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NIM
               : 20210040189
KELAS
               : TI21G
MATA KULIAH : PEMROGRAMAN BERORIENTASI OBJEK (PRAKTIKUM)
Sourcecode:
Percobaan1:
public class Parenttt {
public int x = 5;
}
public class childd extends Parenttt{
  public int x = 10;
  public void info(int x){
    System.out.println("Nilai x sebagai parameter = " + x);
    System.out.println("Data member x di Class childd = "+this.x);
    System.out.println("Data member x di Class Parenttt = "+super.x);
  }
}
public class NilaiX{
public static void main(String args[]){
  childd tes = new childd();
  tes.info(20);
}
```

NAMA

: DAVA FEBRIAN.M

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}
Penjelasan:
Superclass ada pada class parentt, subclass ada pada class childd dan NilaiX
Percobaan 2
Superclass ada di class pegawai:
public class Pegawai {
String nama;
public double gaji;
}
Subclass ada di class manajer dan menggunakan metode override
public class Manajer extends Pegawai {
  public String department;
  public void IsiData(String n, String d){
    nama=n;
    String departmen = d;
  }
}
Percobaan 3
Pada percobaan 3 terdapat eror dan penyebabnya saya sudah memperbaikinya
public class Parentt {
//Kosong
```

```
}
public class child extends Parentt{
  int x;
  public child(){
    x = 5;
  }
}
Percobaan 4
Pada percobaan 4 ada kesalahan yang tidak bisa di run, kesalahan itu ada pada java.import
import java.util.Date;
public class Employee {
  private static final double BASE_SALARY = 15000.00;
  private String Name ="";
  private double Salary = 0.0;
  private Date birthDate;
  public Employee(){}
  public Employee(String name, double salary, Date DoB){
    this.Name=name;
    this.Salary=salary;
    this.birthDate=DoB;
  }
  public Employee(String name, double salary){
```

```
this(name,salary,null);
  }
  public Employee(String name, Date DoB){
    this(name,BASE_SALARY,DoB);
}
public Employee(String name){
    this(name,BASE_SALARY);
}
public String GetName(){return Name;}
public double GetSalary(){return Salary;}
}
Subclass
import java.util.Date;
public class Employee {
  private static final double BASE_SALARY = 15000.00;
  private String Name ="";
  private double Salary = 0.0;
  private Date birthDate;
  public Employee(){}
  public Employee(String name, double salary, Date DoB){
    this.Name=name;
    this.Salary=salary;
    this.birthDate=DoB;
```

```
}
  public Employee(String name, double salary){
    this(name, salary, null);
  }
  public Employee(String name, Date DoB){
    this(name,BASE_SALARY,DoB);
}
public Employee(String name){
    this(name, BASE_SALARY);
}
public String GetName(){return Name;}
public double GetSalary(){return Salary;}
}
Subclass
public class TestManager {
public static void main(String[] args){
  Manager Utama = new Manager("Jhon",5000000,"Financial");
  System.out.println("Name:"+ Utama.GetName());
  System.out.println("Salary:"+ Utama.GetSalary());
  System.out.println("Department:"+ Utama.GetDept());
  Utama = new Manager("Michael", "Accounting");
  System.out.println("Name:"+ Utama.GetName());
  System.out.println("Salary:"+ Utama.GetSalary());
  System.out.println(Utama.GetDept()+ "Department:");
```

```
}
}
Percobaan 5
Superclass
public class MoodyObject {
  protected String getMood(){
    return"moody";
  }
  public void speak(){
    System.out.println("I am"+getMood());
  }
  void laugh(){}
 void cry(){}
}
Subclass
Menggunkaan metode override
public class SadObject extends MoodyObject {
  @Override
  protected String getMood(){
    return "sad";
  }
  @Override
  public void cry(){
  System.out.println("Hoo hoo");
}
}
```

```
Subclass
public class MoodyTest {
public static void main(String[]args){
  MoodyObject m = new MoodyObject();
  //test parent class
  m.speak();
  //test inheritance class
  m = new HappyObject();
  m.speak();
  m.cry();
  //test inheritance class
  m = new SadObject();
  m.speak();
  m.cry();
}
}
Percobaan 6
Superclass
public class A {
String var_a = "Variabel A";
String var_b = "Variabel B";
String var_c = "Variabel C";
String var_d = "Variabel D";
A(){
  System.out.println("Konstruktor A dijalankan");
```

```
}
}
Subclass
Menggunakan metode override
public class B extends A {
  B(){
    System.out.println("Konstruktor B dijalankan");
    var_a = "Var_a dari class B";
    var_b = "Var_b dari class B";
  }
  public static void main(String args[]){
    System.out.println("Object A dibuat");
    A aa= new A();
     System.out.println("menampilkan nama variabel obyek aa");
      System.out.println("aa.var_a");
      System.out.println("aa.var_b");
       System.out.println("aa.var_c");
       System.out.println("aa.var_d");
        System.out.println("");
        System.out.println("Object B dibuat");
        B bb= new B();
        System.out.println("menampilkan nama variabel obyek bb");
      System.out.println("bb.var_a");
      System.out.println("bb.var_b");
       System.out.println("bb.var_c");
```

```
}
}
Subclass
Percobaan7
Superclass
public class Bapak {
int a;
int b;
void show_variable(){
  System.out.println("Nilai a="+ a);
  System.out.println("Nilai b="+ b);
}
}
Subclass
public class Anak extends Bapak {
  int c;
  void show_variabel(){
    System.out.println("Nilai a="+ a);
     System.out.println("Nilai b="+ b);
     System.out.println("Nilai c="+ c);
 }
}
Subclass
public class InheritExample {
```

System.out.println("bb.var_d");

```
public static void main(String[] args){
    Bapak objectBapak = new Bapak();
    Anak objectAnak = new Anak();

    objectBapak.a=1;
    objectBapak.b=1;
    System.out.println("Object Bapak (Superclass):");

    objectBapak.show_variable();
    objectAnak.c=5;
    System.out.println("Object Anak (Superclass dari Bapak ):");
    objectAnak.show_variabel();
}
```