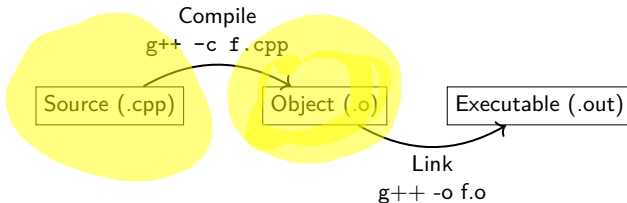
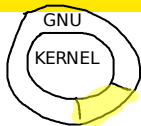
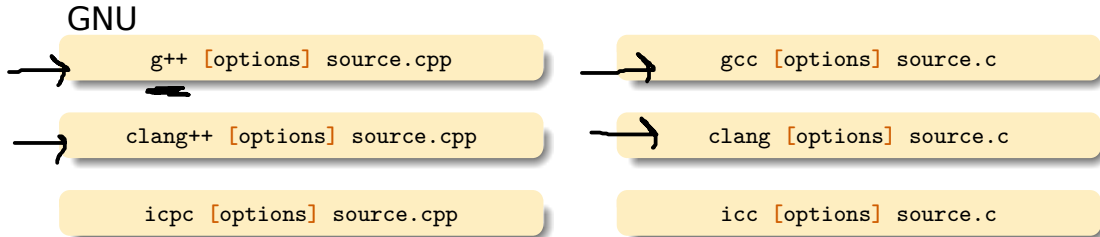


Build Pipelines



C/C++
-> CLANG
-> CLANG++



Intel

Microsoft Visual Studio

Sources

Emacs, Vim <- Shell
Nano <- Shell

MVstudio

Integrated Development Environment

→ • CodeBlocks, Vim, Sublime Text, IntelliJ, Eclipse, Xcode, Android Studio, Geany, pyCharm, ...^a

• Whichever you are comfortable with.

• Desirable Features:

- Auto Complete features.
- Auto Compilation features.
- Debugger integration.
- Code folding.
- One IDE for all (development, office work)

Spyder

- Cross-Sectional Editing.
- Remote development.
- Integration with versioning systems
- ...

^apypl.github.io for ranking

Co-Pilots (code generation, co

Sources (cont.)

Naming and Style Conventions

- cpp, hpp in C++, and c, h in C.
- followCamelCaseNamingConvention
- Folder conventions: *src* for source code, *build* or *bin* for binaries, *lib* for libraries, *doc* for documentation, *test* for unit testing.
- Suffixes: *g_* for global, *s_* for static, *c_* for constant variables.
- ... Much more on google.github.io/styleguide (Note: Company specific Guides)
- Can be enforced at commit time, or using static code checkers (e.g. **cpplint**)
- Indentation can be forced using **indent** with args **gnu** (for Stallman), **kr** (for Kernighan & Ritchie), **linux** (for Torvalds), **orig** (for Berkeley). Check man pages for details.

Sources (cont.)

Comments -> Documentation Generator -> User Docs
User Manual
API Website

Comments

- Governed by style guidelines.
- Documentation generators (Latex, HTML, XML, PDF, Man): Doxygen, Sphinx
- Doxygen Step 1: Fix settings
- Doxygen Step 2: Write comments (E.g. below)

```
/**  
 * Search whether a given directed edge exists in a graph. Edges are specified as  
 * head-tail pairs and must be specified in order.  
 * @param G Graph object  
 * @param head First incident vertex on edge  
 * @param tail Second incident vertex on edge  
 * @return Not Found = 0, Found = 1  
 */  
int directedEdgeExists(struct nGraph *G, int head, int tail) { }
```

- Doxygen Step 3: Generate documentations

Pre-Processing `iostream.h` -> OS environment var

```
#include <iostream>  
#include "hello.h"
```

- Source code transformation by Pre-Processor
- Pre-processor behavior controlled by directives
- File Inclusions:

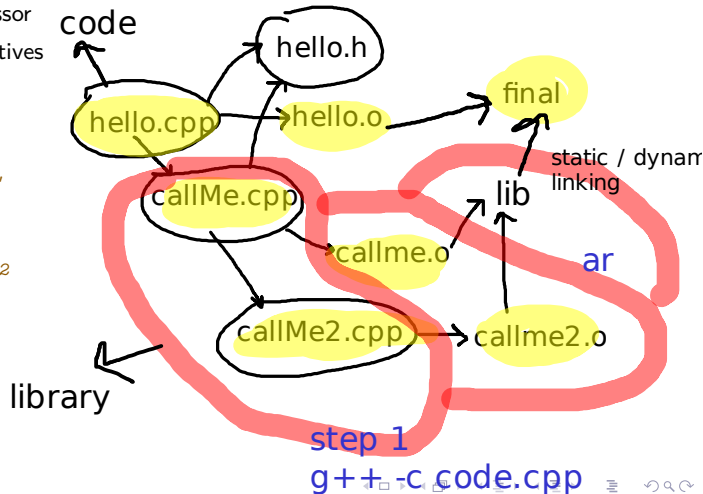
```
#include <iostream>  
#include <boost/tokenizer.hpp>  
#include "my_header_file.hpp"  
#include "some_directory/my_header_file.hpp"
```

- Macro definitions

```
#define DEBUG_LEVEL 10  
#define myMacro(param1, param2) param1+param2
```

- Conditional Compilation Directives

```
#if, #ifdef, or #ifndef directive  
#elif  
#else  
#endif
```



Compilations

Common Arguments

- `-c` Compile only
- `-g` Debugging symbols
- `-p` Performance symbols filesize, speed
- `-O n` Optimization level to n (0: none, 3: full)
- `-std` Version (e.g. `-std=c++20`) `-std`
- `-I` Include directory
- `-L` Library path
- `-l txt` Linking with library (`lib txt`) file
- `-Wall` enable most warnings
- `-Wextra` enable extra warnings
- `-Werror` treat warnings as errors

Compilations (cont.)

ELF64

- Executable and Linkable Format (for all executables, object code, libraries)
- Described in elf.h of Linux kernel
- Learning Benefits: Digital forensics, OS internals, Malware research
- Viewable using `readelf`

ELF File Structure

- ELF Header (64 bytes, `-h` switch)
- Program Header (`-l` switch)
- Section Header (`-S` switch)

ELF File Types

- Relocatable
- Executable
- Shared Object Files

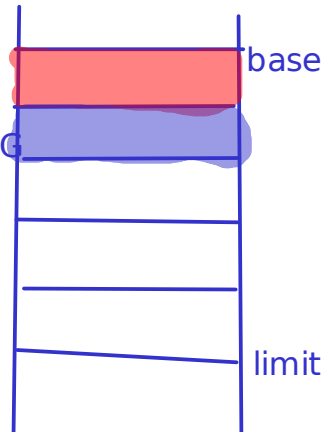
Section Headers:

[Nr]	Name	Type	Address	Offset
	Size	EntSize	Flags Link Info Align	
[0]		NULL	0000000000000000	00000000
	0000000000000000	0000000000000000	0 0 0	
[1]	.text	PROGBITS	0000000000000000	00000040
	000000000000003b	0000000000000000	AX 0 0 1	
[2]	.rela.text	RELA	0000000000000000	000003f0
	0000000000000090	0000000000000018	I 11 1 8	
[3]	.data	PROGBITS	0000000000000000	0000007b
	0000000000000000	0000000000000000	WA 0 0 1	
[4]	.bss	NOBITS	0000000000000000	0000007b
	0000000000000000	0000000000000000	WA 0 0 1	
[5]	.rodata	PROGBITS	0000000000000000	0000007b
	000000000000000f	0000000000000000	A 0 0 1	
[6]	.comment	PROGBITS	0000000000000000	0000008a
	000000000000001c	0000000000000001	MS 0 0 1	
[7]	.note.GNU-stack	PROGBITS	0000000000000000	000000a6
	0000000000000000	0000000000000000	0 0 1	
[8]	.note.gnu.pr[...]	NOTE	0000000000000000	000000a8
	0000000000000030	0000000000000000	A 0 0 8	
[9]	.eh_frame	PROGBITS	0000000000000000	000000d8
	0000000000000038	0000000000000000	A 0 0 8	
[10]	.rela.eh_frame	RELA	0000000000000000	00000480
	0000000000000018	0000000000000018	I 11 9 8	
[11]	.symtab	SYMTAB	0000000000000000	00000110

ldelf -h obj.o

RAM

LOADING



Linking Process

Static Linking

- Code and variables resolved at compile time by interpreter ld, and copied into target application as a stand-alone executable
- .a filename convention
- Benefits: No dependency problems (single executable file)
- Cost: Large file size, Library code possibly loaded multiple times in memory

variation 1

```
// file get15.c
// gcc -c get15.c
```

→ **get15.o**
object file

```
int get15() {
    return 15;
}
```

→ library object file: **libget15.a**

```
// ar -cuv libget15.a get15.o
```

```
// file main.c
// gcc main.c get15.o
// gcc main.c libget15.a
// gcc main.c -lget15
```

```
int main() {
    return get15();
}
```

main.c get15 object
statically linking
main.c &
libget15.a
dynamic linking
main.c

Linking Process

Static Linking

- Code and variables resolved at compile time by interpreter ld, and copied into target application as a stand-alone executable
- .a filename convention
- Benefits: No dependency problems (single executable file)
- Cost: Large file size, Library code possibly loaded multiple times in memory

variation2

```
// file get15.c
// gcc -c get15.c
```

```
int get15() {
    return 15;
}
```

```
// ar -cuv libget15.a get15.o
```

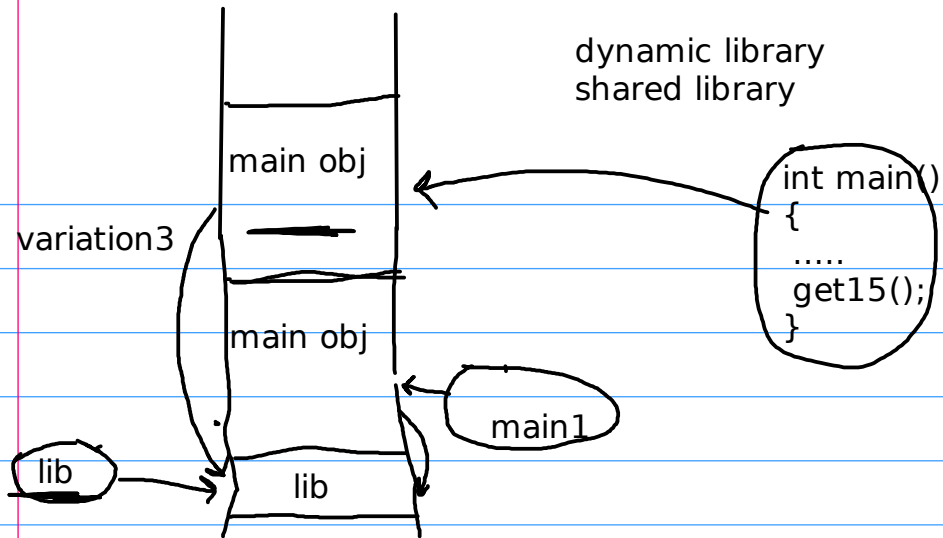
main obj

libget15.a

```
// file main.c
// gcc main.c get15.o
// gcc main.c libget15.a
// gcc main.c -lget15
```

```
int main() {
    return get15();
}
```

```
int main()
{
    ....
    get15();
}
```



Linking Process (cont.)

Dynamic Linking

- Code and variables resolved at load time by runtime interpreter ld-linux.so.2, and copied into target executable as symbols
- **.so** file convention
- Benefit: Small file size, library code loaded once in shared memory
- Cost: Dependency management

```
// file get15.c  
// gcc -shared get15.c -o libget15.so
```

```
// file main.c  
// gcc main.c -lget15
```

