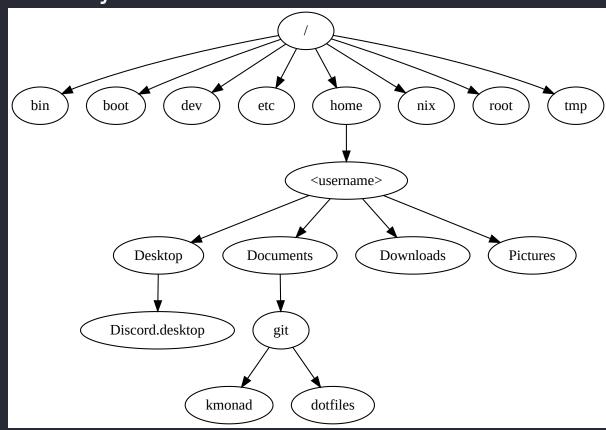
The file system

Consists primarily of:

- Directories
- Files

Tree

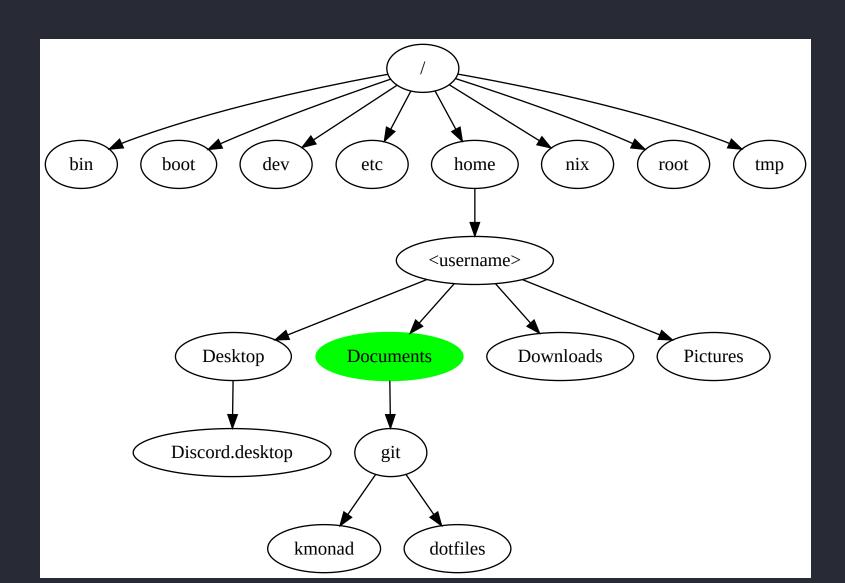
File system in linux:



Terminal commands

- pwd (print working directory)
- cd (change directory)
- Is (list directory contents)
- mkdir (make directory)
- rmdir (remove directory)
- touch (create file)
- rm (remove file)
- cp (copy a file)
- mv (move a file)

Example



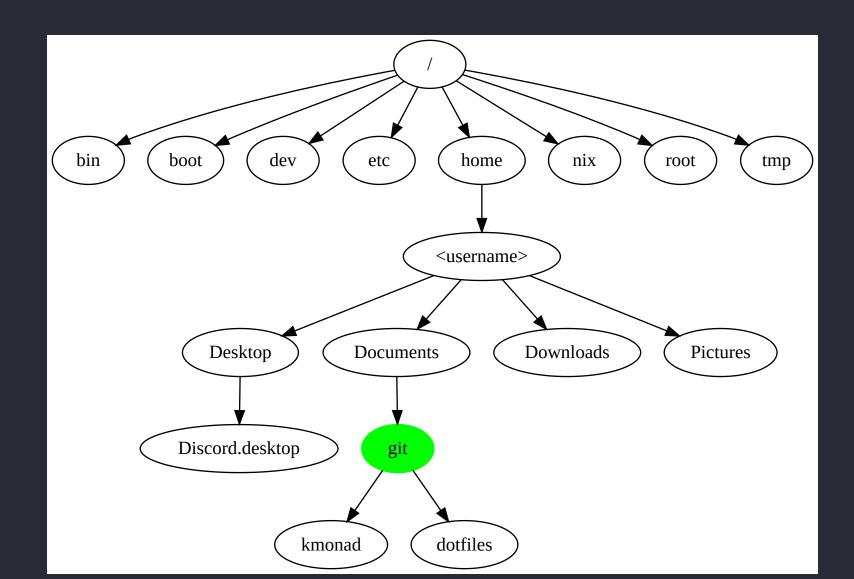
Relative path works because git is in the directory we are standing in

• > cd git

Absolute path works from anywhere

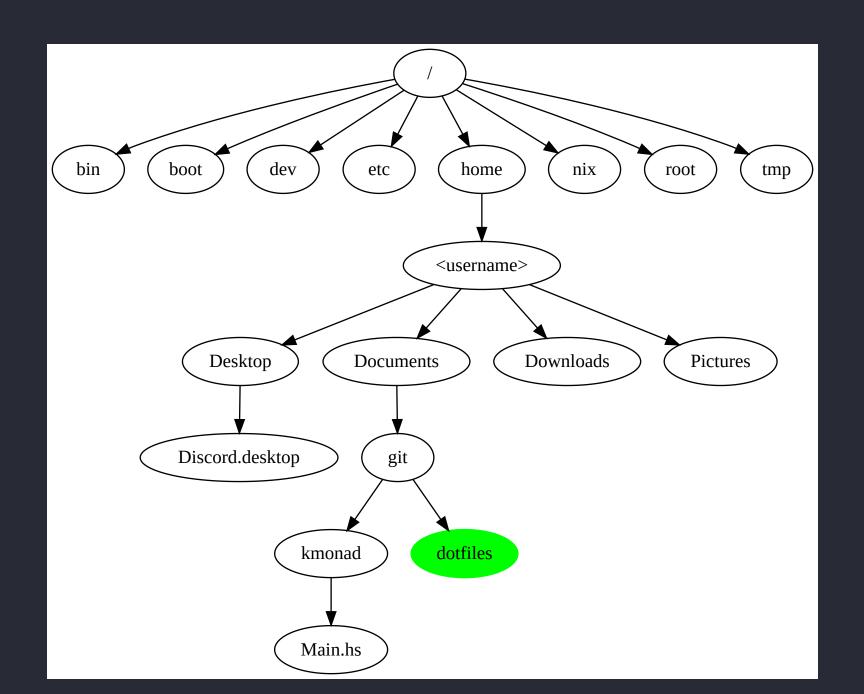
- > cd /home/<username>/Documents/git
- > cd ~/Documents/git

Example



Common error

Being in the wrong directory



- > ghci
- >:l Main.hs

error: Can't find Main.hs

Solution

Either

- Move to the correct directory cd ../kmonad
- Give correct relative/absolute path

```
In ghci:
```

Relative path: :1 ../kmonad/Main.hs

Absolute path: :1 ~/Documents/git/kmonad/Main.hs

Tips

- "~" expands to /home/
- "cd -" to switch between last two visited directories
- "ls -a" show hidden files (files starting with a dot, e.g .gitignore)
- "cd" without arguments to move to home directory