

Credit EDA & Credit Score Calculation with Python

Problem statement:

To conduct a thorough exploratory data analysis (EDA) and deep analysis of a comprehensive dataset containing basic customer details and extensive credit-related information. The aim is to create new, informative features, calculate a hypothetical credit score, and uncover meaningful patterns, anomalies, and insights within the data.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

!gdown 1MqxHAUN4J0emIpEDyZlMjIjkM6rLDNMf

Downloading...
From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=1MqxHAUN4J0emIpEDyZlMjIjkM6rLDNMf
To: /content/Credit_score.csv
100% 27.4M/27.4M [00:00<00:00, 128MB/s]
```

```
data = pd.read_csv('Credit_score.csv')
```

```
<ipython-input-4-42a8ab7aaae7>:1: DtypeWarning: Columns (26) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low_memory=False.
data = pd.read_csv('Credit_score.csv')
```

data

	ID	Customer_ID	Month	Name	Age	SSN	Occupation	Annual_Income	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	Num_Bank_Accounts	...	Num_Credit_Inqu
0	0x1602	CUS_0xd40	January	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
1	0x1603	CUS_0xd40	February	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	NaN	3	...	
2	0x1604	CUS_0xd40	March	Aaron Maashoh	-500	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	NaN	3	...	
3	0x1605	CUS_0xd40	April	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	NaN	3	...	
4	0x1606	CUS_0xd40	May	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
99995	0x25fe9	CUS_0x942c	April	Nicks	25	078-73-5990	Mechanic	39628.99	3359.415833	4	...	
99996	0x25fea	CUS_0x942c	May	Nicks	25	078-73-5990	Mechanic	39628.99	3359.415833	4	...	
99997	0x25feb	CUS_0x942c	June	Nicks	25	078-73-5990	Mechanic	39628.99	3359.415833	4	...	
99998	0x25fec	CUS_0x942c	July	Nicks	25	078-73-5990	Mechanic	39628.99	3359.415833	4	...	
99999	0x25fed	CUS_0x942c	August	Nicks	25	078-73-5990	Mechanic	39628.99_	3359.415833	4	...	

100000 rows × 27 columns

```
data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
Data columns (total 27 columns):
#   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   ID                   100000 non-null object
1   Customer_ID          100000 non-null object
2   Month                100000 non-null object
3   Name                 90015 non-null object
4   Age                  100000 non-null object
5   SSN                  100000 non-null object
6   Occupation           100000 non-null object
7   Annual_Income        100000 non-null object
8   Monthly_Inhand_Salary 84998 non-null float64
9   Num_Bank_Accounts    100000 non-null int64
10  Num_Credit_Card      100000 non-null int64
11  Interest_Rate        100000 non-null int64
```

```
12 Num_of_Loan          100000 non-null object
13 Type_of_Loan         88592 non-null object
14 Delay_from_due_date  100000 non-null int64
15 Num_of_Delayed_Payment 92998 non-null object
16 Changed_Credit_Limit 100000 non-null object
17 Num_Credit_Inquiries  98035 non-null float64
18 Credit_Mix           100000 non-null object
19 Outstanding_Debt     100000 non-null object
20 Credit_Utilization_Ratio 100000 non-null float64
21 Credit_History_Age   90970 non-null object
22 Payment_of_Min_Amount 100000 non-null object
23 Total_EMI_per_month  100000 non-null float64
24 Amount_invested_monthly 95521 non-null object
25 Payment_Behaviour    100000 non-null object
26 Monthly_Balance      98800 non-null object
dtypes: float64(4), int64(4), object(19)
memory usage: 20.6+ MB
```

```
data.isna().sum()
```

```
ID          0
Customer_ID 0
Month        0
Name        9985
Age          0
SSN          0
Occupation  0
Annual_Income 0
Monthly_Inhand_Salary 15002
Num_Bank_Accounts 0
Num_Credit_Card 0
Interest_Rate 0
Num_of_Loan 0
Type_of_Loan 11408
Delay_from_due_date 0
Num_of_Delayed_Payment 7002
Changed_Credit_Limit 0
Num_Credit_Inquiries 1965
Credit_Mix 0
Outstanding_Debt 0
Credit_Utilization_Ratio 0
Credit_History_Age 9030
Payment_of_Min_Amount 0
Total_EMI_per_month 0
Amount_invested_monthly 4479
Payment_Behaviour 0
Monthly_Balance 1200
dtype: int64
```

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Age']]
```

	Customer_ID	Age
0	CUS_0xd40	23
1	CUS_0xd40	23
2	CUS_0xd40	-500
3	CUS_0xd40	23
4	CUS_0xd40	23
...	...	...
99995	CUS_0x942c	25
99996	CUS_0x942c	25
99997	CUS_0x942c	25
99998	CUS_0x942c	25
99999	CUS_0x942c	25

100000 rows × 2 columns

```
data[data['Age'].str[-1]=='_']['Age']
```

```
8      28_
54     34_
58     30_
71     24_
89     33_
...
99908  4808_
99922   38_
99933   38_
99942   48_
99987   28_
Name: Age, Length: 4939, dtype: object
```

```
data.loc[data['Age'].str[-1] == '_','Age'] = data['Age'].str[:-1]
```

```
data.loc[data['Age'].str[0] == '-','Age'] = data['Age'].str[1:]
```

```
data['Age']

0      23
1      23
2     500
3      23
4      23
...
99995   25
99996   25
99997   25
99998   25
99999   25
Name: Age, Length: 100000, dtype: object
```

```
data['Age'] = data['Age'].astype(int)
data['Age']

0      23
1      23
2     500
3      23
4      23
...
99995   25
99996   25
99997   25
99998   25
99999   25
Name: Age, Length: 100000, dtype: int64
```

Referencing the maximum age of a person in th world as 122 then using this filtering out the outliers in it.

```
data.loc[data['Age']> 122,'Age'].count()

2770
```

there are 2770 entries where age are more than 122 years so to deal with these wrong entries we will use mode of age for every customer\_ID and replace these wrong entries with mode of it

```
data['Age']= data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Age'].transform(lambda x: x.mode()[0])
data['Age']
```

```
0      23
1      23
2      23
3      23
4      23
..
99995   25
99996   25
99997   25
99998   25
99999   25
Name: Age, Length: 100000, dtype: int64
```



```
data.loc[data['Age']> 122,'Age'].count()

0
```

```
data['Age'].unique()

array([23, 28, 34, 55, 21, 31, 30, 44, 40, 33, 35, 39, 37, 20, 46, 26, 41,
       32, 48, 43, 36, 16, 18, 42, 22, 19, 15, 27, 38, 14, 25, 45, 47, 17,
       53, 24, 54, 29, 49, 51, 50, 52, 56])
```

```
data[['Customer_ID','Age']]
```

	Customer_ID	Age	
0	CUS_0xd40	23	
1	CUS_0xd40	23	
2	CUS_0xd40	23	

> Dealing with missing value of Names and Monthly\_Inhand\_Salary in given data we can use mode of name for every customer\_id which will replace the null value in it.

[ ] ↳ 2 cells hidden

> For Name

[ ] ↳ 1 cell hidden

✓ For Monthly\_Inhand\_Salary

```
data['Monthly_Inhand_Salary']= data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Monthly_Inhand_Salary'].transform(lambda x: x.mode()[0])
data.head(10)
```

	ID	Customer_ID	Month	Name	Age	SSN	Occupation	Annual_Income	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	Num_Bank_Accounts	...	Num_Credit_I
0	0x1602	CUS_0xd40	January	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
1	0x1603	CUS_0xd40	February	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
2	0x1604	CUS_0xd40	March	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
3	0x1605	CUS_0xd40	April	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
4	0x1606	CUS_0xd40	May	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
5	0x1607	CUS_0xd40	June	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
6	0x1608	CUS_0xd40	July	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
7	0x1609	CUS_0xd40	August	Aaron Maashoh	23	#F%\$D@*%8	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	
8	0x160e	CUS_0x21b1	January	Rick Rothackerj	28	004-07-5839	_____	34847.84	3037.986667	2	...	
9	0x160f	CUS_0x21b1	February	Rick Rothackerj	28	004-07-5839	Teacher	34847.84	3037.986667	2	...	

10 rows × 27 columns

```
data.isna().sum()

ID                                0
Customer_ID                      0
Month                            0
Name                             0
Age                              0
SSN                              0
Occupation                      0
Annual_Income                   0
Monthly_Inhand_Salary           0
Num_Bank_Accounts               0
Num_Credit_Card                 0
Interest_Rate                   0
Num_of_Loan                     0
Type_of_Loan                    11408
Delay_from_due_date             0
Num_of_Delayed_Payment          7002
Changed_Credit_Limit            0
Num_Credit_Inquiries            1965
Credit_Mix                      0
Outstanding_Debt                0
Credit_Utilization_Ratio        0
Credit_History_Age              9030
Payment_of_Min_Amount           0
Total_EMI_per_month             0
Amount_invested_monthly         4479
Payment_Behaviour               0
Monthly_Balance                 1200
dtype: int64
```

SSN also have some discrepancy in its value so we can treat it using mode replacement

```
data['SSN']= data.groupby('Customer_ID')['SSN'].transform(lambda x: x.mode()[0])
```

Now Treating Type of Loan which have 11408 null values

```
data[['Customer_ID','Name','Month','Type_of_Loan']].head(45)
```

	Customer_ID	Name	Month	Type_of_Loan
0	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	January	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
1	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	February	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
2	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	March	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
3	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	April	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
4	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	May	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
5	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	June	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
6	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	July	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
7	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	August	Auto Loan, Credit-BUILDER Loan, Personal Loan,...
8	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	January	Credit-BUILDER Loan
9	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	February	Credit-BUILDER Loan
10	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	March	Credit-BUILDER Loan
11	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	April	Credit-BUILDER Loan
12	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	May	Credit-BUILDER Loan
13	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	June	Credit-BUILDER Loan
14	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	July	Credit-BUILDER Loan
15	CUS_0x21b1	Rick Rothackerj	August	Credit-BUILDER Loan
16	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	January	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
17	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	February	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
18	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	March	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
19	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	April	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
20	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	May	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
21	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	June	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
22	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	July	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
23	CUS_0x2dbc	Langep	August	Auto Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified
24	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	January	Not Specified
25	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	February	Not Specified
26	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	March	Not Specified
27	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	April	Not Specified
28	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	May	Not Specified
29	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	June	Not Specified
30	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	July	Not Specified
31	CUS_0xb891	Jasond	August	Not Specified
32	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	January	NaN
33	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	February	NaN
34	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	March	NaN
35	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	April	NaN
36	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	May	NaN
37	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	June	NaN
38	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	July	NaN
39	CUS_0x1cdb	Deepaa	August	NaN
40	CUS_0x95ee	Np	January	NaN
41	CUS_0x95ee	Np	February	NaN
42	CUS_0x95ee	Np	March	NaN
43	CUS_0x95ee	Np	April	NaN
44	CUS_0x95ee	Np	May	NaN

```
data.groupby(['Customer_ID','Name'])['Type_of_Loan'].apply(lambda x: x.isnull().all()).sum()
```

1426

from above we can see there are 1426 Customers who have no entry for their loan type so we can't do anything for these entry and leave it as it is but we can replace it with entries which are not null

```
data['Type_of_Loan']= data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Type_of_Loan'].transform(lambda x: x.fillna(x.mode().str[0]))
```

```
data.groupby(['Customer_ID', 'Name'])['Type_of_Loan']
```

```
<pandas.core.groupby.generic.SeriesGroupBy object at 0x7e1607014cd0>
```

```
data.Customer_ID.nunique()
```

```
12500
```

```
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].unique()
```

```
'2609', '4326', '4211', '823', '3011', '1608', '2860', '4219',
'4047', '1531', '742', '52', '4024', '1673', '49', '2243', '1685',
'1869', '2587', '3489', '749', '1164', '2616', '848', '4134',
'1530', '1502', '4075', '3845', '1060', '2573', '2128', '328',
'640', '2585', '2230', '1795', '1180', '1534', '3739', '3313',
'4191', '996', '372', '3340', '3177', '602', '787', '4135', '3878',
'4059', '1218', '4051', '1766', '1359', '3107', '585', '1263',
'2511', '709', '3632', '4077', '2943', '2793', '3245', '2317',
'1640', '2237', '3819', '252', '3978', '1498', '1833', '2737',
'1192', '1481', '700', '271', '2286', '273', '1215', '3944',
'2070', '1478', '3749', '871', '2508', '2959', '130', '294',
'3097', '3511', '415', '2196', '2138', '2149', '1874', '1553',
'3847', '3222', '1222', '2907', '3051', '98', '1598', '416',
'2314', '2955', '1691', '1450', '2021', '1636', '80', '3708',
'195', '320', '2945', '1911', '3416', '3796', '4159', '2255',
'938', '4397', '3776', '2148', '1994', '853', '1178', '1633',
'196', '3864', '714', '1687', '1034', '468', '1337', '2044',
'1541', '3661', '1211', '2645', '2007', '102', '1891', '3162',
'3142', '2566', '2766', '3881', '2728', '2671', '1952', '3580',
'2705', '4251', '3840', '972', '3119', '3502', '4185', '2954',
'683', '1614', '1572', '4302', '3447', '1852', '2131', '1900',
'1699', '133', '2018', '2127', '508', '210', '577', '1664', '2604',
'1411', '2351', '867', '1371', '2352', '1191', '905', '4053',
'3869', '933', '3660', '3300', '3629', '3208', '2142', '2521',
'450', '583', '876', '121', '3919', '2560', '2578', '2060', '813',
'1236', '1489', '4360', '1154', '2544', '4172', '2924', '426',
'4270', '2768', '3909', '3951', '2712', '2498', '3171', '1750',
'197', '2569', '265', '4293', '887', '2707', '2397', '4337',
'4249', '2751', '2950', '1859', '107', '2348', '2506', '2810',
'2873', '1301', '2262', '1890', '3078', '3865', '3268', '2777',
'3105', '1278', '3793', '2276', '2879', '4298', '2141', '223',
'2239', '846', '1862', '2756', '1181', '1184', '2617', '3972',
'2334', '3900', '2759', '4169', '2280', '2492', '2729', '3750',
'1825', '309', '2431', '3099', '2080', '2279', '2666', '3722',
'1976', '529', '1985', '3060', '4278', '3212', '46', '3148',
'3467', '4231', '3790', '473', '1536', '3955', '2324', '2381',
'1177', '371', '2896', '3880', '2991', '4319', '1061', '662',
'4144', '693', '2006', '3115', '2278', '3751', '1861', '4262',
'2913', '2615', '3492', '800', '3766', '384', '3407', '1087',
'3329', '1086', '2216', '1087', '2457', '3522', '3274', '3488',
'2854', '238', '351', '3706', '4280', '4095', '2926', '1329',
'3370', '283', '1392', '1743', '2429', '974', '3156', '1133',
'4388', '3243', '4282', '2523', '4281', '3415', '2001', '441',
'94', '3499', '969', '3368', '106', '1004', '2638', '3946', '2956',
'4324', '85', '4113', '819', '615', '1172', '2553', '1765', '3495',
'2820', '4239', '4340', '1295', '2636', '4295', '1653', '1325',
'1879', '1096', '1735', '3584', '1073', '1975', '3827', '2552',
'3754', '2378', '532', '926', '2376', '3636', '3763', '778',
'2621', '804', '754', '2418', '4019', '3926', '3861', '3574',
'175', '162', '2834', '3765', '2354', '523', '2274', '1606',
'1443', '1354', '2142', '1422', '2278', '1045', '4106', '3155',
'666', '659', '3229', '1216', '2076', '1473', '2384', '1954',
'719', '2534', '4002', '541', '2875', '4344', '2081', '3894',
'1256', '676', '4178', '399', '86', '1571', '4037', '1967', '4005',
'3216', '1150', '2591', '1801', '3721', '1775', '2260', '3707',
'4292', '1820', '145', '1480', '1850', '430', '217', '3920',
'1389', '1579', '3391', '2385', '3336', '3392', '3688', '221',
'2047', dtype=object)
```

for dealing with "-" we should do below steps

```
data.loc[data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].str[-1] == '-', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment'] = data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].str[:-1]
```

for dealing with "-" or negative numbers as average number of payments delayed by a person so it can't be a negative number we will do below steps

```
data.loc[data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].str[0] == '-', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment'] = data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].str[1:]
```

```
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].unique()
```

```
'3533', '519', '2677', '2413', '4139', '2609', '4326', '4211',
'823', '3011', '1608', '2860', '4219', '4047', '1531', '742', '52',
'4024', '1673', '49', '2243', '1685', '1869', '2587', '3489',
'749', '1164', '2616', '848', '4134', '1530', '1502', '4075',
'3845', '1060', '2573', '2128', '328', '640', '2585', '2230',
'1795', '1180', '1534', '3739', '3313', '4191', '996', '372',
'3340', '3177', '602', '787', '4135', '3878', '4059', '1218',
'4051', '1766', '1359', '3107', '585', '1263', '2511', '709',
'3632', '4077', '2943', '2793', '3245', '2317', '1640', '2237',
'3819', '252', '3978', '1498', '1833', '2737', '1192', '1481',
'700', '271', '2286', '273', '1215', '3944', '2070', '1478',
'3749', '871', '2508', '2959', '130', '294', '3097', '3511', '415',
'2196', '2138', '2149', '1874', '1553', '3847', '3222', '1222',
'2907', '3051', '98', '1598', '416', '2314', '2955', '1691',
'1450', '2021', '1636', '80', '3708', '195', '320', '2945', '1911',
'3416', '3796', '4159', '2255', '938', '4397', '3776', '2148',
'1994', '853', '1178', '1633', '196', '3864', '714', '1687',
'1034', '468', '1337', '2044', '1541', '3661', '1211', '2645',
'2007', '102', '1891', '3162', '3142', '2766', '3881', '2728',
'2671', '1952', '3580', '2705', '4251', '3840', '972', '3119',
'3502', '4185', '2954', '683', '1614', '1572', '4302', '3447',
'1852', '2131', '1900', '1699', '133', '2018', '2127', '508',
'210', '577', '1664', '2604', '1411', '2351', '867', '1371',
'2352', '1191', '905', '4053', '3869', '933', '3660', '3300',
'3629', '3208', '2142', '2521', '450', '583', '876', '121', '3919',
'2560', '2578', '2060', '813', '1236', '1489', '4360', '1154',
'2544', '4172', '2924', '426', '4270', '2768', '3909', '3951',
'2712', '2498', '3171', '1750', '197', '265', '4293', '887',
'2707', '2397', '4337', '4249', '2751', '2950', '1859', '107',
'2348', '2506', '2810', '2873', '1301', '2262', '1890', '3078',
'3865', '3268', '2777', '3105', '1278', '3793', '2276', '2879',
'4298', '2141', '223', '2239', '846', '1862', '2756', '1181',
'1184', '2617', '3972', '2334', '3900', '2759', '4169', '2280',
'2492', '2729', '3750', '1825', '309', '2431', '3099', '2080',
'2279', '2666', '3722', '1976', '529', '1985', '3060', '4278',
'3212', '46', '3148', '3467', '4231', '3790', '473', '1536',
'3955', '2324', '2381', '1177', '371', '2896', '3880', '2991',
'4319', '1061', '662', '4144', '693', '2006', '3115', '2278',
'3751', '1861', '4262', '2913', '2615', '3492', '800', '3766',
'384', '3407', '1087', '3329', '1086', '2216', '2457', '3522',
'3274', '3488', '2854', '238', '351', '3706', '4280', '4095',
'2926', '1329', '3370', '283', '1392', '1743', '2429', '974',
'3156', '1133', '4388', '3243', '4282', '2523', '4281', '3415',
'2001', '441', '94', '3499', '969', '3368', '106', '1004', '2638',
'3946', '2956', '4324', '85', '4113', '819', '615', '1172', '2553',
'1765', '3495', '2820', '4239', '4340', '1295', '2636', '4295',
'1653', '1325', '1879', '1096', '1735', '3584', '1073', '1975',
'3827', '2552', '3754', '2378', '532', '926', '2376', '3636',
'3763', '778', '2621', '804', '754', '2418', '4019', '3926',
'3861', '3574', '175', '162', '2834', '3765', '2354', '523',
'2274', '1606', '1443', '1354', '1422', '1045', '4106', '3155',
'666', '659', '3229', '1216', '2076', '2384', '1954', '719',
'2534', '4002', '541', '2875', '4344', '2081', '3894', '1256',
'676', '4178', '399', '86', '1571', '4037', '1967', '4005', '3216',
'1150', '2591', '1801', '3721', '1775', '2260', '3707', '4292',
'1820', '145', '1480', '1850', '430', '217', '3920', '1389',
'1579', '3391', '2385', '3336', '3392', '3688', '221', '2047'],
dtype=object)
```

```
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].isna().sum()
```

```
7002
```

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment']].head(30)
```

	Customer_ID	Num_of_Delayed_Payment	
0	CUS_0xd40	7	
1	CUS_0xd40	NaN	
2	CUS_0xd40	7	
3	CUS_0xd40	4	
4	CUS_0xd40	NaN	
5	CUS_0xd40	4	
6	CUS_0xd40	8	
7	CUS_0xd40	6	
8	CUS_0x21b1	4	
9	CUS_0x21b1	1	
10	CUS_0x21b1	1	
11	CUS_0x21b1	3	
12	CUS_0x21b1	1	

```
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].unique()

'3533', '519', '2677', '2413', '4139', '2609', '4326', '4211',
'823', '3011', '1608', '2860', '4219', '4047', '1531', '742', '52',
'4024', '1673', '49', '2243', '1685', '1869', '2587', '3489',
'749', '1164', '2616', '848', '4134', '1530', '1502', '4075',
'3845', '1060', '2573', '2128', '328', '640', '2585', '2230',
'1795', '1180', '1534', '3739', '3313', '4191', '996', '372',
'3340', '3177', '602', '787', '4135', '3878', '4059', '1218',
'4051', '1766', '1359', '3107', '585', '1263', '2511', '709',
'3632', '4077', '2943', '2793', '3245', '2317', '1640', '2237',
'3819', '252', '3978', '1498', '1833', '2737', '1192', '1481',
'700', '271', '2286', '273', '1215', '3944', '2070', '1478',
'3749', '871', '2508', '2959', '130', '294', '3097', '3511', '415',
'2196', '2138', '2149', '1874', '1553', '3847', '3222', '1222',
'2907', '3051', '98', '1598', '416', '2314', '2955', '1691',
'1450', '2021', '1636', '80', '3708', '195', '320', '2945', '1911',
'3416', '3796', '4159', '2255', '938', '4397', '3776', '2148',
'1994', '853', '1178', '1633', '196', '3864', '714', '1687',
'1034', '468', '1337', '2044', '1541', '3661', '1211', '2645',
'2007', '102', '1891', '3162', '3142', '2766', '3881', '2728',
'2671', '1952', '3580', '2705', '4251', '3840', '972', '3119',
'3502', '4185', '2954', '683', '1614', '1572', '4302', '3447',
'1852', '2131', '1900', '1699', '133', '2018', '2127', '508',
'210', '577', '1664', '2604', '1411', '2351', '867', '1371',
'2352', '1191', '905', '4053', '3869', '933', '3660', '3300',
'3629', '3208', '2142', '2521', '450', '583', '876', '121', '3919',
'2560', '2578', '2060', '813', '1236', '1489', '4360', '1154',
'2544', '4172', '2924', '426', '4270', '2768', '3909', '3951',
'2712', '2498', '3171', '1750', '197', '265', '4293', '887',
'2707', '2397', '4337', '4249', '2751', '2950', '1859', '107',
'2348', '2506', '2810', '2873', '1301', '2262', '1890', '3078',
'3865', '3268', '2777', '3105', '1278', '3793', '2276', '2879',
'4298', '2141', '223', '2239', '846', '1862', '2756', '1181',
'1184', '2617', '3972', '2334', '3900', '2759', '4169', '2280',
'2492', '2729', '3750', '1825', '309', '2431', '3099', '2080',
'2279', '2666', '3722', '1976', '529', '1985', '3060', '4278',
'3212', '46', '3148', '3467', '4231', '3790', '473', '1536',
'3955', '2324', '2381', '1177', '371', '2896', '3880', '2991',
'4319', '1061', '662', '4144', '693', '2006', '3115', '2278',
'3751', '1861', '4262', '2913', '2615', '3492', '800', '3766',
'384', '3407', '1087', '3329', '1086', '2216', '2457', '3522',
'3274', '3488', '2854', '238', '351', '3706', '4280', '4095',
'2926', '1329', '3370', '283', '1392', '1743', '2429', '974',
'3156', '1133', '4388', '3243', '4282', '2523', '4281', '3415',
'2001', '441', '94', '3499', '969', '3368', '106', '1004', '2638',
'3946', '2956', '4324', '85', '4113', '819', '615', '1172', '2553',
'1765', '3495', '2820', '4239', '4340', '1295', '2636', '4295',
'1653', '1325', '1879', '1096', '1735', '3584', '1073', '1975',
'3827', '2552', '3754', '2378', '532', '926', '2376', '3636',
'3763', '778', '2621', '804', '754', '2418', '4019', '3926',
'3861', '3574', '175', '162', '2834', '3765', '2354', '523',
'2274', '1606', '1443', '1354', '1422', '1045', '4106', '3155',
'666', '659', '3229', '1216', '2076', '2384', '1954', '719',
'2534', '4002', '541', '2875', '4344', '2081', '3894', '1256',
'676', '4178', '399', '86', '1571', '4037', '1967', '4005', '3216',
'1150', '2591', '1801', '3721', '1775', '2260', '3707', '4292',
'1820', '145', '1480', '1850', '430', '217', '3920', '1389',
'1579', '3391', '2385', '3336', '3392', '3688', '221', '2047',
dtype=object)
```

```
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment']
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].transform(lambda x: x.fillna(x.mode().iloc[0]))

data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].isna().sum()

0

data.isna().sum()
```



ID	0
Customer_ID	0
Month	0
Name	0
Age	0
SSN	0
Occupation	0
Annual_Income	0
Monthly_Inhand_Salary	0
Num_Bank_Accounts	0
Num_Credit_Card	0
Interest_Rate	0
Num_of_Loan	0
Type_of_Loan	11408
Delay_from_due_date	0
Num_of_Delayed_Payment	0
Changed_Credit_Limit	0
Num_Credit_Inquiries	1965
Credit_Mix	0
Outstanding_Debt	0
Credit_Utilization_Ratio	0
Credit_History_Age	9030
Payment_of_Min_Amount	0
Total_EMI_per_month	0
Amount_invested_monthly	4479
Payment_Behaviour	0
Monthly_Balance	1200
dtype:	int64

> Num\_Credit\_Inquiries

now dealing with

Num\_Credit\_Inquiries which Represents the number of credit card inquiries

Num\_Credit\_Inquiries 1965

[ ] 6 cells hidden

√ Credit History Age

data.isna().sum()

ID	0
Customer_ID	0
Month	0
Name	0
Age	0
SSN	0
Occupation	0
Annual_Income	0
Monthly_Inhand_Salary	0
Num_Bank_Accounts	0
Num_Credit_Card	0
Interest_Rate	0
Num_of_Loan	0
Type_of_Loan	11408
Delay_from_due_date	0
Num_of_Delayed_Payment	0
Changed_Credit_Limit	0
Num_Credit_Inquiries	0
Credit_Mix	0
Outstanding_Debt	0
Credit_Utilization_Ratio	0
Credit_History_Age	9030
Payment_of_Min_Amount	0
Total_EMI_per_month	0
Amount_invested_monthly	4479
Payment_Behaviour	0
Monthly_Balance	1200
dtype:	int64

data[['Customer\_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Occupation', 'Annual\_Income', 'Num\_Credit\_Card', 'Credit\_History\_Age']].head(25)

	Customer_ID	Month	Name	Occupation	Annual_Income	Num_Credit_Card	Credit_History_Age	
0	CUS_0xd40	January	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	22 Years and 1 Months	
1	CUS_0xd40	February	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	NaN	
2	CUS_0xd40	March	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	22 Years and 3 Months	
3	CUS_0xd40	April	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	22 Years and 4 Months	
4	CUS_0xd40	May	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	22 Years and 5 Months	
5	CUS_0xd40	June	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	22 Years and 6 Months	
6	CUS_0xd40	July	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	22 Years and 7 Months	
7	CUS_0xd40	August	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist	19114.12	4	NaN	
8	CUS_0x21b1	January	Rick Rothackerj		34847.84	4	26 Years and 7 Months	
9	CUS_0x21b1	February	Rick Rothackerj	Teacher	34847.84	4	26 Years and 8 Months	
10	CUS_0x21b1	March	Rick Rothackerj	Teacher	34847.84_	1385	26 Years and 9 Months	
11	CUS_0x21b1	April	Rick Rothackerj	Teacher	34847.84	4	26 Years and 10 Months	
12	CUS_0x21b1	May	Rick Rothackerj	Teacher	34847.84	4	26 Years and 11 Months	
13	CUS_0x21b1	June	Rick Rothackerj	Teacher	34847.84	4	27 Years and 0 Months	
14	CUS_0x21b1	July	Rick Rothackerj	Teacher	34847.84	4	27 Years and 1 Months	

```
data['Credit_History_Age'].str.split(" ").str[-2]

0      1
1     NaN
2      3
3      4
4      5
...
99995   6
99996   7
99997   8
99998   9
99999  10
Name: Credit_History_Age, Length: 100000, dtype: object
```

Amount Invested Monthly

```
data[['Customer_ID','Month','Name','Occupation','Annual_Income','Num_Credit_Card','Amount_invested_monthly']].head(25)
```

```
data['Amount_invested_monthly'].isna().sum()

4479

data[['Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Amount_invested_monthly']].head(30)
```

	Customer_ID	Month	Amount_invested_monthly
0	CUS_0xd40	January	80.41529544
1	CUS_0xd40	February	118.2802216
2	CUS_0xd40	March	81.69952126
3	CUS_0xd40	April	199.4580744
4	CUS_0xd40	May	41.42015309
5	CUS_0xd40	June	62.43017233
6	CUS_0xd40	July	178.3440674
7	CUS_0xd40	August	24.78521651
8	CUS_0x21b1	January	104.2918252
9	CUS_0x21b1	February	40.39123783
10	CUS_0x21b1	March	58.5159757
11	CUS_0x21b1	April	99.30622796
12	CUS_0x21b1	May	130.1154202
13	CUS_0x21b1	June	43.47719014
14	CUS_0x21b1	July	70.10177421
15	CUS_0x21b1	August	218.9043435
16	CUS_0x2dbc	January	168.4137027
17	CUS_0x2dbc	February	232.8603838
18	CUS_0x2dbc	March	__10000__
19	CUS_0x2dbc	April	825.2162699
20	CUS_0x2dbc	May	430.9475279
21	CUS_0x2dbc	June	257.8080994
22	CUS_0x2dbc	July	263.1741632
23	CUS_0x2dbc	August	__10000__
24	CUS_0xb891	January	81.22885871
25	CUS_0xb891	February	124.8818199
26	CUS_0xb891	March	83.4065088
27	CUS_0xb891	April	272.3340374
28	CUS_0xb891	May	__10000__
29	CUS_0xb891	June	84.95284817

```
data[data['Amount_invested_monthly'] == '__10000__']['Amount_invested_monthly'].shape

(4305,)
```

```
data['Amount_invested_monthly'].describe()

count          95521
unique          91049
top      __10000__
freq           4305
Name: Amount_invested_monthly, dtype: object
```

there are null 4479 null values and 4305 wrong entries in the 'Amount\_invested\_monthly' column so we have to deal with it seperately using .fillna() and .replace() and both of these would be replaced 1st with -1 then its type should get converted to float or int then -1 is replaced with median as this would be better choice keeping in mind with the outliers and width of entries numeric values for the given data

```
data['Amount_invested_monthly'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Amount_invested_monthly'].transform(lambda x: x.fillna("-1"))
data['Amount_invested_monthly'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Amount_invested_monthly'].transform(lambda x: x.replace("__10000__",-1))

data[['Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Amount_invested_monthly']].head(30)
```

	Customer_ID	Month	Amount_invested_monthly
0	CUS_0xd40	January	80.41529544
1	CUS_0xd40	February	118.2802216
2	CUS_0xd40	March	81.69952126
3	CUS_0xd40	April	199.4580744
4	CUS_0xd40	May	41.42015309
5	CUS_0xd40	June	62.43017233
6	CUS_0xd40	July	178.3440674
7	CUS_0xd40	August	24.78521651
8	CUS_0x21b1	January	104.2918252
9	CUS_0x21b1	February	40.39123783
10	CUS_0x21b1	March	58.5159757
11	CUS_0x21b1	April	99.30622796
12	CUS_0x21b1	May	130.1154202
13	CUS_0x21b1	June	43.47719014
14	CUS_0x21b1	July	70.10177421
15	CUS_0x21b1	August	218.9043435
16	CUS_0x2dbc	January	168.4137027
17	CUS_0x2dbc	February	232.8603838
18	CUS_0x2dbc	March	-1
19	CUS_0x2dbc	April	825.2162699
20	CUS_0x2dbc	May	430.9475279
21	CUS_0x2dbc	June	257.8080994
22	CUS_0x2dbc	July	263.1741632
23	CUS_0x2dbc	August	-1
24	CUS_0xb891	January	81.22885871
25	CUS_0xb891	February	124.8818199

```
data['Amount_invested_monthly'] = data['Amount_invested_monthly'].astype(float)
27 CUS_0xb891 April 272.3340374

Now replacing -1 with the median value of 'Amount_invested_monthly' for same Customer_ID

29 CUS_0xb891 June 84.95284817
data['Amount_invested_monthly'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Amount_invested_monthly'].transform(lambda x: x.replace(-1,x.median()))

data[['Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Amount_invested_monthly']].head(30)
```

	Customer_ID	Month	Amount_invested_monthly
0	CUS_0xd40	January	80.415295
1	CUS_0xd40	February	118.280222
2	CUS_0xd40	March	81.699521
3	CUS_0xd40	April	199.458074
4	CUS_0xd40	May	41.420153
5	CUS_0xd40	June	62.430172
6	CUS_0xd40	July	178.344067
7	CUS_0xd40	August	24.785217
8	CUS_0x21b1	January	104.291825

Now all null values and wrong entries has been replaced with median value of Amount\_invested\_monthly for same Customer\_ID as can be check by below process

```
print("number of null values : ",data['Amount_invested_monthly'].isna().sum())
print("number of wrong entries __10000__ : ",data[data['Amount_invested_monthly']=='__10000__']['Amount_invested_monthly'].count())

number of null values : 0
number of wrong entries __10000__ : 0
```

Monthly Balance

```
data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
Data columns (total 27 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---                                -
0    ID                                    100000 non-null object
1    Customer_ID                          100000 non-null object
2    Month                                100000 non-null object
3    Name                                 100000 non-null object
4    Age                                  100000 non-null int64
5    SSN                                  100000 non-null object
6    Occupation                           100000 non-null object
7    Annual_Income                        100000 non-null object
8    Monthly_Inhand_Salary                100000 non-null float64
9    Num_Bank_Accounts                    100000 non-null int64
10   Num_Credit_Card                       100000 non-null int64
11   Interest_Rate                        100000 non-null int64
12   Num_of_Loan                           100000 non-null object
13   Type_of_Loan                          88592 non-null object
14   Delay_from_due_date                  100000 non-null int64
15   Num_of_Delayed_Payment                100000 non-null object
16   Changed_Credit_Limit                  100000 non-null object
17   Num_Credit_Inquiries                  100000 non-null float64
18   Credit_Mix                            100000 non-null object
19   Outstanding_Debt                      100000 non-null object
20   Credit_Utilization_Ratio              100000 non-null float64
21   Credit_History_Age                    90970 non-null object
22   Payment_of_Min_Amount                 100000 non-null object
23   Total_EMI_per_month                  100000 non-null float64
24   Amount_invested_monthly               100000 non-null float64
25   Payment_Behaviour                     100000 non-null object
26   Monthly_Balance                       98800 non-null object
dtypes: float64(5), int64(5), object(17)
memory usage: 20.6+ MB
```

```
data[data.Monthly_Balance.isna()][['Customer_ID','Month','Monthly_Balance']]
```

	Customer_ID	Month	Monthly_Balance
197	CUS_0xa5f9	June	NaN
314	CUS_0x571f	March	NaN
388	CUS_0x9b3c	May	NaN
456	CUS_0x9d78	January	NaN
457	CUS_0x9d78	February	NaN
...	...	...	...
99820	CUS_0x40ad	May	NaN
99839	CUS_0x8788	August	NaN
99852	CUS_0x3048	May	NaN
99854	CUS_0x3048	July	NaN
99927	CUS_0x2654	August	NaN

1200 rows × 3 columns

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Monthly_Balance']].iloc[450:470]
```

	Customer_ID	Monthly_Balance
450	CUS_0x3f5b	407.5699589
451	CUS_0x3f5b	803.4807269
452	CUS_0x3f5b	625.2923728
453	CUS_0x3f5b	708.5727909
454	CUS_0x3f5b	799.4042336
455	CUS_0x3f5b	808.782961
456	CUS_0x9d78	NaN
457	CUS_0x9d78	NaN
458	CUS_0x9d78	214.1906424
459	CUS_0x9d78	141.3300654
460	CUS_0x9d78	229.3651659
461	CUS_0x9d78	59.88619327
462	CUS_0x9d78	NaN
463	CUS_0x9d78	NaN
464	CUS_0x47db	515.0833063
465	CUS_0x47db	193.578861
466	CUS_0x47db	327.5495239
467	CUS_0x47db	455.0014209
468	CUS_0x47db	75.19634822
469	CUS_0x47db	233.9059894

inorder to deal with missing value we will use mean value of Monthly\_Balance for every Customer\_ID

since monthly\_balance is string data type so first we will replace null value with 0 for identification then will change the datatype from str to float if some miscellaneous no numeric entity comes up while performing operation e.g. -33333333333333333333333333333333 then will replace same with 0 then again will replace 0 with the mean of monthly\_balance for every customer\_ID

```
data['Monthly_Balance'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Monthly_Balance'].transform(lambda x: x.fillna("0"))
data['Monthly_Balance'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Monthly_Balance'].transform(lambda x: x.replace("__-33333333333333333333333333333333__","0"))
data['Monthly_Balance'] = data['Monthly_Balance'].astype(float)
data['Monthly_Balance'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Monthly_Balance'].transform(lambda x: x.replace(0,x.mean()))
```

cross checking the missing value imputation

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Monthly_Balance']].iloc[450:470]
```

```
Customer ID  Monthly Balance
data[['Customer_ID', 'Monthly_Balance']].iloc[99845:99860]
```

	Customer_ID	Monthly_Balance
99845	CUS_0x944e	302.276968
99846	CUS_0x944e	284.018644
99847	CUS_0x944e	299.233745
99848	CUS_0x3048	381.241606
99849	CUS_0x3048	41.541911
99850	CUS_0x3048	243.341772
99851	CUS_0x3048	380.229816
99852	CUS_0x3048	187.515825
99853	CUS_0x3048	258.156482
99854	CUS_0x3048	187.515825
99855	CUS_0x3048	195.615013
99856	CUS_0x1285	328.089856
99857	CUS_0x1285	322.293263
99858	CUS_0x1285	308.748472
99859	CUS_0x1285	302.667526

```
data.isna().sum()

ID                0
Customer_ID       0
Month             0
Name              0
Age              0
SSN              0
Occupation        0
Annual_Income     0
Monthly_Inhand_Salary  0
Num_Bank_Accounts  0
Num_Credit_Card   0
Interest_Rate     0
Num_of_Loan       0
Type_of_Loan      11408
Delay_from_due_date  0
Num_of_Delayed_Payment  0
Changed_Credit_Limit  0
Num_Credit_Inquiries  0
Credit_Mix        0
Outstanding_Debt   0
Credit_Utilization_Ratio  0
Credit_History_Age  9030
Payment_of_Min_Amount  0
Total_EMI_per_month  0
Amount_invested_monthly  0
Payment_Behaviour  0
Monthly_Balance   0
dtype: int64
```

Now its time to check every features in data for some wrong entries or changing its data type if required

```
data.Month.unique()

array(['January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July',
      'August'], dtype=object)

data.Name.unique()

array(['Aaron Maashoh', 'Rick Rothackerj', 'Langep', ...,
      'Chris Wickhamm', 'Sarah McBridec', 'Nicks'], dtype=object)

data.Name.nunique()

10139

np.dtype(data.Age)

dtype('int64')

data.Age.unique()

array([23, 28, 34, 55, 21, 31, 30, 44, 40, 33, 35, 39, 37, 20, 46, 26, 41,
      32, 48, 43, 36, 16, 18, 42, 22, 19, 15, 27, 38, 14, 25, 45, 47, 17,
```

```
53, 24, 54, 29, 49, 51, 50, 52, 56])
```

```
data.SSN.unique()
```

```
array(['821-00-0265', '004-07-5839', '486-85-3974', ..., '133-16-7738',  
      '031-35-0942', '078-73-5990'], dtype=object)
```

```
data.Occupation.unique()
```

```
array(['Scientist', '_____', 'Teacher', 'Engineer', 'Entrepreneur',  
      'Developer', 'Lawyer', 'Media_Manager', 'Doctor', 'Journalist',  
      'Manager', 'Accountant', 'Musician', 'Mechanic', 'Writer',  
      'Architect'], dtype=object)
```

for Occupation column there is wrong entry we can see from above unique element so in order to deal with this we will use mode of occupation column for every Customer\_ID

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Name', 'Occupation']].head(50)
```



	Customer_ID	Name	Occupation
0	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
1	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
2	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
3	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
4	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
5	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
6	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
7	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist

```
data['Occupation'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Occupation'].transform(lambda x: x.replace("_____",x.mode().iloc[0]))
```

8	CUS_0x24b4	Dick Rothacker	Teacher
---	------------	----------------	---------

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Name', 'Occupation']].head(50)
```

	Customer_ID	Name	Occupation
0	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
1	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
2	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
3	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
4	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
5	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist
6	CUS_0xd40	Aaron Maashoh	Scientist

from above process "\_\_\_" is replaced with the mode of Occupation column for every Customer\_ID

```
0 CUS_0x21d1 Kick Kohnacker teacher
```

Annual Income

```
44 CUS_0x21b1 Pink Bathokari Teacher
```

```
data.Annual_Income.isna().sum()
```

```
0
```

```
data.Annual_Income.loc[25:50]
```

```
25 30689.89
26 30689.89
27 30689.89_
28 30689.89
29 30689.89
30 30689.89
31 30689.89
32 35547.71_
33 35547.71
34 35547.71
35 35547.71
36 35547.71
37 35547.71
38 35547.71
39 35547.71
40 73928.46
41 73928.46
42 73928.46
43 73928.46
44 73928.46
45 73928.46
46 73928.46
47 73928.46
48 131313.4
49 131313.4
50 131313.4
```

```
Name: Annual_Income, dtype: object
```

```
data.Annual_Income.unique()
```

```
array(['19114.12', '34847.84', '34847.84_', ..., '20002.88', '39628.99',
       '39628.99_'], dtype=object)
```

```
34 CUS_0x1cdb Deepaa Developer
```

since there are annual incomes where the we can see froma bove result that the they are in string format as because they are in this format 34847.84\_ or 39628.99\_ so inorder to deal with this we can do the process as shown below

```
data.loc[data['Annual_Income'].str[-1] == '_','Annual_Income'] = data['Annual_Income'].str[:-1]
data.Annual_Income = data.Annual_Income.astype(float)
data.Annual_Income.unique()
```

```
array([ 19114.12, 34847.84, 143162.64, ..., 37188.1 , 20002.88,
       39628.99])
```

```
41 CUS_0x99ee np Lawyer
```

Monthly\_Inhand\_Salary

```
44 CUS_0x0f1c Mr Teacher
```

```
data.Monthly_Inhand_Salary.unique()
```

```
array([ 1824.843333, 3037.986667, 12187.22 , ..., 3097.008333,
       1929.906667, 3359.415833])
```

```
47 CUS_0x99ee np Lawyer
```

Num\_Bank\_Accounts :

Represents the number of bank accounts a person holds

```
data.Num_Bank_Accounts.unique()
```

```
1300, 1303, 300, 1143, 1413, 1233, 841, 1311, 310, -1, 302,
456, 198, 122, 832, 167, 1547, 1666, 1241, 275, 566, 1779,
201, 334, 1169, 834, 1174, 1040, 530, 1676, 1468, 1093, 706,
489, 1592, 688, 830, 1784, 1543, 1600, 1178, 228, 483, 1501,
950, 548, 870, 1211, 604, 804, 129, 540, 1702, 1636, 1680,
1443, 1252, 499, 180, 702, 885, 1652, 795, 938, 833, 1654,
1793, 303, 1621, 1516, 1138, 32, 160, 1491, 83, 423, 928,
339, 931, 243, 1756, 583, 1695, 274, 955, 430, 1247, 490,
726, 987, 42, 1626, 1470, 1739, 887, 211, 385, 1221, 753,
324, 406, 1677, 1567, 785, 182, 1079, 184, 1771, 1048, 1069,
561, 589, 1634, 70, 1371, 647, 1153, 239, 801, 1279, 1287,
425, 1589, 929, 1511, 1765, 1047, 1005, 1337, 981, 1766, 805,
1574, 1638, 186, 99, 288, 1650, 974, 996, 1595, 1594, 865,
203, 1440, 448, 285, 94, 875, 916, 1733, 240, 330, 79,
82, 135, 1043, 142, 1235, 1569, 1741, 1461, 560, 1551, 409,
418, 1017, 892, 354, 124, 935, 313, 1363, 232, 1200, 1184,
1432, 1479, 1407, 1080, 1719, 1024, 970, 761, 158, 312, 1060,
684, 696, 1520, 1352, 1502, 936, 485, 350, 1560, 1166, 1013,
34, 1691, 715, 1570, 1751, 1503, 1194, 1558, 411, 298, 260,
308, 796, 1442, 912, 1256, 746, 435, 620, 1774, 1181, 1323,
837, 307, 1430, 53, 1447, 259, 921, 328, 1034, 353, 822,
654, 829, 609, 166, 136, 172, 1306, 1028, 808, 270, 1072,
514, 156, 1331, 1630, 462, 1310, 1210, 265, 50, 1355, 394,
1393, 226, 991, 368, 1018, 1037, 627, 1744, 523, 894, 944,
1730, 1076, 1094, 1617, 449, 678, 1164, 30, 817, 1568, 607,
709, 1230, 606, 1480, 29, 1522, 1670, 49, 626, 1641, 1712,
1370, 1782, 119, 1137, 1277, 35, 947, 851, 1041, 1583, 1536,
575, 196, 143, 33, 383, 57, 621, 230, 162, 352, 1504,
1250, 39, 511, 1364, 918, 1665, 734, 1320, 316, 771, 705,
1435, 304, 116, 1553, 424, 493, 1530, 1195, 1604, 624, 1599,
782, 1606, 1622, 1285, 657, 1275, 1291, 1402, 420, 932, 468,
442, 1145, 93, 1218, 283, 292, 927, 1711, 1422, 364, 1398,
594, 789, 1350, 676, 216, 1012, 1426, 717, 1095, 1786, 850,
777, 375, 356, 701, 1325, 290, 1775, 467, 1365, 1549, 848,
1453, 84, 1458, 888, 770, 1591, 582, 40, 1261, 1764, 1067,
145, 471, 476, 1128, 967, 622, 641, 539, 858, 295, 1395,
1517, 1297, 1126, 926, 157, 1377, 993, 125, 340, 271, 1669,
272, 979, 707, 564, 997, 447, 1578, 1465, 415, 714, 1276,
18, 1316, 587, 245, 446, 978, 1002, 1631, 341, 1307, 524,
1267, 103, 242, 1378, 1328, 1294, 1309, 724, 197, 999, 547,
1100, 1456, 77, 1506, 1472, 460, 11, 1420, 218, 1253, 392,
670, 1321, 100, 1205, 443, 92, 811, 774, 159, 1770, 972,
1157, 1102, 217, 358, 1473, 440, 140, 1361, 481, 512, 1117,
300, 1263, 1581, 901, 1298, 310, 637, 758, 1734, 1288, 326,
1678, 1444, 1344, 1379, 828, 982, 104, 317, 1529, 1627, 115,
645, 1404, 940, 1305, 1049, 1645, 1466, 175, 1165, 1419, 1031,
581, 1580, 854, 725, 1655, 1134, 569, 1387, 1381, 1760, 360,
1735, 1146, 1411, 969, 1281, 591, 327, 466, 667, 147, 109,
784, 1396, 1349, 839, 1284, 802, 97, 281, 1382, 1039, 1483,
376, 1249, 1207, 1213, 1219, 1345, 1523, 949, 1063, 983, 886,
1151, 992, 1107, 1314, 151, 69, 1489, 695, 738, 444, 1525,
825, 506, 518, 1077, 1354, 713, 690, 861, 1389, 968, 421,
907, 205, 856, 72, 651, 161, 867, 971, 1078, 64, 1701,
546, 1216, 27, 1709, 193, 1528, 957, 577, 346, 1416, 396,
1182, 652, 1083, 1778, 680, 1754, 1544, 1703, 636, 472, 453,
463, 75, 756, 296, 891, 813, 474, 697])
```

from the above inquiry we can se it is not right to say that a person have number of bank accounts more than 1000 or more than double digits  
so we can conclude them as wrong entry, so to deal with it we can use mode operation

```
data[data['Num_Bank_Accounts'] > 1000][['Customer_ID','Num_Bank_Accounts']]
```

	Customer_ID	Num_Bank_Accounts
267	CUS_0x4004	1414
288	CUS_0x4080	1231
356	CUS_0xaedb	1488
1057	CUS_0x1e9b	1647
1122	CUS_0x6749	1696
...	...	...
98735	CUS_0xdcc	1083
98749	CUS_0x50c4	1617
98796	CUS_0xa756	1511
99417	CUS_0xdfd	1525
99638	CUS_0x296f	1481

576 rows × 2 columns

```
data.Num_Bank_Accounts.iloc[264:273]
```

264	8
265	8
266	8
267	1414
268	8
269	8
270	8
271	8

```
272         2
      Name: Num_Bank_Accounts, dtype: int64

data['Num_Bank_Accounts'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_Bank_Accounts'].transform(lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0])

data.Num_Bank_Accounts.unique()

array([ 3,  2,  1,  7,  4,  0,  8,  5,  6,  9, 10, -1])
```

since all Num\_Bank\_Accounts comes in single digits which sounds good but still there is negative value which needed to be treated seperately as shown below

```
data[data['Num_Bank_Accounts']== -1][['Customer_ID','Num_Bank_Accounts']]
```

	Customer_ID	Num_Bank_Accounts	
30328	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30329	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30330	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30331	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30332	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30333	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30334	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
30335	CUS_0x4f2a	-1	
43688	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43689	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43690	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43691	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43692	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43693	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43694	CUS_0xa878	-1	
43695	CUS_0xa878	-1	
47208	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47209	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47210	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47211	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47212	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47213	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47214	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
47215	CUS_0x43bc	-1	
55632	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55633	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55634	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55635	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55636	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55637	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55638	CUS_0x5993	-1	
55639	CUS_0x5993	-1	

From above observation we can say that mostly the customers which have 'Num\_Bank\_Accounts' as -1 they have all their entries as -1 for 'Num\_Bank\_Accounts' so inorder to deal with it we have to consider some other columns lets say some demographic characters like Age, Occupation and using similar in these beahviour their 'Num\_Bank\_Accounts' to impute this -1 value in 'Num\_Bank\_Accounts'

```
data[['Customer_ID','Num_Bank_Accounts']][30325:30340]
```

```
Customer_ID  Num_Bank_Accounts
30325  CUS_0x510d      7
30326  CUS_0x510d      7
30327  CUS_0x510d      7
30328  CUS_0x4f2a     -1
30329  CUS_0x4f2a     -1
30330  CUS_0x4f2a     -1
30331  CUS_0x4f2a     -1
30332  CUS_0x4f2a     -1
30333  CUS_0x4f2a     -1

data['Num_Bank_Accounts'] = data.groupby(['Age', 'Occupation'])['Num_Bank_Accounts'].transform(lambda x: x.replace(-1,x.mode().iloc[0]))

-----

data[['Customer_ID', 'Num_Bank_Accounts']][30325:30340]
```

	Customer_ID	Num_Bank_Accounts
30325	CUS_0x510d	7
30326	CUS_0x510d	7
30327	CUS_0x510d	7
30328	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30329	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30330	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30331	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30332	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30333	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30334	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30335	CUS_0x4f2a	3
30336	CUS_0xb7d4	1
30337	CUS_0xb7d4	1
30338	CUS_0xb7d4	1
30339	CUS_0xb7d4	1

since still -1 is left so for that we can us mode of 'Num\_Bank\_Accounts' for every 'Customer\_ID'

```
data['Num_Bank_Accounts'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_Bank_Accounts'].transform(lambda x: x.replace(-1,x.mode().iloc[0]))

data.isna().sum()

ID      0
Customer_ID      0
Month      0
Name      0
Age      0
SSN      0
Occupation      0
Annual_Income      0
Monthly_Inhand_Salary      0
Num_Bank_Accounts      0
Num_Credit_Card      0
Interest_Rate      0
Num_of_Loan      0
Type_of_Loan      11408
Delay_from_due_date      0
Num_of_Delayed_Payment      0
Changed_Credit_Limit      0
Num_Credit_Inquiries      0
Credit_Mix      0
Outstanding_Debt      0
Credit_Utilization_Ratio      0
Credit_History_Age      9030
Payment_of_Min_Amount      0
Total_EMI_per_month      0
Amount_invested_monthly      0
Payment_Behaviour      0
Monthly_Balance      0
dtype: int64
```

Num\_Credit\_Card

```
data.Num_Credit_Card.unique()
```

```
array([ 4, 1385, 5, ..., 955, 1430, 679])

from above observation we can see there are individuals who owns more than 1000 credit cards which are not possible legally so this
Num_Credit_Card column should be treated accordingly as shown below

data[data['Num_Credit_Card'] > 1000][['Customer_ID','Num_Credit_Card']].shape[0]

774

data['Num_Credit_Card'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_Credit_Card'].transform(lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0])

data.Num_Credit_Card.unique()

array([ 4, 5, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 9, 2, 10, 11, 0])

data[data['Num_Credit_Card'] > 1000][['Customer_ID','Num_Credit_Card']].shape[0]

0



Now from above process the wrong entries for Num_Credit_Card where Num_Credit_Card > 1000 has been treated
```

Interest\_Rate

```
data.Interest_Rate.unique()



array([ 3, 6, 8, ..., 1347, 387, 5729])

data[data['Interest_Rate'] > 1000][['Customer_ID','Interest_Rate']]
```

	Customer_ID	Interest_Rate	
44	CUS_0x95ee	5318	
167	CUS_0x132f	5240	
178	CUS_0xac86	4975	
345	CUS_0xc65	1138	
472	CUS_0x8f17	5261	
...	...	...	
99621	CUS_0xae66	2536	
99753	CUS_0x4a8f	1127	
99791	CUS_0x62f5	4396	
99882	CUS_0x47fa	1947	
99997	CUS_0x942c	5729	

1681 rows × 2 columns

```
data[['Customer_ID','Interest_Rate']][165:180]
```

	Customer_ID	Interest_Rate	
165	CUS_0x132f	17	
166	CUS_0x132f	17	
167	CUS_0x132f	5240	
168	CUS_0xa16e	17	
169	CUS_0xa16e	17	
170	CUS_0xa16e	17	
171	CUS_0xa16e	17	
172	CUS_0xa16e	17	
173	CUS_0xa16e	17	
174	CUS_0xa16e	17	
175	CUS_0xa16e	17	
176	CUS_0xac86	1	
177	CUS_0xac86	1	
178	CUS_0xac86	4975	
179	CUS_0xac86	1	

```
data['Interest_Rate'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Interest_Rate'].transform(lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0])
```

```
data['Interest_Rate'].unique()

array([ 3,  6,  8,  4,  5, 15,  7, 12, 20,  1, 14, 32, 16, 17, 10, 31, 25,
        18, 19,  9, 24, 13, 33, 11, 21, 29, 28, 30, 23, 34,  2, 27, 26, 22])
```

from above process we can see that the interest rate column is now good to be used for further analysis

## ✓ Num\_of\_Loan

```
data.Num_of_Loan.unique()

array(['4', '1', '3', '967', '-100', '0', '0_', '2', '3_', '2_', '7', '5',
       '5_', '6', '8', '8_', '9', '9_', '4_', '7_', '1_', '1464', '6_',
       '622', '352', '472', '1017', '945', '146', '563', '341', '444',
       '720', '1485', '49', '737', '1106', '466', '728', '313', '843',
       '597', '617', '119', '663', '640', '92_', '1019', '501', '1302',
       '39', '716', '848', '931', '1214', '186', '424', '1001', '1110',
       '1152', '457', '1433', '1187', '52', '1480', '1047', '1035',
       '1347_', '33', '193', '699', '329', '1451', '484', '132', '649',
       '995', '545', '684', '1135', '1094', '1204', '654', '58', '348',
       '614', '1363', '323', '1406', '1348', '430', '153', '1461', '905',
       '1312', '1424', '1154', '95', '1353', '1228', '819', '1006', '795',
       '359', '1209', '590', '696', '1185_', '1465', '911', '1181', '70',
       '816', '1369', '143', '1416', '455', '55', '1096', '1474', '420',
       '1131', '904', '89', '1259', '527', '1241', '449', '983', '418',
       '319', '23', '238', '638', '138', '235_', '280', '1070', '1484',
       '274', '494', '1459_', '404', '1354', '1495', '1391', '601',
       '1313', '1319', '898', '231', '752', '174', '961', '1046', '834',
       '284', '438', '288', '1463', '1151', '719', '198', '1015', '855',
       '841', '392', '1444', '103', '1320', '745', '172', '252', '630_',
       '241', '31', '405', '1217', '1030', '1257', '137', '157', '164',
       '1088', '1236', '777', '1048', '613', '330', '1439', '321', '661',
       '952', '939', '562', '1202', '302', '943', '394', '955', '1318',
       '936', '781', '100', '1329', '1365', '860', '217', '191', '32',
       '282', '351', '1387', '757', '416', '833', '359_', '292', '1225_',
       '1227', '639', '859', '243', '267', '510', '332', '996', '597',
       '311', '492', '820', '336', '123', '540', '131_', '1311_', '1441',
       '895', '891', '50', '940', '935', '596', '29', '1182', '1129_',
       '1014', '251', '365', '291', '1447', '742', '1085', '148', '462',
       '832', '881', '1225', '1412', '785_', '1127', '910', '538', '999',
       '733', '101', '237', '87', '659', '633', '387', '447', '629',
       '831', '1384', '773', '621', '1419', '289', '143_', '285', '1393',
       '1131_', '27_', '1359', '1482', '1189', '1294', '201', '579',
       '814', '141', '1320', '581', '1171_', '295', '290', '433', '679',
       '1040', '1054', '1430', '1023', '1077', '1457', '1150', '701',
       '1382', '889', '437', '372', '1222', '126', '1159', '868', '19',
       '1297', '227_', '190', '809', '1216', '1074', '571', '520', '1274',
       '1340', '991', '316', '697', '926', '873', '1002', '378_', '65',
       '875', '867', '548', '652', '1372', '606', '1036', '1300', '17',
       '1178', '802', '1219_', '1271', '1137', '1496', '439', '196',
       '636', '192', '228', '1053', '229', '753', '1296', '1371', '254',
       '863', '464', '515', '838', '1160', '1289', '1298', '799', '182',
       '574', '527_', '242', '415', '869', '958', '54', '1265', '656',
       '275', '778', '208', '147', '350', '507', '463', '497', '1129',
       '927', '653', '662', '529', '635', '1027_', '897', '1039', '227',
       '1345', '924', '696_', '1279', '546', '1112', '1210', '526', '300',
       '1103', '504', '136', '1400', '78', '686', '1091', '344', '215',
       '84', '628', '1470', '968', '1478', '83', '1196', '1307', '1132_',
       '1008', '917', '657', '56', '18', '41', '801', '978', '216', '349',
       '966'], dtype=object)
```

in this above Num\_of\_Loan column there are two type of error first the some entries are non numeric in representation like "1132\_" and some are > 1000 in values sow we have to deal them for this we can do as below process shown

```
data.loc[data['Num_of_Loan'].str[-1] == '_' , 'Num_of_Loan'] = data['Num_of_Loan'].str[:-1]
data.Num_of_Loan = data.Num_of_Loan.astype(int)
data.Num_of_Loan.unique()
```

```
array([ 4,  1,  3, 967, -100,  0,  2,  7,  5,  6,  8,
        9, 1464, 622, 352, 472, 1017, 945, 146, 563, 341, 444,
        720, 1485, 49, 737, 1106, 466, 728, 313, 843, 597, 617,
        119, 663, 640, 92, 1019, 501, 1302, 39, 716, 848, 931,
        1214, 186, 424, 1001, 1110, 1152, 457, 1433, 1187, 52, 1480,
        1047, 1035, 1347, 33, 193, 699, 329, 1451, 484, 132, 649,
        995, 545, 684, 1135, 1094, 1204, 654, 58, 348, 614, 1363,
        323, 1406, 1348, 430, 153, 1461, 905, 1312, 1424, 1154, 95,
        1353, 1228, 819, 1006, 795, 359, 1209, 590, 696, 1185, 1465,
        911, 1181, 70, 816, 1369, 143, 1416, 455, 55, 1096, 1474,
        420, 1131, 904, 89, 1259, 527, 1241, 449, 983, 418, 319,
        23, 238, 638, 138, 235, 280, 1070, 1484, 274, 494, 1459,
        404, 1354, 1495, 1391, 601, 1313, 1319, 898, 231, 752, 174,
        961, 1046, 834, 284, 438, 288, 1463, 1151, 719, 198, 1015,
        855, 841, 392, 1444, 103, 1320, 745, 172, 252, 630, 241,
        31, 405, 1217, 1030, 1257, 137, 157, 164, 1088, 1236, 777,
        1048, 613, 330, 1439, 321, 661, 952, 939, 562, 1202, 302,
        943, 394, 955, 1318, 936, 781, 100, 1329, 1365, 860, 217,
        191, 32, 282, 351, 1387, 757, 416, 833, 292, 1225, 1227,
        639, 859, 243, 267, 510, 332, 996, 311, 492, 820, 336,
        123, 540, 131, 1311, 1441, 895, 891, 50, 940, 935, 596,
        29, 1182, 1129, 1014, 251, 365, 291, 1447, 742, 1085, 148,
```

```
462, 832, 881, 1412, 785, 1127, 910, 538, 999, 733, 101,
237, 87, 659, 633, 387, 447, 629, 831, 1384, 773, 621,
1419, 289, 285, 1393, 27, 1359, 1482, 1189, 1294, 201, 579,
814, 141, 581, 1171, 295, 290, 433, 679, 1040, 1054, 1430,
1023, 1077, 1457, 1150, 701, 1382, 889, 437, 372, 1222, 126,
1159, 868, 19, 1297, 227, 190, 809, 1216, 1074, 571, 520,
1274, 1340, 991, 316, 697, 926, 873, 1002, 378, 65, 875,
867, 548, 652, 1372, 606, 1036, 1300, 17, 1178, 802, 1219,
1271, 1137, 1496, 439, 196, 636, 192, 228, 1053, 229, 753,
1296, 1371, 254, 863, 464, 515, 838, 1160, 1289, 1298, 799,
182, 574, 242, 415, 869, 958, 54, 1265, 656, 275, 778,
208, 147, 350, 507, 463, 497, 927, 653, 662, 529, 635,
1027, 897, 1039, 1345, 924, 1279, 546, 1112, 1210, 526, 300,
1103, 504, 136, 1400, 78, 686, 1091, 344, 215, 84, 628,
1470, 968, 1478, 83, 1196, 1307, 1132, 1008, 917, 657, 56,
18, 41, 801, 978, 216, 349, 966]]
```

```
data['Num_of_Loan'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_of_Loan'].transform(lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0])
```

```
data.Num_of_Loan.unique()

array([4, 1, 3, 0, 2, 7, 5, 6, 8, 9])
```

now the data have been cleaning for Num\_of\_Loan variable in data as can be checked from above result

▼ Type\_of\_Loan

```
data.columns

Index(['ID', 'Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Age', 'SSN', 'Occupation',
       'Annual_Income', 'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts',
       'Num_Credit_Card', 'Interest_Rate', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan',
       'Delay_from_due_date', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment', 'Changed_Credit_Limit',
       'Num_Credit_Inquiries', 'Credit_Mix', 'Outstanding_Debt',
       'Credit_Utilization_Ratio', 'Credit_History_Age',
       'Payment_of_Min_Amount', 'Total_EMI_per_month',
       'Amount_invested_monthly', 'Payment_Behaviour', 'Monthly_Balance'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
data[data.Type_of_Loan.isna()][['Customer_ID', 'Type_of_Loan']]
```

	Customer_ID	Type_of_Loan	
32	CUS_0x1cdb	NaN	📊
33	CUS_0x1cdb	NaN	
34	CUS_0x1cdb	NaN	
35	CUS_0x1cdb	NaN	
36	CUS_0x1cdb	NaN	
...	...	...	
99939	CUS_0xad4f	NaN	
99940	CUS_0xad4f	NaN	
99941	CUS_0xad4f	NaN	
99942	CUS_0xad4f	NaN	
99943	CUS_0xad4f	NaN	

11408 rows × 2 columns

to deal with these null values we can take reference of other customers demographic behaviour and banking behaviour or characteristics to predict the type of loans of customers which have null entries in it so we can take columns like 'Age', 'Occupation'.

```
data['Type_of_Loan'] = data.groupby(['Age', 'Occupation'])['Type_of_Loan'].transform(lambda x: x.fillna(x.value_counts().idxmax()))

data[data['Occupation']=='Developer'][['Customer_ID', 'Age', 'Occupation', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan']]['Type_of_Loan'].unique()
```



```
'Home equity Loan, Not Specified, Home Equity Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Mortgage Loan, and Debt Consolidation Loan',
'Credit-Builder Loan, Auto Loan, Student Loan, and Payday Loan',
'Home Equity Loan, Student Loan, and Credit-Builder Loan',
'Debt Consolidation Loan, Personal Loan, Home Equity Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, and Student Loan',
'Payday Loan, Mortgage Loan, Auto Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, and Home Equity Loan',
'Mortgage Loan, Personal Loan, and Debt Consolidation Loan',
'Personal Loan, Mortgage Loan, Mortgage Loan, Home Equity Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Auto Loan, and Not Specified',
'Credit-Builder Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Student Loan, Home Equity Loan, Student Loan, Personal Loan, and Personal Loan',
'Debt Consolidation Loan, Auto Loan, Not Specified, Personal Loan, Personal Loan, Payday Loan, Student Loan, Student Loan, and Debt Consolidation Loan',
'Debt Consolidation Loan, Mortgage Loan, Not Specified, Credit-Builder Loan, Student Loan, and Not Specified',
'Payday Loan, Payday Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Not Specified, Personal Loan, Home Equity Loan, and Personal Loan',
'Payday Loan, and Payday Loan',
'Credit-Builder Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Auto Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Payday Loan, Student Loan, Not Specified, Not Specified, Mortgage Loan, Personal Loan, and Not Specified',
'Debt Consolidation Loan, Not Specified, Student Loan, Personal Loan, Personal Loan, Not Specified, and Personal Loan',
'Personal Loan, Not Specified, Student Loan, Personal Loan, Home Equity Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Not Specified, Not Specified, Mortgage Loan, Personal Loan, Home Equity Loan, Not Specified, and Credit-Builder Loan',
'Mortgage Loan, Personal Loan, Mortgage Loan, Mortgage Loan, Auto Loan, Home Equity Loan, Auto Loan, and Payday Loan',
'Debt Consolidation Loan, Personal Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Credit-Builder Loan, Home Equity Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Not Specified, and Student Loan',
'Home Equity Loan, Not Specified, Not Specified, Debt Consolidation Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Auto Loan, Mortgage Loan, Home Equity Loan, and Debt Consolidation Loan',
'Payday Loan, Mortgage Loan, Home Equity Loan, Home Equity Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Not Specified, and Personal Loan',
'Student Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Student Loan, and Debt Consolidation Loan',
'Personal Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, and Student Loan',
'Credit-Builder Loan, Not Specified, and Mortgage Loan',
'Not Specified, Mortgage Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Payday Loan, Payday Loan, and Home Equity Loan',
'Debt Consolidation Loan, and Payday Loan',
'Not Specified, Student Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Home Equity Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Personal Loan, Not Specified, Student Loan, Personal Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, and Mortgage Loan',
'Personal Loan, Student Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Student Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Student Loan, Personal Loan, and Credit-Builder Loan',
'Student Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Auto Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, and Payday Loan',
'Home Equity Loan, Mortgage Loan, Payday Loan, and Payday Loan',
'Mortgage Loan, Auto Loan, Not Specified, and Home Equity Loan',
'Credit-Builder Loan, Credit-Builder Loan, Personal Loan, and Debt Consolidation Loan',
'Student Loan, Mortgage Loan, and Auto Loan',
'Mortgage Loan, and Credit-Builder Loan',
'Student Loan, Auto Loan, Payday Loan, Not Specified, Mortgage Loan, Auto Loan, Personal Loan, Debt Consolidation Loan, and Payday Loan',
```

```
data[data.Type_of_Loan.isna()][['Customer_ID', 'Type_of_Loan']]
```

Customer_ID	Type_of_Loan
-------------	--------------

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Type_of_Loan']].loc[30:45]
```

Customer_ID	Type_of_Loan
30	CUS_0xb891
31	CUS_0xb891
32	CUS_0x1cdb
33	CUS_0x1cdb
34	CUS_0x1cdb
35	CUS_0x1cdb
36	CUS_0x1cdb
37	CUS_0x1cdb
38	CUS_0x1cdb
39	CUS_0x1cdb
40	CUS_0x95ee
41	CUS_0x95ee
42	CUS_0x95ee
43	CUS_0x95ee
44	CUS_0x95ee
45	CUS_0x95ee

Delay\_from\_due\_date

```
data.Delay_from_due_date.unique()

array([ 3, -1, 5, 6, 8, 7, 13, 10, 0, 4, 9, 1, 12, 11, 30, 31, 34,
       27, 14, 2, -2, 16, 17, 15, 23, 22, 21, 18, 19, 52, 51, 48, 53, 26,
       43, 28, 25, 20, 47, 46, 49, 24, 61, 29, 50, 58, 45, 59, 55, 56, 57,
       54, 62, 65, 64, 67, 36, 41, 33, 32, 39, 44, 42, 60, 35, 38, -3, 63,
       40, 37, -5, -4, 66])
```

all values appears to be correct in terms of days

▼ 'Num\_of\_Delayed\_Payment'

```
data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment.unique()

'3533', '519', '2677', '2413', '4139', '2609', '4326', '4211',
'823', '3011', '1608', '2860', '4219', '4047', '1531', '742', '52',
'4024', '1673', '49', '2243', '1685', '1869', '2587', '3489',
'749', '1164', '2616', '848', '4134', '1530', '1502', '4075',
'3845', '1060', '2573', '2128', '328', '640', '2585', '2230',
'1795', '1180', '1534', '3739', '3313', '4191', '996', '372',
'3340', '3177', '602', '787', '4135', '3878', '4059', '1218',
'4051', '1766', '1359', '3107', '585', '1263', '2511', '709',
'3632', '4077', '2943', '2793', '3245', '2317', '1640', '2237',
'3819', '252', '3978', '1498', '1833', '2737', '1192', '1481',
'700', '271', '2286', '273', '1215', '3944', '2070', '1478',
'3749', '871', '2508', '2959', '130', '294', '3097', '3511', '415',
'2196', '2138', '2149', '1874', '1553', '3847', '3222', '1222',
'2907', '3051', '98', '1598', '416', '2314', '2955', '1691',
'1450', '2021', '1636', '80', '3708', '195', '320', '2945', '1911',
'3416', '3796', '4159', '2255', '938', '4397', '3776', '2148',
'1994', '853', '1178', '1633', '196', '3864', '714', '1687',
'1034', '468', '1337', '2044', '1541', '3661', '1211', '2645',
'2007', '102', '1891', '3162', '3142', '2766', '3881', '2728',
'2671', '1952', '3580', '2705', '4251', '3840', '972', '3119',
'3502', '4185', '2954', '683', '1614', '1572', '4302', '3447',
'1852', '2131', '1900', '1699', '133', '2018', '2127', '508',
'210', '577', '1664', '2604', '1411', '2351', '867', '1371',
'2352', '1191', '905', '4053', '3869', '933', '3660', '3300',
'3629', '3208', '2142', '2521', '450', '583', '876', '121', '3919',
'2560', '2578', '2060', '813', '1236', '1489', '4360', '1154',
'2544', '4172', '2924', '426', '4270', '2768', '3909', '3951',
'2712', '2498', '3171', '1750', '197', '265', '4293', '887',
'2707', '2397', '4337', '4249', '2751', '2950', '1859', '107',
'2348', '2506', '2810', '2873', '1301', '2262', '1890', '3078',
'3865', '3268', '2777', '3105', '1278', '3793', '2276', '2879',
'4298', '2141', '223', '2239', '846', '1862', '2756', '1181',
'1184', '2617', '3972', '2334', '3900', '2759', '4169', '2280',
'2492', '2729', '3750', '1825', '309', '2431', '3099', '2080',
'2279', '2666', '3722', '1976', '529', '1985', '3060', '4278',
'3212', '46', '3148', '3467', '4231', '3790', '473', '1536',
'3955', '2324', '2381', '1177', '371', '2896', '3880', '2991',
'4319', '1061', '662', '4144', '693', '2006', '3115', '2278',
'3751', '1861', '4262', '2913', '2615', '3492', '800', '3766',
'384', '3407', '1087', '3329', '1086', '2216', '2457', '3522',
'3274', '3488', '2854', '238', '351', '3706', '4280', '4095',
'2926', '1329', '3370', '283', '1392', '1743', '2429', '974',
'3156', '1133', '4388', '3243', '4282', '2523', '4281', '3415',
'2001', '441', '94', '3499', '969', '3368', '106', '1004', '2638',
'3946', '2956', '4324', '85', '4113', '819', '615', '1172', '2553',
'1765', '3495', '2820', '4239', '4340', '1295', '2636', '4295',
'1653', '1325', '1879', '1096', '1735', '3584', '1073', '1975',
'3827', '2552', '3754', '2378', '532', '926', '2376', '3636',
'3763', '778', '2621', '804', '754', '2418', '4019', '3926',
'3861', '3574', '175', '162', '2834', '3765', '2354', '523',
'2274', '1606', '1443', '1354', '1422', '1045', '4106', '3155',
'666', '659', '3229', '1216', '2076', '2384', '1954', '719',
'2534', '4002', '541', '2875', '4344', '2081', '3894', '1256',
'676', '4178', '399', '86', '1571', '4037', '1967', '4005', '3216',
'1150', '2591', '1801', '3721', '1775', '2260', '3707', '4292',
'1820', '145', '1480', '1850', '430', '217', '3920', '1389',
'1579', '3391', '2385', '3336', '3392', '3688', '221', '2047'],
dtype=object)
```

```
np.dtype(data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment)

dtype('O')

data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment = data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment.astype(int)

data[data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'] > 1000].Num_of_Delayed_Payment

252      3318
284      3083
304      1338
409      3104
706      1106
...
99069    2385
99133    3336
99402    3392
99562    3688
99825    2047
Name: Num_of_Delayed_Payment, Length: 581, dtype: int64
```

from above analysis we can see there are 581 Num\_of\_Delayed\_Payment were it goes greater than 1000 so inorder to deal with it we can use mode method in imputing where Num\_of\_Delayed\_Payment > 1000 for Num\_of\_Delayed\_Payment for every Customer\_ID.

```
data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment.loc[245:280]

245      7
246      6
247      6
```

```

248     21
249     21
250     21
251     22
252    3318
253     21
254     21
255     18
256     14
257     17
258     20
259     15
260     18
261     17
262     20
263     17
264     17
265     20
266     20
267     23
268     20
269     20
270     20
271     20
272     10
273      8
274     10
275     10
276     10
277     10
278     10
279     10
280      8

```

```
Name: Num_of_Delayed_Payment, dtype: int64
```

```

def replace_conditionally(x):
    mode_value = x.mode().iloc[0]
    x.loc[x > mode_value] = mode_value
    return x
data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'].transform(replace_conditionally)

```

```
data[data['Num_of_Delayed_Payment'] > 1000].Num_of_Delayed_Payment.count()
```

```
0
```

```
data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment.loc[245:280]
```

```

245     6
246     6
247     6
248    21
249    21
250    21
251    21
252    21
253    21
254    21
255    18
256    14
257    17
258    17
259    15
260    17
261    17
262    17
263    17
264    17
265    20
266    20
267    20
268    20
269    20
270    20
271    20
272    10
273     8
274    10
275    10
276    10
277    10
278    10
279    10
280     8

```

```
Name: Num_of_Delayed_Payment, dtype: int64
```

## ▼ 'Changed\_Credit\_Limit'

```

data.Changed_Credit_Limit.unique()

array(['11.27', '_', '6.27', ..., '27.38', '25.16', '21.17'], dtype=object)

```

there is "\_" in the 'Changed\_Credit\_Limit' column for this first we will replace it with 0 then will convert its data type then will replace 0 with the median of 'Changed\_Credit\_Limit' column for every customer\_ID

```
data['Changed_Credit_Limit'] = data.groupby(['Customer_ID'])['Changed_Credit_Limit'].transform(lambda x: x.replace('_', "0"))

data['Changed_Credit_Limit'] = data['Changed_Credit_Limit'].astype(float)

data['Changed_Credit_Limit'] = data.groupby(['Customer_ID'])['Changed_Credit_Limit'].transform(lambda x: x.replace(0,x.median()))

data.Changed_Credit_Limit.unique()

array([11.27,  6.27,  9.27, ..., 27.38, 25.16, 21.17])
```

▼ 'Num\_Credit\_Inquiries'

```
data.columns

Index(['ID', 'Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Age', 'SSN', 'Occupation',
       'Annual_Income', 'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts',
       'Num_Credit_Card', 'Interest_Rate', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan',
       'Delay_from_due_date', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment', 'Changed_Credit_Limit',
       'Num_Credit_Inquiries', 'Credit_Mix', 'Outstanding_Debt',
       'Credit_Utilization_Ratio', 'Credit_History_Age',
       'Payment_of_Min_Amount', 'Total_EMI_per_month',
       'Amount_invested_monthly', 'Payment_Behaviour', 'Monthly_Balance'],
      dtype='object')

data.Num_Credit_Inquiries.unique()

array([ 4.,  2.,  3., ..., 1361., 310.,  74.])

data.Num_Credit_Inquiries = data.Num_Credit_Inquiries.astype(int)

data[data.Num_Credit_Inquiries > 50]['Num_Credit_Inquiries'].idxmin()

45924

data[['Customer_ID', 'Num_Credit_Inquiries']].loc[45915:45930]
```

	Customer_ID	Num_Credit_Inquiries	
45915	CUS_0x7ac9	1132	
45916	CUS_0x7ac9	4	
45917	CUS_0x7ac9	4	
45918	CUS_0x7ac9	4	
45919	CUS_0x7ac9	4	
45920	CUS_0x1c3b	1497	
45921	CUS_0x1c3b	1	
45922	CUS_0x1c3b	2	
45923	CUS_0x1c3b	2	
45924	CUS_0x1c3b	52	
45925	CUS_0x1c3b	2	
45926	CUS_0x1c3b	2	
45927	CUS_0x1c3b	2	
45928	CUS_0x9b22	3	
45929	CUS_0x9b22	3	
45930	CUS_0x9b22	3	

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Num_Credit_Inquiries']].loc[170:200]
```

	Customer_ID	Num_Credit_Inquiries	
170	CUS_0xa16e	6	
171	CUS_0xa16e	6	
172	CUS_0xa16e	6	
173	CUS_0xa16e	1050	
174	CUS_0xa16e	6	
175	CUS_0xa16e	6	
176	CUS_0xac86	0	
177	CUS_0xac86	0	
178	CUS_0xac86	0	
179	CUS_0xac86	0	
180	CUS_0xac86	0	
181	CUS_0xac86	0	
182	CUS_0xac86	1	
183	CUS_0xac86	1	
184	CUS_0x5b48	7	
185	CUS_0x5b48	7	
186	CUS_0x5b48	7	
187	CUS_0x5b48	7	
188	CUS_0x5b48	7	
189	CUS_0x5b48	7	
190	CUS_0x5b48	7	
191	CUS_0x5b48	11	
192	CUS_0xa5f9	12	
193	CUS_0xa5f9	1044	
194	CUS_0xa5f9	17	

```
def replace_conditionally(x):
    mode_value = x.mode().iloc[0]
    x.loc[x > mode_value] = mode_value
    return x
data['Num_Credit_Inquiries'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Num_Credit_Inquiries'].transform(replace_conditionally)

data.Num_Credit_Inquiries.unique()

array([ 4,  2,  3,  5,  8,  6,  0,  1,  7, 12, 17,  9, 10, 11, 14, 16, 15,
        13])
```

## ▼ Credit\_Mix

```
data.Credit_Mix.unique()



array(['_', 'Good', 'Standard', 'Bad'], dtype=object)
```

from above observation we have "\_" as wrong entries so to deal with it we will use mode the mode will be the mode of only non underscore entries of Credit\_Mix for every Customer\_ID as it is a categorical column.

```
def non_underscore_mode(x):
    non_underscore_values = x[x != '_']
    mode_value = non_underscore_values.mode().iloc[0]
    x[x == '_'] = mode_value
    return x

data['Credit_Mix'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Credit_Mix'].transform(non_underscore_mode)

data[['Customer_ID', 'Credit_Mix']].head(20)
```

	Customer_ID	Credit_Mix	
0	CUS_0xd40	Good	
1	CUS_0xd40	Good	
2	CUS_0xd40	Good	
3	CUS_0xd40	Good	
4	CUS_0xd40	Good	
5	CUS_0xd40	Good	
6	CUS_0xd40	Good	
7	CUS_0xd40	Good	
8	CUS_0x21b1	Good	
9	CUS_0x21b1	Good	
10	CUS_0x21b1	Good	
11	CUS_0x21b1	Good	
12	CUS_0x21b1	Good	

```
data.Credit_Mix.unique()

array(['Good', 'Standard', 'Bad'], dtype=object)
```

Outstanding\_Debt

```
data.Outstanding_Debt.unique()

array(['809.98', '605.03', '1303.01', ..., '3571.7_', '3571.7', '502.38'],
      dtype=object)
```

```
data.loc[data['Outstanding_Debt'].str[-1] == '_','Outstanding_Debt'] = data['Outstanding_Debt'].str[:-1]
data.Outstanding_Debt = data.Outstanding_Debt.astype(float)
data.Outstanding_Debt.unique()

array([ 809.98,  605.03, 1303.01, ...,  620.64, 3571.7 ,  502.38])
```

Credit\_Utilization\_Ratio

```
data.Credit_Utilization_Ratio.sort_values(ascending= True)

15860    20.000000
54207    20.100770
3580     20.172942
14319    20.244130
63420    20.257073
...
87595    49.064277
62954    49.254983
17029    49.522324
68000    49.564519
9382     50.000000
Name: Credit_Utilization_Ratio, Length: 100000, dtype: float64
```

Credit\_History\_Age

```
data.Credit_History_Age

0      22 Years and 1 Months
1      NaN
2      22 Years and 3 Months
3      22 Years and 4 Months
4      22 Years and 5 Months
...
99995   31 Years and 6 Months
99996   31 Years and 7 Months
99997   31 Years and 8 Months
99998   31 Years and 9 Months
99999   31 Years and 10 Months
Name: Credit_History_Age, Length: 100000, dtype: object

data['Credit_History_Age'].str.split(" ").str[3]

0      1
1      NaN
2      3
3      4
4      5
...
99995   6
```

```

99996      7
99997      8
99998      9
99999     10
Name: Credit_History_Age, Length: 100000, dtype: object

```

as these are categorical values we will convert into number of months to convert it into Credit\_History\_Age\_month

```
data.Credit_History_Age.values
```

```

array(['22 Years and 1 Months', nan, '22 Years and 3 Months', ...,
      '31 Years and 8 Months', '31 Years and 9 Months',
      '31 Years and 10 Months'], dtype=object)

```

```

def char_to_month(x):
    if not pd.isnull(x):
        month = int(x.split(" ")[3])
        year = int(x.split(" ")[0])
        total_month = (year*12) + month
        return int(total_month)
    else:
        return x

```

```
data['Credit_History_Age'] = data['Credit_History_Age'].apply(lambda x: char_to_month(x)).astype(float)
```

```

data['Credit_History_Age'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Credit_History_Age'].transform(lambda x: x.fillna((x.shift(1) + x.shift(-1)) / 2))
data['Credit_History_Age']

```

```

0      265.0
1      266.0
2      267.0
3      268.0
4      269.0
...
99995   378.0
99996   379.0
99997   380.0
99998   381.0
99999   382.0
Name: Credit_History_Age, Length: 100000, dtype: float64

```

## ✓ Payment\_of\_Min\_Amount

```
data.Payment_of_Min_Amount.unique()
```

```
array(['No', 'NM', 'Yes'], dtype=object)
```

## ✓ Total\_EMI\_per\_month

```
data.Total_EMI_per_month.sort_values(ascending =True)
```

```

69229      0.0
52825      0.0
52826      0.0
52827      0.0
52828      0.0
...
51614   82193.0
3084    82204.0
29514   82236.0
15300   82256.0
87013   82331.0
Name: Total_EMI_per_month, Length: 100000, dtype: float64

```

## ✓ Amount\_invested\_monthly

```
data.Amount_invested_monthly.sort_values(ascending =True)
```

```

84711    -1.000000
73649    -1.000000
73650    -1.000000
73654    -1.000000
20618    -1.000000
...
13275    1903.080048
30633    1941.237454
54018    1944.520747
62730    1961.218850
31815    1977.326102
Name: Amount_invested_monthly, Length: 100000, dtype: float64

```

there are some negative values in this column we need to treat them .

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Amount_invested_monthly']].loc[73645:73670]
```

	Customer_ID	Amount_invested_monthly	
73645	CUS_0x3b1f	50.391471	
73646	CUS_0x3b1f	147.303648	
73647	CUS_0x3b1f	357.009409	
73648	CUS_0xb742	-1.000000	
73649	CUS_0xb742	-1.000000	
73650	CUS_0xb742	-1.000000	
73651	CUS_0xb742	133.530087	
73652	CUS_0xb742	123.971219	
73653	CUS_0xb742	-1.000000	
73654	CUS_0xb742	-1.000000	
73655	CUS_0xb742	56.514450	
73656	CUS_0xdcd	105.213125	
73657	CUS_0xdcd	369.164780	
73658	CUS_0xdcd	365.132800	
73659	CUS_0xdcd	176.576593	
73660	CUS_0xdcd	116.721812	
73661	CUS_0xdcd	86.560408	
73662	CUS_0xdcd	93.829976	
73663	CUS_0xdcd	110.967469	
73664	CUS_0x793	139.656620	
73665	CUS_0x793	348.431719	
73666	CUS_0x793	125.403129	
73667	CUS_0x793	115.773774	
73668	CUS_0x793	250.548814	
73669	CUS_0x793	106.144418	
73670	CUS_0x793	101.982203	

we have to replace every negative -1 with the median value of the non negative entries of Amount\_invested\_monthly for every Customer\_ID

```
def median_of_non_negative_entries(x):
    non_negative_Amount_invested_monthly = x[x >= 0]
    median_value = non_negative_Amount_invested_monthly.median()
    x[x < 0] = median_value
    return x
```

```
data['Amount_invested_monthly'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Amount_invested_monthly'].transform(median_of_non_negative_entries)
```

rechecking

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Amount_invested_monthly']].loc[73645:73670]
```



	Customer_ID	Amount_invested_monthly
73645	CUS_0x3b1f	50.391471
73646	CUS_0x3b1f	147.303648
73647	CUS_0x3b1f	357.009409
73648	CUS_0xb742	123.971219
73649	CUS_0xb742	123.971219
73650	CUS_0xb742	123.971219
73651	CUS_0xb742	133.530087
73652	CUS_0xb742	123.971219
73653	CUS_0xb742	123.971219
73654	CUS_0xb742	123.971219
73655	CUS_0xb742	56.514450
73656	CUS_0xcdcd	105.213125

Payment\_Behaviour

```
data.Payment_Behaviour.unique()

array(['High_spent_Small_value_payments',
      'Low_spent_Large_value_payments',
      'Low_spent_Medium_value_payments',
      'Low_spent_Small_value_payments',
      'High_spent_Medium_value_payments', '@9#%8',
      'High_spent_Large_value_payments'], dtype=object)
```

from above observation we an see there is a wrong entry '@9#%8' in Payment\_Behaviour column so we need to check where it is coming

```
data[data.Payment_Behaviour == '@9#%8']['Payment_Behaviour']

5      @9#%8
16     @9#%8
32     @9#%8
47     @9#%8
54     @9#%8
...
99947  @9#%8
99980  @9#%8
99982  @9#%8
99989  @9#%8
99999  @9#%8
Name: Payment_Behaviour, Length: 7600, dtype: object
```

```
data[['Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Payment_Behaviour']].loc[99980:99999]
```

	Customer_ID	Month	Payment_Behaviour
99980	CUS_0xaf61	May	@9#%8
99981	CUS_0xaf61	June	Low_spent_Small_value_payments
99982	CUS_0xaf61	July	@9#%8
99983	CUS_0xaf61	August	High_spent_Medium_value_payments
99984	CUS_0x8600	January	High_spent_Large_value_payments
99985	CUS_0x8600	February	Low_spent_Small_value_payments
99986	CUS_0x8600	March	Low_spent_Small_value_payments
99987	CUS_0x8600	April	High_spent_Large_value_payments
99988	CUS_0x8600	May	Low_spent_Small_value_payments
99989	CUS_0x8600	June	@9#%8
99990	CUS_0x8600	July	Low_spent_Large_value_payments
99991	CUS_0x8600	August	High_spent_Large_value_payments
99992	CUS_0x942c	January	Low_spent_Small_value_payments
99993	CUS_0x942c	February	Low_spent_Medium_value_payments
99994	CUS_0x942c	March	High_spent_Medium_value_payments
99995	CUS_0x942c	April	High_spent_Large_value_payments
99996	CUS_0x942c	May	High_spent_Medium_value_payments
99997	CUS_0x942c	June	High_spent_Large_value_payments
99998	CUS_0x942c	July	Low_spent_Large_value_payments
99999	CUS_0x942c	August	@9#%8

```
def mode_of_non_wrong_entries(x):
    non_wrong_entries = x[x != '@9##8']
    mode_value = non_wrong_entries.mode().iloc[0]
    x[x == '@9##8'] = mode_value
    return x

data['Payment_Behaviour'] = data.groupby('Customer_ID')['Payment_Behaviour'].transform(mode_of_non_wrong_entries)

data.Payment_Behaviour.unique()

array(['High_spent_Small_value_payments',
       'Low_spent_Large_value_payments',
       'Low_spent_Medium_value_payments',
       'Low_spent_Small_value_payments',
       'High_spent_Medium_value_payments',
       'High_spent_Large_value_payments'], dtype=object)
```

⌵ 'Monthly\_Balance'

```
data.Monthly_Balance.sort_values(ascending=True)

71453      0.007760
43200      0.088628
77405      0.095482
60346      0.131136
69129      0.366147
...
15878    1564.134826
17029    1566.613165
33072    1567.208309
7475     1576.288935
9376     1602.040519
Name: Monthly_Balance, Length: 100000, dtype: float64
```

⌵ *Now – All – variables – are – cleaned*

we can proceed further for analysis

```
data.columns

Index(['ID', 'Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Age', 'SSN', 'Occupation',
       'Annual_Income', 'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts',
       'Num_Credit_Card', 'Interest_Rate', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan',
       'Delay_from_due_date', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment', 'Changed_Credit_Limit',
       'Num_Credit_Inquiries', 'Credit_Mix', 'Outstanding_Debt',
       'Credit_Utilization_Ratio', 'Credit_History_Age',
       'Payment_of_Min_Amount', 'Total_EMI_per_month',
       'Amount_invested_monthly', 'Payment_Behaviour', 'Monthly_Balance'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
data.head(5)
```

	ID	Customer_ID	Month	Name	Age	SSN	Occupation	Annual_Income	Monthly_Inhand_Salary	Num_Bank_Accounts	...	Num_Credit_Inquiries
0	0x1602	CUS_0xd40	January	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	4
1	0x1603	CUS_0xd40	February	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	4
2	0x1604	CUS_0xd40	March	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	4
3	0x1605	CUS_0xd40	April	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	4
4	0x1606	CUS_0xd40	May	Aaron Maashoh	23	821-00-0265	Scientist	19114.12	1824.843333	3	...	4

5 rows × 27 columns

⌵ Identification of variables and data types

```
data.shape

(100000, 27)
```

```
data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
Data columns (total 27 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   ID                    100000 non-null object
 1   Customer_ID          100000 non-null object
 2   Month                100000 non-null object
 3   Name                 100000 non-null object
 4   Age                  100000 non-null int64
 5   SSN                  100000 non-null object
 6   Occupation           100000 non-null object
 7   Annual_Income        100000 non-null float64
 8   Monthly_Inhand_Salary 100000 non-null float64
 9   Num_Bank_Accounts    100000 non-null int64
10   Num_Credit_Card      100000 non-null int64
11   Interest_Rate        100000 non-null int64
12   Num_of_Loan          100000 non-null int64
13   Type_of_Loan         100000 non-null object
14   Delay_from_due_date  100000 non-null int64
15   Num_of_Delayed_Payment 100000 non-null int64
16   Changed_Credit_Limit 100000 non-null float64
17   Num_Credit_Inquiries 100000 non-null int64
18   Credit_Mix           100000 non-null object
19   Outstanding_Debt     100000 non-null float64
20   Credit_Utilization_Ratio 100000 non-null float64
21   Credit_History_Age   96623 non-null float64
22   Payment_of_Min_Amount 100000 non-null object
23   Total_EMI_per_month  100000 non-null float64
24   Amount_invested_monthly 100000 non-null float64
25   Payment_Behaviour    100000 non-null object
26   Monthly_Balance      100000 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(9), int64(8), object(10)
memory usage: 20.6+ MB
```

## ▼ Analysing the basic metrics

Univariate and Bivariate

```
data.describe(include=[np.number]).shape
```

```
(8, 17)
```

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Out of the given data we should profile the candidates for that we should select certain features from data from analysis

```
data_profile = data.iloc[:,1:14].drop(['SSN'],axis =1)
data_profile
```

```
data_profile.shape
```

```
(100000, 12)
```

```
data_profile.columns
```

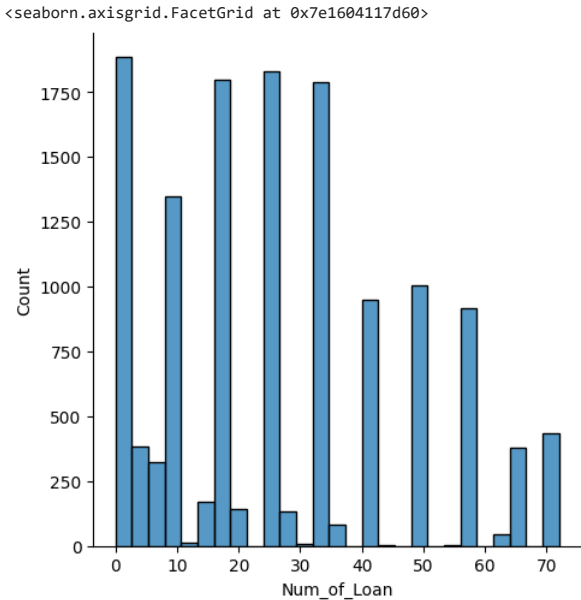
```
Index(['Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Age', 'Occupation', 'Annual_Income',
       'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts', 'Num_Credit_Card',
       'Interest_Rate', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
data_profile.groupby(['Customer_ID', 'Annual_Income']).agg({'Num_of_Loan': 'sum'}).reset_index()
```

```
Customer_ID Annual_Income Num_of_Loan
0 CUS_0x1000 30625.940 16
1 CUS_0x1009 52312.680 32
2 CUS_0x100b 113781.390 0
3 CUS_0x1011 58918.470 24
4 CUS_0x1013 98620.980 24
...
13620 CUS_0xff3 17032.785 24
13621 CUS_0xff4 25546.260 40
13622 CUS_0xff6 117639.920 16
13623 CUS_0xffc 60877.170 64
13624 CUS_0xffd 41398.440 48
```

13625 rows × 3 columns

```
sns.displot(data=data_profile_Income_and_loan, x='Num_of_Loan')
```



checking num of loans and number of bank accounts

```
data_profile.columns

Index(['Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Age', 'Occupation', 'Annual_Income',
      'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts', 'Num_Credit_Card',
      'Interest_Rate', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan'],
      dtype='object')

pd.crosstab(index = data_profile.Num_Bank_Accounts,columns = data_profile.Num_of_Loan)
```

```

    Num_of_Loan    0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9
    Num_Bank_Accounts

```

the above analysis tells the the number of loans taken according to number of banks

```
data.Annual_Income.describe()
```

```

count    1.000000e+05
mean     1.764157e+05
std      1.429618e+06
min      7.005930e+03
25%      1.945750e+04
50%      3.757861e+04
75%      7.279092e+04
max      2.419806e+07
Name: Annual_Income, dtype: float64

```

```
data.Annual_Income
```

```

0      19114.12
1      19114.12
2      19114.12
3      19114.12
4      19114.12
...
99995   39628.99
99996   39628.99
99997   39628.99
99998   39628.99
99999   39628.99
Name: Annual_Income, Length: 100000, dtype: float64

```

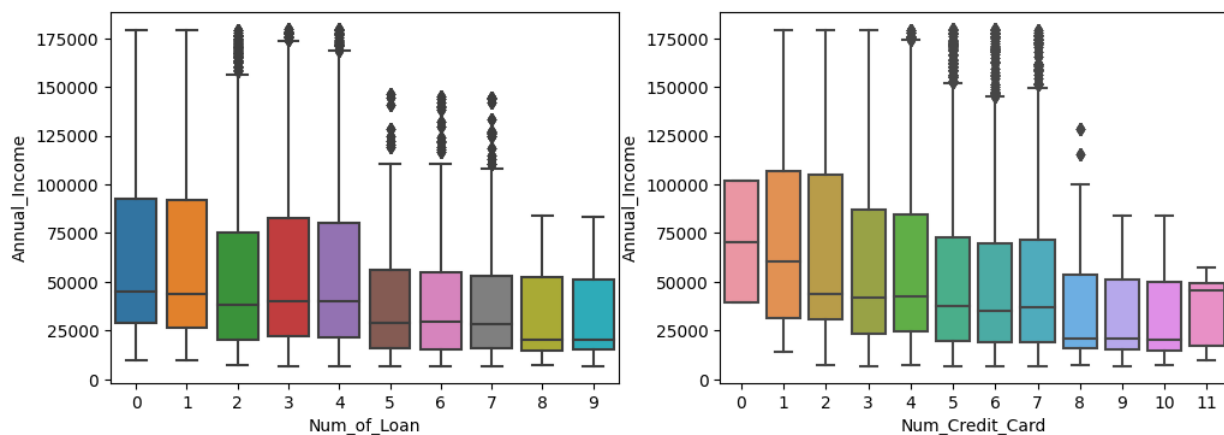
```
data_box = data[data.Annual_Income < np.percentile(data.Annual_Income,99)]
```

```

plt.figure(figsize = (12,4))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
sns.boxplot(x = data_box.Num_of_Loan,y = data_box.Annual_Income)
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
sns.boxplot(x = data_box.Num_Credit_Card,y = data_box.Annual_Income)

```

<Axes: xlabel='Num\_Credit\_Card', ylabel='Annual\_Income'>

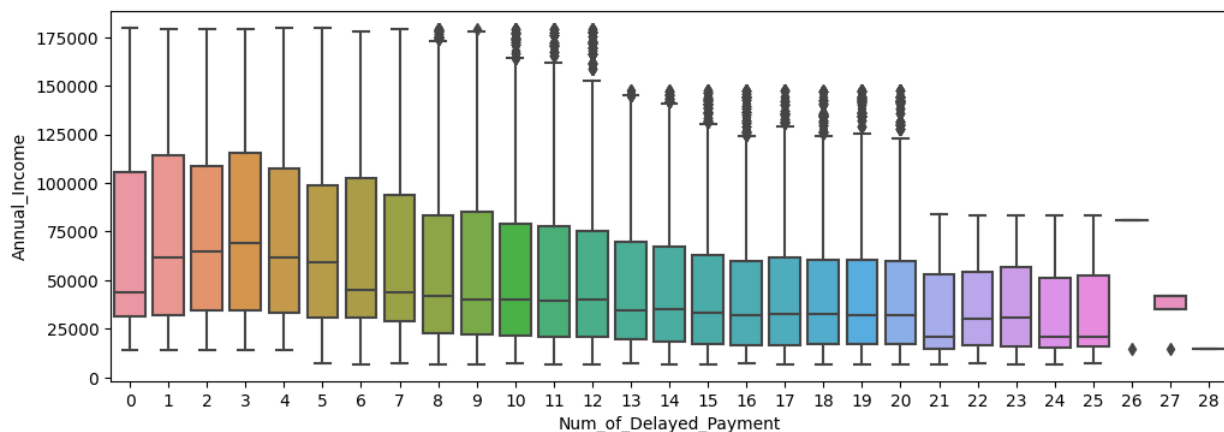


```

plt.figure(figsize = (12,4))
sns.boxplot(x = data_box.Num_of_Delayed_Payment,y = data_box.Annual_Income)

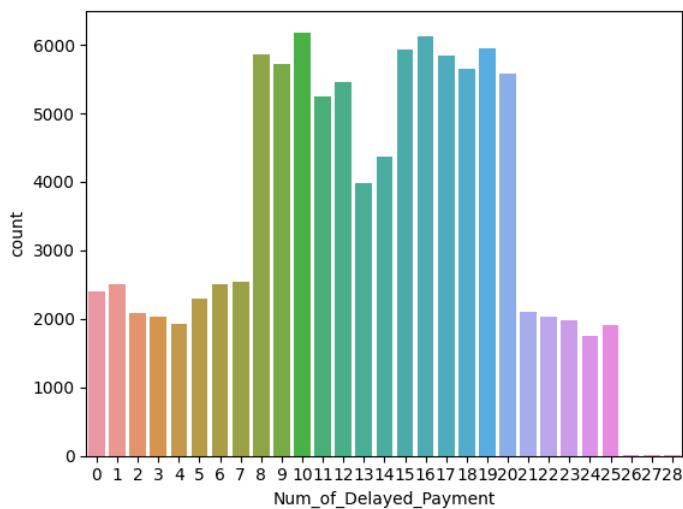
```

<Axes: xlabel='Num\_of\_Delayed\_Payment', ylabel='Annual\_Income'>



```
sns.countplot(data = data, x = data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment)
```

<Axes: xlabel='Num\_of\_Delayed\_Payment', ylabel='count'>



Most of the people have dealyed maximum around 8- 20 days

```
sns.distplot(data.Credit_History_Age)
```

<ipython-input-219-717aadc6277b>:1: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

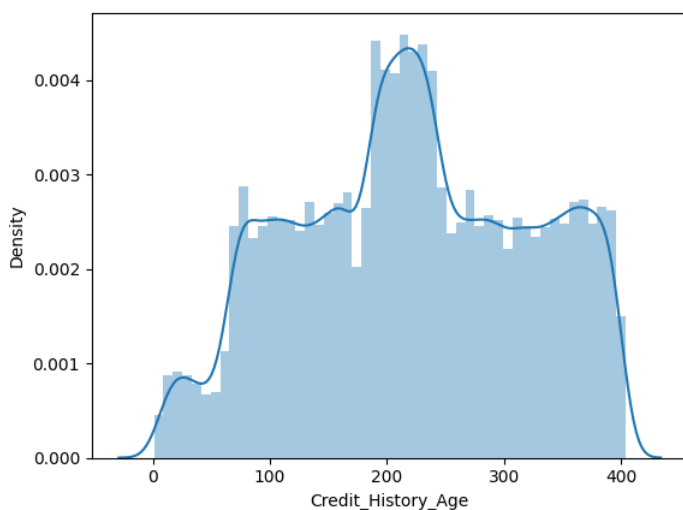
Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see

<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
sns.distplot(data.Credit_History_Age)
```

<Axes: xlabel='Credit\_History\_Age', ylabel='Density'>



from above analysis we can say the credit history month is mostly greater than 200 month and less than 250 month

## ✓ checking for number of loan according to age of candidate

```
data.Age.unique()
```

```
array([23, 28, 34, 55, 21, 31, 30, 44, 40, 33, 35, 39, 37, 20, 46, 26, 41,
       32, 48, 43, 36, 16, 18, 42, 22, 19, 15, 27, 38, 14, 25, 45, 47, 17,
       53, 24, 54, 29, 49, 51, 50, 52, 56])
```

```
pd.crosstab(index = pd.cut(data.Age, bins =[20,30,40,50,60]),columns = data.Num_of_Loan,margins=True)
```

Num_of_Loan	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	All
Age											
(20, 30]	3072	3016	4688	4104	4312	2488	2472	2464	928	1256	28800

the above analysis shows the distribution of number of loan taken w.r.t to Age of individuals

(40, 50]	2808	2012	3520	3408	3480	1048	1400	1272	480	552	20880
----------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-----	-----	-------

## ✓ Age vs Credit Utilization ratio

for better understanding i had created

bins for credit\_utilization ratio : (20, 25] (25, 30] (30, 35] (35, 40] (40, 45] (45, 50]

age: [20,30,40,50,60]

```
pd.crosstab(index = pd.cut(data.Age, bins =[20,30,40,50,60]),columns = pd.cut(data.Credit_Utilization_Ratio, bins =[20,25,30,35,40,45,50]),margins=True)
```

Credit_Utilization_Ratio	(20, 25]	(25, 30]	(30, 35]	(35, 40]	(40, 45]	(45, 50]	All
Age							
(20, 30]		2363	8168	8505	8158	1562	44 28800
(30, 40]		2468	8074	8558	8300	1545	46 28991
(40, 50]		1704	5830	6171	5867	1269	39 20880
(50, 60]		516	1890	2193	2047	545	17 7208
All		7051	23962	25427	24372	4921	146 85879

above analysis shows the distribution of credit utilization and Age column the maximum Credit\_Utilization\_Ratio is shown for people belonging to age within range (30 40] .the credit score inversly relates with Credit\_utilization\_Ratio

## ✓ Deriving Feature for Credit Card score calculation for individuals

Behavioural Score card

Before proceeding we will store our process data into a new variable name inorder to differentiate between old data and new data

```
processed_data = data
```

```
processed_data.columns
```

```
Index(['ID', 'Customer_ID', 'Month', 'Name', 'Age', 'SSN', 'Occupation',
       'Annual_Income', 'Monthly_Inhand_Salary', 'Num_Bank_Accounts',
       'Num_Credit_Card', 'Interest_Rate', 'Num_of_Loan', 'Type_of_Loan',
       'Delay_from_due_date', 'Num_of_Delayed_Payment', 'Changed_Credit_Limit',
       'Num_Credit_Inquiries', 'Credit_Mix', 'Outstanding_Debt',
       'Credit_Utilization_Ratio', 'Credit_History_Age',
       'Payment_of_Min_Amount', 'Total_EMI_per_month',
       'Amount_invested_monthly', 'Payment_Behaviour', 'Monthly_Balance'],
      dtype='object')
```

## ✓ Feature engineering

### ✓ Outstanding balance

Outstanding balance = amount due - amount paid

```
processed_data.Outstanding_Debt
```

```
0      809.98
1      809.98
2      809.98
3      809.98
4      809.98
...
99995  502.38
99996  502.38
99997  502.38
99998  502.38
99999  502.38
Name: Outstanding_Debt, Length: 100000, dtype: float64
```

### ✓ Debt to income ratio

outstanding debt/Monthly\_Inhand\_Salary

or outstanding debt/Annual\_Income

```
processed_data['Debt_to_income_ratio'] = processed_data['Monthly_Inhand_Salary']/processed_data['Outstanding_Debt']
```

## Number of delayed payment

Represents the average number of payments delayed by a person

### ✓ Payment History

weigh = 40%

This factor evaluates how consistently a borrower has made payments on their debts. A borrower who has always made on-time payments will receive a higher score than one who has missed payments.

#### Components that make up payment history:

Payment information on credit cards, retail accounts, installment loans, mortgages and other types of accounts

**How overdue delinquent payments** are today or may have become in the past

**The amount of money still owed on delinquent accounts or collection items**

**The number of past due items on a credit report**

**Adverse public records** (e.g., bankruptcies)

**The amount of time that's passed since delinquencies**, adverse public records or collection items were introduced

```
processed_data['Payment_History'] = processed_data.Num_of_Delayed_Payment
```

## Amount owed

weigh = 30%

for credit score calculation we will be using Credit\_Utilization\_Ratio for amount owed

**Credit\_Utilization\_Ratio:** The credit utilization ratio is the percentage of a borrower's total available credit that is currently being used. High utilization may indicate a higher risk.

### ✓ Length of credit history

weigh = 15%

For this we will use

#### Credit History

Credit history is the ongoing documentation of your financial information, including repayment of your debts

This factor evaluates how long a borrower has had credit accounts open. A borrower who has a long history of credit accounts in good standing will receive a higher score than one who is new to credit.

```
processed_data.Credit_History_Age #Represents the age of credit history of the person by month
```

```
0      265.0
1      266.0
2      267.0
3      268.0
4      269.0
...
99995   378.0
99996   379.0
99997   380.0
99998   381.0
99999   382.0
Name: Credit_History_Age, Length: 100000, dtype: float64
```

### ✓ Types of credit accounts

weigh = 10%

for this feature will use



## Credit mix

This factor evaluates the types of credit accounts a borrower has, such as credit cards, loans, and mortgages. A borrower who has a diverse mix of credit accounts will receive a higher score than one who only has one type of account

```
processed_data.Credit_Mix
```

```
0      Good
1      Good
2      Good
3      Good
4      Good
...
99995   Good
99996   Good
99997   Good
99998   Good
99999   Good
Name: Credit_Mix, Length: 100000, dtype: object
```

```
processed_data.Credit_Mix.unique()
```

```
array(['Good', 'Standard', 'Bad'], dtype=object)
```

since it is categorical so we will encode it to for standardization

Good = 2

Standard = 1

Bad = 0

```
processed_data.Credit_Mix.replace({'Good': 2, 'Standard': 1, 'Bad': 0}, inplace=True)
```

## Recent credit inquiries

weigh = 10%

This factor evaluates how frequently a borrower has applied for credit. A borrower who has made few recent credit inquiries will receive a higher score than one who has made many.

```
processed_data.Num_Credit_Inquiries
```

```
0      4
1      4
2      4
3      4
4      4
..
99995   3
99996   3
99997   3
99998   3
99999   3
Name: Num_Credit_Inquiries, Length: 100000, dtype: int64
```

## — — — — — *Credit — Score — calculation* — — — — —

```
credit_data = processed_data.groupby('Customer_ID').agg({'Payment_History': 'mean', 'Credit_Utilization_Ratio': 'mean', 'Credit_History_Age': 'max', 'Credit_M':
```

```
credit_data = credit_data.reset_index()
```

```
credit_data
```

	Customer_ID	Payment_History	Credit_Utilization_Ratio	Credit_History_Age	Credit_Mix	Num_Credit_Inquiries	
	0	CUS_0x1000	24.500	33.477546	129.0	0	87

credit\_data

	Customer_ID	Payment_History	Credit_Utilization_Ratio	Credit_History_Age	Credit_Mix	Num_Credit_Inquiries	
	0	CUS_0x1000	24.500	33.477546	129.0	0	87
	1	CUS_0x1009	17.750	29.839984	372.0	1	16
	2	CUS_0x100b	7.000	34.841449	190.0	2	8
	3	CUS_0x1011	14.375	27.655897	190.0	1	56
	4	CUS_0x1013	8.500	31.933940	214.0	2	24
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	12495	CUS_0xff3	8.375	32.889398	207.0	2	34
	12496	CUS_0xff4	10.000	32.598257	225.0	1	40
	12497	CUS_0xff6	3.625	33.258053	299.0	2	16
	12498	CUS_0xffc	15.500	34.722108	157.0	0	99
	12499	CUS_0xffd	11.500	31.894261	225.0	1	56

12500 rows × 6 columns

weigh allotment summary

Payment\_History : 35%  
Credit\_Utilization\_Ratio = 30%  
Credit\_History\_Age : 15 %  
credit mix = 10%  
credit inquires = 10%

credit\_data['credit\_scores'] = (0.35\*credit\_data.Payment\_History + 0.30\*credit\_data.Credit\_Utilization\_Ratio + 0.15\*credit\_data.Credit\_History\_Age + 0.

Normalizing the credit score data from 0- 1000

credit\_data['credit\_scores'] = (credit\_data['credit\_scores'] - credit\_data['credit\_scores'].min())\*1000/(credit\_data['credit\_scores'].max()- credit\_d

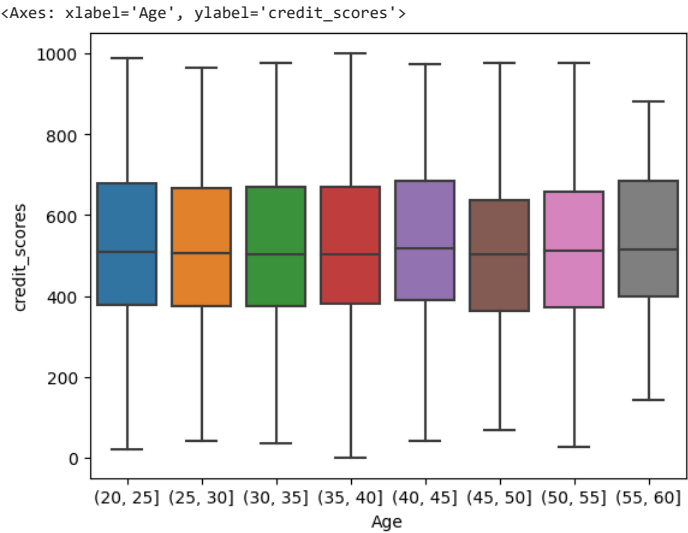
credit\_data[['Customer\_ID','credit\_scores']]

new\_data = data.merge(credit\_data,how='left',on='Customer\_ID')  
new\_data

Observation around credit score

Age-Credit score

sns.boxplot(x=pd.cut(new\_data.Age, bins =[20,25,30,35,40,45,50,55,60]),y=credit\_data.credit\_scores)



from above observation we can see the credit scores for all the ages lies around 400 -600 On 1000 scale

```
sns.distplot(credit_data.credit_scores)
```

```
<ipython-input-244-614c417d09b5>:1: UserWarning:
```

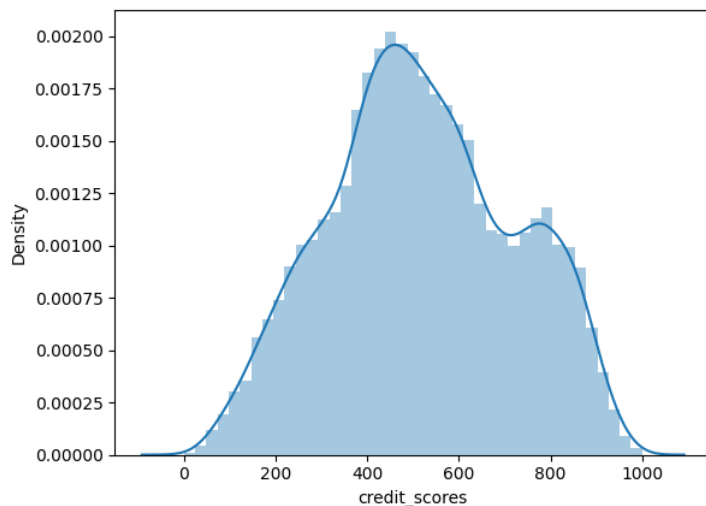
```
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.
```

```
Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
```

```
For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see
```

```
https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751
```

```
sns.distplot(credit_data.credit_scores)
<Axes: xlabel='credit_scores', ylabel='Density'>
```

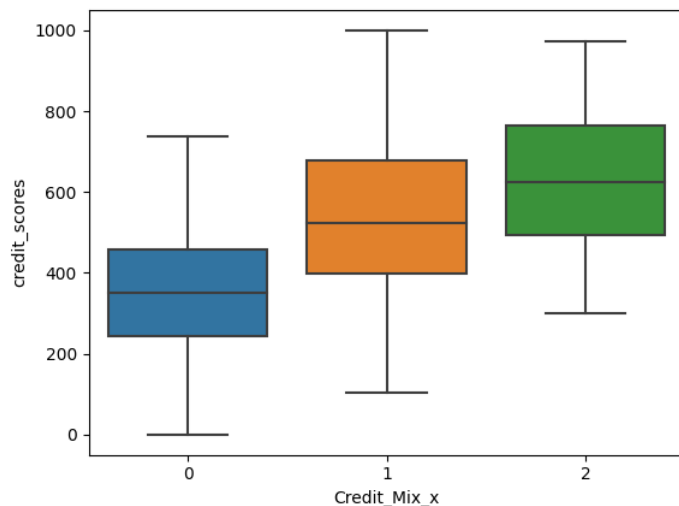


the credit score distribution for individuals appears normal distribution

## ✓ credit mix and credit scores

```
sns.boxplot(x=new_data.Credit_Mix_x, y = new_data.credit_scores)
```

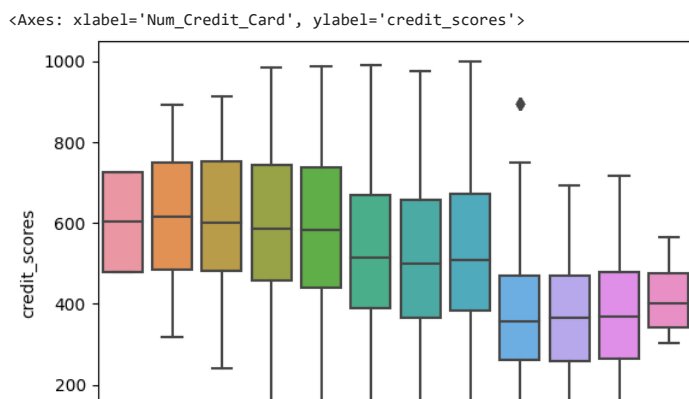
```
<Axes: xlabel='Credit_Mix_x', ylabel='credit_scores'>
```



from above analysis it shows the people with good credit mix(multiple types of loan accounts individual hold) have higher credit scores as compared to standard and bad credit mix

Num of credit cards and Credit score

```
sns.boxplot(x=new_data.Num_Credit_Card, y = new_data.credit_scores)
```

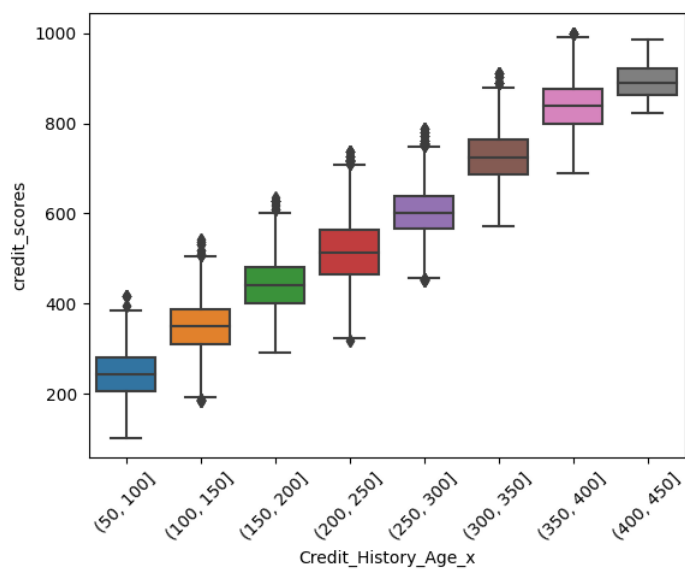


from above analysis we can say that the people with < 5 credit cards are having greater credit score than people with have 5 or more credit cards



## ✓ Credit History Age and Credit score

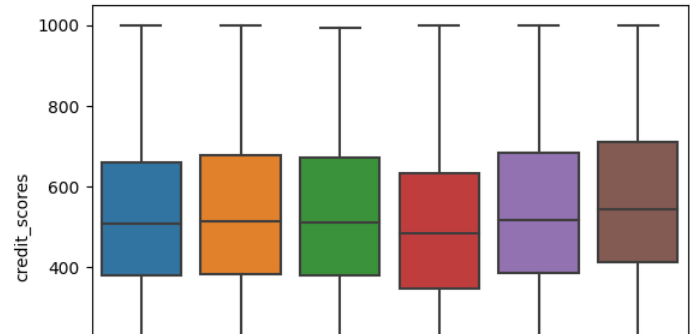
```
sns.boxplot(x = pd.cut(new_data.Credit_History_Age_x, bins = [50,100,150,200,250,300,350,400,450]), y = new_data.credit_scores)
plt.xticks(rotation = 45)
plt.show()
```



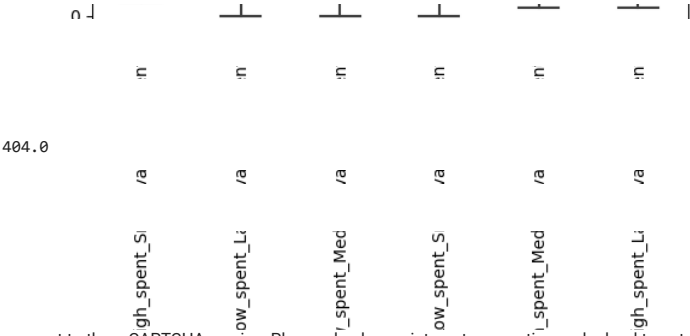
From above graph we can see as the credit history in months of an individuals increase the credit scores also increases which suggest that people who have long credit history is less likely to default as they have good credit score

## ✓ Payment behaviour and Credit score

```
sns.boxplot(x=new_data.Payment_Behaviour, y = new_data.credit_scores)
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.show()
```



the above analysis shows the the payment behaviour is less likely effects credit score or we can say there is almost no correlation among each other



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