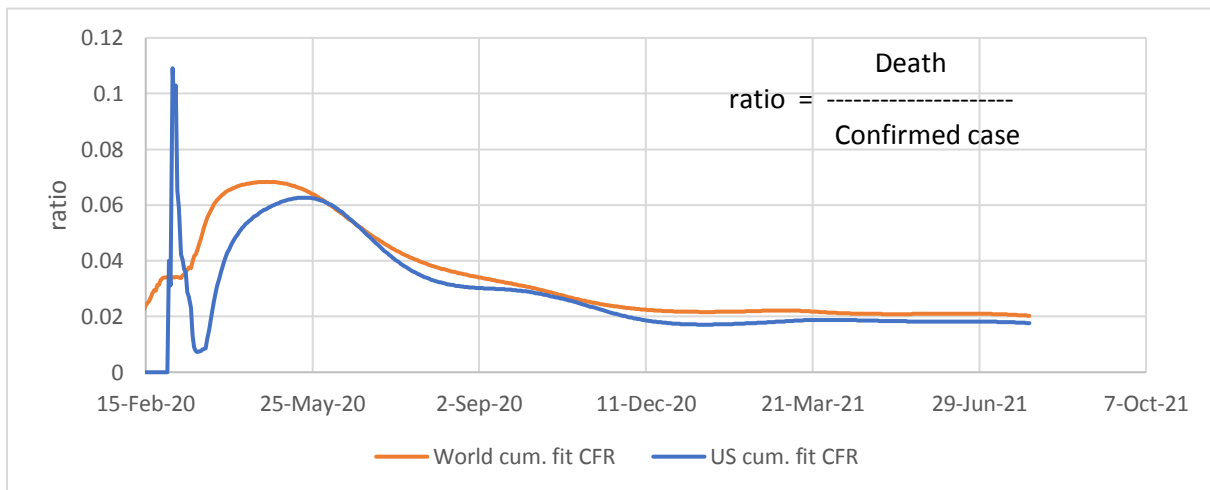
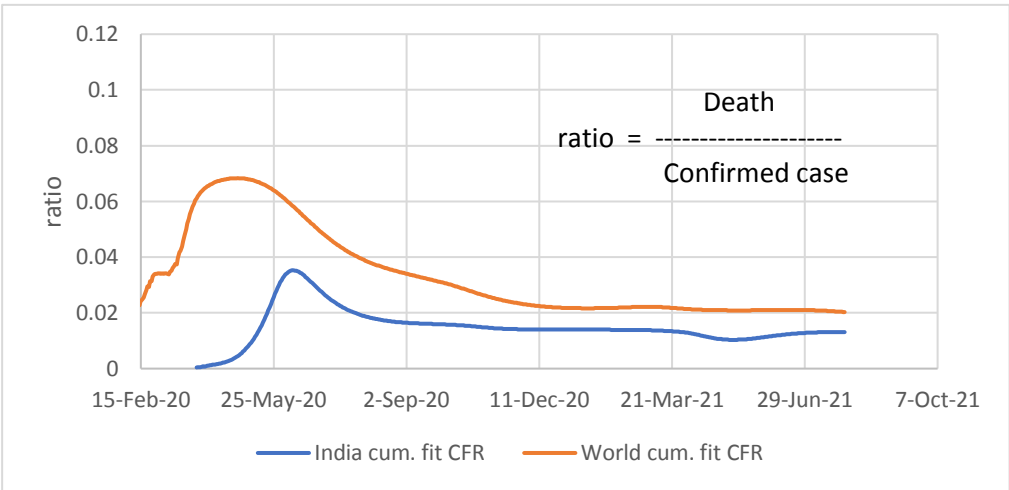
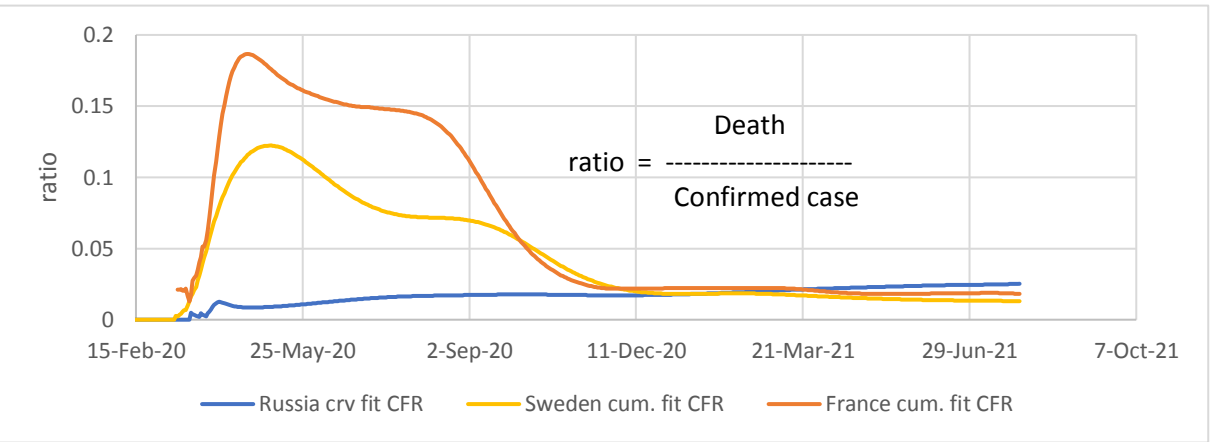
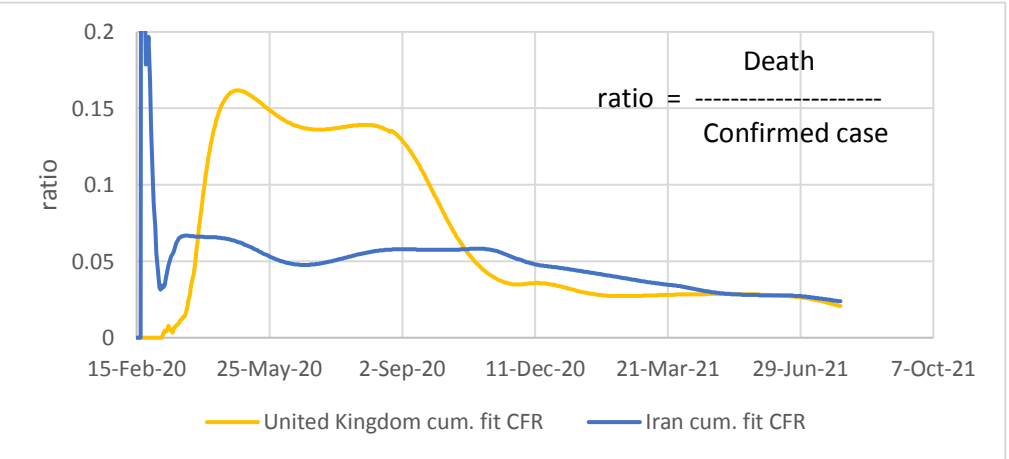
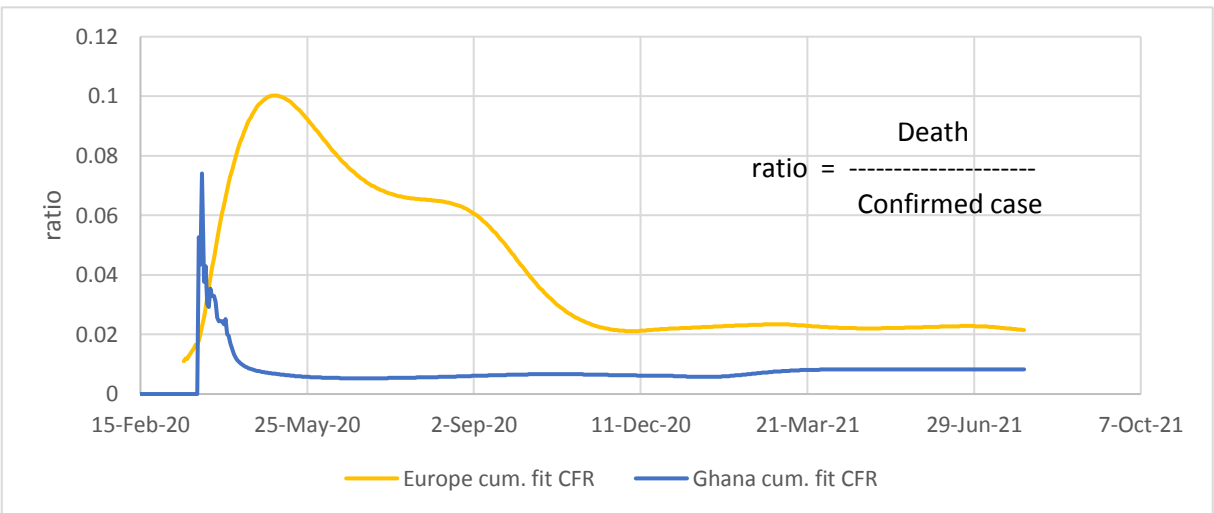
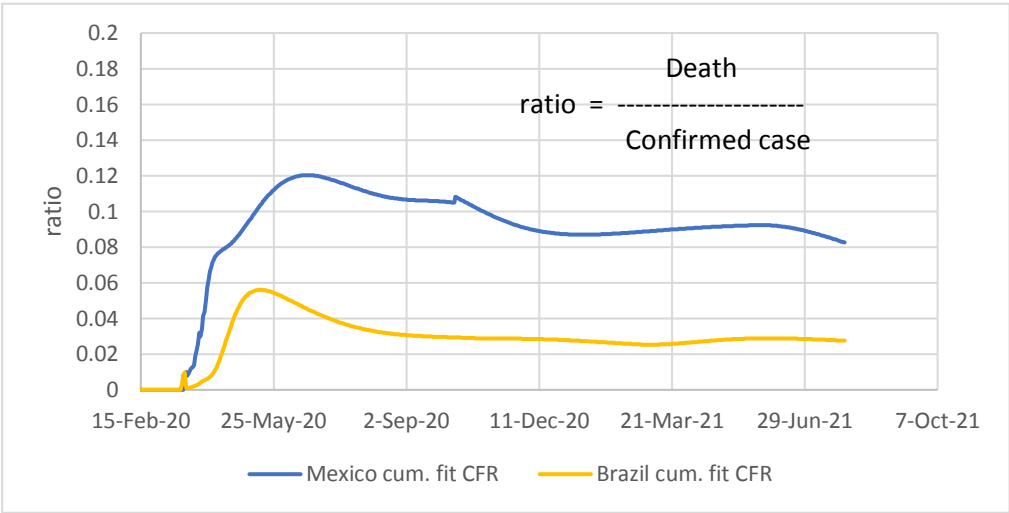
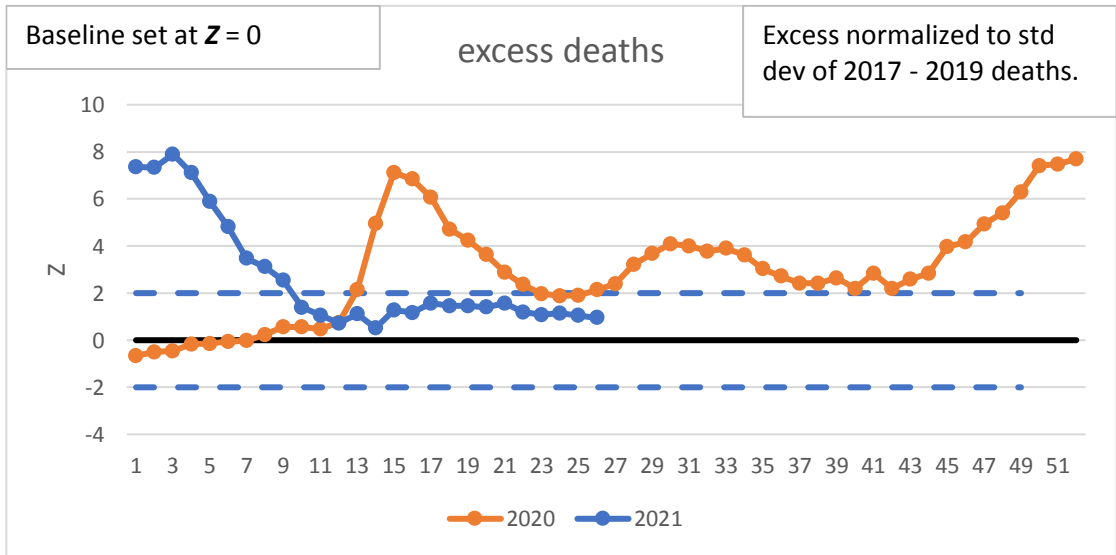


Experimental page : ratios of curve fit deaths to curve fit confirmed cases (CFR)

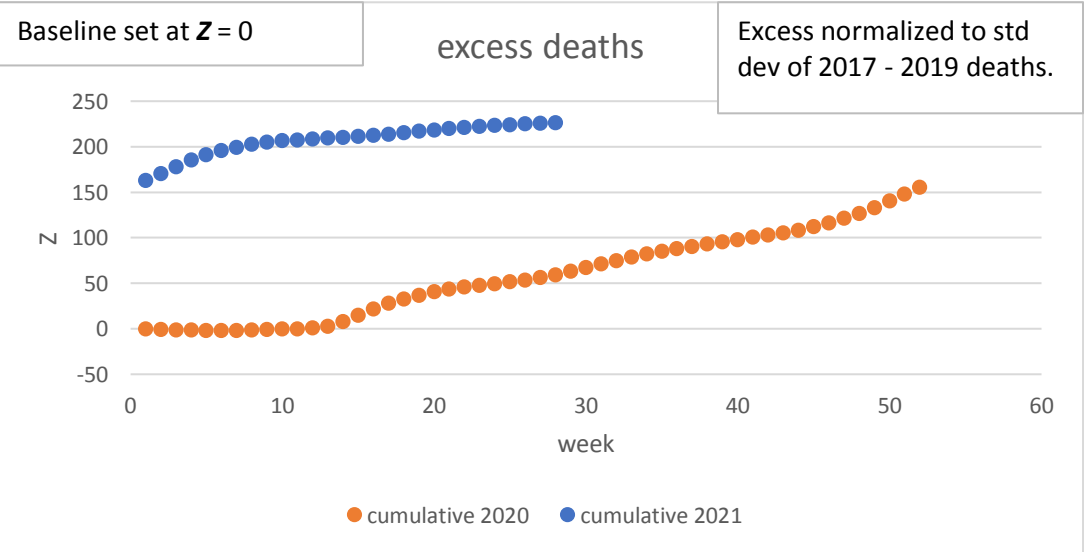


Excess deaths as a Z score:



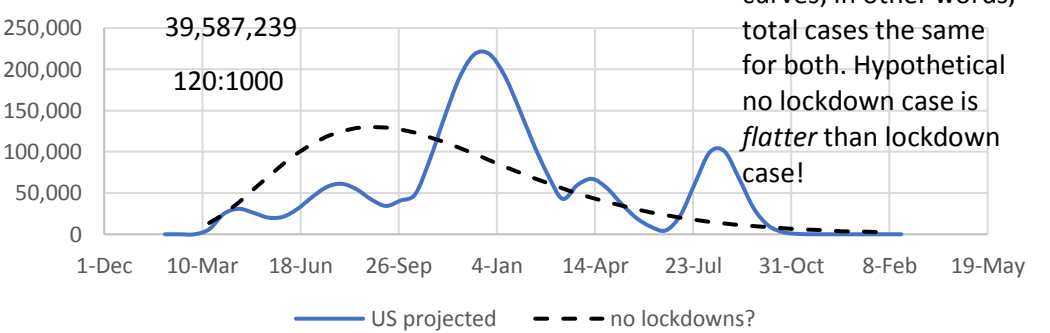
Above based on Z score of two year standard deviation from 2017-2019. What follows is cumulative plot of same.

Data in recent weeks are incomplete. Only 60% of death records are submitted to NCHS within 10 days of the date of death, and completeness varies by jurisdiction. Data are not weighted and counts are likely



Confirmed Cases

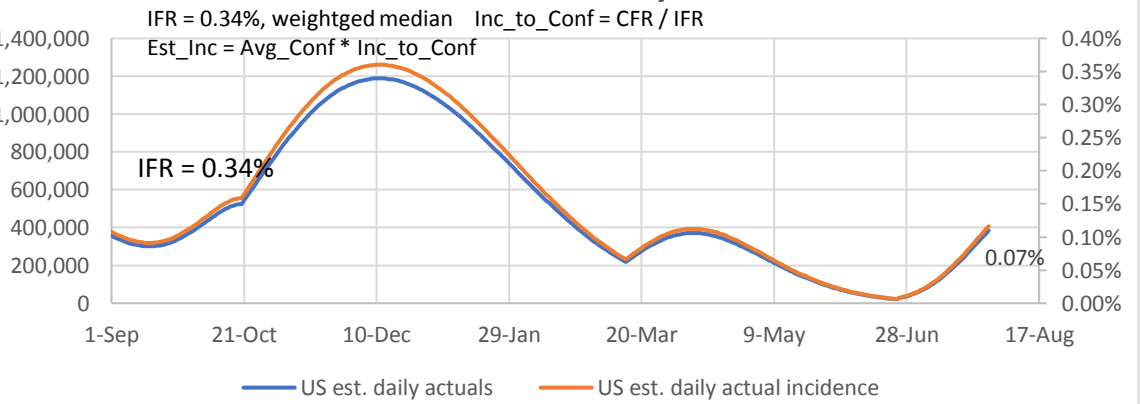
US projected



Count

US estimated actual daily infections

Incidence



False Positives Demonstration

Use 0.07% as estimated daily incidence

Prevalence estimated as avg. infected period of 2 weeks X incidence

99% accuracy of test

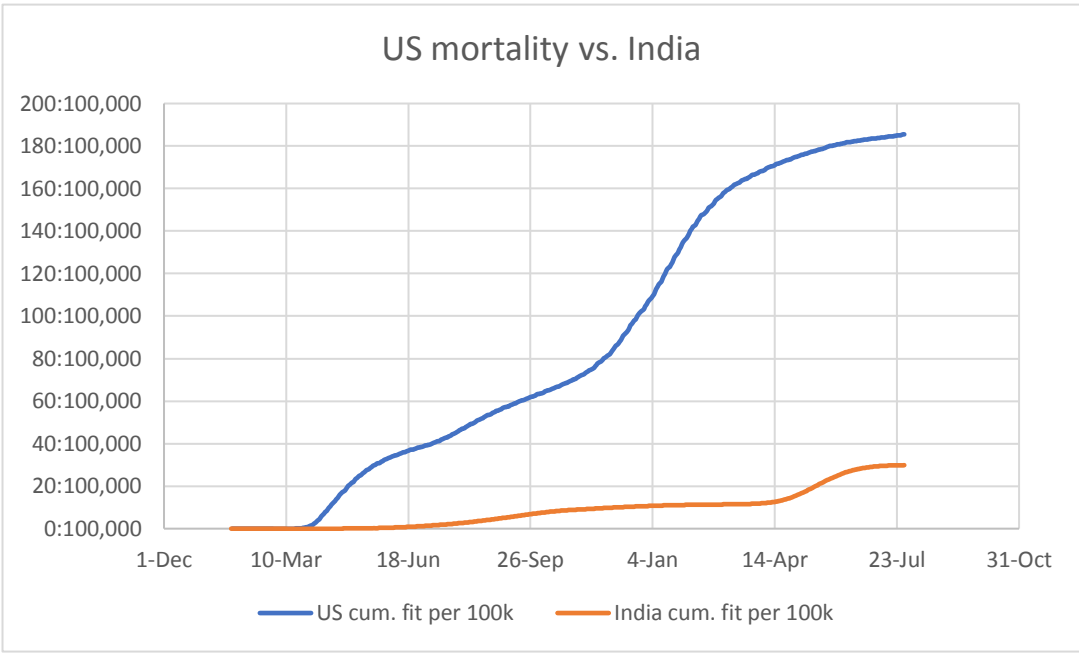
0.07% X 14 = 0.980%

	Positive	Negative	
test pos	0.970%	0.990%	1.96%
test neg	0.010%	98.030%	98.04%
	0.980%	99.020%	100.00%

False pos. is more than half of total positives.

TRUE +	0.97%/1.96%	49.5%
FALSE +	0.99%/1.96%	50.5%
Total	-----	100.00%

Counter-act this tendency by increasing test sensitivity. However this may increase false negatives, the recipients of which may be positive, think they're negative, and go spread it around some more.



USA Excess Deaths, 2020 (from CDC data):

Annualized on 52 weeks			
	All Cause	All Cause, excl. CV19	CV19
3 yr average before 2020	859:100,000	859:100,000	-
2020	1016:100,000	905:100,000	-
Diff.	157:100,000	46:100,000	111:100,000

3 yr average	
859:100,000	29% of All-Cause excess deaths are non-CV19

<https://data.cdc.gov/NCHS/Excess-Deaths-Associated-with-COVID-19/xkkf-xrst/data>

USA Excess Deaths to date (from CDC data):

29 weeks	All Cause	All Cause, excl. CV19	CV19
3 yr average before 2020	472:100,000	472:100,000	-
2021	557:100,000	485:100,000	-
Diff.	86:100,000	13:100,000	73:100,000

3 yr average	
859:100,000	15% of All-Cause excess deaths are non-CV19

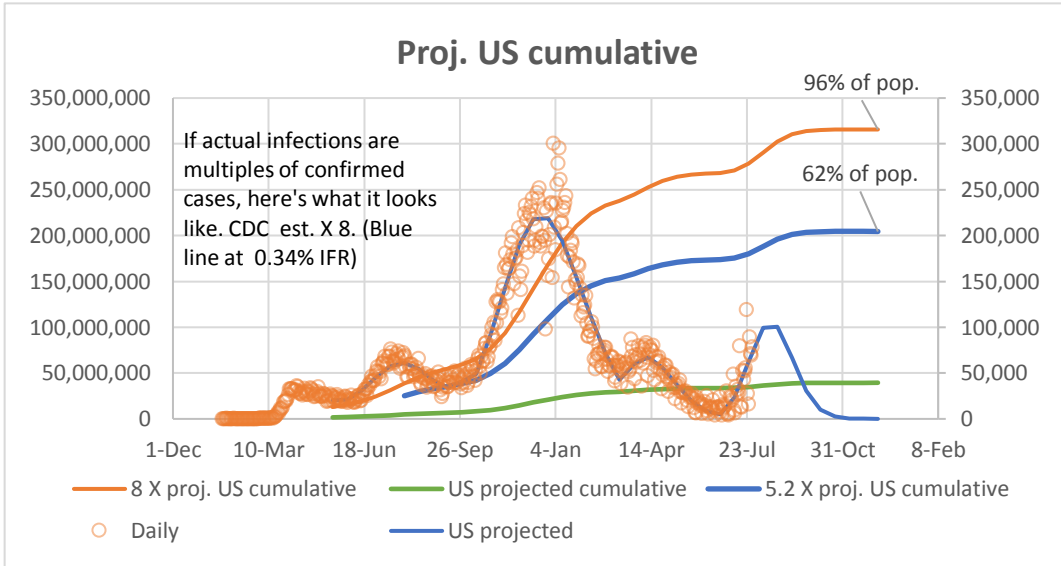
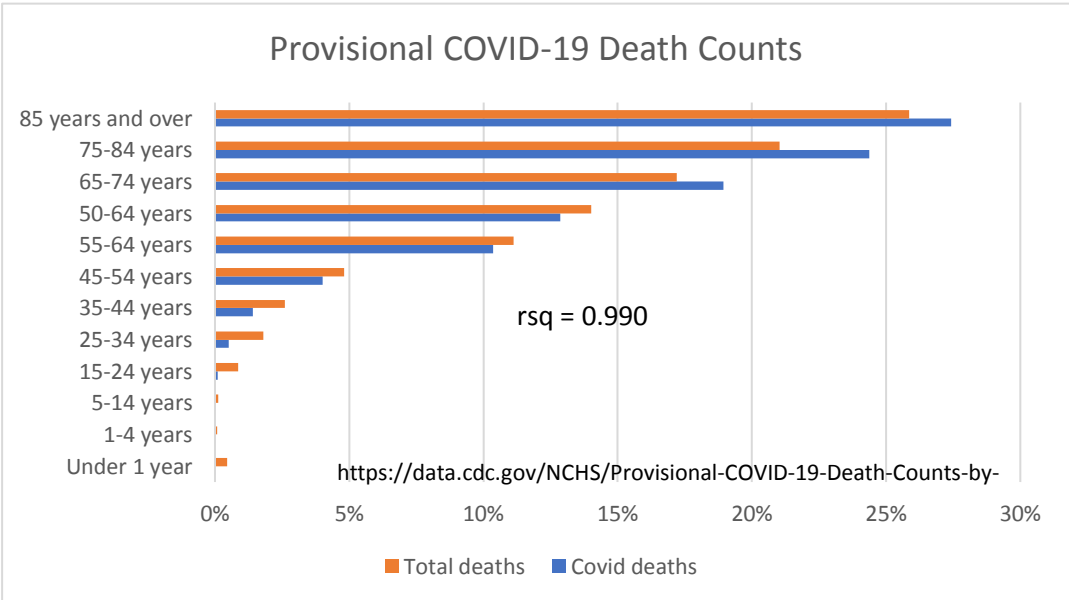
<https://data.cdc.gov/NCHS/Excess-Deaths-Associated-with-COVID-19/xkkf-xrst/data>

$K = 0.318$ $R_o :$ $R :$

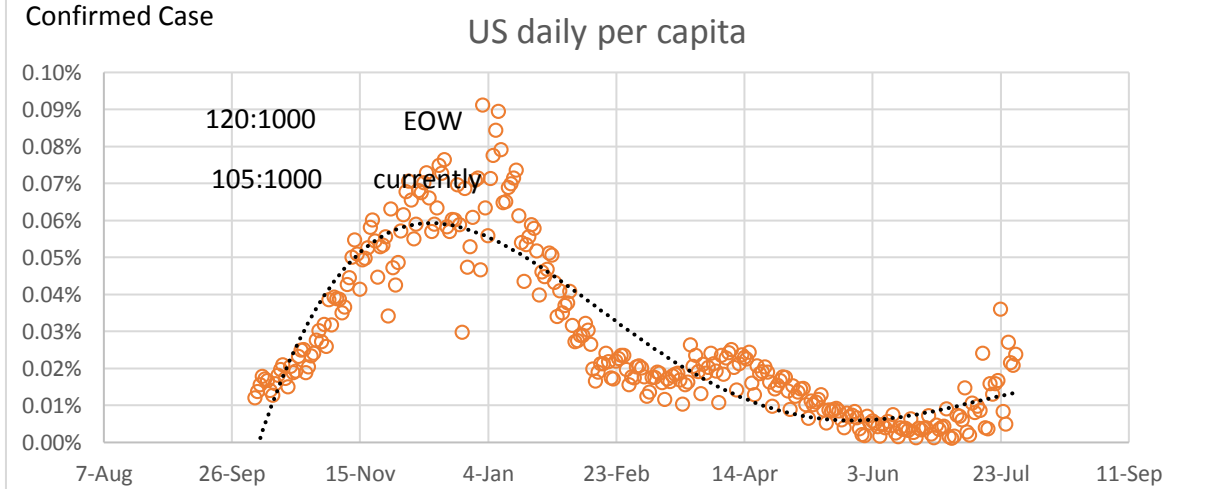
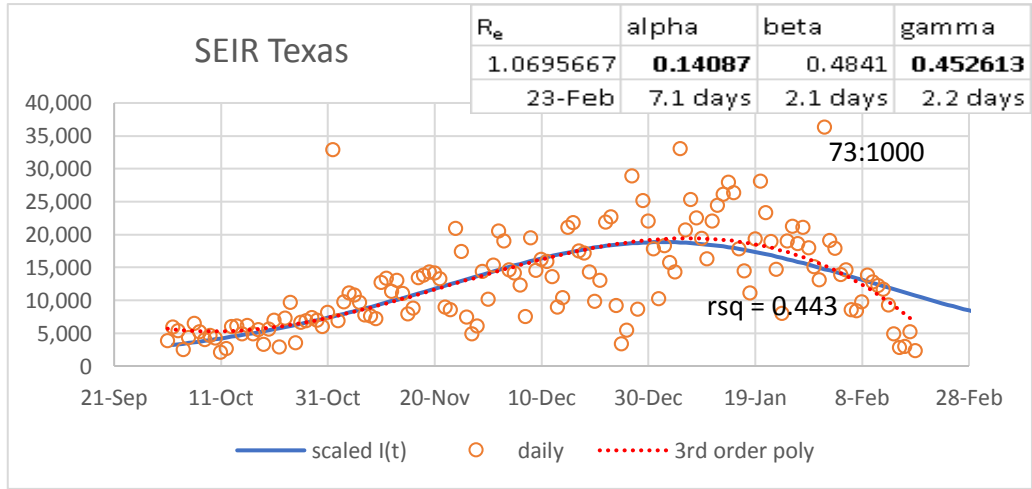
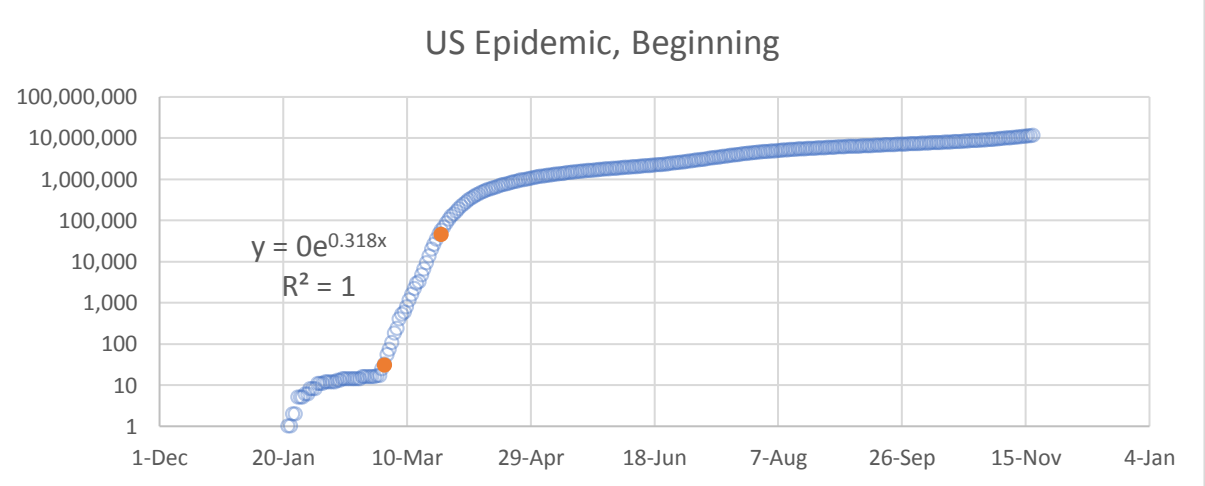
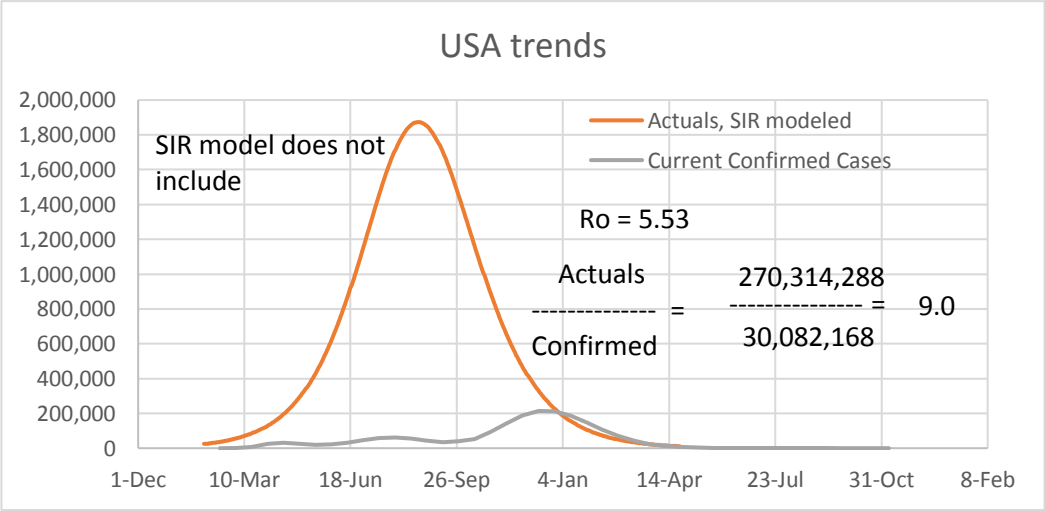
$\gamma = 0.171$ $R_o = \exp(K/\gamma) = 6.42$ 84%

$\gamma = 0.286$ $R > 1 - 1/R_o = 3.04$ 67% $\leq \text{Herd immunity}$

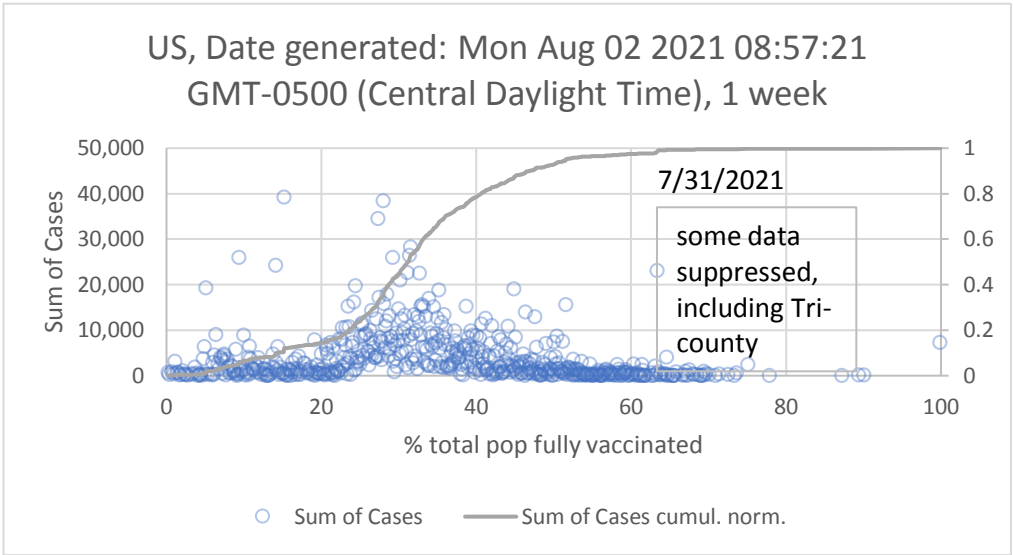
R is recovered variable.



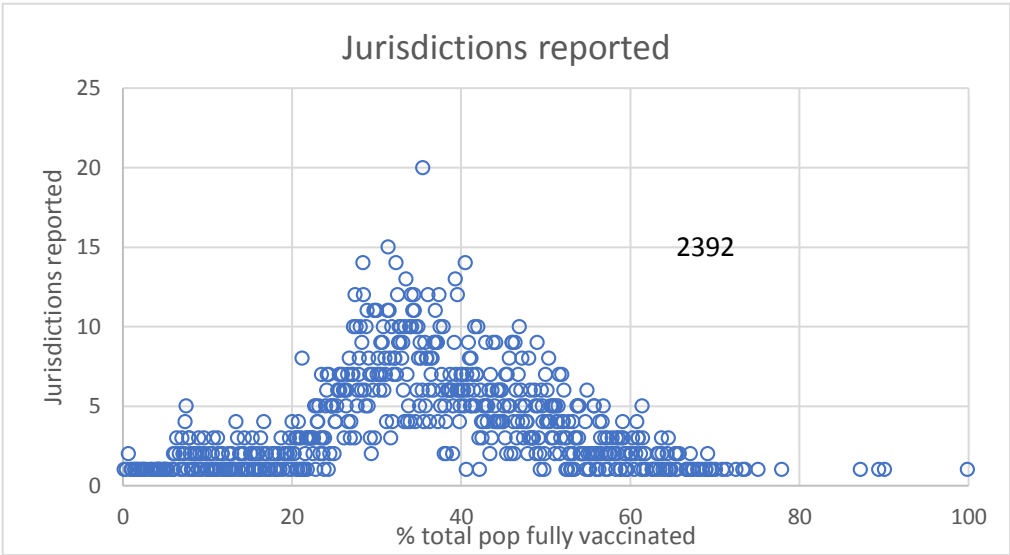
Here are some demonstrations of SIR model, using R_e , gamma, and beta



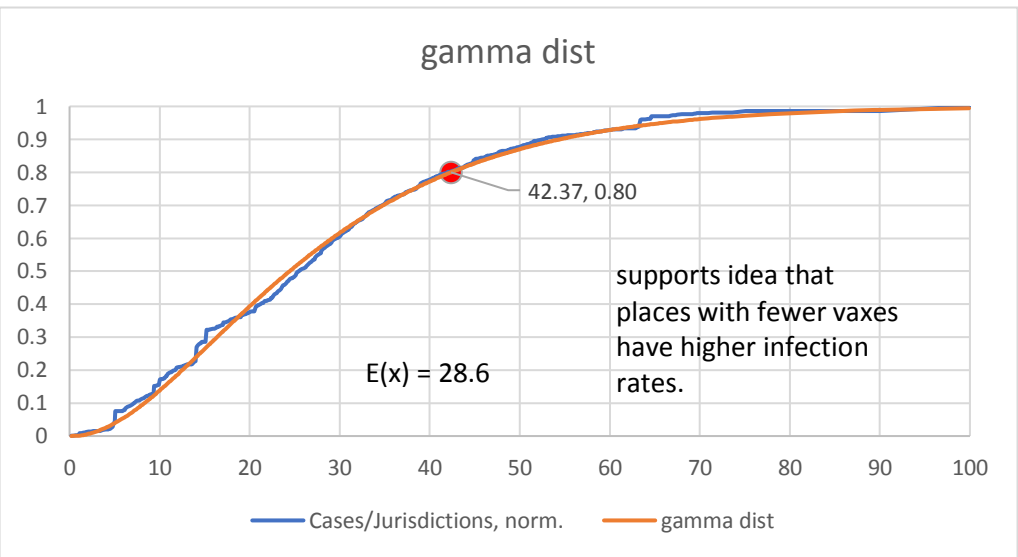
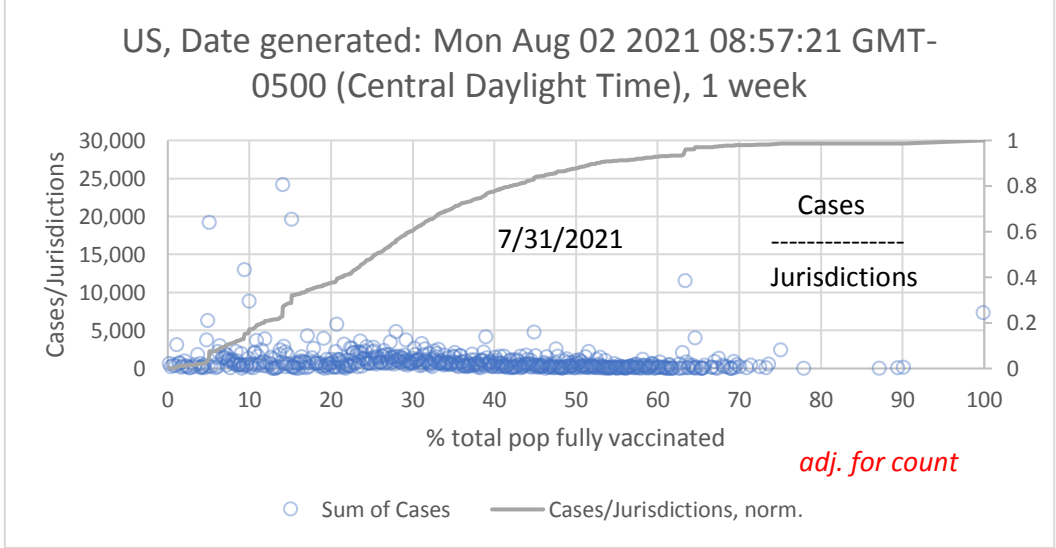
CDC data on week indicated new cases by % fully vaccinated.



However, Jurisdictions not evenly distributed:

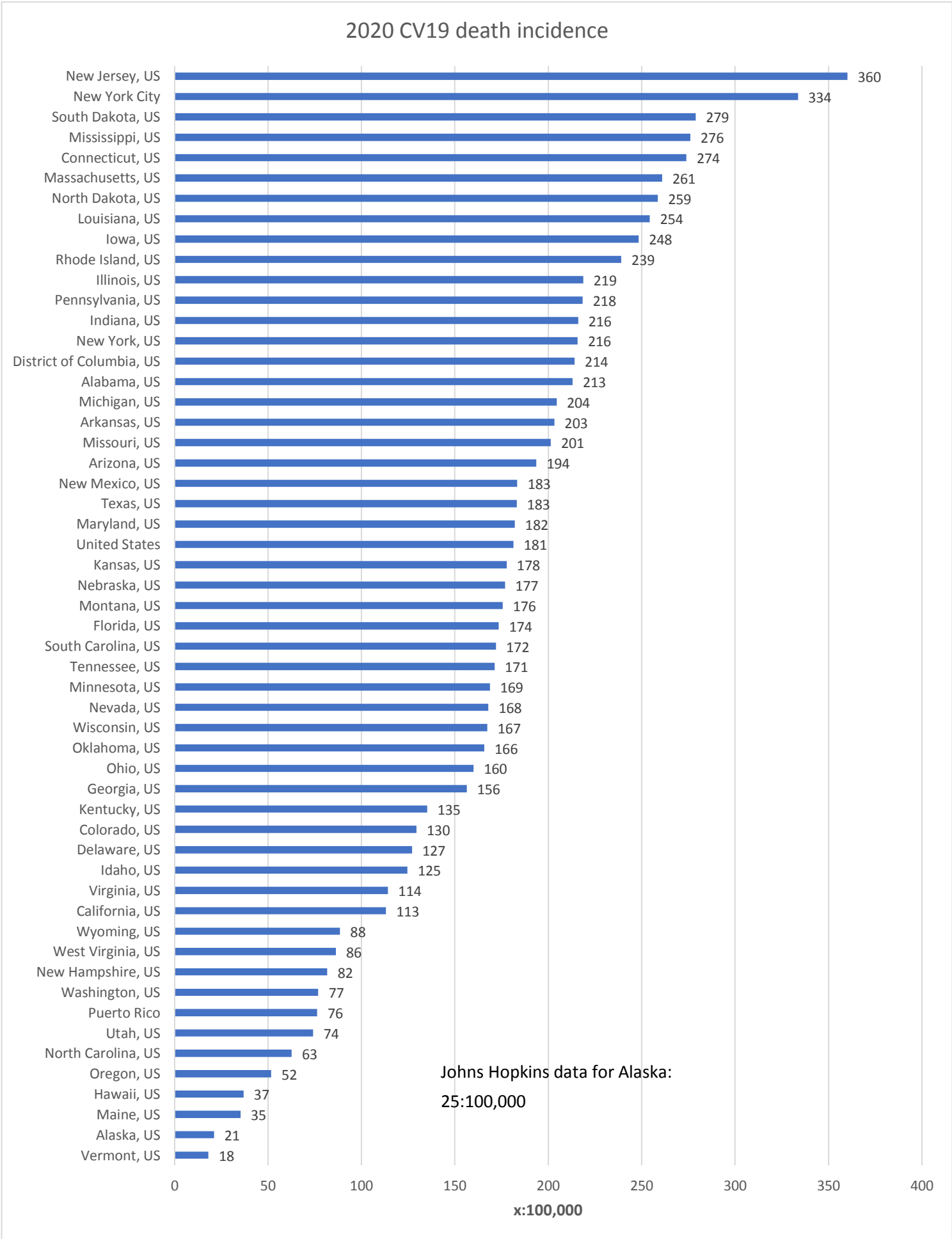


So, adjust raw data to number of jurisdictions in each count:



<https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#vaccination-case-rate>

4/5ths of new cases from jurisdictions 42.4% vaccinated or less



<https://data.cdc.gov/NCHS/Weekly-Counts-of-Deaths-by-State-and-Select-Causes/muzy-jte6/data>