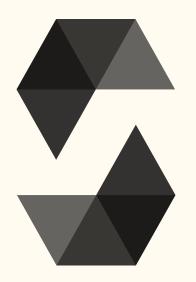
Lecture 2

Solidity Fundamentals

Disclaimer - many fish in the sea!







Solidity File Structure

Inside a .sol source file

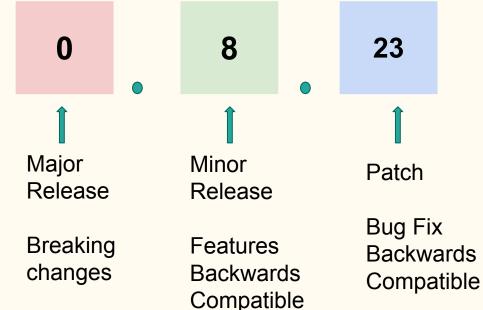
- > SPDX-License-Identifier
 - https://spdx.dev/
 - Can have an "unlicensed" identifier
- > pragma
 - solidity version (to match compiler)
 - ABI encoder / decoder
 - Experimental pragmas: ABIv2, SMTchecker (Formal Verification)
- > Import
- > Comments
 - Single line: //
 - Multi line: /* */
 - o Natspec

npm version semantic

use this specific version

>= < range of versions to use

Solidity has not even hit 1 stable release yet!!!



Importing

Virtual Filesystem on the Compiler

Initial files (plus dependencies) can be loaded on CLI or JSON format.

Compiler can add other files during compile time

Direct Import

```
import "/project/lib/util.sol";
import "lib/util.sol";
import
"@openzeppelin/address.sol";
import
"https://example.com/token.sol";
```

Relative Import

```
import "./";
import "../";
```

Natspec - Natural Language Specification Format

Tag		Context
@title	A title that should describe the contract/interface	contract, library, interface
@author	The name of the author	contract, library, interface

Explain to an end user what this does contract, library, interface, function, public state @notice variable, event

@dev Explain to a developer any extra details contract, library, interface, function, state variable, event

@param Documents a parameter just like in Doxygen (must be followed by function, event parameter name)

@return Documents the return variables of a contract's function function, public state variable

Copies all missing tags from the base function (must be followed by function, public state variable

@inheritdoc the contract name)

@custom:... Custom tag, semantics is application-defined everywhere

Natspec - An Example

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-3.0
pragma solidity >=0.8.2 < 0.9.0;</pre>
/// @title A simulator for trees
/// @author Larry A. Gardner
/// @notice You can use this contract for only the most basic simulation
/// @dev All function calls are currently implemented without side effects
/// @custom:experimental This is an experimental contract.
contract Tree {
   /// @notice Calculate tree age in years, rounded up, for live trees
   /// @dev The Alexandr N. Tetearing algorithm could increase precision
   /// @param rings The number of rings from dendrochronological sample
    /// @return Age in years, rounded up for partial years
    function age(uint256 rings) external virtual pure returns (uint256) {
        return rings + 1;
    /// @notice Returns the amount of leaves the tree has.
   /// @dev Returns only a fixed number.
    function leaves() external virtual pure returns(uint256) {
        return 2;
```

Source:

https://docs.soliditylang. org/en/v0.8.17/natspec-f ormat.html

Technical debt - the cost of bad code



Solidity Conventions

```
thisFunctionCallIsReallyLong(
                                                longArgument1,
Max Line Length = 120 char
                                                longArgument2,
Breakdown new lines uses tabs
                                                longArgument3
                                           UTF-8 or ASCII
Encoding
                                            // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
                                           pragma solidity >= 0.4.0 < 0.9.0;</pre>
Import Statements
Always at top after license identifier and pragma
                                           import "./Owned.sol";
                                           spam(ham[1], Coin({name: "ham"}));
Whitespace
No space between brackets/quotes
                                           x = 1;
Space around operators
                                           v = 2;
```

Solidity Conventions - Naming

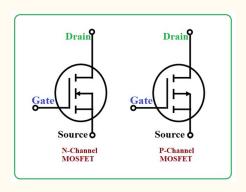
Contracts, Libraries, Interfaces, Structs, Events	<pre>CapWords contract MyContract{} struct PersonStruct{}</pre>
Function Names, Function Arguments, Variable Names	<pre>mixedCase int myInteger; function helloWorld();</pre>
Constants	ALLCAPS int WINNING_NUMBER = 5;

Primitives

Value Types

At the most basic level, computers operate on 1 and 0 - This system is called **Binary**.

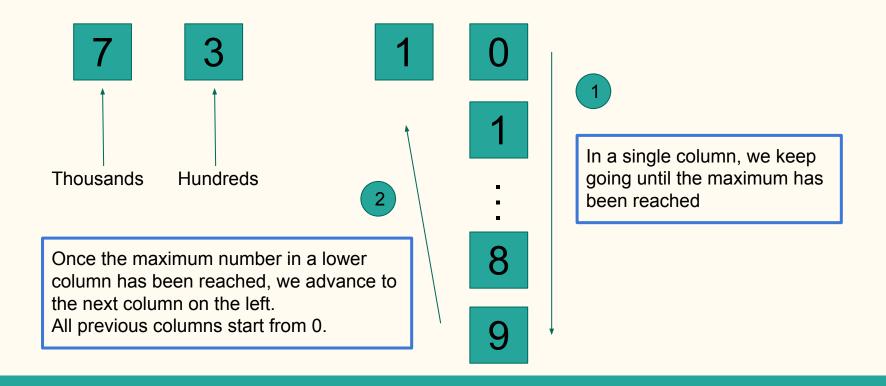
this constraint!



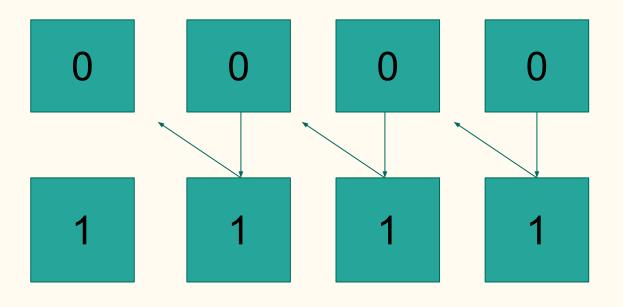
From a hardware perspective:
High voltage (5V) = "1"
Low voltage (0V) = "0".
Currently, these are the only 2 possible states and why computers are binary in nature.
Quantum computing aims to break

Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary
0	0	0000
1	1	0001
2	2	0010
3	3	0011
4	4	0100
5	5	0101
6	6	0110
7	7	0111
8	8	1000
9	9	1001
10	A	1010
11	В	1011
12	C	1100
13	D	1101
14	E	1110
15	F	1111

Let's take a look at the Decimal System

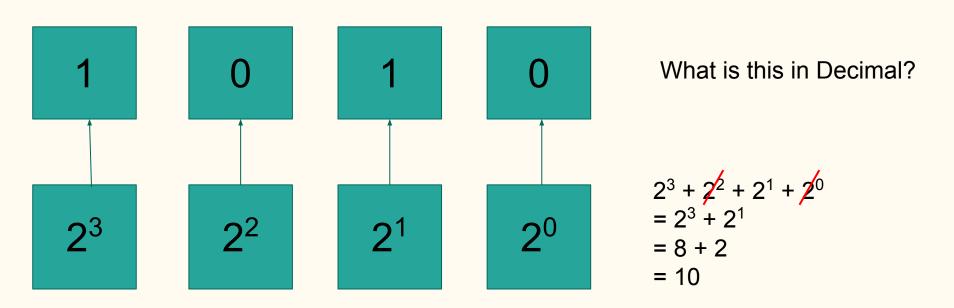


Same intuition for a Binary System

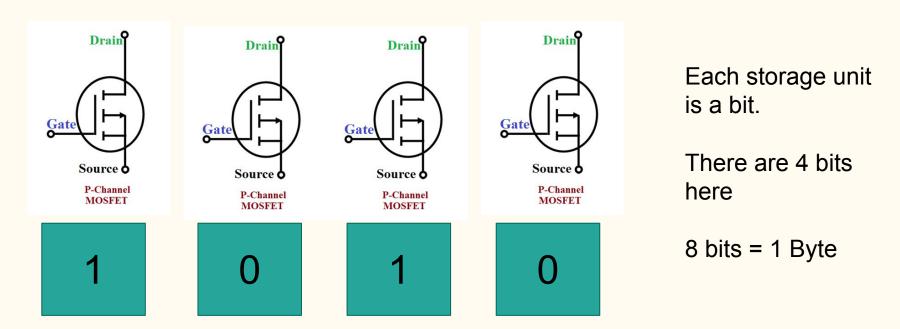


Decimal	Hexadecimal	Binary
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7	7	0111
8	8	1000
9	9	1001
10	A	1010
11	В	1011
12	C	1100
13	D	1101
14	E	1110
15	F	1111
		910

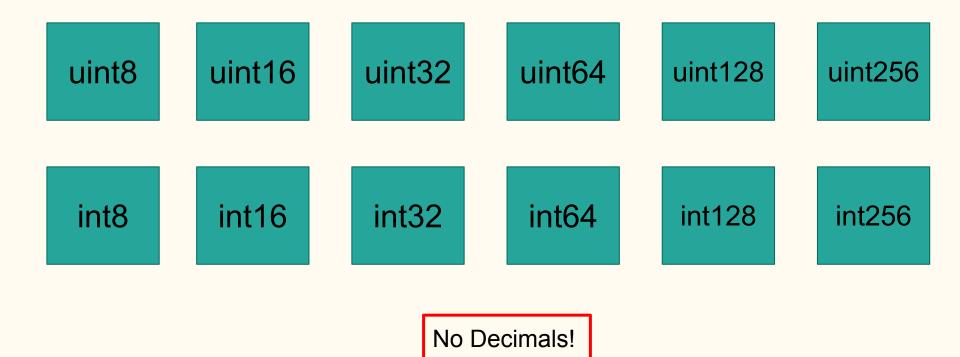
Binary to Decimal -> true or false

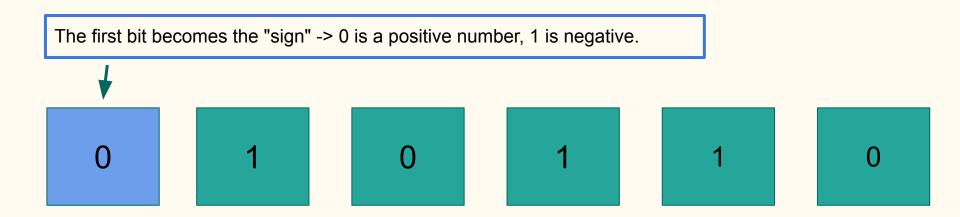


bits and Bytes



Note: KB -> MB -> GB -> TB -> PB is not $10^3 = 1000$ but $2^{10} = 1024$ intervals!





Since 1 bit is taken up to mean the sign, remember you can only have numbers half as big as unsigned integers

Primitives - Bytes

8 **b**its = 1 **B**yte

bytes1 bytes2 bytes3 ... bytes31 bytes32

UTF8 Encoding

This is unicode. The OG encoding.

As encoding formats expanded to include more scripts and even emojis, there was:

UTF8 \rightarrow UTF16 \rightarrow UTF32... ASCII and more

Dec	Hex	Char	Dec	Нех	Char	Dec	Hex	Char	Dec	Hex	Char
0	00	Null	32	20	Space	64	40	0	96	60	
1	01	Start of heading	33	21	į.	65	41	A	97	61	a
2	02	Start of text	34	22	"	66	42	В	98	62	b
3	03	End of text	35	23	#	67	43	С	99	63	c
4	04	End of transmit	36	24	Ş	68	44	D	100	64	d
5	05	Enquiry	37	25	*	69	45	E	101	65	e
6	06	Acknowledge	38	26	٤	70	46	F	102	66	f
7	07	Audible bell	39	27	10	71	47	G	103	67	g
8	08	Backspace	40	28	(72	48	H	104	68	h
9	09	Horizontal tab	41	29)	73	49	I	105	69	i
10	OA	Line feed	42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j
11	OB	Vertical tab	43	2B	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
12	OC	Form feed	44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	1
13	OD	Carriage return	45	2 D	_	77	4D	M	109	6D	m
14	OE	Shift out	46	2 E		78	4E	N	110	6E	n
15	OF	Shift in	47	2 F	1	79	4F	0	111	6F	0
16	10	Data link escape	48	30	o	80	50	P	112	70	р
17	11	Device control 1	49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
18	12	Device control 2	50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
19	13	Device control 3	51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	s
20	14	Device control 4	52	34	4	84	54	T	116	74	t
21	15	Neg. acknowledge	53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
22	16	Synchronous idle	54	36	6	86	56	v	118	76	v
23	17	End trans, block	55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w
24	18	Cancel	56	38	8	88	58	X	120	78	x
25	19	End of medium	57	39	9	89	59	Y	121	79	У
26	1A	Substitution	58	3A	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	z
27	1B	Escape	59	3 B	;	91	5B	Γ	123	7B	{
28	1C	File separator	60	3 C	<	92	5C	١	124	7C	1
29	1D	Group separator	61	3D	=	93	5D]	125	7D	}
30	1E	Record separator	62	3 E	>	94	5E	Α	126	7E	~
31	1F	Unit separator	63	3F	2	95	5F		127	7F	

Primitives - Boolean



Primitives - Addresses

0xFd348ab656a6127f4280C5b1218D46D80a41e224

20 Bytes = 160 bits

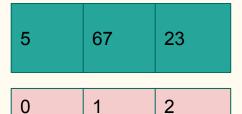
Reference Types

Arrays, Mapping, String, Struct

Type - Array







indexes start at 0!

array.push	array.length
array.pop	delete array

Type - String



Type Casting



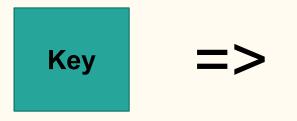
Solidity Strings have no functions!!!

string hello = "hello";
bytes casted_hello =
bytes(hello);

```
uint8 a = 1; => 00000001
b = uint16(a); => 000000000000001
```

What happens when we go from uint16 to uint8?

Type - Mapping

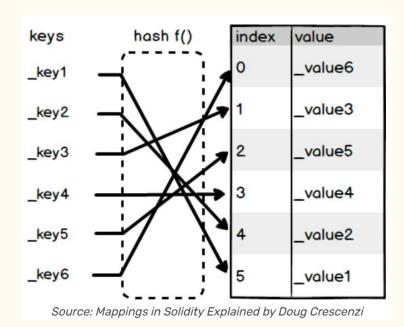






Now it's getting annoying...

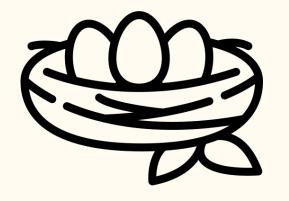
- can't find length
- can't loop through keys



Type - Struct

struct Object {
 property1;
 property2;

Object.property



Nesting allowed!



Observe tight variable packing

https://fravoll.github.io/solidi ty-patterns/tight_variable_p acking.html

Instantiation and Scope

Solidity Variables

Existence is..... dynamic and fixed / variable and literal

Dynamic

Can only do if in storage, expensive and painful

int[] fixed;

Fixed

Amount of memory needed known upon declaration

int[5] fixed; int[] fixed = new int(5);

variable

Only the type is known

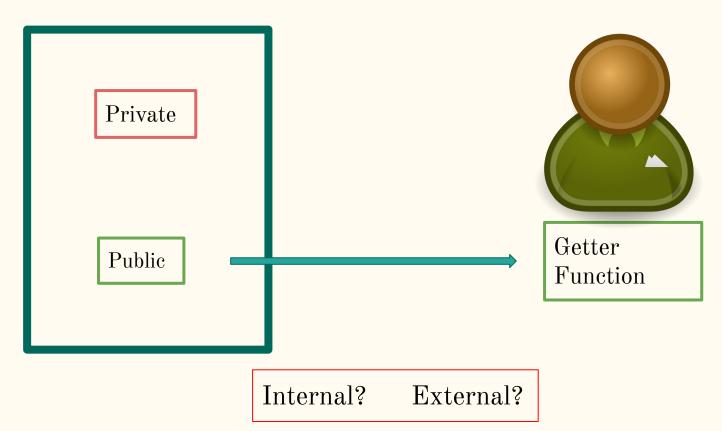
int a;

literal

type and value known

int a = 5;

Scope



Instantiation

Type Scope Name mapping(address =>string[]) internal ownerToList struct Person{ uint[7] public numbers_fixed; string Name; uint8 age; uint[] public numbers; bool private b; uint public a; Person memory a =

Operators

Algorithmic, Relational, Logical

Operators

Algorithmic	Relational	Logical
+ - % *	==	&&
++	< > <= >=	II
%	!=	!

Flow Control

if, for, while

Ifelse

```
if (condition){
    execution when condition is true
} else {
    execution for all cases when condition is false
}
```

for loop

```
for (initialize counter; condition of counter; increment counter) {
    continue executing until condition is met;
for (uint i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    start i from 0, do thing until i is 9 and i increases by 1 each loop;
```

while loop

```
while (condition) {
    continue execution until condition becomes false
}
```

Break - get out of loop now!

Continue - skip the reminder of the execution, go to next iteration

Decimal to Binary Converter

putting it all into practice

Process Flow

Convert 13₁₀ to binary:

Division by 2	Quotient	Remainder	Bit #
13/2	6	1	0
6/2	3	0	1
3/2	1	1	2
1/2	0	1	3

So $13_{10} = 1101_2$

- 1. Loop through decimal number
- 2. Get its Quotient & Reminder
- 3. Store Remainder
- 4. Flip Remainder array and turn into string
- 5. Return result