



## Lesson 4 – Choices of Coding Environments





# Who Designed Scratch

## Scratch was:

- Launched in May 2007.
- It was developed by Mitchel Resnick
  - ✓ Leader of Lifelong Kindergarten Group
  - ✓ Part of Media Lab of MIT.





**Want to be a part of MIT Media Lab?**  
**Kindly read on**



# Who Can Learn Scratch

Scratch has been Designed to enable six year old code.

- Can you:

- ✓ **Identify**  
the shape & colour  
of these block.



- ✓ **& Read** what is written on them in English.

- If yes, then **you can** Code.



# Problem of Communicating with Machines

Programming means giving instructions to machines.

The **problem** is:

- **Humans** speak & understand English & Decimal Numbering.

Apples - 48

- **Machines** only speak & understand 0 & 1.

1001 1100 1100 1110 0010 0111



This language of **0 & 1**  
that machines understand  
is called **Binary**.

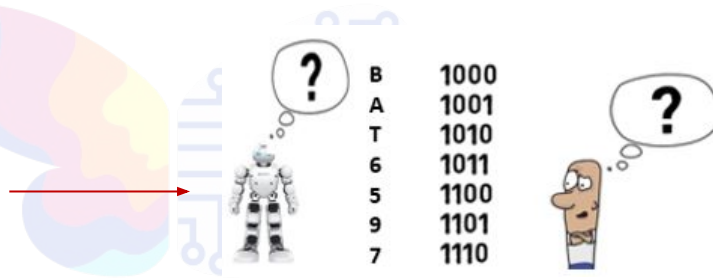




# Solving the Communication Problem

Diagrammatically:

This is the Problem.





To be able to talk to machines, we must:

- **Convert** our instructions in English
- to instructions in machine languages (Binary).
- This can be a very **laborious & difficult** task.

B  
A  
T  
6  
5  
9  
7



1000  
1001  
1010  
1011  
1100  
1101  
1110







**Since Scratch is designed for use by small children**

**its designers have removed this problem.**

**Let us see How?**





## In Block based coding:

- **One side** of the block has instructions in English & numbers.
- This is the side the humans see, & code with.
- **Its reverse** has same instructions in 0 & 1 (in Python language).
- This is the side the machine sees, reads, & responds to.

go to x: 198 y: -74



1100 0101 1001 0010





Luckily sprites can:

- Read & make sense of these 0&1.
- In so doing:
  - ✓ The **child is freed** of conversion problems.
  - ✓ **This makes Sprite** the easiest coding language to learn.



1001 1100 1103 1110 0011





## Now Try it Yourself

01001000 01100101 01101100 01101100 01101111 00100001  
in **Binary** may mean nothing to you.

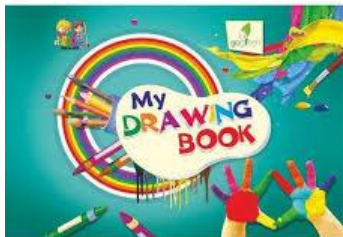
**Google & find** out  
what it **mean to a machine** in English.

It means **Hello World**





# Coding Environments



To be able to draw, we need a drawing book.

To be able to play football, we need a football ground.



In the same way to be able to code, we need a **coding SW**.

This SW is referred to as the **Coding Environment**.





**Every coding language has its own Coding Environment**

**The coding environment that we will use, will allow us  
to code in **Scratch****





# Choice of Coding Environments for Scratch

**SCRATCH** offers two main environments:

- **SCRATCH 3.0** as developed by MIT.  
Its icon is the Cat.
- **mBlock 5** – Scratch inspired development of Makeblock.  
Its icon is the Panda.





**Between the two, mBlock 5 is the preferred environment for learning.**

**Its advantages include:**

- Ability to work with **devices & sensors**.
- Create our **own libraries**.
- **Larger collection** of blocks & block statements.
- Learn **Python & Embedded C** in addition to Scratch.





# To Consolidate

Answer the following questions:

- Who **invented** Coding Language SCRATCH?
- Would you **like to go to MIT**?
- What is a Coding **Environment**?
- Why is mBlock 5 Preferred for **learning**?





**End of Lesson 4**



**Code Karega India Badhega**