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4. First Unique Number You have a queue of integers, you need to retrieve the first unique integer in
the queue. Implement the FirstUnique class: • FirstUnique(int[] nums) Initializes the object with the
numbers in the queue. ● int showFirstUnique() returns the value of the first unique integer of the
queue, and returns -1 if there is no such integer. ● void add(int value) insert value to the queue.
Example 1: Input:
["FirstUnique","showFirstUnique","add","showFirstUnique","add","showFirstUnique","a
dd", "showFirstUnique" [[[2,3,5]],[],[5],[],[2],[],[3],[]] Output: [null,2,null,2,null,3,null,-1] Explanation:
FirstUnique firstUnique = new FirstUnique([2,3,5]); firstUnique.showFirstUnique(); // return 2
firstUnique.add(5); // the queue is now [2,3,5,5] firstUnique.showFirstUnique(); // return 2
firstUnique.add(2); // the queue is now [2,3,5,5,2] firstUnique.showFirstUnique(); // return 3
firstUnique.add(3); // the queue is now [2,3,5,5,2,3] firstUnique.showFirstUnique(); // return -1
PROGRAM:-
from collections import deque, defaultdict
class FirstUnique:
  def init (self, nums):
    self.queue = deque(nums) # Queue to maintain order of elements
    self.count = defaultdict(int) # Dictionary to count occurrences
    for num in nums:
      self.count[num] += 1
  def showFirstUnique(self):
    # Remove elements from the front of the gueue until we find a unique one
    while self.queue and self.count[self.queue[0]] > 1:
      self.queue.popleft()
    return self.queue[0] if self.queue else -1
  def add(self, value):
    self.queue.append(value)
    self.count[value] += 1
# Example usage
firstUnique = FirstUnique([2, 3, 5])
print(firstUnique.showFirstUnique()) # return 2
firstUnique.add(5) # the queue is now [2, 3, 5, 5]
print(firstUnique.showFirstUnique()) # return 2
firstUnique.add(2) # the queue is now [2, 3, 5, 5, 2]
print(firstUnique.showFirstUnique()) # return 3
firstUnique.add(3) # the queue is now [2, 3, 5, 5, 2, 3]
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print(firstUnique.showFirstUnique()) # return -1

OUTPUT:--

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2
3
-1
=== Code Execution Successful ===
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TIME COMPLEXITY:-O(n)