

Java Programming 4-2: Use regular expressions Practice Activities

Vocabulary Definitions

1. **.** (**Dot**): Represents any single character except a newline.
2. **Pattern class**: A class in the `java.util.regex` package that stores the format of a regular expression.
3. **Capturing groups**: Segments of regular expressions enclosed in parentheses `()` that can be referred to later using **Matcher** methods like `group(groupNumber)`.
4. **Character classes**: Used in regular expressions to specify a set of characters. For example, `[abc]` matches any one of 'a', 'b', or 'c'.
5. **Matcher class**: A class in the `java.util.regex` package that stores the possible matches between a **Pattern** and a **String**.
6. **Wildcard**: In regular expressions, this typically refers to symbols like **.** (dot) that match any character.

Try It/Solve It

1. List Four Regular Expression Symbols

Here are four common symbols used in regular expressions:

- **.** (**Dot**): Matches any single character except a newline. For example, `a.b` matches "aab", "acb", etc.
- ***** (**Asterisk**): Matches zero or more occurrences of the preceding character or group. For example, `a*` matches "", "a", "aa", etc.
- **+** (**Plus**): Matches one or more occurrences of the preceding character or group. For example, `a+` matches "a", "aa", "aaa", etc.
- **?** (**Question Mark**): Matches zero or one occurrence of the preceding character or group. For example, `a?` matches "", "a".

2. Modify `accountgenerator` to Validate Name Format

Update the `setName` method to use a regular expression:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.regex.*;

public class Employee {
    private String name;
    private String username;
    private String email;
    private String password;

    public Employee() {
        name = setName();
        username = setUsername(name);
        email = setEmail(username);
        password = setPassword(username);
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Employee Details\n" +
            "Name : " + name + "\n" +
            "Username : " + username + "\n" +
            "Email : " + email + "\n" +
            "Initial Password : " + password;
    }

    private int countChars(String str, char ch) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
            if (str.charAt(i) == ch) {
                count++;
            }
        }
        return count;
    }

    private String setName() {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("^[^\\s]+\\s[^\\s]+$"); // Matches "First Last"
        String input;

        while (true) {
            System.out.print("Enter full name (First Last): ");
            input = scanner.nextLine();
            Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(input);

            if (matcher.matches()) {
                break;
            } else {
                System.out.println("Incorrect format for name. Please enter both first and last names separated by a space.");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        return input;
    }

    private String setUserName(String name) {
        String[] parts = name.split(" ");
        return parts[0].toLowerCase() + "." + parts[1].toLowerCase();
    }

    private String setEmail(String username) {
        String[] parts = username.split("\\.");
        return parts[0].charAt(0) + parts[1] + "@oracleacademy.com";
    }

    private String setPassword(String username) {
        String password = username.replaceAll("[aeiou]", "*");
        if (password.length() < 8) {
            password += "*".repeat(8 - password.length());
        } else {
            password = password.substring(0, 8);
        }
        password = password.substring(0, 1).toUpperCase() + password.substring(1);
        return password;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Create an instance of Employee
        Employee employee = new Employee();

        // Display the employee details
        System.out.println(employee);
    }
}

```

Output:

```

C:\Users\ADMIN\Documents\java_p>java Employee
Enter full name (First Last): manoj reddy
Incorrect format for name. Please enter both first and last names separated by a space.
Enter full name (First Last): Manoj Reddy
Employee Details
Name : Manoj Reddy
Username : manoj.reddy
Email : mreddy@oracleacademy.com
Initial Password : M*n*j.r*

C:\Users\ADMIN\Documents\java_p>

```

3. Decipher the Coded Answer Key

Complete the `AnswerKeyProblem` class:

```

import java.util.regex.*;
import java.io.*;

public class AnswerKeyProblem {
    public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException {

```

```

// Read in the file provided by your teacher
BufferedReader codedAnswers = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("CodedAnswerKey"));

// Initialize String line as the first line of the file
String line;
StringBuilder answers = new StringBuilder();

// Regular expression to match valid characters
Pattern pattern =
Pattern.compile("[aAbBcCdDeEfFgGhHijJkKlLmMnNoOpPqQrRsStTuUvVwWxXyYzZ]*$");

// Keep reading each line and adding answers that match
while ((line = codedAnswers.readLine()) != null) {
    Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(line);
    if (matcher.matches()) {
        answers.append(line);
    }
}

// Print out the answers
System.out.println("Deciphered answers: " + answers.toString());

// Close the file reader
codedAnswers.close();
}
}

```

4. Modify Answers Based on Final Instructions

Here's how you can implement the `finalAnswers` method:

```

public static String finalAnswers(String answers) {
    // Replace specified characters
    answers = answers.replace('e', 'b');
    answers = answers.replace('E', 'A');
    answers = answers.replace('f', 'c');
    answers = answers.replace('F', 'D');

    // Convert to lower case
    return answers.toLowerCase();
}

```

5. Determine Matching Regular Expressions

Let's match each regular expression:

-
- a) `str.matches("?anana"):`
-

- `str = "anana": True` (matches because `?` means 0 or 1 character before "anana")
- `str = "banana": False` (doesn't match since there's an extra 'b' at the beginning)
- `str = "gabanana": False` (doesn't match as it has more characters before "anana")
-

b) `str2.matches("[Bb]anana"):`

-
- `str2 = "banana": True` (matches because 'b' is in the character class `[Bb]`)
- `str2 = "anana": False` (doesn't match as it lacks 'b' or 'B' at the beginning)
- `str2 = "shanana": False` (doesn't match as it starts with 's', not 'b' or 'B')
-

c) `str3.matches("*anana"):`

-
- `str3 = "montanana": True` (matches because `*` can match any number of characters before "anana")
- `str3 = "anana": True` (matches as `*` can match zero characters before "anana")
- `str3 = " _anana": False` (space or other character before "anana" makes it not match; `*` requires at least one character)