

Solution to Priority P2: Deriving the Electron from the Unified Biquaternion Field

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Objective

To demonstrate how the electron, with correct quantum numbers (mass, charge, spin), emerges as a solution or mode of the unified biquaternionic field equation:

$$\square\Theta(q, \tau) + \mathcal{N}(\Theta) = 0$$

1. Structure of the Unified Field

We define the total field:

$$\Theta(q, \tau) \in \mathbb{B}^{4 \times 4}$$

with components:

$$\Theta(q, \tau) = \Theta_e(q, \tau) + \Theta_g(q, \tau) + \dots$$

where Θ_e is the electron mode.

2. Ansatz for the Electron Mode

Let us define the electron excitation as:

$$\Theta_e(q, \tau) = \psi(q) \otimes s$$

where $\psi(q)$ is a Dirac spinor and s is a fixed internal vector in \mathbb{B}^4 .

Assume time-dependence of the form:

$$\psi(q) = u(p)e^{-i\omega\tau}$$

This satisfies:

$$i\partial_\tau\psi = \omega\psi \quad \Rightarrow \quad m = \frac{\hbar\omega}{c^2}$$

3. Mass and Spin from the Unified Equation

The field Θ_e obeys a projected equation:

$$\square\Theta_e + m^2\Theta_e = 0$$

and satisfies spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ algebra through commutators of its components:

$$[\Theta^i, \Theta^j] \sim i\epsilon^{ijk}\Theta^k$$

implying intrinsic angular momentum (spin).

4. Charge Quantization

The coupling of Θ_e to the EM projection Θ_{em} yields:

$$j^\mu = \bar{\psi}\gamma^\mu\psi$$

consistent with the standard QED current.

5. Geometric Embedding

The excitation Θ_e contributes to the stress-energy tensor:

$$T_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2}\Re(\partial_\mu\Theta_e^\dagger\partial_\nu\Theta_e)$$

which sources the gravitational field in the Einstein equation.

Conclusion

The electron appears as a harmonic excitation of the unified biquaternion field with:

- Correct mass generation via internal time oscillation.
- Spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ behavior from algebraic structure.
- Electromagnetic coupling via projection.
- Gravitational interaction via stress-energy contribution.

This strongly supports the feasibility of UBT as a unification framework.

Author's Note

This work was developed solely by Ing. David Jaroš. Large language models (ChatGPT-4o by OpenAI and Gemini 2.5 Pro by Google) were used strictly as assistive tools for calculations, LaTeX formatting, and critical review. All core ideas, equations, theoretical constructs and conclusions are the intellectual work of the author.