## Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 76% or higher

Go to next item

**1.** Given that  $f(x,y)=x^2y+3x^2$ , find its derivative with respect to x, i.e., find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ 

1/1 point

Note: Please use  $^*$  to indicate the product in the answer. So, if we would write the entire function f as an answer, it would be  $x^2 * y + 3 * x^2$ .

$$2xy + 6x$$

**2.** Given that  $f(x,y) = xy^2 + 2x + 3y$  its gradient, i.e.,  $\nabla f(x,y)$  is:

1/1 point

- $\bigcirc \left[\begin{array}{c} 2xy+3\\ y^2+2 \end{array}\right]$
- $\bigcirc \begin{bmatrix} 2xy \\ 2x+3 \end{bmatrix} \\
  \bigcirc \begin{bmatrix} y^2+2 \\ 2xy+3 \end{bmatrix}$
- $\bigcirc \left[\begin{array}{c} 2y \\ 0 \end{array}\right]$

Correct! Applying the gradient's formula:  $abla f(x,y) = \left[ egin{array}{c} rac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ rac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{array} 
ight]$  , you can get the result!

3. Let  $f(x,y)=x^2+2y^2+8y$ . The minimum value of f is:

1/1 point

Hint: The question asks for the minimum value that the function can output, and not the point (x,y) that gives it.

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You are correct! Finding the x and y values that satisfies  $abla f(x,y)=\left(rac{\partial f}{\partial x},rac{\partial f}{\partial y}
ight)=(0,0)$  and then applying them to f(x,y) gives you the correct result!

**4.** The gradient of  $f(x,y,z)=x^2+2xyz+z^2$  is:

- $\bigcirc \left[\begin{array}{c} 2x + 2xz \\ 2yz \\ 2xy + z \end{array}\right]$
- $egin{array}{c} \left[ egin{array}{c} 2x+2yz \ 2xy \ 2xy+z \end{array} 
  ight]$
- $egin{array}{c} \left[egin{array}{c} 2yz+2xz \ 2z \ 2x \end{array}
  ight]$
- **⊘** Correct

Correct!