## Program to Perform Insertion, Deletion & traversal In Red Black Tree:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
enum nodeColor {
    RED,
    BLACK
};
struct rbNode {
    int data, color;
    struct rbNode *link[2];
};
struct rbNode *root = NULL;
struct rbNode * createNode(int data) {
    struct rbNode *newnode;
    newnode = (struct rbNode *)malloc(sizeof(struct rbNode));
    newnode->data = data;
    newnode->color = RED;
    newnode->link[0] = newnode->link[1] = NULL;
    return newnode;
}
void insertion (int data) {
    struct rbNode *stack[98], *ptr, *newnode, *xPtr, *yPtr;
    int dir[98], ht = 0, index;
    ptr = root;
    if (!root) {
         root = createNode(data);
         return;
    stack[ht] = root;
    dir[ht++] = 0;
    /* find the place to insert the new node */
    while (ptr != NULL) {
         if (ptr->data == data) {
               printf("Duplicates Not Allowed!!\n");
               return;
         index = (data - ptr->data) > 0 ? 1 : 0;
```

```
stack[ht] = ptr;
     ptr = ptr->link[index];
     dir[ht++] = index;
/* insert the new node */
stack[ht - 1]->link[index] = newnode = createNode(data);
while ((ht \geq 3) && (stack[ht - 1]->color == RED)) {
     if (dir[ht - 2] == 0) {
           yPtr = stack[ht - 2]->link[1];
           if (yPtr != NULL && yPtr->color == RED) {
                 * Red node having red child. B- black, R-red
                   /\
                                / \
                  R R =>
                              В
                 * R
                              R
                 */
                stack[ht - 2]->color = RED;
                stack[ht - 1]->color = yPtr->color = BLACK;
                ht = ht -2;
          } else {
                if (dir[ht - 1] == 0) {
                      yPtr = stack[ht - 1];
                } else {
                      * XR - node X with red color
                       * YR - node Y with red color
                       * Red node having red child
                       *(do single rotation left b/w X and Y)
                              В
                                        В
                           XR
                                        YR
                                 =>
                              YR
                                      XR
                       * one more additional processing will be
                       * performed after this else part. Since
                       * we have red node (YR) with red child(XR)
                       */
                      xPtr = stack[ht - 1];
                      yPtr = xPtr->link[1];
                      xPtr->link[1] = yPtr->link[0];
                      yPtr->link[0] = xPtr;
                      stack[ht - 2]->link[0] = yPtr;
```

```
Red node(YR) with red child (XR) - single
              rotation b/w YR and XR for height balance. Still,
              red node (YR) is having red child. So, change the
              color of Y to black and Black child B to Red R
                    В
                             YR
                                       YB
                            /\
                  YR \Rightarrow XR B \Rightarrow XR R
                 XR
            */
           xPtr = stack[ht - 2];
           xPtr->color = RED;
           yPtr->color = BLACK;
           xPtr->link[0] = yPtr->link[1];
           yPtr->link[1] = xPtr;
           if (xPtr == root) {
                 root = yPtr;
           } else {
                 stack[ht - 3]->link[dir[ht - 3]] = yPtr;
           break;
} else {
     yPtr = stack[ht - 2]->link[0];
     if ((yPtr != NULL) && (yPtr->color == RED)) {
            * Red node with red child
                  В
                             R
                     R \Rightarrow B
                      \
                       R
                                  R
           stack[ht - 2]->color = RED;
           stack[ht - 1]->color = yPtr->color = BLACK;
           ht = ht - 2;
     } else {
           if (dir[ht - 1] == 1) {
                 yPtr = stack[ht - 1];
           } else {
                  * Red node(XR) with red child(YR)
                    В
                             В
                      XR => YR
```

```
* YR
                                           XR
                            * Single rotation b/w XR(node x with red color) & YR
                           xPtr = stack[ht - 1];
                           yPtr = xPtr->link[0];
                           xPtr->link[0] = yPtr->link[1];
                           yPtr->link[1] = xPtr;
                           stack[ht - 2]->link[1] = yPtr;
                                    YR
                                              YB
                                    / \
                                             /\
                          YR \Rightarrow B XR \Rightarrow R XR
                            XR
                      * Single rotation b/w YR and XR and change the color to
                      * satisfy rebalance property.
                     xPtr = stack[ht - 2];
                     yPtr->color = BLACK;
                     xPtr->color = RED;
                     xPtr->link[1] = yPtr->link[0];
                     yPtr->link[0] = xPtr;
                     if (xPtr == root) {
                           root = yPtr;
                     } else {
                           stack[ht - 3]->link[dir[ht - 3]] = yPtr;
                     break;
               }
          }
    root->color = BLACK;
}
void deletion(int data) {
    struct rbNode *stack[98], *ptr, *xPtr, *yPtr;
    struct rbNode *pPtr, *qPtr, *rPtr;
    int dir[98], ht = 0, diff, i;
    enum nodeColor color;
    if (!root) {
          printf("Tree not available\n");
          return;
    }
```

```
ptr = root;
/* search the node to delete */
while (ptr != NULL) {
     if ((data - ptr->data) == 0)
           break;
     diff = (data - ptr->data) > 0 ? 1 : 0;
     stack[ht] = ptr;
     dir[ht++] = diff;
     ptr = ptr->link[diff];
}
if (ptr->link[1] == NULL) {
      /* node with no children */
     if ((ptr == root) && (ptr->link[0] == NULL)) {
           free(ptr);
           root = NULL;
     } else if (ptr == root) {
           /* deleting root - root with one child */
           root = ptr->link[0];
           free(ptr);
     } else {
           /* node with one child */
           stack[ht - 1]->link[dir[ht - 1]] = ptr->link[0];
} else {
     xPtr = ptr->link[1];
     if (xPtr->link[0] == NULL) {
            * node with 2 children - deleting node
            * whose right child has no left child
           xPtr->link[0] = ptr->link[0];
           color = xPtr->color;
           xPtr->color = ptr->color;
           ptr->color = color;
           if (ptr == root) {
                 root = xPtr;
           } else {
                 stack[ht - 1]->link[dir[ht - 1]] = xPtr;
           }
           dir[ht] = 1;
           stack[ht++] = xPtr;
     } else {
```

```
/* deleting node with 2 children */
           i = ht++;
           while (1) {
                 dir[ht] = 0;
                 stack[ht++] = xPtr;
                 yPtr = xPtr->link[0];
                 if (!yPtr->link[0])
                       break;
                 xPtr = yPtr;
           }
           dir[i] = 1;
           stack[i] = yPtr;
           if (i > 0)
                 stack[i - 1]->link[dir[i - 1]] = yPtr;
           yPtr->link[0] = ptr->link[0];
           xPtr->link[0] = yPtr->link[1];
           yPtr->link[1] = ptr->link[1];
           if (ptr == root) {
                 root = yPtr;
           }
           color = yPtr->color;
           yPtr->color = ptr->color;
           ptr->color = color;
     }
if (ht < 1)
      return;
if (ptr->color == BLACK) {
     while (1) {
           pPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[dir[ht - 1]];
           if (pPtr && pPtr->color == RED) {
                 pPtr->color = BLACK;
                 break;
           }
           if (ht < 2)
                 break;
           if (dir[ht - 2] == 0) {
                 rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[1];
                 if (!rPtr)
```

```
break;
if (rPtr->color == RED) {
      * incase if rPtr is red, we need
      * change it to black..
      * aB
                       rPtr (red) rPtr(black)
      * / \
                     / \ => / \
             =>
      * ST rPtr(red) aB cB aR cB
         /\ /\
                             / \
          bB cB ST bB
                             ST bB
      * ST - subtree
      * xB - node x with Black color
      * xR - node x with Red color
      * the above operation will simply rebalace
      * operation in RB tree
      */
     stack[ht - 1]->color = RED;
     rPtr->color = BLACK;
     stack[ht - 1]->link[1] = rPtr->link[0];
     rPtr->link[0] = stack[ht - 1];
     if (stack[ht - 1] == root) {
          root = rPtr;
     } else {
          stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
     dir[ht] = 0;
     stack[ht] = stack[ht - 1];
     stack[ht - 1] = rPtr;
     ht++;
     rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[1];
}
if ((!rPtr->link[0] | rPtr->link[0]->color == BLACK) &&
     (!rPtr->link[1] | | rPtr->link[1]->color == BLACK)) {
          rPtr(black)
                           rPtr(Red)
                    => /
         / \
                            \
         В
              В
                    R
                             R
     rPtr->color = RED;
} else {
```

```
if (!rPtr->link[1] | | rPtr->link[1]->color == BLACK) {
                * Below is a subtree. rPtr with red left child
                * single rotation right b/w yR and rPtr &
                * change the color as needed
                      wR
                                        wR
                     /\
                                      / \
                    xB rPtr(Black) => xB yB
                    /\ /\
                                   / \ / \
                   a byR e a bc rPtr(Red)
                       /\
                                   / \
                                          d e
                      c d
               qPtr = rPtr->link[0];
               rPtr->color = RED;
               qPtr->color = BLACK;
               rPtr->link[0] = qPtr->link[1];
               qPtr->link[1] = rPtr;
               rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[1] = qPtr;
          }
           * Below is a subtree. rPtr with Right red child
           * single rotation b/w rPtr & wR and change colors
                wR (stack[ht-1]) rPtr(Red)
              xB rPtr(black) wB yB
             /\ /\ => /\ \
             a bc yR
                           xB cd e
                            / \
                    d e
                           a b
          rPtr->color = stack[ht - 1]->color;
          stack[ht - 1]->color = BLACK;
          rPtr->link[1]->color = BLACK;
          stack[ht - 1]->link[1] = rPtr->link[0];
          rPtr->link[0] = stack[ht - 1];
          if (stack[ht - 1] == root) {
               root = rPtr;
          } else {
               stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
          break;
} else {
     rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[0];
     if (!rPtr)
```

```
break;
     if (rPtr->color == RED) {
           stack[ht - 1]->color = RED;
           rPtr->color = BLACK;
           stack[ht - 1]->link[0] = rPtr->link[1];
           rPtr->link[1] = stack[ht - 1];
           if (stack[ht - 1] == root) {
                 root = rPtr;
           } else {
                 stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
           dir[ht] = 1;
           stack[ht] = stack[ht - 1];
           stack[ht - 1] = rPtr;
           ht++;
           rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[0];
     if ((!rPtr->link[0] | | rPtr->link[0]->color == BLACK) &&
           (!rPtr->link[1] | | rPtr->link[1]->color == BLACK)) {
           rPtr->color = RED;
     } else {
           if (!rPtr->link[0] | | rPtr->link[0]->color == BLACK) {
                 qPtr = rPtr->link[1];
                 rPtr->color = RED;
                 qPtr->color = BLACK;
                 rPtr->link[1] = qPtr->link[0];
                 qPtr->link[0] = rPtr;
                 rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[0] = qPtr;
           rPtr->color = stack[ht - 1]->color;
           stack[ht - 1]->color = BLACK;
           rPtr->link[0]->color = BLACK;
           stack[ht - 1] -> link[0] = rPtr-> link[1];
           rPtr->link[1] = stack[ht - 1];
           if (stack[ht - 1] == root) {
                 root = rPtr;
           } else {
                 stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
           break;
     }
ht--;
```

```
}
}
void searchElement(int data) {
    struct rbNode *temp = root;
    int diff;
    while (temp != NULL) {
          diff = data - temp->data;
          if (diff > 0) {
               temp = temp->link[1];
          } else if (diff < 0) {</pre>
               temp = temp->link[0];
          } else {
               printf("Search Element Found!!\n");
               return;
          }
    }
    printf("Given Data Not Found in RB Tree!!\n");
    return;
}
void inorderTraversal(struct rbNode *node) {
    if (node) {
          inorderTraversal(node->link[0]);
          printf("%d ", node->data);
          inorderTraversal(node->link[1]);
    }
    return;
}
int main() {
    int ch, data;
    while (1) {
          printf("1. Insertion\t2. Deletion\n");
          printf("3. Searching\t4. Traverse\n");
          printf("5. Exit\nEnter your choice:");
          scanf("%d", &ch);
          switch (ch) {
               case 1:
                     printf("Enter the data to insert:");
                     scanf("%d", &data);
                     insertion(data);
                     break;
               case 2:
```

```
printf("Enter the data to delete:");
                    scanf("%d", &data);
                    deletion(data);
                    break;
               case 3:
                    printf("Enter the search element:");
                    scanf("%d", &data);
                    searchElement(data);
                    break;
               case 4:
                    inorderTraversal(root);
                    printf("\n");
                    break;
               case 5:
                    exit(0);
               default:
                    printf("You have entered wrong option!!\n");
                    break;
         printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

## Output(C Program To Perform Insertion, Deletion In Red Black Tree): jp@jp-VirtualBox:\$ ./a.out 1. Insertion 2. Deletion 3. Searching 4. Traverse 5. Exit Enter your choice:1 Enter the data to insert:50