Herding cats with dplyr

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dplyr

80% of the work involved with data analysis involves cleaning and shaping the data until it's in the state you need. Bracket subsetting is handy, but it can be cumbersome and difficult to read, especially for complicated operations. Enter dplyr!

dplyr is a package for making data manipulation easier. (It does a lot more too, but this is what we'll focus on).

Unlike the subsetting commands we've already worked on, dplyr is designed to be highly expressive, and highly readable. It's structured around a set of verbs, or grammar of data manipulation. The core functions we'll talk about are below:

- select
- arrange
- filter
- group_by
- mutate
- summarise/summarize

Getting the package

```
install.packages("dplyr")
```

Again, you may be asked to choose a CRAN mirror; RStudio is a good choice.

Unlike the rmarkdown package, we'll be using dplyr in the console. In order to do that, we need to *load* the package into our environment so we can access functions from dplyr. We do this with the library command:

```
library("dplyr")
```

You only need to install a package once per computer, but you need to load it every time you open a new R session and want to use that package.

Subsetting Data

The first two dplyr commands we'll use help us to subset our data by rows and columns.

select

The first command we'll use is select, which allows us to choose columns from our dataset. Let's use our cats dataset and select only the coat column; we did this previously with

```
cats[, "coat"]

## [1] "tabby"    "maltese" "brown"    "black"    "calico" "tabby"    "brown"
## [8] "brown"    "black"    "maltese"
```

With dplyr, we don't need to enclose our column names in quotes

```
select(cats, coat)
```

```
##
         coat
## 1
        tabby
## 2
      maltese
## 3
        brown
## 4
        black
       calico
## 5
## 6
        tabby
## 7
        brown
## 8
        brown
## 9
        black
## 10 maltese
```

Notice how the output differs slightly; all the main dplyr verbs behave consistently in that their inputs and outputs are both data.frames, rather than returning a simple vector as the bracket-indexing method did. All of the main "verbs" we'll talk about will return a data.frame as their result.

We can select more columns by giving select additional arguments, and our output data.frame will have columns according to the order of our arguments

select(cats, coat, cat_id)

```
##
          coat cat_id
## 1
        tabby
                   321
## 2
      maltese
                   250
## 3
        brown
                  219
## 4
        black
                   182
                  107
## 5
       calico
                  234
## 6
        tabby
## 7
        brown
                  196
## 8
        brown
                  311
## 9
        black
                   130
## 10 maltese
                   349
```

filter

So where select allowed us to select *columns*, filter operated on *rows*. Say we want to see the all the cats with black coats; we saw earlier how to use that using bracket-indexing:

```
cats[cats$coat == "black", ]
```

```
##
                                       age weight fixed wander dist roamer cat id
                street
                        coat
        140 Robin Way black female 7.172
                                            8.053
                                                       1
                                                               0.030
                                                                                 182
                                                                          no
## 9 16982 Kennedy Rd black female 2.851
                                            3.291
                                                       0
                                                               0.065
                                                                          no
                                                                                 130
```

In dplyr, this looks like

```
filter(cats, coat == "black")
```

```
##
                                       age weight fixed wander_dist roamer cat id
                street
                        coat
        140 Robin Way black female 7.172
                                                                0.030
                                            8.053
                                                       1
                                                                          no
                                                                                 182
## 2 16982 Kennedy Rd black female 2.851
                                            3.291
                                                       0
                                                                0.065
                                                                                 130
                                                                          no
```

Notice we don't have to use the \$ operator to tell filter where the coat column is; it's smart enough to assume we want the coat column from the data.frame we passed in.

arrange

Maybe you have a set of observations in your data that you want to organize by their value. arrange allows us to change the order of rows in our dataset based on their values.

arrange(cats, coat)

```
##
                                               age weight fixed wander dist roamer
                    street
                               coat
                                        sex
## 1
             140 Robin Way
                              black female 7.172
                                                    8.053
                                                               1
                                                                        0.030
                                                               0
## 2
          16982 Kennedy Rd
                              black female 2.851
                                                    3.291
                                                                        0.065
                                                                                   no
## 3
                              brown female 4.601
                                                    3.947
                                                               1
                                                                        0.076
        201 Hollywood Ave
                                                                                   no
## 4
      115 Via Santa Maria
                              brown
                                       male 6.917
                                                    5.626
                                                               1
                                                                        0.097
                                                                                  yes
## 5
          303 Harding Ave
                                       male 3.713
                                                    3.982
                                                               1
                                                                        0.033
                              brown
                                                                                  no
## 6
            135 Charles St
                             calico
                                       male 4.660
                                                    6.193
                                                               1
                                                                        0.085
                                                                                  yes
## 7
          242 Harding Ave maltese female 8.234 12.368
                                                               1
                                                                        0.033
                                                                                  no
## 8
       16528 Marchmont Dr maltese female 4.594
                                                    6.994
                                                               0
                                                                        0.059
                                                                                   no
## 9
            Los Robles Way
                              tabby female 3.003
                                                    3.993
                                                               0
                                                                        0.040
                                                                                   no
## 10 130 Vista Del Campo
                              tabby female 3.796
                                                               1
                                                                        0.085
                                                    3.860
                                                                                   no
##
      cat id
## 1
         182
## 2
         130
## 3
         219
## 4
         196
## 5
         311
## 6
         107
## 7
         250
## 8
         349
## 9
         321
## 10
         234
```

you can include additional columns to help sort the data arrange(cats, coat, sex)

```
##
                                              age weight fixed wander_dist roamer
                    street
                               coat
                                        sex
## 1
                              black female 7.172
                                                   8.053
                                                               1
                                                                       0.030
             140 Robin Way
                                                                                  no
                                                              0
## 2
         16982 Kennedy Rd
                              black female 2.851
                                                    3.291
                                                                       0.065
                                                                                  no
## 3
        201 Hollywood Ave
                              brown female 4.601
                                                    3.947
                                                               1
                                                                       0.076
                                                                                  no
## 4
      115 Via Santa Maria
                                      male 6.917
                                                    5.626
                                                               1
                              brown
                                                                       0.097
                                                                                 yes
## 5
          303 Harding Ave
                              brown
                                      male 3.713
                                                    3.982
                                                               1
                                                                       0.033
                                                                                  no
## 6
            135 Charles St
                             calico
                                      male 4.660
                                                    6.193
                                                               1
                                                                       0.085
                                                                                 yes
## 7
          242 Harding Ave maltese female 8.234 12.368
                                                               1
                                                                       0.033
                                                                                  no
## 8
       16528 Marchmont Dr maltese female 4.594
                                                    6.994
                                                               0
                                                                       0.059
                                                                                  no
## 9
                                                               0
           Los Robles Way
                              tabby female 3.003
                                                    3.993
                                                                       0.040
                                                                                  no
                              tabby female 3.796
                                                               1
                                                                       0.085
## 10 130 Vista Del Campo
                                                    3.860
                                                                                  no
```

```
##
      cat id
## 1
          182
## 2
          130
## 3
          219
## 4
          196
## 5
          311
## 6
          107
## 7
          250
## 8
          349
## 9
          321
## 10
          234
```

mutate

One common task in working with data is updating/cleaning some of the values in columns. mutate allows us to do this relatively easily. Let's say I don't want a lot of decimal places in one of my measurements. I can use mutate to update my existing variable:

```
mutate(cats, weight = round(weight, 2))
```

```
##
                                               age weight fixed wander_dist roamer
                    street
                               coat
                                        sex
## 1
                              tabby female 3.003
                                                               0
           Los Robles Way
                                                     3.99
                                                                        0.040
                                                                                  no
## 2
          242 Harding Ave maltese female 8.234
                                                    12.37
                                                               1
                                                                        0.033
                                                                                   no
## 3
        201 Hollywood Ave
                              brown female 4.601
                                                     3.95
                                                               1
                                                                        0.076
                                                                                  no
## 4
             140 Robin Way
                                                               1
                              black female 7.172
                                                     8.05
                                                                        0.030
                                                                                  no
## 5
            135 Charles St
                                       male 4.660
                                                               1
                                                                        0.085
                             calico
                                                     6.19
                                                                                 yes
                                                               1
## 6
      130 Vista Del Campo
                              tabby female 3.796
                                                     3.86
                                                                        0.085
                                                                                  no
## 7
      115 Via Santa Maria
                              brown
                                       male 6.917
                                                     5.63
                                                               1
                                                                        0.097
                                                                                 yes
## 8
          303 Harding Ave
                                       male 3.713
                                                     3.98
                                                               1
                                                                        0.033
                              brown
                                                                                   no
## 9
         16982 Kennedy Rd
                              black female 2.851
                                                     3.29
                                                               0
                                                                        0.065
                                                                                  no
## 10
       16528 Marchmont Dr maltese female 4.594
                                                     6.99
                                                               0
                                                                        0.059
                                                                                   no
##
      cat_id
## 1
         321
## 2
         250
## 3
         219
## 4
         182
## 5
         107
         234
## 6
## 7
         196
## 8
         311
## 9
         130
## 10
         349
```

Another common task is generating a new column based on values that are already in the dataset you are working on. mutate helps us do this, and tacks a new column to the end of our data frame.

```
# let's say you want to add two variables together
mutate(cats, new_variable = age + weight)
```

```
##
                                               age weight fixed wander dist roamer
                    street
                               coat
                                        sex
## 1
            Los Robles Way
                              tabby female 3.003
                                                    3.993
                                                               0
                                                                        0.040
## 2
          242 Harding Ave maltese female 8.234 12.368
                                                               1
                                                                        0.033
                                                                                   no
## 3
        201 Hollywood Ave
                              brown female 4.601
                                                               1
                                                                        0.076
                                                    3.947
                                                                                   no
## 4
             140 Robin Way
                              black female 7.172
                                                    8.053
                                                               1
                                                                        0.030
                                                                                   no
## 5
            135 Charles St
                             calico
                                       male 4.660
                                                    6.193
                                                               1
                                                                        0.085
                                                                                  yes
## 6
      130 Vista Del Campo
                              tabby female 3.796
                                                    3.860
                                                               1
                                                                        0.085
                                                                                   no
## 7
      115 Via Santa Maria
                              brown
                                       male 6.917
                                                    5.626
                                                               1
                                                                        0.097
                                                                                  yes
## 8
          303 Harding Ave
                              brown
                                       male 3.713
                                                    3.982
                                                               1
                                                                        0.033
                                                                                   no
                                                                        0.065
## 9
          16982 Kennedy Rd
                              black female 2.851
                                                    3.291
                                                               0
                                                                                   no
                                                               0
## 10
       16528 Marchmont Dr maltese female 4.594
                                                    6.994
                                                                        0.059
                                                                                   no
##
      cat id new variable
## 1
         321
                     6.996
## 2
         250
                    20.602
## 3
         219
                     8.548
## 4
         182
                    15.225
## 5
         107
                    10.853
## 6
         234
                     7.656
## 7
         196
                    12.543
## 8
         311
                     7.695
## 9
          130
                     6.142
## 10
         349
                    11.588
```

you can include as many new variables as you want, separated by a comma
mutate(cats, new_var_1 = age + weight, new_var_2 = age * weight)

```
##
                                              age weight fixed wander_dist roamer
                    street
                               coat
                                        sex
## 1
           Los Robles Way
                              tabby female 3.003
                                                    3.993
                                                               0
                                                                       0.040
                                                                                  no
## 2
          242 Harding Ave maltese female 8.234 12.368
                                                               1
                                                                       0.033
                                                                                  no
## 3
        201 Hollywood Ave
                              brown female 4.601
                                                    3.947
                                                               1
                                                                       0.076
                                                                                  no
## 4
             140 Robin Way
                              black female 7.172
                                                    8.053
                                                               1
                                                                       0.030
                                                                                  no
## 5
            135 Charles St
                             calico
                                       male 4.660
                                                    6.193
                                                               1
                                                                       0.085
                                                                                 yes
## 6
      130 Vista Del Campo
                              tabby female 3.796
                                                    3.860
                                                               1
                                                                       0.085
                                                                                  no
## 7
      115 Via Santa Maria
                              brown
                                       male 6.917
                                                    5.626
                                                               1
                                                                       0.097
                                                                                 yes
## 8
                                                    3.982
          303 Harding Ave
                                       male 3.713
                                                               1
                                                                       0.033
                              brown
                                                                                  no
## 9
                              black female 2.851
                                                    3.291
                                                               0
          16982 Kennedy Rd
                                                                       0.065
                                                                                  no
       16528 Marchmont Dr maltese female 4.594
                                                    6.994
                                                               0
                                                                       0.059
## 10
                                                                                  no
```

```
##
      cat id new var 1 new var 2
## 1
                 6.996
                         11.990979
         321
## 2
         250
                20.602 101.838112
## 3
         219
                 8.548
                        18.160147
         182
                15.225
                         57.756116
## 4
## 5
         107
                10.853
                        28.859380
## 6
         234
                 7.656
                        14.652560
         196
## 7
                12.543
                        38.915042
## 8
         311
                 7.695
                        14.785166
## 9
                 6.142
         130
                          9.382641
## 10
         349
                11.588
                        32.130436
```

Pipes

You'll often find yourself needing to use multiple functions in a row to organize some data that you're working on. This can sometimes lead to dense code that is difficult to read.

```
# for example
sort(round(sqrt(cats$age * 2), 3))
```

```
## [1] 2.388 2.451 2.725 2.755 3.031 3.033 3.053 3.719 3.787 4.058
```

In the code above, I have multiple steps to get my result, but you have to read what's going on from the inside out. This can be cumbersome, especially if you need to understand how one function's output influences the next operation.

Using Pipes

dplyr includes a special operator designed to make code *flow* and appear more readable. It's written as %>%, and you can call it the "pipe" operator.

Our example above can be re-written as:

```
cats$age * 2 %>%
  sqrt() %>%
  round(3) %>%
  sort()
```

```
## [1] 4.246242 11.642876 6.505814 10.141208 6.589240 5.367544 9.780638 ## [8] 5.250182 4.031314 6.495916
```

Instead of being nested within a bunch of commands, you can see read the code as a series of statements: 1. Multiply cats\$age by 2, then 2. Take the square-root of these values, then 3. Round the result to the 3rd digit, then 4. Sort the values in ascending order

I encourage you to think of the %>% as short-hand for "then", when reading code that uses it!

"Pipe" operators are found in other languages; they get their name from the idea that your code can be thought of as a "pipeline".

Let's look at another example.

```
round(1.23456789, 3)
```

```
## [1] 1.235
```

We can use a pipe operator to acheive the same thing.

```
1.23456789 %>% round(3)
```

```
## [1] 1.235
```

The pipe takes care of making sure the output of the expression on the left-hand-side (a simple numeric, in this case) is inserted as the first argument of the expressing on the right-hand-side. We can also pipe into other argument positions by using a period as a placeholder.

```
3 %>% round(1.23456789, .)
```

```
## [1] 1.235
```

These are contrived examples, and I don't suggest using pipes for simple operations like rounding. The pipes really become useful when chaining together multiple operations in sequence, as we'll do with our dplyr functions.

Combining Select & Filter

The pipe is really helpful when combined with the data-manipulation of dplyr. Remember how we used filter to select only the black cats? What if we only want to see the ID's of those cats, rather than all the info about them? We've already seen we can use select to pick out certain columns. We can use that to select the cat_id column from our filtered dataset like so

```
# reading from the inside out
select(filter(cats, coat == "black"), cat_id)
```

```
## cat_id
## 1 182
## 2 130
```

That might not look too bad now, but what if we wanted to do another operation on that output? We'd add another layer of nesting, and having to read that line from the inside-out can quickly become annoying. We can use the pipe operator to clean that up.

```
# reading from left to right
filter(cats, coat == "black") %>% select(cat_id)

## cat_id
## 1 182
## 2 130
```

We could even add another pipe to feed cats into filter; it isn't necessary, but it makes it even easier to see what we're operating on in this chain of commands. We'll combine this with some line breaks to really make this easy to read:

```
cats %>%
  filter(coat == "black") %>%
  select(cat_id)

## cat_id
## 1 182
## 2 130
```

summarize

While mutate creates new columns, it's often useful to summarize multiple rows into a single value. Say we want to find the mean weight of all these cats; enter summarize! Like mutate, the arguments to summarize (after the data.frame we want to operate on) are expressions. We can combine summarize with the mean function to get a mean weight for our collection of cats like so:

```
cats %>% summarize(mean_weight = mean(weight))

## mean_weight
## 1 5.8307
```

Notice how we have only a single value returned, but it's still in a data.frame format. This is subtle, but important; all these basic dplyr verbs take in data.frames and also return data.frames. This consistency helps make long chains of dplyr operations possible.

group_by

A very common data analysis task is to do operations like we did above, but to do them on a group-by-group basis. To do this with dplyr, we'll use the group_by function.

Let's look at the mean weights of our cats, grouping up by coat. This will give us the mean weight of the black cats, mean weight of the calico cats, etc. We can do this by inserting a group by function into our earlier expression for computing mean weight:

```
cats %>%
  group_by(coat) %>%
  summarize(mean_weight = mean(weight))
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
##
     coat
             mean weight
## * <chr>
                    <dbl>
## 1 black
                     5.67
## 2 brown
                     4.52
## 3 calico
                     6.19
## 4 maltese
                     9.68
## 5 tabby
                     3.93
```

Ta-da!

We can also use mutate on a per-group basis. Let's make a new column which centers our weights around zero; this can be done by subtracting the group's mean weight from each cat's weight:

```
cats %>%
  group_by(coat) %>%
  mutate(centered_weight = weight - mean(weight))
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 10
## # Groups:
                coat [5]
##
      street coat sex
                             age weight fixed wander dist roamer cat id
##
      <chr>
             <chr> <chr> <dbl>
                                  <dbl> <int>
                                                      <dbl> <chr>
                                                                     <int>
    1 Los R~ tabby fema~
                                   3.99
                                                      0.04 no
##
                            3.00
                                             0
                                                                       321
##
    2 242 H~ malt~ fema~
                            8.23
                                  12.4
                                             1
                                                      0.033 no
                                                                       250
    3 201 H~ brown fema~
                                                      0.076 no
##
                            4.60
                                   3.95
                                             1
                                                                       219
    4 140 R~ black fema~
                            7.17
                                   8.05
                                             1
                                                      0.03 no
                                                                       182
    5 135 C~ cali~ male
##
                            4.66
                                   6.19
                                             1
                                                      0.085 \text{ yes}
                                                                       107
    6 130 V~ tabby fema~
                            3.80
                                   3.86
                                             1
                                                      0.085 no
                                                                       234
##
   7 115 V~ brown male
                            6.92
                                   5.63
                                             1
                                                      0.097 yes
                                                                       196
   8 303 H~ brown male
                            3.71
                                             1
                                   3.98
                                                      0.033 no
                                                                       311
   9 16982~ black fema~
                            2.85
                                   3.29
                                             0
                                                      0.065 no
                                                                       130
## 10 16528~ malt~ fema~
                            4.59
                                   6.99
                                             0
                                                      0.059 no
                                                                       349
## # ... with 1 more variable: centered weight <dbl>
```

Going further

This is an introductory look at dplyr, just enough to make you dangerous. As you continue your R journey I suggest looking into the other awesome things you can do with this package!