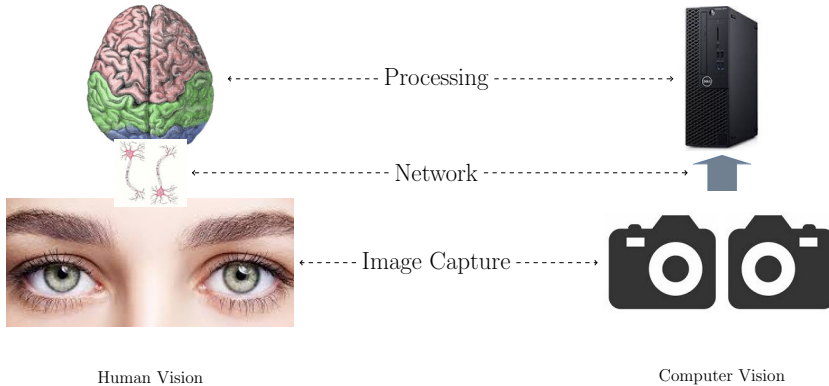


# Biological Vision and Applications

## Module 01-02: Stages of Human Vision

Hiranmay Ghosh

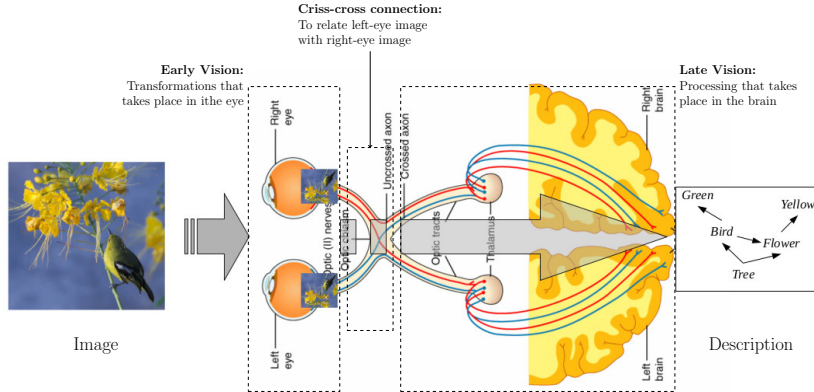
# A Simplistic Analogy



... But, there is much more to it

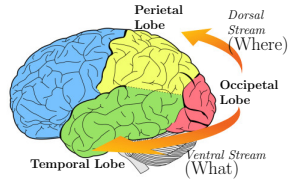
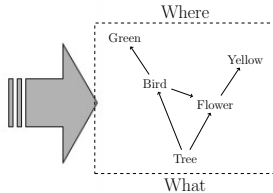
# Overview of Human Vision System

## Early Vision and Late Vision



# Ventral and Dorsal Streams

Answering “What” and “Where”



- Ventral Stream is responsible for answering “What”
- Dorsal Stream is responsible for answering “Where”

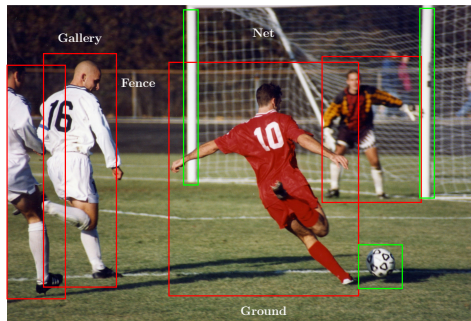
# What is “Vision”?



- **Recognition and localization**
  - ▶ Four players, Ball, Goal post
  - ▶ Net, viewers' gallery, fence ...
- **Semantic interpretation**
  - ▶ Football game
  - ▶ Free kick
- **Prediction**
  - ▶ Possible goal score

# Perception

Identify objects, locations: What and where



- Foreground and background
- **What ?**
  - ▶ Four Players, Ball, Goal Posts
  - ▶ Net, Fence, Gallery, Ground ...
- **Where ?**
  - ▶ Relative positions
  - ▶ Geometric organization

# What is perception

- Interpretation of the sensory data - signal processing
- Some assertions made about the environment
- From signals to semantic representation
  - ▶ Results in data reduction
- Different viewers can make different assertions about the same scene
  - ▶ Depending on viewpoint, signal noise, sensory capabilities, etc.
- May be correct, partially correct, or incorrect
  - ▶ There can be “illusions”

# Attention

Decide what is important



- We never look at the whole picture
  - ▶ We look at selective places for understanding the scene
- Lots of information gets filtered out before entering cognitive system
- Visual semantics is conveyed by very small regions of a picture



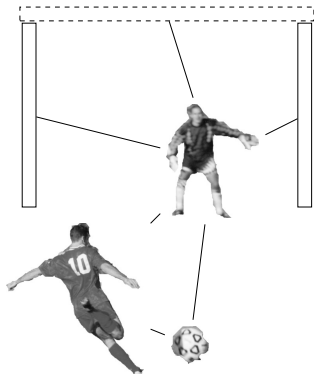
# What is attention

- Selective filtering of the sensory data
  - ▶ Deciding what is important
- Results in data reduction
- Depends on context, user intention, task at hand
- Can result in change blindness
  - ▶ Adversarial attempt to “divert” attention

Edpuzzle assignment

# Cognition

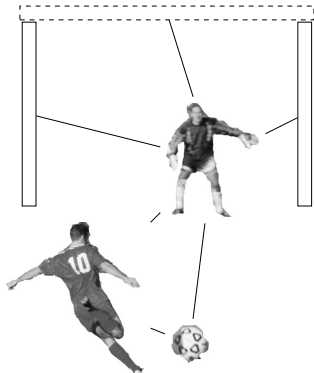
What do you “infer” from this picture ?



- Focus on a few things and interactions
- Draw inferences:
  - ▶ It is a football game
  - ▶ It is a free-kick
  - ▶ The goal-keeper is ready to defend
- How do you make these inferences?
  - ▶ Knowledge of football and other games
  - ▶ Experience of this game, reputation of the players ...

# Prediction

What do you “predict” ?



- What will be the likely trajectory of the ball?
- What will be the goal-keeper's reaction?
- What is the probability of a goal score?
- How do you make these inferences?
  - ▶ Knowledge of football and other games
  - ▶ Experience of this game, reputation of the players ...

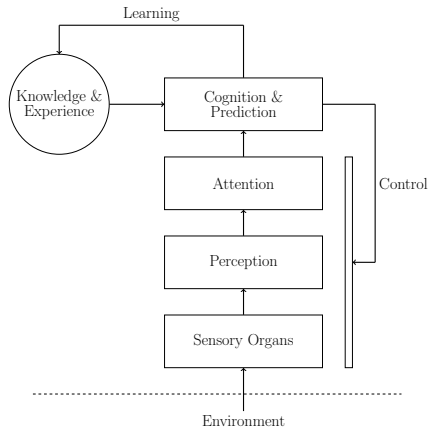
# What is cognition

- Experiential interpretation of the filtered percept
- Cognition is subjective, depending on
  - ▶ Intentional state of the observer
  - ▶ Background knowledge, context, experience, etc.
- Can fill-in the missing percept / correct erroneous perceptions
- Cognition includes prediction (past and future)

## In summary ...

- **Perception:**
  - ▶ Acquisition of new information about the environment through the sensors
  - ▶ Sensory signals to symbolic representation
- **Attention:**
  - ▶ Selective filtering of percept (decide what to filter)
  - ▶ Depends on user task, intention, context, etc.
- **Cognition:**
  - ▶ Experiential interpretation of filtered sensory data
  - ▶ Inferencing about the (past / present / future) state of the world

# Simplified process model for Vision System



Quiz 01-02

End of Module 01-02