# **NTS GAT General Past Papers Questions**

Quantitative - Exam No. 13

## Inequalities

Prepared by: GAT Online Tutor

## Formulas:

 If we interchange the left-hand side and right-hand side of an inequality, then inequality sign will be reversed. For example:

$$4 < 7 \rightarrow 7 > 4$$

2. If we multiply the inequality with a negative sign, then inequality sign will be reversed. For example:

$$-2 < 5 \rightarrow 2 > -5$$

3. If we interchange the left-hand side and right-hand side of an inequality as well as we multiply the inequality with a negative sign, then inequality sign will remain same. For example:

$$3 > -8 \rightarrow 8 > -3$$

**4.** To find the all possible values of x + y:

$$(x_{min} + y_{min}) < (x + y) < (x_{max} + y_{max})$$

5. To find the all possible values of x - y:

$$(x_{min} - y_{max}) < (x - y) < (x_{max} - y_{min})$$

**6.** To find the all possible values of xy:

$$(x_{min} \times y_{min}) < (xy) < (x_{max} \times y_{max})$$

7. To find the all possible values of  $\frac{x}{y}$ :

$$\left(\frac{x_{min}}{y_{max}}\right) < \left(\frac{x}{y}\right) < \left(\frac{x_{max}}{y_{min}}\right)$$

# Exercise:

1. What is the value of y?

$$4y - 3 > 2 + 3y$$

Solution:

$$4y - 3 > 2 + 3y$$
$$4y - 3y > 2 + 3$$
$$y > 5$$

2. Find the value of x?

$$\frac{x}{2} - 2 > \frac{x}{3}$$

Solution:

$$\frac{x}{2} - 2 > \frac{x}{3}$$

$$\frac{x - 4}{2} > \frac{x}{3}$$

$$(x - 4)(3) > (x)(2)$$

$$3x - 12 > 2x$$

$$3x - 2x > 12$$

$$x > 12$$

3. If 4 - a > 5, then what is the value of a?

# Solution:

$$4-a > 5$$

$$4-5 > a$$

$$-1 > a$$

$$a < -1$$

4. Find the value of x: (PP)

$$9 - 3x > 0$$

Solution:

$$9 - 3x > 0$$
$$-3x > -9$$
$$3x > 9$$
$$x > 3$$

5. For what values of x, the following inequality exists?

$$|2x-3|-4<7$$

Solution:

$$|2x-3|-4<7$$

By removing the mode symbol, it can be written in the following two forms:

$$-(2x-3)-4 < 7$$

$$-2x+3-4 < 7$$

$$-2x < 7-3+4$$

$$-2x < 8$$

$$-x < \frac{8}{2}$$

$$-x < 4$$

$$-4 < x$$

$$+(2x-3)-4 < 7$$

$$2x - 3-4 < 7$$

$$2x < 7+3+4$$

$$2x < 14$$

$$x < \frac{14}{2}$$

$$x < 7$$

We can write it as follows:

$$-4 < x < 7$$

6. If 1 < x < 4 and 10 < y < 19, what are all possible values of x + y?

## Solution:

We can see that:

Minimum value of 
$$x = x_{min} = 1$$
  
Maximum value of  $x = x_{max} = 4$   
Minimum value of  $y = y_{min} = 10$   
Maximum value of  $y = y_{max} = 19$ 

To find the all possible values of x + y, we have the following formula:

$$(x_{min} + y_{min}) < (x + y) < (x_{max} + y_{max})$$
  
 $(1 + 10) < (x + y) < (4 + 19)$   
 $11 < (x + y) < 23$   
Minimum value of  $x + y = 11$ 

Minimum value of x + y = 11

Maximum value of x + y = 23

7. If 2 < x < 5 and 3 < y < 5, what are all possible values of x - y? (PP) Solution:

We can see that:

Minimum value of 
$$x = x_{min} = 2$$

Maximum value of 
$$x = x_{max} = 5$$

Minimum value of 
$$y = y_{min} = 3$$

Maximum value of 
$$y = y_{max} = 5$$

To find the all possible values of x - y, we have the following formula:

$$(x_{min} - y_{max}) < (x - y) < (x_{max} - y_{min})$$
  
 $(2 - 5) < (x - y) < (5 - 3)$   
 $-3 < (x - y) < 2$ 

Minimum value of x - y = -3

Maximum value of x - y = 2

8. If -7 < x < 7 and 0 < y < 12, what are all possible values of y - x? (PP)

We can see that:

Solution:

Minimum value of  $x = x_{min} = -7$ 

Maximum value of  $x = x_{max} = 7$ 

Minimum value of  $y = y_{min} = 0$ 

Maximum value of  $y = y_{max} = 12$ 

To find the all possible values of y - x, we have the following formula:

$$(y_{min} - x_{max}) < (y - x) < (y_{max} - x_{min})$$
  
 $(0 - 7) < (y - x) < (12 - (-7))$   
 $-7 < (y - x) < (12 + 7)$   
 $-7 < (y - x) < 19$   
Minimum value of  $y - x = -7$ 

x = y

Maximum value of y - x = 19

9. If 3 < x < 7 and 6 < y < 12, what are all possible values of xy?

## Solution:

We can see that:

Minimum value of  $x = x_{min} = 3$ 

Maximum value of  $x = x_{max} = 7$ 

Minimum value of  $y = y_{min} = 6$ 

Maximum value of  $y = y_{max} = 12$ 

To find the all possible values of xy, we have the following formula:

$$(x_{min} \times y_{min}) < (xy) < (x_{max} \times y_{max})$$
  
 $(3 \times 6) < (xy) < (7 \times 12)$   
 $18 < (xy) < 84$ 

Minimum value of xy = 18

Maximum value of xy = 84

10. If 4 < x < 9 and 13 < y < 23, what are all possible values of  $\frac{x}{y}$ ?

## Solution:

We can see that:

Minimum value of  $x = x_{min} = 4$ 

Maximum value of  $x = x_{max} = 9$ 

Minimum value of  $y = y_{min} = 13$ 

Maximum value of 
$$y = y_{max} = 23$$

To find the all possible values of  $\frac{x}{y}$ , we have the following formula:

$$\left(\frac{x_{min}}{y_{max}}\right) < \left(\frac{x}{y}\right) < \left(\frac{x_{max}}{y_{min}}\right)$$
$$\left(\frac{4}{23}\right) < \left(\frac{x}{y}\right) < \left(\frac{9}{13}\right)$$

Minimum value of  $xy = \frac{4}{23}$ 

Maximum value of  $xy = \frac{9}{13}$ 

11.If 'a' and 'b' are negative, and 'c' is positive, which of the following statements are true?

I. 
$$a-b < a-c$$

II. If 
$$a < b$$
, then  $\frac{a}{c} < \frac{b}{c}$ 

III. 
$$\frac{1}{b} < \frac{1}{c}$$

- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- (D) II and III only
- (E) I, II and III

## Solution:

We assume the following values of a, b and c:

$$a = -8,$$
  $b = -4,$   $c = 2$ 

Any other values of a, b and c can be assumed according to given conditions. (For example, a = -9, b = -3, c = 7, or a = -15, b = -11, c = 24). Now we will check all three statements one by one.

then $\frac{a}{c} < \frac{b}{c}$ $\frac{1}{b} < \frac{1}{c}$
$<\frac{b}{c}$ $<\frac{1}{-4} < \frac{1}{2}$ $<\frac{-4}{2}$ $<-2$ $-0.25 < 0.5$ $True$

Only statement II and III are correct hence option D is correct.