Supervises LEARNING

2 definitions

+ LNEAR ROGENION

+ Satch & STOCKOSTIL GRADIENT devicent

+ Mornal Equations

Speansed learning Given: TRADURY SET?

Presochos

E(x",y") ... (x",y") x"(x,y") y"(y

The X -> y Do: find "good" h: x -> y hypothesu

Thurse Contains corr

TEXT II HAVE SWEELS? This for all training algorithm

Have Data Peice

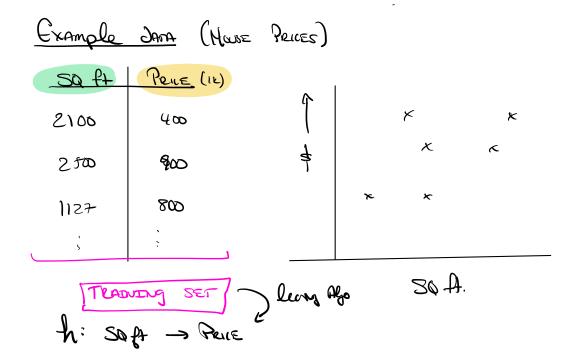
WE Use h ON New Data (x)

WE Use the ON New DATA (X)

CORL thus Presidency, WE Are very suffer In X & TRAING SET

If g ID DISCRETE = Classification

y to Condition = Regression



How do we represent his $h(x) = \Theta_s + \Theta_i x_i$ (affer fr.)

$$\frac{S_{12E}}{S_{12E}} \frac{B_{EORDM}}{B_{EORDM}} \frac{I_{OT} S_{2E}}{S_{12E}} \cdot P_{acc}$$

$$\chi^{(1)} \qquad 2104 \qquad 4 \chi^{(1)} \qquad 45c \qquad 400$$

$$\chi^{(2)} \qquad 2500 \qquad 3 \qquad 30c \qquad 900$$

$$f_{1}(x) = \Theta_{0} + \Theta_{1} \chi_{1} + \Theta_{2} \chi_{2} + \cdots$$

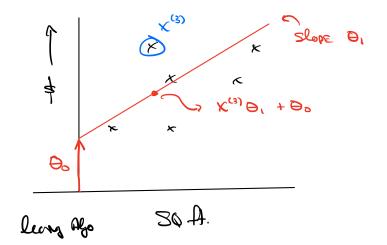
$$= \frac{3}{2} \Theta_{1} \chi_{1} \qquad N_{2} \chi_{3} \qquad I_{obstically} 1$$

$$\Theta = \begin{bmatrix} \Theta_{0} \\ \Theta_{1} \\ \Theta_{2} \\ \Theta_{3} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \chi^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} \chi^{(1)}_{0} \\ \chi^{(2)}_{1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_{12E} \qquad I_{2E} \qquad I_{3E} \qquad I_{3$$

PARAMETERS DUPUTS/ GEATURES OUTPUT / TAJEL

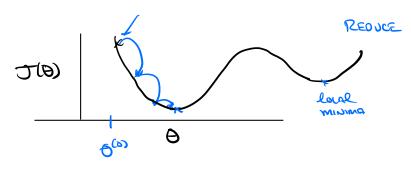
Austrania 166 are of the company of the supplies of the suppli



ho(x) = \$=0; Xy WANT TO CHOOSE O SH. ho(x) ≈ y

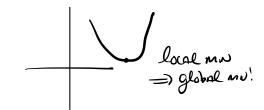
$$\underline{DDEA}$$
: $J(B) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (h_0(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$ Cost function (least Squares)

GRADIENT Descent START BOOD AF RANDOM ON ZERO



J is me honer)

comy Granient



$$\Theta_{j}^{(6)} := 0$$

$$\Theta_{j}^{(4+1)} := \Theta_{j}^{3} - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial \Theta_{j}} \mathcal{J}(\Theta_{j}^{(4)})$$

$$\mathcal{J}(\Theta_{j}^{(4)}) := 0$$

$$\frac{250}{20i} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{22}{20i} \left(h_0(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)} \right)^2$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(h_0(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)} \right) \frac{2}{20i} h_0(x^{(i)})$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{P}(x_{(i)})}{\partial \mathcal{P}(x_{(i)})} = \mathcal{P}(x_{(i)}) + \mathcal{P}(x_{(i)}) + \mathcal{P}(x_{(i)})$$

SOMETIMES WITTE AS
$$G^{(4)} := G^{(4)} - \alpha \sum_{i=1}^{6} (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - g^{(i)}) \times (i)$$

reator notation

MINIBACTOT: RANDOMLY SELECT DEN PONTS AND Estimase gradient

1. Pick b points {i, - ib} = B

2

One DETAIL Scale & AND of differently.

TRADEOFF : Nowier But much faster

Faster: Imagine it Training set contains 100 currer of same point

TRADEOFF : Now As exorceless as it seems (NEAR costes)

How do you droose B? Shaly, whetever works

Mornal Equation

$$\sqrt{\frac{36^3}{3}}2(6)$$

$$\frac{\text{tlen}}{V_A f(A)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{11}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{12}} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{21}} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_{22}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -x^{(1)} - \\ x^{(2)} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$$
 Design Marrix

$$\chi \Theta = \begin{bmatrix} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} y'' \\ y'' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} (x\theta - y)^{T} (x\theta - y)$$

$$\nabla_{\Theta} \mathcal{J}(\Theta) = \chi^{T} \chi \Theta - \chi^{T} y = 0 \Rightarrow \Theta = (\chi^{T} \chi)^{T} \chi^{T} y$$

OPTIMAL VALUE.