeatNum;        //changes seat number if it
            is not taken
1506             badInput = false;
1507         }else{
1508             std::cout<< std::endl << "Seat already taken!" << std::endl;
1509             badInput = true;
1510         }
1511         break;
1512     case 0:         // Exit; silently leave this function
1513         badInput = false;
1514         break;
```

```

1515         default:           // Bad input
1516             std::cout << "Incorrect option!" << std::endl;
1517             badInput = true;
1518             break;
1519     }
1520
1521     std::cout << std::endl;
1522 } while (badInput);
1523 } // UpdatePassengerInformation()
1524
1525
1526
1527
1528
1529 // Check In Passenger
1530 // =====
1531 // Documentation:
1532 // This function will search for a user inputted passenger in a list
1533 // and change the passengers status to checked in if he/she is found.
1534 // -----
1535 // Output:
1536 // changes passenger's status to checked in or says passenger not found.
1537 // =====
1538 void Reservation::CheckInPassenger()
1539 {
1540     Node* nullityNode = NULL;
1541     Node* temp = head;
1542     std::string captureString;
1543
1544
1545     if (temp == NULL){ //makes sure there is something in head
1546         std::cout << "The list is empty. There are no passengers to
1547             check in" <<std::endl;
1548     }else{
1549         std::cout << "Which passenger would you like to Check in? Enter
1550             their last name:";
1551
1552         captureString = UserInput_String(false); //captures user inputted
1553             last name
1554
1555         if (Search(&temp, // Our list to be scanned and processed.
1556             &nullityNode, // the node before the desired node will
1557                 be stored here
1558             0, // Search by last name
1559             captureString)) { // String to search
1560
1561             temp->checkedIn = true;
1562             std::cout << temp->nameFirst << " " << temp->nameLast << " has
1563                 been checked in." << std::endl;
1564         }else{
1565             std::cout << "This passenger is not in the list." <<std::endl;
1566         }
1567     }

```



```

1562     }
1563 } //CheckInPassenger
1564
1565
1566
1567
1568 // Print Check In List
1569 // =====
1570 // Documentation:
1571 // This function will produce the check in report
1572 // -----
1573 // Output:
1574 // displays a list of all passengers in the list. Will display
1575 // their first and last names and whether they are checked in or not.
1576 // it will also display the total amount of checked in passengers and
1577 // the total amount of passengers not checked in
1578 // =====
1579 void Reservation::Print_CheckIn_List()
1580 {
1581     int CheckedInCnt = 0; //counts the number of passengers checked in
1582     int NotCheckedInCnt = 0; //counts the number of passengers not checked in
1583     Node* temp = head; //starts at the beginning of the list
1584
1585     while(temp != NULL){
1586
1587         //prints each passenger's name and a checked in prompt
1588         std::cout << temp->nameFirst << " " << temp->nameLast << std::endl
1589             << "Checked In?: ";
1590
1591         //checks to see if each passenger is checked in
1592         if(temp->checkedIn){
1593             std::cout << "Yes" << std::endl << std::endl;
1594             CheckedInCnt++;
1595         }else{
1596             std::cout << "No" << std::endl << std::endl;
1597             NotCheckedInCnt++;
1598         }
1599         temp = temp->next;
1600     }
1601
1602     std::cout<< std::endl << "There are " << CheckedInCnt << " Passengers
1603         checked in." <<std::endl;
1604     std::cout<< std::endl << "There are " << NotCheckedInCnt << " Passengers not
1605         checked in." <<std::endl;
1606 } //Print Check In List
1607
1608
1609 // Print meal list
1610 // =====
1611 // Documentation:

```

```

1612 // This function will display the passenger meal list report
1613 // -----
1614 // Output:
1615 // Outputs a list of all passengers. Will display their meal choices and
1616 // their first and last names. It will also display the totals for each meal
1617 // choice that is available.
1618 // =====
1619 void Reservation::Print_Meal_List()
1620 {
1621
1622     Node* temp = head;
1623
1624     if(temp != NULL){
1625         //these counters will count the amount of each meal that was chosen
1626         //for all passengers in the list
1627         int meal1Cnt = 0;
1628         int meal2Cnt = 0;
1629         int meal3Cnt = 0;
1630         int meal4Cnt = 0;
1631         int meal5Cnt = 0;
1632
1633
1634
1635         while(temp != NULL){ //increments until the end of the list is reached
1636
1637             //displays the passengers name and meal choice
1638             std::cout << temp->nameFirst << " " << temp->nameLast << std::endl
1639                 << "Meal Choice: " << temp->mealType << std::endl <<
1640                 std::endl;
1641
1642             //increments counter for whichever meal the passenger chose.
1643             if(temp->mealType.compare("Monkey Brains") == 0){
1644                 meal1Cnt++;
1645             }else if(temp->mealType.compare("Tuna Eyeballs") == 0){
1646                 meal2Cnt++;
1647             }else if(temp->mealType.compare("Raw Octopus") == 0){
1648                 meal3Cnt++;
1649             }else if(temp->mealType.compare("Fish") == 0){
1650                 meal4Cnt++;
1651             }else if(temp->mealType.compare("Expired Peanuts") == 0){
1652                 meal5Cnt++;
1653             }
1654
1655             temp = temp->next; //moves to next passenger in the list
1656         }//while
1657
1658         //displays meal choice totals
1659         std::cout << "There are " << meal1Cnt << " orders for Monkey Brains." <<
            std::endl

```



```

1698
1699     Node* challengePre = head; //this pointer is used to remove the
                                //challenger pointer from its old spot
1700
1701     bool swap = false;         //this variable is used to indicate that
                                //a swap was made\
1702
1703     std::string currentName;    //holds the current node's last name
1704
1705     std::string challengerName; //holds the challenger node's last name
1706
1707     while(current != NULL)      //iterates through until it reaches the
                                //end of the list, or
1708                                //until a node that comes alphabetically
                                //before it is found
1709     {
1710         while(challenger->next != NULL) //iterates through all nodes
                                //after the current node
1711                                //stops when it reaches the
1712                                //end of the list, or when
1713                                //it finds a node that comes
1714                                //alphabetically before the
1715                                //current node
1716         {
1717             challengePre = challenger;
1718             challenger = challenger->next; //incrementing the
                                //challenger node to the next node
1719             //in the list to be checked
1720
1721             currentName = current->nameLast; //setting the
1722             last name strings to be checked
1723             challengerName = challenger->nameLast;
1724
1725             if(Alphabetize(currentName, challengerName)){ //
1726                 checking to see which node comes
1727                 //
1728                 alphabetically first by last name
1729                 //if the
1730                 challenger comes first,
1731                 //it is
1732                 placed just before the current
1733                 //node
1734                 in the list, and the process is restarted
1735                 //for
1736                 the new current node
1737                 challengePre->next = challenger->next;
1738                 if(current == head){ //for if the current node is
1739                     at the head of the list
1740                     challenger->next = current;
1741                     head = challenger;
1742                 }else{
1743                     pre->next = challenger;

```

```

1734         challenger->next = current;
1735     }
1736     current = challenger;
1737     swap = true;           //indicates a swap was made
1738     break;
1739 }
1740 }//inner while
1741
1742 if(!swap)           //if no swaps were made, the current node is
1743     moved to the next node           moved to the next node
1744     //in the list.
1745 {
1746     pre = current;
1747     current = current->next;
1748     challenger = current;
1749 }
1750 swap = false;
1751 }//outer while
1752
1753 }else{ //outer if
1754     std::cout << "The list is empty." << std::endl;
1755 }
1756 }//sort
1757
1758
1759
1760 //Alphabetize
1761 // =====
1762 // Documentation:
1763 // This function will decide which of two strings comes
1764 // alphabetically first
1765 // -----
1766 // Output:
1767 // outputs true if the challenger string comes alphabetically
1768 // before the current string
1769 //-----
1770 // Parameters:
1771 // current and challenger hold strings that will be compared
1772 // to determine which one comes alphabetically first
1773 // =====
1774 bool Reservation::Alphabetize(std::string current, std::string challenger)
1775 {
1776     if(current.length() <= challenger.length()) //checks to see which string
1777         is longer
1778
1779         //uses for loop to the
1780
1781         shorter strings length
1782
1783         //this allows the function
1784
1785         to show that the shorter
1786
1787         //word comes alphabetically
1788
1789         first (i.e. Al, vs Ale)
1790 {

```

```
1781     for(int i = 0; i < current.length(); i++)
1782     {
1783         if(int(tolower(current.at(i))) < int(tolower(challenger.at(i))))    ↗
1784             //this statement analyzes                                     ↗
1785             {                                                           ↗
1786                 //the current character and challenger                 ↗
1787                 character at the current                               ↗
1788                 //iteration of the for loop. It                       ↗
1789                 converts the letters                                   ↗
1790                 //to their ANSI equivalent values and                 ↗
1791                 analyzes                                              ↗
1792                 //those to see which one is larger.                  ↗
1793                 capitol letters will be                              ↗
1794                 //converted to lowercase letters. The               ↗
1795                 other if statements basically                         ↗
1796                 //follow the same concept as this one
1797
1798                 return false; //if the current character is alphabetically ↗
1799                 before the challenger character,
1800                 //the function returns false to note that the
1801                 current string is alphabetically
1802                 //first
1803             }else if(int(tolower(current.at(i))) > int(tolower(challenger.at ↗
1804             (i)))){
1805
1806                 return true; //if the current character being analyzed is ↗
1807                 alphabetically after the
1808                 //challenger character being analyzed, the
1809                 function returns true to note that
1810                 //the current string is alphabetically after
1811                 the challenger string
1812             }
1813         }
1814     }
1815     return false; //returns false if all letters analyzed where the
1816     same. This means that either
1817     //the challenger string is longer than the current
1818     string (i.e al vs ale), or
1819     //both strings are the same in which case no action
1820     is taken.
1821
1822 }else{ //for if the challenger string is shorter than the current
1823     string. same concepts as above,
1824     //accept for when current string is the same as challenger
1825     string up to the last characters
1826     //analyzed. In this case the challenger string is
1827     alphabetically first since it is shorter
1828     //(i.e. ale vs al).
1829     for(int i = 0; i < challenger.length(); i++)
1830     {
1831         if(int(tolower(current.at(i))) < int(tolower(challenger.at(i))))
1832         {
```

```
1814         return false;
1815     }else if(int(tolower(current.at(i))) > int(tolower(challenger.at
1816         (i)))){
1817         return true;
1818     }
1819
1820     return true;
1821 }//outer else
1822
1823 }//Alphabetize
1824 #endif // !__LinkedList_Implementation__
1825
```