A new framework of cryptography virtio driver

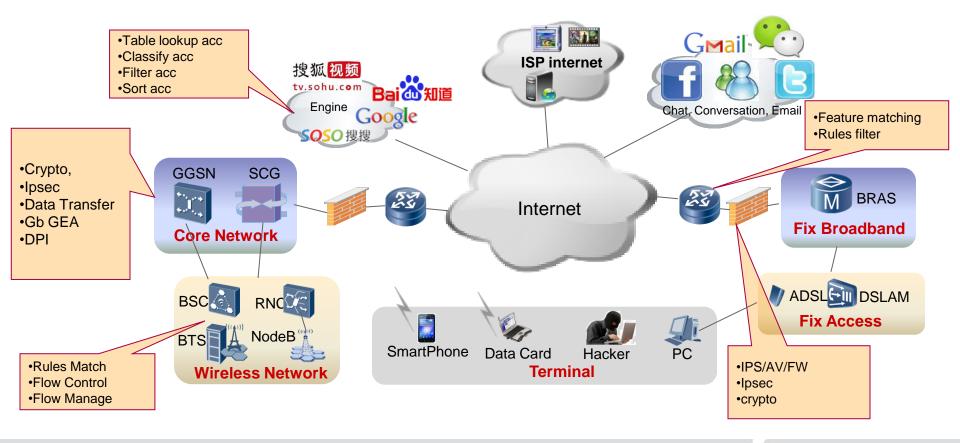
Lei Gong

arei.gonglei@huawei.com

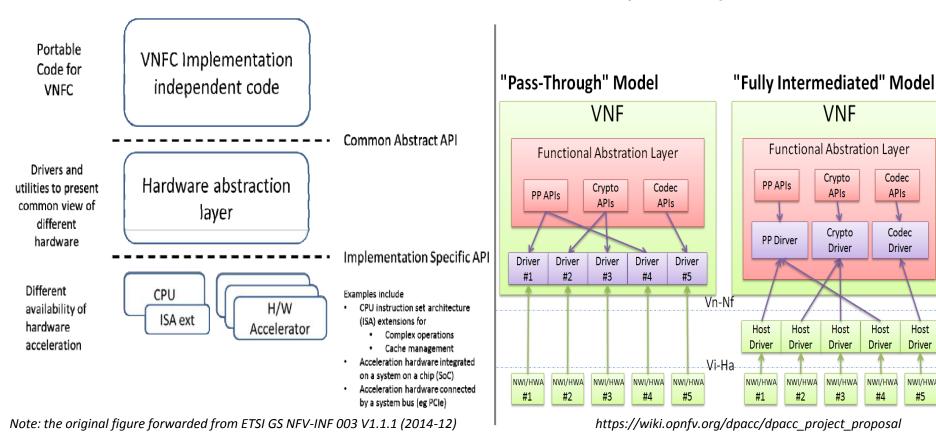
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Scenarios of Hardware Acceleration



Abstract model of Accelerators (NFV)





VNF

Crypto

APIs

Crypto

Driver

Host

Driver

#3

Codec

APIs

Codec

Driver

Host

Driver

NWI/HWA

#5

Host

Driver

NWI/HWA

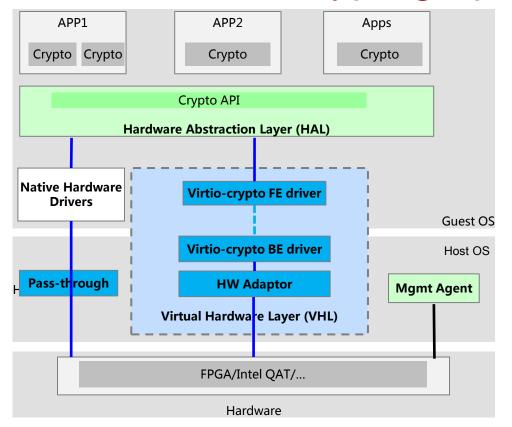
#4

#2

Why Virtio-crypto?

- Programmability
- Portability
- Scalability
- Hardware agnostic

Virtualization of Cryptography Accelerator



1. HAL

Provide acceleration APIs and runtimes

2. VHL

Provide virtual accelerators:

- 1) virito-crypto FE driver
- 2) virtio-crypto BE driver
- 3) HW Adaptor : support different crypto accelerators

3. Pass-through

Accelerator pass-through

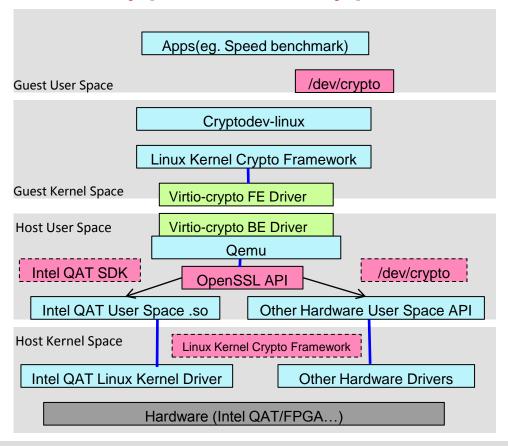
4. Mgmt Agent

Accelerator management

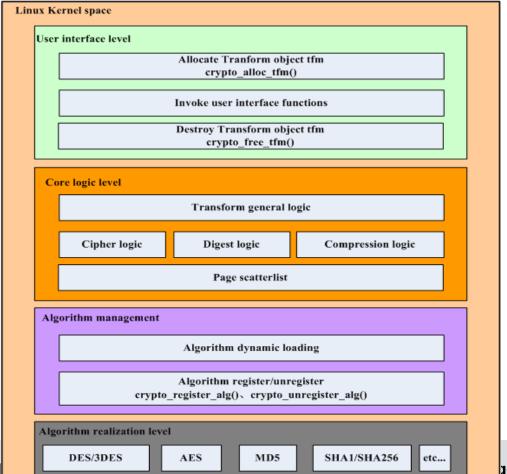
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Flow of Virtio-crypto Prototype



Linux Kernel Crypto Framework



The kernel Crypto API

- A cryptography framework in the Linux kernel
- ◆Can do Cipher, Hash, Compress, RNG,...
- ◆ Used by:
 - ✓ Network stack: IPsec, . . .
 - ✓ Device Mapper: dm-crypt, RAID, . . .
 - ✓ Userland Accessing:
 - ✓AF ALG
 - √ Cryptodev
- ◆Maillist: linux-crypto@vger.kernel.org

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AF_ALG introduction

- * Supports CIPHER, HASH
- * Socket-based interface
- + In-kernel code for years
- + Inherently asynchronous
- OpenSSL has out-of-tree engine for AF ALG
- GnuTLS does not have support for AF ALG
- Not many examples
- Higher latency

Cryptodev introduction

- * Supports CIPHER, HASH, AEAD
- * Uses character device interface
- + Compatible with OpenBSD /dev/crypto
- + API compatible, not OpenBSD code
- + OpenSSL has engine for cryptodev
- + GnuTLS has support for cryptodev
- + Has nice examples
- + Lower latency
- Out of kernel tree code (for years)
- Adds arbitrary IOCTLs



Cryptodev howto

Cryptodev usage pattern:

- a) int cfd = open("/dev/crypto");
- b) Fill in common struct cryptodev ctx
- c) Fill in struct crypt op
- d) Pass struct crypt op into kernel via ioctl()
- e) Retrieve results
- f) close(cfd);

Virtio-crypto BE driver

* Emulate virtio-crypto devices in Qemu:

Command line: -device virtio-crypto-pci,id=crypto0

* Support different backend drivers:

OpenSSL, Cryptodev, Intel QAT SDK

- * Support multiple virtio devices for each VM
- * Fit Virtio-1.0 spec
- * Cooperate with the virtio-crypto driver in guest

Virtio-crypto device

```
# Ispci -v
[skip]
00:05.0 Unclassified device [00ff]: Red Hat, Inc Device 103f
     Subsystem: Red Hat, Inc Device ffff
     Flags: bus master, fast devsel, latency 0, IRQ 34
     I/O ports at c000 [size=512]
     Memory at febd3000 (32-bit, non-prefetchable) [size=4K]
     Capabilities: [40] MSI-X: Enable+ Count=2 Masked-
     Kernel driver in use: virtio-pci
     Kernel modules: virtio pci
```

Virtio-crypto FE driver

- * As a hardware crypto device
- * Support different algorithms:

Cipher, Hash, AEAD

- * Support multiple virtio devices for each VM
- * Fit Virtio-1.0 spec

Virtio-crypto module

```
# modinfo virtio-crypto
```

filename: virtio-crypto.ko

author: Gonglei <arei.gonglei@huawei.com>

license: GPL

description: Virtio crypto device driver

srcversion: B5B95C74287DAE3AB7C134D

alias: virtio:d0000FFFFv*

depends: virtio_ring,virtio

vermagic: 3.0.76-0.11 SMP mod_unload modversions

parm: virtio_crypto_verbosity:0: normal, 1: verbose, 2:

debug (int)

Register algorithms

```
static struct crypto_alg virtio_crypto_algs[] = { {
             .cra_name = "cbc(aes)",
             .cra_driver_name = "virtio_crypto_aes_cbc",
             .cra_priority = 4001,
             .cra_flags = CRYPTO_ALG_TYPE_ABLKCIPHER | CRYPTO_ALG_ASYNC,
             .cra blocksize = AES BLOCK SIZE,
             .cra_ctxsize = sizeof(struct virtio_crypto_ablkcipher_ctx),
             .cra_alignmask = 0,
             .cra_module = THIS_MODULE,
             .cra_type = &crypto_ablkcipher_type,
             .cra_init = virtio_crypto_ablkcipher_init,
             .cra_exit = virtio_crypto_ablkcipher_exit,
             .cra u = \{
               .ablkcipher = {
                                       .setkey = virtio_crypto_ablkcipher_setkey,
                                       .decrypt = virtio_crypto_ablkcipher_decrypt,
                                       .encrypt = virtio_crypto_ablkcipher_encrypt,
                                       .min_keysize = AES_MIN_KEY_SIZE,
                                       .max keysize = AES MAX KEY SIZE,
                                       .ivsize = AES BLOCK SIZE,
             },
```

Virtio-crypto synchronize running

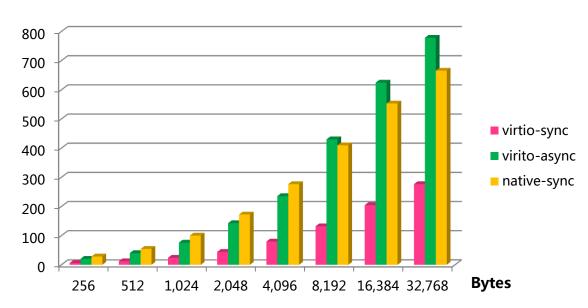
```
#cryptodev-linux-1.7 # ./tests/cipher - requested cipher CRYPTO_AES_CBC, got cbc(aes) with driver virtio_crypto_aes_cbc AES Test passed requested cipher CRYPTO_AES_CBC, got cbc(aes) with driver virtio_crypto_aes_cbc requested cipher CRYPTO_AES_CBC, got cbc(aes) with driver virtio_crypto_aes_cbc Test passed
```

Virtio-crypto asynchronize running

```
#cryptodev-linux-1.7 # ./tests/async cipher -
cryp1 written out
cryp2 written out
cryp1 + cryp2 successfully read
result 1 passed
result 2 passed
AES Test passed
running test crypto
test_crypto: got the session
test_crypto: data encrypted
test crypto: session finished
test_crypto: got new session
test_crypto: data encrypted
Test passed
```

Performance

Crypto-dev speed/async-speed benchmark (MB/sec) AES-128-CBC



Hardware

1) Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2620 v3 @ 2.40GHz

2) Intel QAT Coleto Creek PCIe DH895xCC SKU2

Software

Guest: Suse11.3 with 8 GB

memory, 8vcpu

Host: KVM 3.12, QEMU 2.4-rc3

TODO:

- 1. Performance optimization: virtio-crypto-dataplane, batch processing, etc.
- 2. Other crypto algorithms support
- 3. Virtio-crypto upstream: virtio-crypto spec, virtio-crypto code...

Thank you!