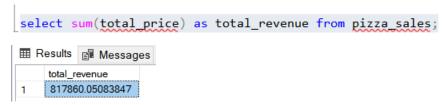
PIZZA SALES SQL REPORT

- A) KPI's We need to analyze key indicators for our pizza sales data to gain insights into our business performance.
 - 1. Total Revenue Generated



2. Average Order Value

```
select sum(total_price) / count(distinct order_id) as avg_order_value
from pizza_sales;

## Results ## Messages

avg_order_value
1 38.3072623343546
```

3. Total Pizzas Sold

```
select count(pizza_id) as Total_Pizza_sold from pizza_sales;

    Results    Message
    Total_Pizza_sold
    1    48620
```

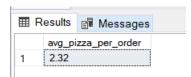
4. Total Orders Placed

```
select count(distinct order_id) as Total_Orders from pizza_sales;

| Results | Messages |
| Total_Orders |
| 1 | 21350
```

5. Average Pizzas Per Order

```
select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal (10,2))/count(distinct order_id) as
decimal(10,2)) as avg_pizza_per_order from pizza_sales;
```



B) Chart Requirements - We need to visualize various aspects of our pizza sales to gain insights and understand key trends.

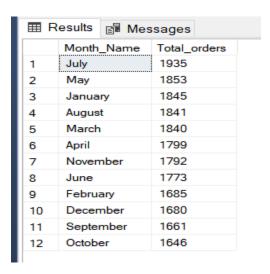
1. Daily Trends for Total Orders

```
select DATENAME(DW, order_date) as order_day, count(distinct order_id) as
Total_orders from pizza_sales
group by DATENAME(DW, order_date);
```



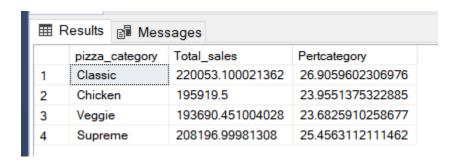
2. Monthly Trend for Total Orders

```
select DATENAME(month, order_date) as Month_Name, count( distinct order_id) as
Total_orders from pizza_sales
group by DATENAME(month, order_date)
order by count( distinct order id);
```



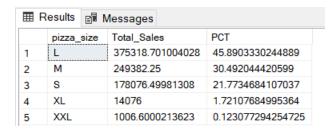
3. Percentage of Sales by Pizza Category

```
select pizza_category, sum(total_price) as Total_sales , sum(total_price) *100/
(select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as Pertcategory
from pizza_sales
group by pizza_category;
```



4. Percentage of Sales by Pizza Category

```
select pizza_size, sum(total_price) as Total_Sales, sum(total_price)*100 / (select
sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as PCT
from pizza_sales
group by pizza_size
order by PCT desc;
```



5. Total Pizzas Sold by Category

```
select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as Pizzas_Sold from pizza_sales
group by pizza_category
order by sum(quantity) desc;
```



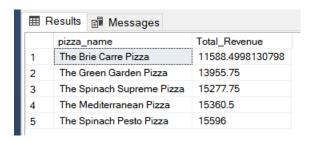
6. Top 5 pizzas by Revenue

```
select top 5 pizza_name, sum(total_price) as Total_Revenue from pizza_sales
group by pizza_name
order by sum(total_price) desc;
```

⊞ Results 📴 Messages		
pizza_name	Total_Revenue	
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5	
The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	
	pizza_name The Thai Chicken Pizza The Barbecue Chicken Pizza The California Chicken Pizza The Classic Deluxe Pizza	

7. Bottom 5 pizzas by Revenue

```
select top 5 pizza_name, sum(total_price) as Total_Revenue from pizza_sales
group by pizza_name
order by sum(total_price) asc;
```



8. Top 5 Pizzas by Quantity Sold

select top 5 pizza_name, sum(quantity) as Total_Quantity from pizza_sales
group by pizza_name
order by sum(quantity) desc;



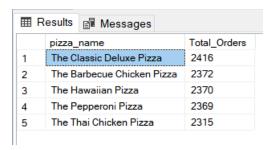
9. Bottom 5 Pizzas by Quantity Sold

```
select top 5 pizza_name, sum(quantity) as Total_Quantity from pizza_sales
group by pizza_name
order by sum(quantity) asc;
```

⊞ Results		
	pizza_name	Total_Quantity
1	The Brie Carre Pizza	490
2	The Mediterranean Pizza	934
3	The Calabrese Pizza	937
4	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	950
5	The Soppressata Pizza	961

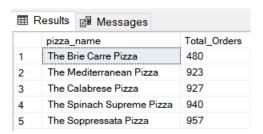
10. Top 5 pizzas by orders

```
select top 5 pizza_name, count(order_id) as Total_Orders from pizza_sales \group
by pizza_name
order by count(order_id) desc;
```



11. Bottom 5 pizzas by orders

```
select top 5 pizza_name, count(order_id) as Total_Orders from pizza_sales \group
by pizza_name
order by count(order_id) asc;
```



NOTE

If you want to apply the pizza_category or pizza_size filters to the above queries you can use WHERE clause. Examples:

```
SELECT Top 5 pizza_name, COUNT(DISTINCT order_id) AS Total_Orders
FROM pizza_sales
WHERE pizza_category = 'Classic'
GROUP BY pizza_name
ORDER BY Total_Orders ASC
```