

Infohazard.Core

1.4.2

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## 1.2 Introduction

[Infohazard.Core](#) is a collection of systems and utilities that I've found super helpful in making many different kinds of games, so I hope you find it helpful too! This document will cover setup and basic usage of the code in [Infohazard.Core](#). You can find full API documentation here and in the code.

## 1.3 Documentation and Support

[API Docs](#)

[Tutorial Playlist](#)

[Discord](#)

## 1.4 License

If [Infohazard.Core](#) is acquired from the Unity Asset Store, you must follow the Unity Asset Store license. The open-source repository uses the [MIT license](#). You are welcome to have your own packages or assets depend on this package.

## 1.5 Installation

### 1.5.1 Method 1 - Package Manager

Using the Package Manager is the easiest way to install the package to your project. Simply install the project as a git URL. Note that if you go this route, you will not be able to make any edits to the package.

1. In Unity, open the Package Manager (Window > Package Manager).
2. Click the '+' button in the top right of the window.
3. Click "Add package from git URL...".
4. Paste in <https://github.com/infohazardgames/Infohazard.Core.git>.
5. Click Add.

### 1.5.2 Method 2 - Git Submodule

Using a git submodule is an option if you are using git for your project source control. This method will enable you to make changes to the package, but those changes will need to be tracked in a separate git repository.

1. Close the Unity Editor.
2. Using your preferred git client or the command line, add <https://github.com/infohazardgames/Infohazard.Core.git> as a submodule in your project's Packages folder.
3. Re-open the Unity Editor.

If you wish to make changes when you use this method, you'll need to fork the package repo. Once you've made your changes, you can submit a pull request to get those changes merged back to this repository if you wish.

1. Fork this repository. Open your newly created fork, and copy the git URL.
2. In your project's Packages folder, open the package repository.
3. Change the `origin` remote to the copied URL.
4. Make your changes, commit, and push.
5. (Optional) Open your fork again, and create a pull request.

### 1.5.3 Method 3 - Add To Assets

If you wish to make changes to the library without dealing with a git submodule (or you aren't using git), you can simply copy the files into your project's Assets folder.

1. In the main page for this repo, click on Code > Download Zip.
2. Extract the zip on your computer.
3. Make an `Infohazard.Core` folder under your project's Assets folder.
4. Copy the `Editor` and `Runtime` folders from the extracted zip to the newly created folder.

#### 1.5.4 Method 4 - Asset Store

If you'd rather use the asset store than the package manager, you can get the project [here](#). Simply add it to the project as you would any other asset.

### 1.6 Setup

#### 1.6.1 General Setup

The only setup required beyond installation is to add references to the [Infohazard.Core](#) assembly if you are using an assembly definition. If you are using the default assemblies (such as Assembly-CSharp), nothing is needed here. You may also wish to have your editor assembly (if you have one) reference [Infohazard.Core.Editor](#). In order to reference the generated GameTag file, you must also add a reference to Infohazard.Core.Data.

#### 1.6.2 SRP Setup

If you are using a scriptable render pipeline (URP, HDRP, etc) and wish to run the demos, you will need to upgrade the materials using your render pipeline's material upgrade system. The materials you'll need to upgrade are in Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Infohazard.Core/Materials and Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Shared Demo Assets/Materials.

### 1.7 Demos

The following demo scenes are provided to cover the various features of [Infohazard.Core](#).

#### 1.7.1 Attributes

This demo, located at Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Infohazard.Core/Scenes/Demo\_Attributes.unity, demonstrates how you can use the various attributes provided in [Infohazard.Core](#) to improve your parameter editing experience.

#### 1.7.2 Pooling and Timing

This demo, located at Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Infohazard.Core/Scenes/Demo\_PoolingAndTiming.unity, shows how to use the object pooling system to improve performance when spawning many objects, and how to use a timer to control the timing of this spawning (as well as using the pause system).

#### 1.7.3 Quartic Solver

This demo, located at Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Infohazard.Core/Scenes/Demo\_QuarticSolver.unity, demonstrates how to use the math utility to solve a quartic equation. This functionality is useful for scenarios such as aiming at an accelerating target.

### 1.7.4 Tags and Trigger Volume

This demo, located at `Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Infohazard.Core/Scenes/Demo↔_TagsAndTriggerVolume.unity`, demonstrates how to use the `TriggerVolume` script to set up triggers in the editor, as well as how to use a tag mask to filter which objects are considered by the trigger.

### 1.7.5 Unique name

This demo, located at `Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Demos/Infohazard.Core/Scenes/Demo↔_UniqueName.unity`, demonstrates how to use the `UniqueName` system to reference and find specific objects without having a direct reference (such as if they are in another scene).

## 1.8 Features Guide

### 1.8.1 Attributes

The package provides several `PropertyAttributes` that you can use in your scripts to customize how serialized fields are drawn in the inspector. To use any of these attributes, simply add `[AttributeName]` in front of a serialized field in a script. You can also check out the drawers for these attributes in the `Editor/Attributes` directory.

**1.8.1.1 AssetDropdown** The `[AssetDropdown]` attribute is used to show a dropdown menu on a field whose type is a `UnityEngine.Object` reference. It will find all assets in your project that match this type and display them as options in the dropdown. The standard drag/drop interface still works as well. This functionality is also available the `[Expandable]` attribute.

**1.8.1.2 ConditionalDraw** The `[ConditionalDraw]` attribute is used to conditionally hide a serialized field in the inspector depending on some other condition. The supplied condition should be the name of another serialized field in the same script. You can also optionally pass in a value to compare that condition field with, and whether they must be equal or unequal to display the field.

**1.8.1.3 DrawSingleChildProperty** The `[DrawSingleChildProperty]` attribute is used to render a hierarchy of fields as just a single value. Say you have a struct called `Data` with a string field called `_name`. Adding `[DrawSingleChildProperty("name")]` to a field of type `Data` would cause just the `_name` field to be drawn in the inspector.

**1.8.1.4 EditNameOnlyAttribute** The `[EditNameOnly]` attribute displays a Unity Object reference field as a text entry, which is used to control the name of the referenced object. If the reference is set to null, the standard drag-drop box is used.

**1.8.1.5 ExpandableAttribute** The `[Expandable]` attribute is used to optionally draw the child properties of a Unity Object reference field, such that the referenced object can be edited without changing the inspector context. If the type of the field is not a `GameObject` or `Component` and is not abstract, new instances can also be created from the inspector. If the type specified is abstract, has child classes, or a required interface is specified, then the type of object to be created can be chosen from a dropdown. Additionally, a dropdown is provided to select assets from the project, similar to `[AssetDropdown]`.

**1.8.1.6 MustImplementAttribute** The [MustImplement] attribute is used on a Unity Object reference field to restrict values to implement one or more interfaces. While Unity does not support serializing references to interfaces directly, you can use this attribute on a field of type Object to allow both ScriptableObjects and MonoBehaviours that implement your interface. This functionality is also provided in the [Expandable] attribute.

**1.8.1.7 TypeSelectAttribute** The [TypeSelect] attribute is used on a string field to show a dropdown where any valid C# type can be selected. The selected type is saved in the string as its full class name. This attribute is useful with the TypeUtility class to find the selected type.

**1.8.1.8 HelpBox** The [HelpBox] attribute is used to add additional information on a serialized field for the user. It will add a clickable ? button that toggles a help box containing the given text. Note that unlike other attributes, [HelpBox] requires the use of a custom editor. This is to enable support for additional custom drawers (since Unity only allows one custom drawer on each serialized field). To support help boxes, draw the SerializedProperty in your custom editor using `CoreDrawers.DrawPropertyWithHelpBoxSupport(property);`. You can safely use this on all properties regardless of whether they actually contain a help box.

## 1.8.2 Data Structures

**1.8.2.1 ListQueue** The `ListQueue<T>` class is an implementation of a queue data structure similar to C++'s `Queue` class. The main difference is that a `ListQueue` implements the `IList` interface and allows you to access any element of the queue whenever you want, while still maintaining  $O(1)$  performance for normal `Enqueue` and `Dequeue` operations (as long as there is capacity available).

## 1.8.3 Pooling

The library provides a simple object pooling system under the `Pooling` directory. Object pooling means that instead of instantiating and destroying `GameObjects` as needed, we deactivate them and reactivate them to avoid constantly allocating and deallocating memory.

**1.8.3.1 Spawnable** To start working with the pooling system, simply add the `Spawnable` script to your prefabs and then instantiate/destroy them using `Spawnable.Spawn` and `Spawnable.Despawn`. Note that `Awake`/`OnDestroy` will only be called when the objects are actually created and destroyed; if you want an event when the object is spawned, use the `OnSpawned` and `OnDespawned` messages. Note that if a prefab does not contain a `Spawnable` script, using `Spawnable.Spawn` and `Spawnable.Despawn` is the same as `Instantiate` and `Destroy`. This allows you to spawn and despawn objects without worrying about whether they're pooled or not. All of my libraries use this system, so they are compatible with pooling.

**1.8.3.2 PoolManager** The pooling system needs a `PoolManager` to work. You can either place one `PoolManager` per scene, have a global instance that is never destroyed, or simply let the system create the manager itself. To create it manually, just add this script to an empty `GameObject` and you're good to go. You can use the `ClearInactiveObjects()` method on `PoolManager.Instance` to destroy any inactive pooled objects, such as when you change scenes. `PooledTrail`, `PooledParticleEffect` Attach these scripts to `TrailRenderer` and `ParticleSystem` `GameObjects` to make them play nicely with the pooling system.

## 1.8.4 Timing

The `Timing` directory contains some useful utilities to deal with in-game time.

**1.8.4.1 PassiveTimer** PassiveTimer is a serializable data type used to create timers in your scripts. You can use it to create ability cooldowns and durations, weapon reloads, and other common game functionality. Simply call Initialize() when your script initializes, then use the timer's various methods. See the API docs for more info.

**1.8.4.2 Pause** The Pause system is built to do exactly that - pause the game. Just set Pause.IsPaused to true and time will freeze, then set it to false to resume time at its previous speed. The game will automatically unpause if you change scenes. You should avoid running game logic if the game is paused.

**1.8.4.3 TimeToLive** This script destroys or despawns an object some number of seconds after it is spawned. It is compatible with the pooling system.

## 1.8.5 Tags

This system is meant to make working with GameObject tags in your scripts much easier and less error-prone.

**1.8.5.1 Tag** This class provides string constants for all default tags. So instead of writing target.CompareTag("← Player") you could write target.CompareTag(Tag.Player).

**1.8.5.2 TagMask** Using a serialized field of type TagMask allows users to pick tags in the editor from a dropdown instead of typing them, just like the Unity-provided LayerMask.. It also allows selecting multiple tags without using an array. Extension methods are provided for common tag operations so that a TagMask can be used in place of a string tag. For example, you can say target.CompareTag(tagMask), which will return true if target's tag is equal to any of the tags in tagMask.

**1.8.5.3 GameTag** This file is generated based on your custom tags, and lives in your project rather than in the package. You should be prompted to generate it if the system detects you have custom tags, or you can use the Tools > [Infohazard](#) > Generate > Update GameTag.cs command. Once this file is generated, your game tags will automatically be available for selection in a TagMask, and you can refer to them as constants in code through the generated GameTag class (you will need to reference the Infohazard.Core.Data assembly if you are using assembly definitions).

## 1.8.6 Unique Names

The UniqueName system enables you to assign names to objects that can be referenced across scenes and assets. You can then easily find the active object using that name (if one exists). This system uses ScriptableObjects to store the names so that you can easily see what names are available to reference, and can avoid having to type out the names and potentially make mistakes. Furthermore, these unique names can be changed without breaking references, since they are stored as object references.

**1.8.6.1 UniqueNameList** A UniqueNameList asset is how you start creating a list of unique names. You can have multiple UniqueNameLists in your project, or you can use just one. This is purely for organizational purposes. You can create a UniqueNameList using Assets > Create > [Infohazard](#) > Unique Name List.

**1.8.6.2 UniqueNameListEntry** A UniqueNameListEntry is the actual unique name, which is organized under a UniqueNameList and used both by objects with unique names and objects using the system to find named objects. UniqueNameListEntries should be created through the UniqueNameList inspector.

**1.8.6.3 UniqueNamedObject** Attach this script to a GameObject to assign a unique name to it, and make it findable in the system. You can find one of these objects using the static method UniqueNamedObject.TryGetObject, passing in either a string or a UniqueNameListEntry.

## 1.8.7 Utility

The Utility section contains a bunch of static methods to help with all kinds of common operations. See the API docs for each file for more info.

**1.8.7.1 DebugUtility** Contains methods to draw a cube using Debug.DrawLine, and to pause the editor after a certain number of frames.

**1.8.7.2 EnumerableUtility** Contains methods that combine common LINQ calls such as Select and Where into a single enumeration for better code optimization.

**1.8.7.3 GameObjectUtility** Contains various methods for working with GameObjects and Transforms, such as destroying all the children of an object, setting an object's layer recursively, and getting a path containing an object's ancestor names.

**1.8.7.4 MathUtility** Contains many useful math operations, such as constructing a Quaternion from any two axes, getting a vector with one component changed, solving polynomials up to degree 4 (quartic), and getting the point where two lines are closest to each other.

**1.8.7.5 RandomUtility** Contains extension methods to System.Random such as generating 64-bit numbers. StringUtility String processing methods such as splitting a CamelCase string to have spaces between words.

**1.8.7.6 TypeUtility** Provides methods to get a list of all loaded types using reflection, and to find a type based on its name.

## 1.8.8 Miscellaneous

The remaining functionality provided by [Infohazard.Core](#) doesn't fall nicely into one of the previous categories, but was still useful enough to include.

**1.8.8.1 ProgressBar** Used to create health bars and other types of progress bars without using a Slider. It supports images that fill the bar using either the "filled" image type or by manipulating the RectTransform anchors.

**1.8.8.2 SceneControl** Provides a static method to quit the game that works in a standalone build as well as in the editor. Also provides some methods to navigate to scenes. This is useful if you're building a super quick main menu (such as in the last half hour of a game jam) and need to hook up your buttons as fast as possible.

**1.8.8.3 SceneRef** A serializable type that allows you to have assignable scene references in your scripts without making the user type the scene name. Instead, they can simply drag in a scene asset. At runtime, you still access the scene by its name. Using a SceneRef also enables the reference to be maintained if a scene is renamed.

**1.8.8.4 Singleton** You can inherit from this script in managers or other scripts that need to exist in the scene exactly once. A static Instance accessor is automatically provided, which will do a lazy search for the correct instance the first time it is used, or if the previous instance was destroyed. After that it will just return a cached instance.

**1.8.8.5 SingletonAsset** Similar to Singleton, but for ScriptableObjects. You specify a path in your subclass where the instance should live (this must be under a Resources folder) and the editor will automatically handle loading and even creating this asset for you when needed.

**1.8.8.6 TriggerVolume** A script that makes it easy to add events to a trigger collider. Provides both UnityEvents (assignable in the inspector) and normal C# events for when an object enters or leaves the trigger, and when all objects have left the trigger.

**1.8.8.7 SimpleStateMachine** A basic code-only state machine implementation. Handles states and transitions with callbacks and transition conditions, as well as manual direct transitions. Each state has a key which can be any type you desire (typically an enum you create).

## 1.9 Integrations

[Infohazard.Core](#) directly supports integration with the following assets and packages:

### 1.9.1 Addressables

[Infohazard.Core](#) has an extension package to support spawning Addressable prefabs through the spawn/pooling system. This extension can be very helpful when working with Addressables, even if you don't want to actually pool them.

Regardless of how you install the Addressables integration, you will need to install [UniTask](#), either via the Package Manager or importing the .unitypackage.

If you downloaded [Infohazard.Core](#) from the Unity Asset Store, you can find the Addressables integration package at Assets/Plugins/Infohazard/Infohazard.Core/Integrations/Infohazard.Core.Addressables.unitypackage. Double click that package in Unity to extract the files into your project.

If you are using [Infohazard.Core](#) as a package or submodule, you can install the Addressables integration package from [Github](#).

## 2 Changelog

All notable changes to this project will be documented in this file.

The format is based on [Keep a Changelog](#), and this project adheres to [Semantic Versioning](#).

## 2.1 [1.4.1] - 2025-3-5

### 2.1.1 Added

- Added methods to check if a GameObject's relative path is unique.
- Added methods to recursively copy values in SerializedProperties.
- Added option for an Expandable attribute to show only the main line and not the expansion.

### 2.1.2 Changed

- GameObject path methods now URL-encode the path to avoid issues with the slash character.

### 2.1.3 Fixed

- Fixed ExpandableAttribute property not showing as overridden in a prefab instance.
- Fixed FindFieldInfo not actually working on nested fields.

## 2.2 [1.4.0] - 2025-2-11

### 2.2.1 Added

- Added attribute to require a referenced object to implement an interface.
- Added an interface constraint and the asset dropdown to the `Expandable` attribute.
- Added ability to add custom naming logic for objects created through the `Expandable` attribute.
- Added the `SerializableRange` struct (used by HyperNav).
- Added a method to record profiling data via the profiler window through code (as opposed to only recording to a file).
- Added an extension `IReadOnlyList.IndexOf`.
- Added optional folder parameter for `GetAssetsOfType`.
- Added `DebugUtility.DrawDebugSphere`.
- Added `HelpBox` attribute and drawing code.
- Added a simple general-use state machine.
- Added a `ColliderCast` utility for easily configuring sphere, capsule, and box casts.

### 2.2.2 Changed

- Renamed `SpawnRef.Valid` to `SpawnRef.IsValid`.
- Minimum Unity version changed to 2022.3.
- Use correct linear velocity property for Rigidbody depending on Unity version, so you won't see deprecated API warnings.

### 2.2.3 Fixed

- TriggerVolume now registers exit events if all of an occupant's colliders are disabled.
- TriggerVolume will now fire exit events if it becomes disabled.
- Fixed a bug with expandable foldouts overlapping the label.
- Fixed Spawnable trying to clear velocity on a kinematic rigidbody.

## 2.3 [1.3.0] - 2023-6-21

### 2.3.1 Added

- Addressables integration package.
- Made pooling system more modular in order to support Addressables package.
- Added PassiveTimer.TimeSinceIntervalEnded.
- Added ability for TriggerVolume to enable/disable a list of colliders when it is enabled/disabled.
- Expandable attribute has a new ShowChildTypes option, which allows selecting a subclass of the given type. This means it can now be used on fields with an abstract type.
- Expandable attribute now supports non-ScriptableObject assets such as materials.
- Added events when a UniqueNamedObject is registered or deregistered.
- Added ability to include the GameObject's scene in SpawnParams.At.

### 2.3.2 Changed

- ListQueue now implements IReadOnlyList.
- Singleton.Instance can now return a destroyed instance if there is not a new instance to replace it.
- Exposed TriggerVolume occupants list.

### 2.3.3 Fixed

- Fixed Expandable attribute not working when a type had a namespace.
- Fixed ListQueue enumerable constructor not working properly.
- Fixed PassiveTimer.IsIntervalEnded not respecting time mode.
- Fixed SpawnParams.At including global position/rotation when the parented is set to true.

## 2.4 [1.2.0] - 2022-11-22

### 2.4.1 Added

- DebugUtility.DrawDebugCircle.
- MathUtility.GetPerpendicularVector.

#### 2.4.2 Fixed

- Fixed TagMaskEditor messing up values when editing multiple objects.

### 2.5 [1.1.0] - 2022-11-13

#### 2.5.1 Changed

- Made GameTag.cs generation far more robust.
  - Handle when there are more than 64 tags.
  - Handle all invalid characters in variable names.
  - Handle variable names that are keywords.
  - Handle tag strings containing quotation marks.
- Removed the warning message when generating GameTag.cs as it's no longer relevant.

### 2.6 [1.0.0] - 2022-10-08

#### 2.6.1 Added

- Initial release, all files and documentation added.

## 3 Hierarchical Index

### 3.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

<b>Infohazard.Core.AssetDropdownAttribute</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.ComponentID</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility</b>	<b>38</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.EditNameOnlyAttribute</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute</b>	<b>49</b>

Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility	52
Infohazard.Core.HelpBoxAttribute	61
Infohazard.Core.Editor.IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator	62
Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator	87
Infohazard.Core.IPersistedInstance	62
Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >	63
Infohazard.Core.MathUtility	68
Infohazard.Core.MustImplementAttribute	86
Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectValidators	88
Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer	89
Infohazard.Core.Pause	95
Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >	96
Infohazard.Core.PooledParticleEffect	99
Infohazard.Core.PooledTrail	100
Infohazard.Core.PoolManager	100
Infohazard.Core.ProgressBar	103
Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.PropNames	104
Infohazard.Core.RandomUtility	104
Infohazard.Core.SceneControl	105
Infohazard.Core.Singleton< T >	107
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Infohazard.Core.Spawnable	109
Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams	115
Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >	119
Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >	117
Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< GameObject >	119
Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >	117
Infohazard.Core.StringUtility	121
Infohazard.Core.Tag	122
Infohazard.Core.TagMask	125
Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility	132

<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.Editor.TagsGenerator</a>	135
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.TimeToLive</a>	136
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEvents</a>	137
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume</a>	138
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute</a>	139
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility</a>	141
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject</a>	142
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameList</a>	145
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameListEntry</a>	145

## 4 Class Index

### 4.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.AssetDropdownAttribute</a>	Attribute that draws an object reference as a dropdown that searches through the project.	19
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.ComponentID</a>	A serializable type used to uniquely identify a component relative to a root GameObject.	19
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute</a>	Attribute draws a property when a given condition is true.	21
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers</a>	Contains extensions to EditorGUI for drawing custom properties.	23
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility</a>	Contains several editor-only utilities.	26
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility</a>	Contains various static methods relating to debugging and diagnostics.	38
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler</a>	An IPoolHandler that is passed a prefab directly.	40
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute</a>	Attribute draws only a single child property of a property.	46
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.EditNameOnlyAttribute</a>	Attribute that draws only the name of an Object reference field.	47
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility</a>	Contains various static methods for working with sequences, extending the functionality of LINQ.	47
<a href="#">Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute</a>	Attribute that enables editing properties of a referenced object.	49

<b>Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility</b>	Contains utility methods for dealing with GameObjects and Transforms.	52
<b>Infohazard.Core.HelpBoxAttribute</b>	Used to add a detailed help box that can be toggled in the inspector. This can be used to provide more information than a simple tooltip	61
<b>Infohazard.Core.Editor.IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator</b>	Used to validate and modify values that a user is attempting to assign to an object reference field.	62
<b>Infohazard.Core.IPersistedInstance</b>	This is a hack so that <b>PoolManager</b> can send messages to PersistedGameObjects.	62
<b>Infohazard.Core.ListQueue&lt; T &gt;</b>	A FIFO data structure similar to a Queue, except that it implements all List operations.	63
<b>Infohazard.Core.MathUtility</b>	Contains utility methods for working with mathematical types and solving math equations.	68
<b>Infohazard.Core.MustImplementAttribute</b>	Applied to object reference fields to ensure that an assigned Object must implement one or more interfaces.	86
<b>Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator</b>	<b>IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator</b> that uses Unity validation internally, and allows adding additional validation with a simplified interface.	87
<b>Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectValidators</b>	Provides methods for validating objects.	88
<b>Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer</b>	A lightweight timer that does not need to be updated each frame.	89
<b>Infohazard.Core.Pause</b>	Manages pausing and unpausing of the game.	95
<b>Infohazard.Core.Pool&lt; T &gt;</b>	Provides a simple pool with an interface similar to the official Unity pool added in 2021.	96
<b>Infohazard.Core.PooledParticleEffect</b>	A component that can be attached to ParticleSystem GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.	99
<b>Infohazard.Core.PooledTrail</b>	A component that can be attached to TrailRenderer GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.	100
<b>Infohazard.Core.PoolManager</b>	The singleton manager class that handles object pooling.	100
<b>Infohazard.Core.ProgressBar</b>	Used to create health bars and other types of progress bars without using a Slider.	103
<b>Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase&lt; T &gt;.PropNames</b>	This is used to refer to the names of private fields in this class from a custom <b>Editor</b> .	104
<b>Infohazard.Core.RandomUtility</b>	Contains extensions to builtin randomization functionality.	104

<b>Infohazard.Core.SceneControl</b>	Provides some methods to navigate to scenes.	105
<b>Infohazard.Core.Singleton&lt; T &gt;</b>	Base class that makes it easier to write scripts that always have exactly one instance.	107
<b>Infohazard.Core.SingletonAsset&lt; T &gt;</b>	Base class that makes it easier to write ScriptableObjects that always have exactly one instance in your project.	107
<b>Infohazard.Core.SingletonAssetBase</b>	Base class of SingletonAsset< T >. For internal use only.	108
<b>Infohazard.Core.Spawnable</b>	Attach this component to a prefab to enable it to use the pooling system.	109
<b>Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams</b>	Used to pass spawn parameters to various object creation/initialization methods.	115
<b>Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef&lt; T &gt;</b>	SpawnRef for spawning a GameObject directly.	117
<b>Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase&lt; T &gt;</b>	Only used internally.	119
<b>Infohazard.Core.StringUtility</b>	Contains string processing utilities.	121
<b>Infohazard.Core.Tag</b>	Provides string constants for builtin Unity tags.	122
<b>Infohazard.Core.TagMask</b>	Used to select tags in the inspector, including the ability to select multiple tags.	125
<b>Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility</b>	Static operations on Tag enum values.	132
<b>Infohazard.Core.Editor.TagsGenerator</b>	Class used to generate the GameTag.cs file to use your custom tags in code.	135
<b>Infohazard.Core.TimeToLive</b>	Despawns a GameObject after a set amount of time.	136
<b>Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEvents</b>	Class that stores the UnityEvents used by a TriggerVolume.	137
<b>Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume</b>	A script that makes it easy to add events to a trigger collider.	138
<b>Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute</b>	Attribute that draws string fields as a dropdown where a Type can be selected.	139
<b>Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility</b>	Contains utilities for working with C# reflection types and getting a type by its name.	141
<b>Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject</b>	This script is used to assign a unique name to an object, which can then be used to find that object.	142
<b>Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameList</b>	A list used to organize unique names used by objects.	145

[Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameListEntry](#)

A unique name asset, usable by a [UniqueNamedObject](#).

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## 5 Namespace Documentation

### 5.1 Infohazard Namespace Reference

### 5.2 Infohazard.Core Namespace Reference

#### Classes

- class [AssetDropdownAttribute](#)  
*Attribute that draws an object reference as a dropdown that searches through the project.*
- struct [ComponentID](#)  
*A serializable type used to uniquely identify a component relative to a root GameObject.*
- class [ConditionalDrawAttribute](#)  
*Attribute draws a property when a given condition is true.*
- class [DebugUtility](#)  
*Contains various static methods relating to debugging and diagnostics.*
- class [DefaultPoolHandler](#)  
*An IPoolHandler that is passed a prefab directly.*
- class [DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute](#)  
*Attribute draws only a single child property of a property.*
- class [EditNameOnlyAttribute](#)  
*Attribute that draws only the name of an Object reference field.*
- class [EnumerableUtility](#)  
*Contains various static methods for working with sequences, extending the functionality of LINQ.*
- class [ExpandableAttribute](#)  
*Attribute that enables editing properties of a referenced object.*
- class [GameObjectUtility](#)  
*Contains utility methods for dealing with GameObjects and Transforms.*
- class [HelpBoxAttribute](#)  
*Used to add a detailed help box that can be toggled in the inspector. This can be used to provide more information than a simple tooltip.*
- interface [IPersistedInstance](#)  
*This is a hack so that [PoolManager](#) can send messages to PersistedGameObjects.*
- class [ListQueue](#)  
*A FIFO data structure similar to a Queue, except that it implements all List operations.*
- class [MathUtility](#)  
*Contains utility methods for working with mathematical types and solving math equations.*
- class [MustImplementAttribute](#)  
*Applied to object reference fields to ensure that an assigned Object must implement one or more interfaces.*
- struct [PassiveTimer](#)  
*A lightweight timer that does not need to be updated each frame.*
- class [Pause](#)  
*Manages pausing and unpausing of the game.*
- class [Pool](#)  
*Provides a simple pool with an interface similar to the official Unity pool added in 2021.*
- class [PooledParticleEffect](#)

A component that can be attached to ParticleSystem GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.

- class [PooledTrail](#)

A component that can be attached to TrailRenderer GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.

- class [PoolManager](#)

The singleton manager class that handles object pooling.

- class [ProgressBar](#)

Used to create health bars and other types of progress bars without using a Slider.

- class [RandomUtility](#)

Contains extensions to builtin randomization functionality.

- class [SceneControl](#)

Provides some methods to navigate to scenes.

- class [Singleton](#)

Base class that makes it easier to write scripts that always have exactly one instance.

- class [SingletonAsset](#)

Base class that makes it easier to write ScriptableObjects that always have exactly one instance in your project.

- class [SingletonAssetBase](#)

Base class of SingletonAsset< T >. For internal use only.

- class [Spawnable](#)

Attach this component to a prefab to enable it to use the pooling system.

- struct [SpawnParams](#)

Used to pass spawn parameters to various object creation/initialization methods.

- class [SpawnRef](#)

[SpawnRef](#) for spawning a GameObject directly.

- class [SpawnRefBase](#)

Only used internally.

- class [StringUtil](#)

Contains string processing utilities.

- class [Tag](#)

Provides string constants for builtin Unity tags.

- struct [TagMask](#)

Used to select tags in the inspector, including the ability to select multiple tags.

- class [TagMaskUtility](#)

Static operations on [Tag](#) enum values.

- class [TimeToLive](#)

Despawns a GameObject after a set amount of time.

- class [TriggerVolume](#)

A script that makes it easy to add events to a trigger collider.

- class [TypeSelectAttribute](#)

Attribute that draws string fields as a dropdown where a Type can be selected.

- class [TypeUtility](#)

Contains utilities for working with C# reflection types and getting a type by its name.

- class [UniqueNamedObject](#)

This script is used to assign a unique name to an object, which can then be used to find that object.

- class [UniqueNameList](#)

A list used to organize unique names used by objects.

- class [UniqueNameListEntry](#)

A unique name asset, usable by a [UniqueNamedObject](#).

## 5.3 Infohazard.Core.Editor Namespace Reference

### Classes

- class [CoreDrawers](#)  
*Contains extensions to EditorGUI for drawing custom properties.*
- class [CoreEditorUtility](#)  
*Contains several editor-only utilities.*
- interface [IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#)  
*Used to validate and modify values that a user is attempting to assign to an object reference field.*
- class [ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#)  
*IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator that uses Unity validation internally, and allows adding additional validation with a simplified interface.*
- class [ObjectValidators](#)  
*Provides methods for validating objects.*
- class [TagsGenerator](#)  
*Class used to generate the GameTag.cs file to use your custom tags in code.*

## 5.4 Infohazard.Core.StateMachine Namespace Reference

## 6 Class Documentation

### 6.1 Infohazard.Core.AssetDropdownAttribute Class Reference

Attribute that draws an object reference as a dropdown that searches through the project.

#### 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Attribute that draws an object reference as a dropdown that searches through the project.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/AssetDropdownAttribute.cs

### 6.2 Infohazard.Core.ComponentID Struct Reference

A serializable type used to uniquely identify a component relative to a root GameObject.

#### Public Member Functions

- [ComponentID](#) (Transform root, Component target)  
*Construct a ComponentID with the given root and target by calculating the path to the target.*
- override string [ToString \(\)](#)
- T [Get< T >](#) (Transform root)  
*Get the referenced component.*
- bool [Equals \(ComponentID other\)](#)
- override bool [Equals \(object obj\)](#)
- override int [GetHashCode \(\)](#)

## Properties

- string **Path** [get]  
*Path from this GameObject to the GameObject that holds the referenced component.*
- string **Type** [get]  
*Type name of the referenced component.*

### 6.2.1 Detailed Description

A serializable type used to uniquely identify a component relative to a root GameObject.

The root GameObject that holds the [ComponentID](#) may not be an actual transform.root, but rather just an ancestor of the referenced component. This type is mostly used in order to persist the states of individual components, keyed by their ID.

### 6.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.2.2.1 ComponentID()** `Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.ComponentID (`  
    `Transform root,`  
    `Component target )`

Construct a [ComponentID](#) with the given root and target by calculating the path to the target.

#### Parameters

<code>root</code>	The GameObject from which the reference originates.
<code>target</code>	The component that is being referenced.

### 6.2.3 Member Function Documentation

**6.2.3.1 Equals() [1/2]** `bool Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.Equals (`  
    `ComponentID other )`

**6.2.3.2 Equals() [2/2]** `override bool Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.Equals (`  
    `object obj )`

**6.2.3.3 Get< T >()** `T Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.Get< T > (`  
    `Transform root )`

Get the referenced component.

**Parameters**

<code>root</code>	The GameObject from which the reference originates.
-------------------	---

**Template Parameters**

<code>T</code>	Type to cast the component to.
----------------	--------------------------------

**Returns**

The referenced component, or null if not found.

**Type Constraints**

`T : Component`

**6.2.3.4 GetHashCode()** `override int Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.GetHashCode ( )`**6.2.3.5 ToString()** `override string Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.ToString ( )`**6.2.4 Property Documentation****6.2.4.1 Path** `string Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.Path [get]`

Path from this GameObject to the GameObject that holds the referenced component.

**6.2.4.2 Type** `string Infohazard.Core.ComponentID.Type [get]`

Type name of the referenced component.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/ComponentID.cs

**6.3 Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute Class Reference**

Attribute draws a property when a given condition is true.

## Public Member Functions

- **ConditionalDrawAttribute** (string boolCondition)  
*ConditionalAttribute that requires a serialized boolean field to be true.*
- **ConditionalDrawAttribute** (string condition, object value, bool isEqual=true)  
*ConditionalAttribute that requires a serialized field named condition to be equal or not equal to value.*

## Properties

- string **Condition** [get]  
*The serialized field to check.*
- object **Value** [get]  
*The value to compare the Condition field to.*
- bool **isEqual** [get]  
*Whether the value of the condition field should be equal to the given value in order to draw.*

### 6.3.1 Detailed Description

Attribute draws a property when a given condition is true.

### 6.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.3.2.1 ConditionalDrawAttribute() [1/2]** Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute.Conditional←  
DrawAttribute (  
    string boolCondition )

ConditionalAttribute that requires a serialized boolean field to be true.

#### Parameters

<i>boolCondition</i>	The name of a boolean field.
----------------------	------------------------------

**6.3.2.2 ConditionalDrawAttribute() [2/2]** Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute.Conditional←  
DrawAttribute (  
    string condition,  
    object value,  
    bool isEqual = true )

ConditionalAttribute that requires a serialized field named condition to be equal or not equal to value.

#### Parameters

<i>condition</i>	The name of a field.
<i>value</i>	The value to compare to.
<i>isEqual</i>	Whether to check for equality or inequality.

### 6.3.3 Property Documentation

#### 6.3.3.1 Condition string Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute.Condition [get]

The serialized field to check.

#### 6.3.3.2 IsEqual bool Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute.AreEqual [get]

Whether the value of the condition field should be equal to the given value in order to draw.

#### 6.3.3.3 Value object Infohazard.Core.ConditionalDrawAttribute.Value [get]

The value to compare the Condition field to.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/ConditionalDrawAttribute.cs

## 6.4 Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers Class Reference

Contains extensions to EditorGUI for drawing custom properties.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static void [ValidatedObjectField](#) (Rect position, SerializedProperty property, Type objType, GUIContent label, GUIStyle style, [IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#) validator)  
*Draw an object field with a custom validator applied.*
- static void [ObjectFieldWithInterfaces](#) (Rect position, SerializedProperty property, Type objType, GUIContent label, GUIStyle style, IReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces)  
*Draw an object field, ensuring that any assigned value implements a list of interfaces.*
- static void [CreateNewInstanceDropDown](#) (Type requiredType, Rect buttonRect, IReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces, Action< Type > createAction)  
*Draw a button which, when pressed, will show a dropdown of all types that can be assigned to the given property. When the user clicks one of the options, their supplied callback will be triggered.*
- static void [AssetDropdown](#) (SerializedProperty property, Type type, Rect buttonRect, GUIContent content, IReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces=null)  
*Draw a dropdown for selecting an asset to assign to a property.*

### 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Contains extensions to EditorGUI for drawing custom properties.

## 6.4.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.4.2.1 AssetDropdown() static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers.AssetDropdown (
    SerializedProperty property,
    Type type,
    Rect buttonRect,
    GUIContent content,
    IReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces = null ) [static]
```

Draw a dropdown for selecting an asset to assign to a property.

### Parameters

<i>property</i>	The property that will be assigned.
<i>type</i>	Type of required object.
<i>buttonRect</i>	Rect in which to show the button.
<i>content</i>	Content to show in the button.
<i>interfaces</i>	Interfaces that the object must implement.

```
6.4.2.2 CreateNewInstanceDropDown() static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers.Create←
NewInstanceDropDown (
    Type requiredType,
    Rect buttonRect,
    IReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces,
    Action< Type > createAction ) [static]
```

Draw a button which, when pressed, will show a dropdown of all types that can be assigned to the given property. When the user clicks one of the options, their supplied callback will be triggered.

### Parameters

<i>requiredType</i>	Type of required object.
<i>buttonRect</i>	Rect in which to show the button.
<i>interfaces</i>	Interfaces that the object must implement.
<i>createAction</i>	Action to invoke when the user chooses a type.

```
6.4.2.3 ObjectFieldWithInterfaces() static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers.ObjectField←
WithInterfaces (
    Rect position,
    SerializedProperty property,
    Type objType,
    GUIContent label,
    GUIStyle style,
    IReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces ) [static]
```

Draw an object field, ensuring that any assigned value implements a list of interfaces.

**Parameters**

<i>position</i>	Position and size of the field.
<i>property</i>	Property being edited.
<i>objType</i>	Type of the field.
<i>label</i>	Label to display.
<i>style</i>	Style to use.
<i>interfaces</i>	Interfaces that must be implemented.

```
6.4.2.4 ValidatedObjectField() static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreDrawers.ValidatedObject←
Field (
    Rect position,
    SerializedProperty property,
    Type objType,
    GUIContent label,
    GUIStyle style,
    IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator validator ) [static]
```

Draw an object field with a custom validator applied.

**Parameters**

<i>position</i>	Position and size of the field.
<i>property</i>	Property being edited.
<i>objType</i>	Type of the field.
<i>label</i>	Label to display.
<i>style</i>	Style to use.
<i>validator</i>	Validator to apply.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Editor/Utility/CoreDrawers.cs

## 6.5 Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility Class Reference

Contains several editor-only utilities.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static object [GetValue](#) (this SerializedProperty property)  
*Get the value of a SerializedProperty of any type. Does not work for serializable objects or gradients. Enum values are returned as ints.*
- static object [FindValue](#) (this SerializedProperty prop)  
*Find the value of a given property using reflection and reading the field directly.*
- static T [FindValue< T >](#) (this SerializedProperty prop)  
*Find the value of a given property using Reflection and reading the field directly.*

- static FieldInfo [FindFieldInfo](#) (this SerializedProperty prop)
 

*Find the FieldInfo of a given property using Reflection and reading the field directly. If the property is an array element, return null.*
- static List< string > [GetDefinesList](#) (BuildTargetGroup group)
 

*Get the Unity PlayerSettings list of #define symbols for the given build target.*
- static void [SetSymbolDefined](#) (string symbol, bool value, BuildTargetGroup group)
 

*Sets whether the given symbol is defined in the PlayerSettings for the given build target.*
- static string [GetResourcePath](#) (Object obj)
 

*Get the path an object lives in relative to a resource folder.*
- static string [GetResourcePath](#) (string path)
 

*Get the given path relative to a resource folder.*
- static string [GetPathRelativeToAssetsFolder](#) (string path)
 

*Convert the given path to be relative to the Assets folder.*
- static void [DoLazyDropdown](#)< T > (Rect position, GUIContent content, Func< T[] > optionsFunc, Func< T, string > stringifier, Action< T > setter)
 

*Create a dropdown button in the IMGUI, whose options will not be calculated until it is clicked.*
- static IEnumerable< T > [GetAssetsOfType](#)< T > (string folder=null)
 

*Find all the assets of the given type in the project.*
- static IEnumerable< Object > [GetAssetsOfType](#) (string type)
 

*Find all the assets of the given type in the project.*
- static string [GetTypeFullName](#) (this SerializedProperty property)
 

*Get the type full name (including assembly) of the type of the underlying field for the given property.*
- static void [CopyFrom](#) (this SerializedProperty destination, SerializedObject source)
 

*Perform a recursive copy of the values from a SerializedObject to a struct-type SerializedProperty.*
- static void [CopyFrom](#) (this SerializedProperty destination, SerializedProperty source)
 

*Perform a recursive copy of the values from one SerializedProperty to another. For compound types, values in one of the properties but not the other are ignored.*
- static Type [GetFieldType](#) (this PropertyDrawer drawer)
 

*Get the type of the field the property drawer is drawing. If the type is an array or list, returns the element type.*
- static void [EnsureDataFolderExists](#) ()
 

*Ensure that the DataFolder directory exists in your project, and contains an assembly definition.*
- static bool [ExecuteProcess](#) (string command, string args, bool showMessages)
 

*Launch an external process using the given command and arguments, and wait for it to complete.*
- static GameObject [InstantiatePrefabInScene](#) (string path, string name)
 

*Instantiate the given prefab in the scene, as a child of the selected GameObject if there is one.*
- static GameObject [CreateGameObjectInScene](#) (string name)
 

*Create an empty GameObject in the scene, as a child of the selected GameObject if there is one.*
- static T [CreateGameObjectInSceneWithComponent](#)< T > (string name)
 

*Create a GameObject in the scene with a given component, as a child of the selected GameObject if there is one.*
- static Object [CreateAndSaveNewAsset](#) (string name, Type type, string defaultSavePath, Object copy← Object=null, Object parentObject=null, Action< Object, string > saveAction=null)
 

*Prompts the user to browse for a path to save a new asset at. Upon confirmation, a new asset is created and saved.*

## Static Public Attributes

- const string [DataFolder](#) = "Assets/Infohazard.Core.Data/"
 

*Folder where all generated files used by the Infohazard libraries should live.*

### 6.5.1 Detailed Description

Contains several editor-only utilities.

## 6.5.2 Member Function Documentation

**6.5.2.1 CopyFrom() [1/2]** static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.CopyFrom ( this SerializedProperty destination, SerializedObject source ) [static]

Perform a recursive copy of the values from a SerializedObject to a struct-type SerializedProperty.

### Parameters

<i>destination</i>	Destination property to update. Must by a serializable class or struct.
<i>source</i>	Source object to read.

**6.5.2.2 CopyFrom() [2/2]** static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.CopyFrom ( this SerializedProperty destination, SerializedProperty source ) [static]

Perform a recursive copy of the values from one SerializedProperty to another. For compound types, values in one of the properties but not the other are ignored.

### Parameters

<i>destination</i>	Destination property to update.
<i>source</i>	Source property to read.

**6.5.2.3 CreateAndSaveNewAsset()** static Object Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.CreateAndSaveNewAsset ( string name, Type type, string defaultSavePath, Object copyObject = null, Object parentObject = null, Action< Object, string > saveAction = null ) [static]

Prompts the user to browse for a path to save a new asset at. Upon confirmation, a new asset is created and saved.

By using a custom save action, you can, for example, add the created object to another asset rather than saving to the project directly. If a custom save action is used, the file browser will not be shown.

### Parameters

<i>name</i>	The default filename of the created object.
<i>type</i>	Type of object to create.
<i>defaultSavePath</i>	Default path to save the asset.
<i>parentObject</i>	The object containing the created object (can be null).
<i>saveAction</i>	Action to take to save the asset. Can be null for regular asset save.
<i>copyObject</i>	Copy this object to create the new asset (can be null).

```
6.5.2.4 CreateGameObjectInScene() static GameObject Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.CreateGameObjectInScene (
    string name ) [static]
```

Create an empty GameObject in the scene, as a child of the selected GameObject if there is one.

#### Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name to assign to the object.
-------------	-------------------------------

#### Returns

The created GameObject.

```
6.5.2.5 CreateGameObjectInSceneWithComponent< T >() static T Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.CreateGameObjectInSceneWithComponent< T > (
    string name ) [static]
```

Create a GameObject in the scene with a given component, as a child of the selected GameObject if there is one.

#### Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name to assign to the object.
-------------	-------------------------------

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	The type of component to add.
----------	-------------------------------

#### Returns

The created component.

#### Type Constraints

*T* : *Component*

```
6.5.2.6 DoLazyDropdown< T >() static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.DoLazyDropdown< T > (
    Rect position,
    GUIContent content,
    Func< T[]> optionsFunc,
    Func< T, string > stringifier,
    Action< T > setter ) [static]
```

Create a dropdown button in the IMGUI, whose options will not be calculated until it is clicked.

For a normal dropdown, you'd need to know all of the options before the button was clicked. With lazy dropdown, they are not evaluated until needed. They are also re-evaluated every time the dropdown is opened, preventing the need for cache invalidation.

#### Parameters

<i>position</i>	Position to draw the dropdown button.
<i>content</i>	Current value to show in the dropdown button (when not selected).
<i>optionsFunc</i>	Function that will calculate and return the options.
<i>stringifier</i>	Function that converts options to strings for display.
<i>setter</i>	Function that sets the value when an option is chosen.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	Type of the options before they are converted to strings.
----------	---

**6.5.2.7 EnsureDataFolderExists()** static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.EnsureDataFolderExists () [static]

Ensure that the [DataFolder](#) directory exists in your project, and contains an assembly definition.

**6.5.2.8 ExecuteProcess()** static bool Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.ExecuteProcess ( string *command*, string *args*, bool *showMessages* ) [static]

Launch an external process using the given command and arguments, and wait for it to complete.

#### Parameters

<i>command</i>	The command (executable file) to run.
<i>args</i>	The argument string to pass to the command.
<i>showMessages</i>	Whether to display a dialog box if the command fails.

#### Returns

Whether the command succeeded.

**6.5.2.9 FindFieldInfo()** static FieldInfo Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.FindFieldInfo ( this SerializedProperty *prop* ) [static]

Find the FieldInfo of a given property using Reflection and reading the field directly. If the property is an array element, return null.

**Parameters**

<i>prop</i>	The property to read.
-------------	-----------------------

**Returns**

The FieldInfo of the property.

**6.5.2.10 FindValue()** static object Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.FindValue ( this SerializedProperty *prop* ) [static]

Find the value of a given property using reflection and reading the field directly.

**Parameters**

<i>prop</i>	The property to read.
-------------	-----------------------

**Returns**

The value of the property.

**6.5.2.11 FindValue< T >()** static T Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.FindValue< T > ( this SerializedProperty *prop* ) [static]

Find the value of a given property using Reflection and reading the field directly.

**Template Parameters**

<i>T</i>	The type to cast the value to.
----------	--------------------------------

**Parameters**

<i>prop</i>	The property to read
-------------	----------------------

**Returns**

The value of the property.

**6.5.2.12 GetAssetsOfType()** static IEnumerable< Object > Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetAssetsOfType ( string *type* ) [static]

Find all the assets of the given type in the project.

Only assets whose root object is the given type are included.

**Parameters**

<i>type</i>	The type name of assets to find. Use the class name only, without namespace.
-------------	--

**Returns**

A sequence of all the found assets.

**6.5.2.13 GetAssetsOfType< T >()** static IEnumerable< T > Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetAssetsOfType< T > ( string folder = null ) [static]

Find all the assets of the given type in the project.

Only assets whose root object is the given type are included.

**Parameters**

<i>folder</i>	The folder to search in, or null for the entire project.
---------------	--

**Template Parameters**

<i>T</i>	The type of asset to find.
----------	----------------------------

**Returns**

A sequence of all the found assets.

**Type Constraints**

*T* : *Object*

**6.5.2.14 GetDefinesList()** static List< string > Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetDefinesList ( BuildTargetGroup group ) [static]

Get the Unity PlayerSettings list of #define symbols for the given build target.

**Parameters**

<i>group</i>	The build target.
--------------	-------------------

**Returns**

A list of all defined symbols for that group.

**6.5.2.15 GetFieldType()** static Type Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetFieldType ( this PropertyDrawer drawer ) [static]

Get the type of the field the property drawer is drawing. If the type is an array or list, returns the element type.

**Parameters**

<i>drawer</i>	Drawer to get the type of.
---------------	----------------------------

**Returns**

Type of the drawer's field.

**6.5.2.16 GetPathRelativeToAssetsFolder()** static string Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetPathRelativeToAssetsFolder ( string path ) [static]

Convert the given path to be relative to the Assets folder.

Accepts absolute paths, paths starting with "Assets/", and paths starting with "/""". </remarks> <param name="path">

**Returns**

**6.5.2.17 GetResourcePath() [1/2]** static string Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetResourcePath ( Object *obj* ) [static]

Get the path an object lives in relative to a resource folder.

The result path can be used with Resources.Load.

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	The object to get the path for.
------------	---------------------------------

**Returns**

The path relative to a resource folder, or null.

**6.5.2.18 GetResourcePath()** [2/2] static string Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetResourcePath ( string *path* ) [static]

Get the given path relative to a resource folder.

The result path can be used with Resources.Load.

**Parameters**

<i>path</i>	The path to search for.
-------------	-------------------------

**Returns**

The path relative to a resource folder, or null.

**6.5.2.19 GetTypeName()** static string Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetTypeName ( this SerializedProperty *property* ) [static]

Get the type full name (including assembly) of the type of the underlying field for the given property.

Due to how Unity works, this will not include the namespace. If you need to access the property type from a PropertyDrawer, use PropertyDrawer.fieldInfo.FieldType instead.

**Parameters**

<i>property</i>	Property to get type of.
-----------------	--------------------------

**Returns**

Type name of the property's underlying type, without namespace.

**6.5.2.20 GetValue()** static object Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.GetValue ( this SerializedProperty *property* ) [static]

Get the value of a SerializedProperty of any type. Does not work for serializable objects or gradients. Enum values are returned as ints.

**Parameters**

<i>property</i>	The property to read.
-----------------	-----------------------

**Returns**

The value of the property, or null if not readable.

```
6.5.2.21 InstantiatePrefabInScene() static GameObject Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.InstantiatePrefabInScene (
    string path,
    string name ) [static]
```

Instantiate the given prefab in the scene, as a child of the selected GameObject if there is one.

**Parameters**

<i>path</i>	Prefab path to load.
<i>name</i>	Name to assign to the object, or null.

**Returns**

The instantiated GameObject.

```
6.5.2.22 SetSymbolDefined() static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.SetSymbolDefined (
    string symbol,
    bool value,
    BuildTargetGroup group ) [static]
```

Sets whether the given symbol is defined in the PlayerSettings for the given build target.

**Parameters**

<i>symbol</i>	The symbol to set.
<i>value</i>	Whether the symbol should be defined.
<i>group</i>	The build target.

**6.5.3 Member Data Documentation**

**6.5.3.1 DataFolder** const string Infohazard.Core.Editor.CoreEditorUtility.DataFolder = "Assets/Infohazard.  
Core.Data/" [static]

Folder where all generated files used by the [Infohazard](#) libraries should live.

Call [EnsureDataFolderExists](#) to make sure this folder exists before using it.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Editor/Utility/CoreEditorUtility.cs

## 6.6 Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility Class Reference

Contains various static methods relating to debugging and diagnostics.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static void [DrawDebugBounds](#) (Bounds bounds, Color color, float duration=0.0f, bool depthTest=true)  
*Draw the given Bounds in the scene view.*
- static void [DrawDebugCircle](#) (Vector3 point, Vector3 normal, float radius, Color color, float duration=0.0f, bool depthTest=true, int pointCount=32)  
*Draw the given circle in the scene view.*
- static void [DrawDebugSphere](#) (Vector3 center, float radius, Color color, float duration=0.0f, bool depthTest=true, int pointCount=32)  
*Draw the given sphere in the scene view.*
- static void [DebugBreakAfterFrames](#) (this MonoBehaviour cmp, int frames)  
*Pause the editor after a given number of frames, using a Coroutine and Debug.Break().*
- static bool [CheckPlaying](#) (bool propertySet=false, [CallerMemberName] string callerName="")  
*Checks whether in play mode (including standalone), and prints an error if it is.*

### 6.6.1 Detailed Description

Contains various static methods relating to debugging and diagnostics.

### 6.6.2 Member Function Documentation

**6.6.2.1 CheckPlaying()** static bool Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility.CheckPlaying ( bool propertySet = false, [CallerMemberName] string callerName = "" ) [static]

Checks whether in play mode (including standalone), and prints an error if it is.

Used to ensure certain properties are not edited while playing.

**Parameters**

<i>propertySet</i>	Whether the caller is a property set accessor (changes error log).
<i>callerName</i>	Set automatically, do not supply a value for this parameter.

**Returns**

True if in play mode.

```
6.6.2.2 DebugBreakAfterFrames() static void Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility.DebugBreakAfterFrames
(
    this MonoBehaviour cmp,
    int frames ) [static]
```

[Pause](#) the editor after a given number of frames, using a Coroutine and Debug.Break().

Only works in play mode. Will not cause errors if used in a standalone build, but will do unnecessary work.

**Parameters**

<i>cmp</i>	Component to attach the Coroutine to.
<i>frames</i>	Number of frames to wait before pausing.

```
6.6.2.3 DrawDebugBounds() static void Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility.DrawDebugBounds (
    Bounds bounds,
    Color color,
    float duration = 0.0f,
    bool depthTest = true ) [static]
```

Draw the given Bounds in the scene view.

**Parameters**

<i>bounds</i>	Bounds to draw.
<i>color</i>	Color to use.
<i>duration</i>	Time, in seconds, to draw the lines for.
<i>depthTest</i>	Whether to depth test the drawn lines.

```
6.6.2.4 DrawDebugCircle() static void Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility.DrawDebugCircle (
    Vector3 point,
    Vector3 normal,
    float radius,
```

```
Color color,
float duration = 0.0f,
bool depthTest = true,
int pointCount = 32 ) [static]
```

Draw the given circle in the scene view.

#### Parameters

<i>point</i>	Center of the circle.
<i>normal</i>	Normal that is perpendicular to the circle.
<i>radius</i>	Radius of the circle.
<i>color</i>	Color to use.
<i>duration</i>	Time, in seconds, to draw the circle for.
<i>depthTest</i>	Whether to depth dest the drawn circle.
<i>pointCount</i>	How many points the circle will consist of.

**6.6.2.5 DrawDebugSphere()** static void Infohazard.Core.DebugUtility.DrawDebugSphere (

```
Vector3 center,
float radius,
Color color,
float duration = 0.0f,
bool depthTest = true,
int pointCount = 32 ) [static]
```

Draw the given sphere in the scene view.

#### Parameters

<i>center</i>	Center of the sphere.
<i>radius</i>	Radius of the sphere.
<i>color</i>	Color to use.
<i>duration</i>	Time, in seconds, to draw the sphere for.
<i>depthTest</i>	Whether to depth dest the drawn sphere.
<i>pointCount</i>	How many points each circle will consist of.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/DebugUtility.cs

## 6.7 Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler Class Reference

An IPoolHandler that is passed a prefab directly.

## Public Member Functions

- **DefaultPoolHandler (Spawnable prefab, Transform transform)**  
*Construct DefaultPoolHandler for a given prefab, attached to a given Transform.*
- **override string ToString ()**
- **virtual Spawnable Spawn ()**  
*Spawn an object from the pool, using an inactive instance from the pool if possible (otherwise, a new instance is created via Instantiate).*
- **virtual void Despawn (Spawnable instance)**  
*Despawn an object, deactivating it and releasing it back to the pool.*
- **virtual void Retain ()**  
*Add an additional user to the pool, ensuring pooled instances will remain available.*
- **virtual void Release ()**  
*Remove a user from the pool, clearing inactive instances if user count reaches zero.*

## Protected Member Functions

- **virtual void OnGet (Spawnable obj)**  
*Override to perform custom logic when an object is being spawned from the pool.*
- **virtual void OnRelease (Spawnable obj)**  
*Override to perform custom logic when an object is being despawned and released back to the pool.*
- **virtual Spawnable Instantiate ()**  
*Instantiate an object to add to the pool. Override to perform custom instantiation logic.*
- **virtual void Destroy (Spawnable obj)**  
*Destroy an object after it is removed from the pool. Override to perform custom destruction logic.*
- **void CheckClear ()**  
*Clear the pool if ShouldClear returns true.*
- **virtual bool ShouldClear ()**  
*Should the pool be cleared?*
- **virtual void Clear ()**  
*Clear all the inactive instances from the pool to free up memory.*

## Properties

- **Spawnable Prefab [get, protected set]**  
*The loaded prefab to be spawned by the handler.*
- **Pool< Spawnable > Pool [get]**  
*The pool that will spawn the prefab.*
- **Transform Transform [get]**  
*The transform that inactive instances in the pool are parented to.*
- **virtual bool ShouldPool [get]**  
*Whether to use pooling - by default this returns Spawnable.Pooled.*
- **int RetainCount [get, private set]**

### 6.7.1 Detailed Description

An IPoolHandler that is passed a prefab directly.

## 6.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.7.2.1 DefaultPoolHandler()** `Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.DefaultPoolHandler (`  
`Spawnable prefab,`  
`Transform transform )`

Construct `DefaultPoolHandler` for a given prefab, attached to a given Transform.

### Parameters

<code>prefab</code>	Prefab that this handler will spawn.
<code>transform</code>	Transform to attach inactive instances to.

## 6.7.3 Member Function Documentation

**6.7.3.1 CheckClear()** `void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.CheckClear ( ) [protected]`

Clear the pool if `ShouldClear` returns true.

**6.7.3.2 Clear()** `virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Clear ( ) [protected], [virtual]`

Clear all the inactive instances from the pool to free up memory.

**6.7.3.3 Despawn()** `virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Despawn (`  
`Spawnable instance ) [virtual]`

Despawn an object, deactivating it and releasing it back to the pool.

### Parameters

<code>instance</code>	The object to be despawned.
-----------------------	-----------------------------

**6.7.3.4 Destroy()** `virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Destroy (`  
`Spawnable obj ) [protected], [virtual]`

Destroy an object after it is removed from the pool. Override to perform custom destruction logic.

This method is only used when an object is no longer needed and is permanently destroyed. To implement logic that happens every time an object is despawned, see [OnRelease](#).

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	The object to be destroyed.
------------	-----------------------------

**6.7.3.5 Instantiate()** virtual `Spawnable` Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Instantiate ( ) [protected], [virtual]

Instantiate an object to add to the pool. Override to perform custom instantiation logic.

This method is only used when a new object is needed and the pool is empty. To implement logic that happens every time an object is spawned, see [OnGet](#). This method makes the spawned object inactive. If you implement your own instantiate logic instead of calling the base method, you should also make the object inactive.

**Returns**

The spawned object.

**6.7.3.6 OnGet()** virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.OnGet ( `Spawnable` *obj* ) [protected], [virtual]

Override to perform custom logic when an object is being spawned from the pool.

Invoked before the object is made active. This method is called every time a pooled object becomes active (including right after it is instantiated). To implement custom creation logic that only happens once per object, see [Instantiate](#).

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	The object being spawned.
------------	---------------------------

**6.7.3.7 OnRelease()** virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.OnRelease ( `Spawnable` *obj* ) [protected], [virtual]

Override to perform custom logic when an object is being despawned and released back to the pool.

Invoked before the object is made inactive. This method is called every time a pooled object becomes inactive (included right before it is destroyed). To implement cleanup creation logic that only happens once per object, see [Destroy\(Spawnable\)](#).

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	The object being spawned.
------------	---------------------------

**6.7.3.8 Release()** virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Release () [virtual]

Remove a user from the pool, clearing inactive instances if user count reaches zero.

When removing the last user, all inactive instances will be destroyed, and any additional calls to [Spawn](#) will need to create a new object via [Instantiate](#).

**6.7.3.9 Retain()** virtual void Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Retain () [virtual]

Add an additional user to the pool, ensuring pooled instances will remain available.

**6.7.3.10 ShouldClear()** virtual bool Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.ShouldClear () [protected], [virtual]

Should the pool be cleared?

The base implementation returns true if [RetainCount](#) == 0.

**Returns**

True if the pool should be cleared.

**6.7.3.11 Spawn()** virtual [Spawnable](#) Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Spawn () [virtual]

Spawn an object from the pool, using an inactive instance from the pool if possible (otherwise, a new instance is created via [Instantiate](#)).

**Returns**

The spawned object.

**6.7.3.12 ToString()** override string Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.ToString ()**6.7.4 Property Documentation****6.7.4.1 Pool** [Pool](#)<[Spawnable](#)> Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Pool [get], [protected]

The pool that will spawn the prefab.

**6.7.4.2 Prefab** `Spawnable` `Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Prefab` [get], [protected set]

The loaded prefab to be spawned by the handler.

**6.7.4.3 RetainCount** `int` `Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.RetainCount` [get], [private set]**6.7.4.4 ShouldPool** `virtual bool` `Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.ShouldPool` [get]

Whether to use pooling - by default this returns `Spawnable.Pooled`.

**6.7.4.5 Transform** `Transform` `Infohazard.Core.DefaultPoolHandler.Transform` [get]

The transform that inactive instances in the pool are parented to.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Runtime/Pooling/DefaultPoolHandler.cs`

## 6.8 Infohazard.Core.DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute Class Reference

Attribute draws only a single child property of a property.

### Public Member Functions

- `DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute` (`string propertyName`)  
*DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute* that will draw only the specified property.

### Properties

- `string PropertyName` [get]  
*The child property to draw.*

### 6.8.1 Detailed Description

Attribute draws only a single child property of a property.

### 6.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 6.8.2.1 DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute()

```
Infohazard.Core.DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute.←
DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute (
    string propertyName )
```

`DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute` that will draw only the specified property.

**Parameters**

<i>propertyName</i>	The child property to draw.
---------------------	-----------------------------

**6.8.3 Property Documentation**

**6.8.3.1 `PropertyName`** string Infohazard.Core.DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute.PropertyName  
[get]

The child property to draw.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/DrawSingleChildPropertyAttribute.cs

**6.9 Infohazard.Core.EditNameOnlyAttribute Class Reference**

Attribute that draws only the name of an Object reference field.

**6.9.1 Detailed Description**

Attribute that draws only the name of an Object reference field.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/EditNameOnlyAttribute.cs

**6.10 Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility Class Reference**

Contains various static methods for working with sequences, extending the functionality of LINQ.

**Public Member Functions**

- delegate bool [SelectWhereDelegate< T1, T2 >](#) (T1 input, out T2 output)  
*Delegate for functions that perform both a select/map and where/filter operation.*

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static I`Enumerable< T2 >` [SelectWhere< T1, T2 >](#) (this I`Enumerable< T1 >` input, SelectWhereDelegate< T1, T2 > selectionDelegate)  
*Perform select/map and where/filter operations on a sequence with a single function.*
- static T2 [FirstOrDefaultWhere< T1, T2 >](#) (this I`Enumerable< T1 >` input, SelectWhereDelegate< T1, T2 > selectionDelegate)  
*Perform select/map and where/filter operations on a sequence with a single function, and returns the result of the select operation for the first passing element.*
- static int [IndexOf< T >](#) (this I`ReadOnlyList< T >` list, in T item)  
*IndexOf operation for an I`ReadOnlyList`, which is not included in .NET.*

### 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Contains various static methods for working with sequences, extending the functionality of LINQ.

### 6.10.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.10.2.1 FirstOrDefaultWhere< T1, T2 >() static T2 Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility.FirstOrDefaultWhere< T1, T2 > (
    this IEnumerable< T1 > input,
    SelectWhereDelegate< T1, T2 > selectionDelegate ) [static]
```

Perform select/map and where/filter operations on a sequence with a single function, and returns the result of the select operation for the first passing element.

#### Parameters

<i>input</i>	The input sequence.
<i>selectionDelegate</i>	The delegate to use.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T1</i>	Input type of the delegate.
<i>T2</i>	Output type of the select operation.

#### Returns

The result of the select operation for the first passing element.

```
6.10.2.2 IndexOf< T >() static int Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility.IndexOf< T > (
    this IReadOnlyList< T > list,
    in T item ) [static]
```

IndexOf operation for an IReadOnlyList, which is not included in .NET.

This cannot take into account custom equality comparers.

#### Parameters

<i>list</i>	List to search.
<i>item</i>	Item to search for.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	Type of items in the list.
----------	----------------------------

**Returns**

The index of the item, or -1 if not found.

```
6.10.2.3 SelectWhere< T1, T2 >() static IEnumerable< T2 > Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility.←
SelectWhere< T1, T2 > (
    this IEnumerable< T1 > input,
    SelectWhereDelegate< T1, T2 > selectionDelegate ) [static]
```

Perform select/map and where/filter operations on a sequence with a single function.

**Parameters**

<i>input</i>	The input sequence.
<i>selectionDelegate</i>	The delegate to use.

**Template Parameters**

<i>T1</i>	Input type of the delegate.
<i>T2</i>	Output type of the select operation.

**Returns**

The resulting sequence.

```
6.10.2.4 SelectWhereDelegate< in T1, T2 >() delegate bool Infohazard.Core.EnumerableUtility.←
SelectWhereDelegate< in T1, T2 > (
    T1 input,
    out T2 output )
```

Delegate for functions that perform both a select/map and where/filter operation.

**Template Parameters**

<i>T1</i>	Input type of the function.
<i>T2</i>	Output type of the select operation.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/EnumerableUtility.cs

## 6.11 Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute Class Reference

Attribute that enables editing properties of a referenced object.

## Public Member Functions

- [ExpandableAttribute](#) (bool alwaysExpanded=false, string savePath=null, bool showNewButton=true, bool showChildTypes=false, params Type[] requiredInterfaces)  
*Construct a new [ExpandableAttribute](#).*

## Properties

- bool [AlwaysExpanded](#) [get]  
*Whether the attribute is always expanded.*
- bool [ShowNewButton](#) [get]  
*Whether to show a "New" button to create new instances.*
- string [SavePath](#) [get]  
*The default path to save newly created ScriptableObjects at.*
- bool [ShowChildTypes](#) [get]  
*Whether to show a dropdown of all types extending the type of the variable.*
- IReadOnlyList< Type > [RequiredInterfaces](#) [get]  
*Interfaces that must be implemented by assigned objects.*
- bool [OnlyShowMainLine](#) [get, set]  
*If true, don't show the child properties even if the property is expanded. You can use this to implement your own inspector logic for the child properties.*

### 6.11.1 Detailed Description

Attribute that enables editing properties of a referenced object.

Normally, to edit a referenced object, you'd have to change the inspector context. With an [ExpandableAttribute](#), you can just expand the property and edit the referenced object inline. If the type of the reference field is a [ScriptableObject](#), the [ExpandableAttribute](#) also allows creating new instances in the inspector.

### 6.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.11.2.1 ExpandableAttribute() Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.ExpandableAttribute (
    bool alwaysExpanded = false,
    string savePath = null,
    bool showNewButton = true,
    bool showChildTypes = false,
    params Type[] requiredInterfaces )
```

Construct a new [ExpandableAttribute](#).

#### Parameters

<code>alwaysExpanded</code>	Whether the attribute is always expanded.
<code>savePath</code>	Whether to show a "New" button to create new instances.
<code>showNewButton</code>	The default path to save newly created ScriptableObjects at.
<code>showChildTypes</code>	Whether to show a dropdown of all types extending the type of the variable.
<code>requiredInterfaces</code>	Interfaces that must be implemented by assigned objects.

### 6.11.3 Property Documentation

#### 6.11.3.1 AlwaysExpanded bool Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.AlwaysExpanded [get]

Whether the attribute is always expanded.

If false, will show the expander.

#### 6.11.3.2 OnlyShowMainLine bool Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.OnlyShowMainLine [get], [set]

If true, don't show the child properties even if the property is expanded. You can use this to implement your own inspector logic for the child properties.

#### 6.11.3.3 RequiredInterfaces IReadOnlyList<Type> Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.RequiredInterfaces [get]

Interfaces that must be implemented by assigned objects.

#### 6.11.3.4 SavePath string Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.SavePath [get]

The default path to save newly created ScriptableObjects at.

If unset, this will use the same path as the containing object if it is an asset.

#### 6.11.3.5 ShowChildTypes bool Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.ShowChildTypes [get]

Whether to show a dropdown of all types extending the type of the variable.

#### 6.11.3.6 ShowNewButton bool Infohazard.Core.ExpandableAttribute.ShowNewButton [get]

Whether to show a "New" button to create new instances.

This only works if the type of the field is a ScriptableObject.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/ExpandableAttribute.cs

## 6.12 Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility Class Reference

Contains utility methods for dealing with GameObjects and Transforms.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static void [GetCapsuleInfo](#) (float radius, float height, Vector3 center, int direction, Matrix4x4 transform, out Vector3 point1, out Vector3 point2, out float worldRadius, out float worldHeight)
 

*Converts capsule info in transform/height/radius form to two-point form for use with Physics.CapsuleCast.*
- static void [GetCapsuleInfo](#) (this CharacterController capsule, out Vector3 point1, out Vector3 point2, out float worldRadius, out float worldHeight)
 

*Converts capsule info in a CharacterController to two-point form for use with Physics.CapsuleCast.*
- static void [GetCapsuleInfo](#) (this CapsuleCollider capsule, out Vector3 point1, out Vector3 point2, out float worldRadius, out float worldHeight)
 

*Converts capsule info in a CapsuleCollider to two-point form for use with Physics.CapsuleCast.*
- static bool [ColliderCast](#) (this Collider collider, float padding, Vector3 direction, out RaycastHit hit, float maxDistance=float.PositiveInfinity, int layerMask=Physics.DefaultRaycastLayers, QueryTriggerInteraction triggerInteraction=QueryTriggerInteraction.UseGlobal)
 

*Perform a physics cast depending on the type of collider, using its parameters. Only BoxCollider, SphereCollider, and CapsuleCollider are supported. For simplicity, the scale of the transform is assumed to be uniform.*
- static int [ColliderCastNonAlloc](#) (this Collider collider, float padding, Vector3 direction, RaycastHit[] hits, float maxDistance=float.PositiveInfinity, int layerMask=Physics.DefaultRaycastLayers, QueryTriggerInteraction triggerInteraction=QueryTriggerInteraction.UseGlobal)
 

*Perform a physics cast depending on the type of collider, using its parameters. Only BoxCollider, SphereCollider, and CapsuleCollider are supported. For simplicity, the scale of the transform is assumed to be uniform.*
- static void [SetParentAndReset](#) (this Transform transform, Transform parent)
 

*Set the parent of the given transform, and reset it's local position, rotation, and scale.*
- static void [Initialize](#) (this Transform transform, Transform parent, Vector3? position=null, Quaternion? rotation=null, Vector3? scale=null, bool inWorldSpace=false, in Scene? scene=null)
 

*Initialize the transform with the given parent, position, rotation, and scale.*
- static void [Initialize](#) (this Transform transform, in [SpawnParams](#) spawnParams=default)
 

*Initialize the transform with the given spawn params.*
- static void [Initialize](#) (this Transform transform, Vector3? position=null, Quaternion? rotation=null, Vector3? scale=null)
 

*Set's the transform's position, and rotation, and scale (if they are specified).*
- static void [DestroyChildren](#) (this Transform transform)
 

*Destroy all of the child GameObjects of a Transform at the end of this frame.*
- static void [DestroyChildrenImmediate](#) (this Transform transform)
 

*Destroy all of the child GameObjects of a Transform immediately.*
- static void [DespawnChildren](#) (this Transform transform)
 

*Despawn all of the child GameObjects of a Transform.*
- static bool [TryGetComponentInParent< T >](#) (this GameObject obj, out T result)
 

*Like GetComponentInParent, but more convenient if using in conditionals and also using the component value.*
- static bool [TryGetComponentInChildren< T >](#) (this GameObject obj, out T result, bool includeInactive=false)
 

*Like GetComponentInChildren, but more convenient if using in conditionals and also using the component value.*
- static bool [TryGetComponentInParent< T >](#) (this Component cmp, out T result)
 

*Like GetComponentInParent, but more convenient if using in if statements and also using the component value.*
- static bool [TryGetComponentInChildren< T >](#) (this Component cmp, out T result)
 

*Like GetComponentInChildren, but more convenient if using in if statements and also using the component value.*
- static string [GetRelativeTransformPath](#) (this Transform from, Transform to)
 

*Get the path from one transform to another (object names separated by slashes). Names are URL encoded in case they contain slashes.*

- static Transform [GetTransformAtRelativePath](#) (this Transform from, string path)  
*Parses a slash-separated Transform path from a parent object to find a child. The names are expected to be URL encoded.*
- static bool [IsPathUnique](#) (this Transform from, Transform to)  
*Check whether the path from one transform to another (the one returned by [GetRelativeTransformPath](#)) is unique. If the path is not unique, using [GetTransformAtRelativePath](#) will not necessarily return the correct transform.*
- static bool [IsNameUniqueInSiblings](#) (this Transform transform)  
*Return whether the name of an object is unique within its siblings.*
- static void [SetLayerRecursively](#) (this GameObject obj, int layer)  
*Sets the layer of a GameObject and all of its children.*
- static void [SetLinearVelocity](#) (this Rigidbody rb, Vector3 velocity)  
*Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.*
- static Vector3 [GetLinearVelocity](#) (this Rigidbody rb)  
*Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.*
- static void [AddLinearVelocity](#) (this Rigidbody rb, Vector3 velocity)  
*Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.*
- static void [MoveTowardsLinearVelocity](#) (this Rigidbody rb, Vector3 targetVelocity, float maxDeltaV)  
*Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.*

### 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Contains utility methods for dealing with GameObjects and Transforms.

### 6.12.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.12.2.1 AddLinearVelocity() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.AddLinearVelocity (
    this Rigidbody rb,
    Vector3 velocity ) [static]
```

Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.

```
6.12.2.2 ColliderCast() static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.ColliderCast (
    this Collider collider,
    float padding,
    Vector3 direction,
    out RaycastHit hit,
    float maxDistance = float.PositiveInfinity,
    int layerMask = Physics.DefaultRaycastLayers,
    QueryTriggerInteraction triggerInteraction = QueryTriggerInteraction.UseGlobal )
[static]
```

Perform a physics cast depending on the type of collider, using its parameters. Only BoxCollider, SphereCollider, and CapsuleCollider are supported. For simplicity, the scale of the transform is assumed to be uniform.

**Parameters**

<i>collider</i>	The BoxCollider, SphereCollider, or CapsuleCollider to cast from.
<i>padding</i>	A padding to reduce the collider's extents. Given in world units.
<i>direction</i>	Direction to cast in.
<i>hit</i>	The hit information.
<i>maxDistance</i>	The maximum distance to cast. Default is infinity.
<i>layerMask</i>	The layer mask to cast against. Default is default raycast layers.
<i>triggerInteraction</i>	Whether to include triggers. Default is use global settings.

**Returns**

Whether the cast hit something.

```
6.12.2.3 ColliderCastNonAlloc() static int Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.ColliderCastNonAlloc (
    this Collider collider,
    float padding,
    Vector3 direction,
    RaycastHit[] hits,
    float maxDistance = float.PositiveInfinity,
    int layerMask = Physics.DefaultRaycastLayers,
    QueryTriggerInteraction triggerInteraction = QueryTriggerInteraction.UseGlobal )
[static]
```

Perform a physics cast depending on the type of collider, using its parameters. Only BoxCollider, SphereCollider, and CapsuleCollider are supported. For simplicity, the scale of the transform is assumed to be uniform.

**Parameters**

<i>collider</i>	The BoxCollider, SphereCollider, or CapsuleCollider to cast from.
<i>padding</i>	A padding to reduce the collider's extents. Given in world units.
<i>direction</i>	Direction to cast in.
<i>hits</i>	The hit information.
<i>maxDistance</i>	The maximum distance to cast. Default is infinity.
<i>layerMask</i>	The layer mask to cast against. Default is default raycast layers.
<i>triggerInteraction</i>	Whether to include triggers. Default is use global settings.

**Returns**

The number of valid hits.

```
6.12.2.4 DespawnChildren() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.DespawnChildren (
    this Transform transform ) [static]
```

Despawn all of the child GameObjects of a Transform.

**Parameters**

<i>transform</i>	Transform to despawn children of.
------------------	-----------------------------------

```
6.12.2.5 DestroyChildren() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.DestroyChildren (
    this Transform transform ) [static]
```

Destroy all of the child GameObjects of a Transform at the end of this frame.

**Parameters**

<i>transform</i>	Transform to destroy children of.
------------------	-----------------------------------

```
6.12.2.6 DestroyChildrenImmediate() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.Destroy←
ChildrenImmediate (
    this Transform transform ) [static]
```

Destroy all of the child GameObjects of a Transform immediately.

**Parameters**

<i>transform</i>	Transform to destroy children of.
------------------	-----------------------------------

```
6.12.2.7 GetCapsuleInfo() [1/3] static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.GetCapsuleInfo (
    float radius,
    float height,
    Vector3 center,
    int direction,
    Matrix4x4 transform,
    out Vector3 point1,
    out Vector3 point2,
    out float worldRadius,
    out float worldHeight ) [static]
```

Converts capsule info in transform/height/radius form to two-point form for use with Physics.CapsuleCast.

Also tells you the radius and height of the capsule in world space.

**Parameters**

<i>radius</i>	Radius of the capsule in local space.
<i>height</i>	Height of the capsule in local space.
<i>center</i>	Center of the capsule in local space.
<i>direction</i>	On which axis the capsule extends (0 = x, 1 = y, 2 = z).

**Parameters**

<i>transform</i>	Transform that the capsule is parented to.
<i>point1</i>	The first point of the capsule in world space.
<i>point2</i>	The second point of the capsule in world space.
<i>worldRadius</i>	The radius of the capsule in world space.
<i>worldHeight</i>	The height of the capsule in world space.

```
6.12.2.8 GetCapsuleInfo() [2/3] static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.GetCapsuleInfo (
    this CapsuleCollider capsule,
    out Vector3 point1,
    out Vector3 point2,
    out float worldRadius,
    out float worldHeight ) [static]
```

Converts capsule info in a CapsuleCollider to two-point form for use with Physics.CapsuleCast.

Also tells you the radius and height of the capsule in world space.

**Parameters**

<i>capsule</i>	The CapsuleCollider to read.
<i>point1</i>	The first point of the capsule in world space.
<i>point2</i>	The second point of the capsule in world space.
<i>worldRadius</i>	The radius of the capsule in world space.
<i>worldHeight</i>	The height of the capsule in world space.

```
6.12.2.9 GetCapsuleInfo() [3/3] static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.GetCapsuleInfo (
    this CharacterController capsule,
    out Vector3 point1,
    out Vector3 point2,
    out float worldRadius,
    out float worldHeight ) [static]
```

Converts capsule info in a CharacterController to two-point form for use with Physics.CapsuleCast.

Also tells you the radius and height of the capsule in world space.

**Parameters**

<i>capsule</i>	The CharacterController to read.
<i>point1</i>	The first point of the capsule in world space.
<i>point2</i>	The second point of the capsule in world space.
<i>worldRadius</i>	The radius of the capsule in world space.
<i>worldHeight</i>	The height of the capsule in world space.

```
6.12.2.10 GetLinearVelocity() static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.GetLinearVelocity(
(
    this Rigidbody rb ) [static]
```

Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.

```
6.12.2.11 GetRelativeTransformPath() static string Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.Get←
RelativeTransformPath (
    this Transform from,
    Transform to ) [static]
```

Get the path from one transform to another (object names separated by slashes). Names are URL encoded in case they contain slashes.

The parameter to must be a direct descendent of from, or an error is logged. The returned path contains the name of to but not from. This path can be turned back to an object reference using [GetTransformAtRelativePath](#).

#### Parameters

<i>from</i>	The parent Transform to get the path from.
<i>to</i>	The Transform to get the path to.

#### Returns

The path relative transform path separated by slashes.

```
6.12.2.12 GetTransformAtRelativePath() static Transform Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.Get←
TransformAtRelativePath (
    this Transform from,
    string path ) [static]
```

Parses a slash-separated Transform path from a parent object to find a child. The names are expected to be URL encoded.

This can be used to turn a path created by [GetRelativeTransformPath](#) back to an object reference.

#### Parameters

<i>from</i>	The parent Transform to search from.
<i>path</i>	The slash-separated path to search for.

#### Returns

The found child Transform, or null if not found.

```
6.12.2.13 Initialize() [1/3] static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.Initialize (
    this Transform transform,
    in SpawnParams spawnParams = default ) [static]
```

Initialize the transform with the given spawn params.

#### Parameters

<i>transform</i>	The transform to initialize.
<i>spawnParams</i>	The spawn parameters.

```
6.12.2.14 Initialize() [2/3] static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.Initialize (
    this Transform transform,
    Transform parent,
    Vector3? position = null,
    Quaternion? rotation = null,
    Vector3? scale = null,
    bool inWorldSpace = false,
    in Scene? scene = null ) [static]
```

Initialize the transform with the given parent, position, rotation, and scale.

#### Parameters

<i>transform</i>	The transform to initialize.
<i>parent</i>	The parent to attach to.
<i>position</i>	The position (if null, do not set).
<i>rotation</i>	The rotation (if null, do not set).
<i>scale</i>	The scale (if null, do not set).
<i>inWorldSpace</i>	Whether the given position, rotation, and scale should be considered global.
<i>scene</i>	An optional scene to move the object to.

```
6.12.2.15 Initialize() [3/3] static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.Initialize (
    this Transform transform,
    Vector3? position = null,
    Quaternion? rotation = null,
    Vector3? scale = null ) [static]
```

Set's the transform's position, and rotation, and scale (if they are specified).

#### Parameters

<i>transform</i>	The transform to initialize.
<i>position</i>	The position (if null, do not set).
<i>rotation</i>	The rotation (if null, do not set).
<i>scale</i>	The scale (if null, do not set).

```
6.12.2.16 IsNameUniqueInSiblings() static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.IsNameUniqueInSiblings (
    this Transform transform ) [static]
```

Return whether the name of an object is unique within its siblings.

#### Parameters

<i>transform</i>	The object to check.
------------------	----------------------

#### Returns

Whether the name is unique.

```
6.12.2.17 IsPathUnique() static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.IsPathUnique (
    this Transform from,
    Transform to ) [static]
```

Check whether the path from one transform to another (the one returned by [GetRelativeTransformPath](#)) is unique. If the path is not unique, using [GetTransformAtRelativePath](#) will not necessarily return the correct transform.

The names of the objects do not need to be globally unique. Rather, they must be unique within all of their siblings according to [IsNameUniqueInSiblings](#).

#### Parameters

<i>from</i>	The transform to check the path from.
<i>to</i>	The transform to check the path to.

#### Returns

Whether the path is unique.

```
6.12.2.18 MoveTowardsLinearVelocity() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.MoveTowardsLinearVelocity (
    this Rigidbody rb,
    Vector3 targetVelocity,
    float maxDeltaV ) [static]
```

Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.

```
6.12.2.19 SetLayerRecursively() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.SetLayerRecursively()
(
    this GameObject obj,
    int layer ) [static]
```

Sets the layer of a GameObject and all of its children.

#### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	The GameObject to set the layer on.
<i>layer</i>	The layer index to set.

```
6.12.2.20 SetLinearVelocity() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.SetLinearVelocity (
    this Rigidbody rb,
    Vector3 velocity ) [static]
```

Utility method to accommodate Unity 6 velocity name change.

```
6.12.2.21 SetParentAndReset() static void Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.SetParentAndReset
(
    this Transform transform,
    Transform parent ) [static]
```

Set the parent of the given transform, and reset it's local position, rotation, and scale.

#### Parameters

<i>transform</i>	The transform to reset.
<i>parent</i>	The transform to parent it to (can be null).

```
6.12.2.22 TryGetComponentInChildren< T >() [1/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.TryGetComponentInChildren< T > (
    this Component cmp,
    out T result ) [static]
```

Like GetComponentInChildren, but more convenient if using in if statements and also using the component value.

```
6.12.2.23 TryGetComponentInChildren< T >() [2/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.TryGetComponentInChildren< T > (
    this GameObject obj,
    out T result,
    bool includeInactive = false ) [static]
```

Like GetComponentInChildren, but more convenient if using in conditionals and also using the component value.

```
6.12.2.24 TryGetComponentInParent< T >() [1/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.←
TryGetComponentInParent< T > (
    this Component cmp,
    out T result ) [static]
```

Like GetComponentInParent, but more convenient if using in if statements and also using the component value.

```
6.12.2.25 TryGetComponentInParent< T >() [2/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.GameObjectUtility.←
TryGetComponentInParent< T > (
    this GameObject obj,
    out T result ) [static]
```

Like GetComponentInParent, but more convenient if using in conditionals and also using the component value.

#### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	The object to search from.
<i>result</i>	The found component or null.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	The type of component to search for.
----------	--------------------------------------

#### Returns

Whether a component of the given type was found.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/GameObjectUtility.cs

## 6.13 Infohazard.Core.HelpBoxAttribute Class Reference

Used to add a detailed help box that can be toggled in the inspector. This can be used to provide more information than a simple tooltip.

### 6.13.1 Detailed Description

Used to add a detailed help box that can be toggled in the inspector. This can be used to provide more information than a simple tooltip.

This attribute does not contain a custom drawer, in order to allow compatibility with other custom drawers. Instead, a custom editor script must be created to handle the display of the help box.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/HelpBoxAttribute.cs

## 6.14 Infohazard.Core.Editor.IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator Interface Reference

Used to validate and modify values that a user is attempting to assign to an object reference field.

### Public Member Functions

- Object [ValidateObjectFieldAssignment](#) (Object[] references, Type objType, SerializedProperty property, int options)

*Validate the input objects for assignment to a field of the given type, and return a valid one.*

#### 6.14.1 Detailed Description

Used to validate and modify values that a user is attempting to assign to an object reference field.

#### 6.14.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.14.2.1 ValidateObjectFieldAssignment() Object Infohazard.Core.Editor.IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator.ValidateObjectFieldAssignment (
    Object[] references,
    Type objType,
    SerializedProperty property,
    int options )
```

Validate the input objects for assignment to a field of the given type, and return a valid one.

##### Parameters

<i>references</i>	All objects attempting to be assigned.
<i>objType</i>	The type of the field.
<i>property</i>	The property that references the field.
<i>options</i>	Additional options (used internally by Unity).

##### Returns

The object to assign to the field, or null.

Implemented in [Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#).

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- Editor/Utility/IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator.cs

## 6.15 Infohazard.Core.IPersistedInstance Interface Reference

This is a hack so that [PoolManager](#) can send messages to PersistedGameObjects.

## Public Member Functions

- void [SetupDynamicInstance](#) (ulong persistedInstanceID)  
*Initialize the current object as a new persisted instance with the given ID.*
- void [RegisterDestroyed](#) ()  
*Remove the current object from persistence.*

### 6.15.1 Detailed Description

This is a hack so that [PoolManager](#) can send messages to [PersistedGameObjects](#).

There is likely no need to use this interface yourself.

### 6.15.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.15.2.1 RegisterDestroyed() void Infohazard.Core.IPersistedInstance.RegisterDestroyed ( )

Remove the current object from persistence.

#### 6.15.2.2 SetupDynamicInstance() void Infohazard.Core.IPersistedInstance.SetupDynamicInstance ( ulong persistedInstanceID )

Initialize the current object as a new persisted instance with the given ID.

##### Parameters

<code>persistedInstanceID</code>	The instance ID to use.
----------------------------------	-------------------------

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/IPersistedInstance.cs

## 6.16 Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T > Class Template Reference

A FIFO data structure similar to a Queue, except that it implements all List operations.

## Public Member Functions

- [ListQueue](#) (int initialCapacity=32)  
*Construct a new [ListQueue](#) with the given capacity.*
- [ListQueue](#) (IEnumerable< T > enumerable)

Construct a new `ListQueue` containing all the elements of the given sequence.

- void `Enqueue` (T item)  
*Add an item to the front of the queue.*
- void `EnsureCapacity` (int capacity)  
*Ensures that the capacity of the queue is at least the given value, and grows if not.*
- T `Peek` ()  
*Returns the element at the front of the queue without removing it.*
- bool `TryPeek` (out T item)  
*Get the element at the front of the queue if it is not empty, and return whether this was successful.*
- T `Dequeue` ()  
*Removes and returns the element at the front of the queue.*
- bool `TryDequeue` (out T item)  
*Get the element at the front of the queue if it is not empty, remove it, and return whether this was successful.*
- IEnumerator< T > `GetEnumerator` ()
- void `Add` (T item)
- void `Clear` ()
- bool `Contains` (T item)
- void `CopyTo` (T[] array, int arrayIndex)
- bool `Remove` (T item)
- int `IndexOf` (T item)
- void `Insert` (int index, T item)
- void `RemoveAt` (int index)
- void `RemoveRange` (int index, int count)  
*Removes a range of items from the queue.*

## Properties

- int `Count` [get, private set]
- int `Capacity` [get]  
*Current capacity, which will be automatically expanded when needed.*
- bool `IsReadOnly` [get]
- T `this[int index]` [get, set]

### 6.16.1 Detailed Description

A FIFO data structure similar to a Queue, except that it implements all List operations.

This enables much greater flexibility than the builtin .NET Queue class. Unlike a List, it has O(1) performance for both Enqueue and Dequeue operations (assuming there is enough room).

#### Template Parameters

<code>T</code>	Type of elements in the structure.
----------------	------------------------------------

### 6.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.16.2.1 ListQueue()** [1/2] `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.ListQueue ( int initialCapacity = 32 )`

Construct a new `ListQueue` with the given capacity.

**Parameters**

<code>initialCapacity</code>	Initial capacity, which will be expanded as needed.
------------------------------	---

**6.16.2.2 ListQueue()** [2/2] `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.ListQueue ( IEnumerable< T > enumerable )`

Construct a new `ListQueue` containing all the elements of the given sequence.

**Parameters**

<code>enumerable</code>	Sequence to initialize the queue.
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

### 6.16.3 Member Function Documentation

**6.16.3.1 Add()** `void Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Add ( T item )`

**6.16.3.2 Clear()** `void Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Clear ( )`

**6.16.3.3 Contains()** `bool Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Contains ( T item )`

**6.16.3.4 CopyTo()** `void Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.CopyTo ( T[] array, int arrayIndex )`

**6.16.3.5 Dequeue()** `T Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Dequeue ( )`

Removes and returns the element at the front of the queue.

**Returns**

The item at the front of the queue.

## Exceptions

<i>InvalidOperationException</i>	If the queue is empty.
----------------------------------	------------------------

**6.16.3.6 Enqueue()** void `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Enqueue ( T item )`

Add an item to the front of the queue.

The capacity of the queue will be grown if needed.

### Parameters

<i>item</i>	The item to add.
-------------	------------------

**6.16.3.7 EnsureCapacity()** void `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.EnsureCapacity ( int capacity )`

Ensures that the capacity of the queue is at least the given value, and grows if not.

### Parameters

<i>capacity</i>	The capacity to ensure.
-----------------	-------------------------

**6.16.3.8 GetEnumerator()** `IEnumerator< T > Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.GetEnumerator ( )`

**6.16.3.9 IndexOf()** int `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.IndexOf ( T item )`

**6.16.3.10 Insert()** void `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Insert ( int index, T item )`

**6.16.3.11 Peek()** T `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Peek ( )`

Returns the element at the front of the queue without removing it.

### Returns

The item at the front of the queue.

**Exceptions**

<i>InvalidOperationException</i>	If the queue is empty.
----------------------------------	------------------------

**6.16.3.12 Remove()** `bool Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Remove ( T item )`

**6.16.3.13 RemoveAt()** `void Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.RemoveAt ( int index )`

**6.16.3.14 RemoveRange()** `void Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.RemoveRange ( int index, int count )`

Removes a range of items from the queue.

**Parameters**

<i>index</i>	The first index to remove.
<i>count</i>	The number of items to remove.

**6.16.3.15 TryDequeue()** `bool Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.TryDequeue ( out T item )`

Get the element at the front of the queue if it is not empty, remove it, and return whether this was successful.

**Parameters**

<i>item</i>	The item at the front of the queue.
-------------	-------------------------------------

**Returns**

Whether an item was available to dequeue.

**6.16.3.16 TryPeek()** `bool Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.TryPeek ( out T item )`

Get the element at the front of the queue if it is not empty, and return whether this was successful.

**Parameters**

<i>item</i>	The item at the front of the queue.
-------------	-------------------------------------

**Returns**

Whether an item was available to peek.

#### 6.16.4 Property Documentation

##### 6.16.4.1 Capacity int `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Capacity` [get]

Current capacity, which will be automatically expanded when needed.

Expanding capacity is an O(n) operation, so it should be avoided when possible.

##### 6.16.4.2 Count int `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.Count` [get], [private set]

##### 6.16.4.3 IsReadOnly bool `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.IsReadOnly` [get]

##### 6.16.4.4 this[int index] T `Infohazard.Core.ListQueue< T >.this[int index]` [get], [set]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/DataStructures/ListQueue.cs

### 6.17 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility Class Reference

Contains utility methods for working with mathematical types and solving math equations.

## Static Public Member Functions

- static float [RoundToNearest](#) (float value, float factor)
 

*Round a value to the nearest multiple of a given factor.*
- static float [SignZero](#) (float value)
 

*Same as Mathf.Sign, except that if the input is zero, it returns zero.*
- static float [NormalizeAngle](#) (float angle)
 

*Normalize an angle to a value between 0 and 360.*
- static Vector3 [NormalizeAngles](#) (Vector3 angles)
 

*Normalize a set of euler angles to values between 0 and 360.*
- static float [NormalizeInnerAngle](#) (float angle)
 

*Normalize an angle to a value between -180 and 180.*
- static Vector3 [NormalizeInnerAngles](#) (Vector3 angles)
 

*Normalize a set of euler angles to values between -180 and 180.*
- static float [ClampInnerAngle](#) (float angle, float min, float max)
 

*Normalize an angle to a value between -180 and 180, then clamp it in the given range.*
- static Vector3 [ClampInnerAngles](#) (Vector3 angles, Vector3 min, Vector3 max)
 

*Normalize a set of euler angles to values between -180 and 180, then clamp them in the given ranges.*
- static Vector3 [Multiply](#) (Vector3 left, Vector3 right)
 

*Multiply the components of left by the components of right.*
- static Vector3 [Divide](#) (Vector3 left, Vector3 right)
 

*Divide the components of left by the components of right.*
- static Vector3 [Reciprocal](#) (Vector3 vector)
 

*Take the reciprocal of each component of a vector.*
- static Vector3 [Divide](#) (float left, Vector3 right)
 

*Divide a float by each component of a vector.*
- static Vector3 [RoundToNearest](#) (Vector3 vector, float factor)
 

*Round each component of a vector to the nearest multiple of a given factor.*
- static bool [GetNearestPointOnLines](#) (Ray line1, Ray line2, out float t1, out float t2)
 

*Find the point along each line where the lines come closest to each other.*
- static float [GetNearestPointOnLine](#) (Ray line, Vector3 p)
 

*Get the point on a line where it is nearest to a position.*
- static bool [GetNearestPointOnSegment](#) (Vector3 v1, Vector3 v2, Vector3 point, out Vector3 pointOnSegment)
 

*Find the point on a bounded line segment where it is nearest to a position, and return whether that point is in the segment's bounds.*
- static Vector3 [GetNearestPointOnTriangleIncludingBounds](#) (Vector3 v1, Vector3 v2, Vector3 v3, Vector3 point)
 

*Find the point on a triangle (including its bounds) where it is nearest to a position.*
- static bool [GetNearestPointOnTriangle](#) (Vector3 v1, Vector3 v2, Vector3 v3, Vector3 point, out Vector3 pointOnTriangle)
 

*Find the point on a triangle where it is nearest to a position, and return whether that point is in the triangle's bounds.*
- static bool [IsPointInsideBound](#) (Vector3 v1, Vector3 v2, Vector3 normal, Vector3 point)
 

*Returns true if a given point is on the inner side (defined by a given normal) of a segment.*
- static bool [DoesSegmentIntersectTriangle](#) (Vector3 v1, Vector3 v2, Vector3 v3, Vector3 s1, Vector3 s2, out float t)
 

*Raycast a line segment against a triangle, and return whether they intersect.*
- static Vector3 [WorldToCanvasPoint](#) (this Camera camera, Canvas canvas, Vector3 point)
 

*Projects a point in the world onto a canvas in camera or overlay space.*
- static Vector3 [GetPerpendicularVector](#) (this Vector3 vector)
 

*Returns a vector that is perpendicular to the given vector.*
- static int [Dot](#) (Vector3Int v1, Vector3Int v2)
 

*Dot product of two int vectors.*

- static Vector3 [WithX](#) (this Vector3 v, float x)  
*Replace the X component of a vector.*
- static Vector3 [WithY](#) (this Vector3 v, float y)  
*Replace the Y component of a vector.*
- static Vector3 [WithZ](#) (this Vector3 v, float z)  
*Replace the Z component of a vector.*
- static Vector2 [WithX](#) (this Vector2 v, float x)  
*Replace the X component of a vector.*
- static Vector2 [WithY](#) (this Vector2 v, float y)  
*Replace the Y component of a vector.*
- static Vector3 [WithZ](#) (this Vector2 v, float z)  
*Convert a Vector2 to a Vector3 with the given Z.*
- static Vector3 [AsXY](#) (this Vector2 v)  
*Get a Vector3 with the components (x, y, 0).*
- static Vector3 [AsYX](#) (this Vector2 v)  
*Get a Vector3 with the components (y, x, 0).*
- static Vector3 [AsXZ](#) (this Vector2 v)  
*Get a Vector3 with the components (x, 0, y).*
- static Vector3 [AsZX](#) (this Vector2 v)  
*Get a Vector3 with the components (y, 0, x).*
- static Vector3 [AsYZ](#) (this Vector2 v)  
*Get a Vector3 with the components (0, x, y).*
- static Vector3 [AsZY](#) (this Vector2 v)  
*Get a Vector3 with the components (0, y, x).*
- static Vector2 [ToXY](#) (this Vector3 v)  
*Get a Vector2 with the components (x, y).*
- static Vector2 [ToYX](#) (this Vector3 v)  
*Get a Vector2 with the components (y, x).*
- static Vector2 [ToXZ](#) (this Vector3 v)  
*Get a Vector2 with the components (x, z).*
- static Vector2 [ToZX](#) (this Vector3 v)  
*Get a Vector2 with the components (z, x).*
- static Vector2 [ToYZ](#) (this Vector3 v)  
*Get a Vector2 with the components (y, z).*
- static Vector2 [ToZY](#) (this Vector3 v)  
*Get a Vector2 with the components (z, y).*
- static Vector4 [ToV4Pos](#) (this Vector3 vector)  
*Get a Vector4 with the components (x, y, z, 1).*
- static Vector4 [ToV4](#) (this Vector3 vector)  
*Get a Vector4 with the components (x, y, z, 0).*
- static Quaternion [XYRotation](#) (Vector3 right, Vector3 upHint)  
*Get a quaternion based on a right vector and approximate up vector.*
- static Quaternion [YXRotation](#) (Vector3 up, Vector3 rightHint)  
*Get a quaternion based on a up vector and approximate right vector.*
- static Quaternion [XZRotation](#) (Vector3 right, Vector3 forwardHint)  
*Get a quaternion based on a right vector and approximate forward vector.*
- static Quaternion [ZXRotation](#) (Vector3 forward, Vector3 rightHint)  
*Get a quaternion based on a forward vector and approximate right vector.*
- static Quaternion [YZRotation](#) (Vector3 up, Vector3 forwardHint)  
*Get a quaternion based on a up vector and approximate forward vector.*
- static Quaternion [ZYRotation](#) (Vector3 forward, Vector3 upHint)  
*Get a quaternion based on a up vector and approximate forward vector.*

- static void [GetCorners](#) (this Bounds bounds, Vector3[] corners)
 

*Get a quaternion based on a forward vector and approximate up vector.*
- static bool [BoundsToScreenRect](#) (Transform transform, Bounds bounds, Func<Vector3, Vector3> worldToScreen, out Rect rect)
 

*Get the eight corners of a bounding box and save them in the given array.*
- static void [SplitHorizontal](#) (Rect rect, float gap, out Rect out1, out Rect out2, float div=0.5f)
 

*Get a screen rect that encapsulates the given bounds.*
- static void [SplitHorizontal](#) (Rect rect, float gap, out Rect out1, out Rect out2, out Rect out3, float div1=1.0f/3.0f, float div2=2.0f/3.0f)
 

*Split a rect into two halves horizontally, with given gap between the halves.*
- static void [SplitHorizontal](#) (Rect rect, float gap, out Rect out1, out Rect out2, out Rect out3, float div1=1.0f/3.0f, float div2=2.0f/3.0f)
 

*Split a rect into three thirds horizontally, with given gap between the thirds.*

## Static Public Attributes

- static Complex [Complex](#)

*Evaluate all cubic roots of this Complex.*
- static Complex [r1](#)

*Solve a quadratic equation (find x such that the result is zero) in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ .*
- static readonly Vector3[] [BoundsCornerArray](#) = new Vector3[8]
 

*A static array that can be used to store the output of [GetCorners](#), as long as the values are copied from the array right away.*

### 6.17.1 Detailed Description

Contains utility methods for working with mathematical types and solving math equations.

### 6.17.2 Member Function Documentation

**6.17.2.1 AsXY()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.AsXY (this Vector2 v) [static]

Get a Vector3 with the components (x, y, 0).

**6.17.2.2 AsXZ()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.AsXZ (this Vector2 v) [static]

Get a Vector3 with the components (x, 0, y).

**6.17.2.3 AsYX()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.AsYX (this Vector2 v) [static]

Get a Vector3 with the components (y, x, 0).

**6.17.2.4 AsYZ()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.AsYZ ( this Vector2 v ) [static]

Get a Vector3 with the components (0, x, y).

**6.17.2.5 AsZX()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.AsZX ( this Vector2 v ) [static]

Get a Vector3 with the components (y, 0, x).

**6.17.2.6 AsZY()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.AsZY ( this Vector2 v ) [static]

Get a Vector3 with the components (0, y, x).

**6.17.2.7 BoundsToScreenRect()** static bool Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.BoundsToScreenRect ( Transform transform, Bounds bounds, Func< Vector3, Vector3 > worldToScreen, out Rect rect ) [static]

Get a screen rect that encapsulates the given bounds.

#### Parameters

<i>transform</i>	Parent that the bounds are attached to (can be null).
<i>bounds</i>	The input bounds.
<i>worldToScreen</i>	A function that converts world points to screen points, such as Camera.WorldToScreenPoint.
<i>rect</i>	A screen rect that encapsulates the bounds.

#### Returns

Whether a screen rect could be calculated (false if completely off screen).

**6.17.2.8 ClampInnerAngle()** static float Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ClampInnerAngle ( float angle, float min, float max ) [static]

Normalize an angle to a value between -180 and 180, then clamp it in the given range.

**Parameters**

<i>angle</i>	Input angle.
<i>min</i>	Min clamp value (applied after normalize).
<i>max</i>	Max Clamp value (applied after normalize).

**Returns**

Angle between min and max.

**6.17.2.9 ClampInnerAngles()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ClampInnerAngles ( Vector3 *angles*, Vector3 *min*, Vector3 *max* ) [static]

Normalize a set of euler angles to values between -180 and 180, then clamp them in the given ranges.

**Parameters**

<i>angles</i>	Input angles.
<i>min</i>	Min clamp values (applied after normalize).
<i>max</i>	Max Clamp values (applied after normalize).

**Returns**

Angles between min and max.

**6.17.2.10 Divide() [1/2]** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.Divide ( float *left*, Vector3 *right* ) [static]

Divide a float by each component of a vector.

**6.17.2.11 Divide() [2/2]** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.Divide ( Vector3 *left*, Vector3 *right* ) [static]

Divide the components of left by the components of right.

```
6.17.2.12 DoesSegmentIntersectTriangle() static bool Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.DoesSegmentIntersectTriangle (
    Vector3 v1,
    Vector3 v2,
    Vector3 v3,
    Vector3 s1,
    Vector3 s2,
    out float t ) [static]
```

Raycast a line segment against a triangle, and return whether they intersect.

#### Parameters

<i>v1</i>	The first triangle point.
<i>v2</i>	The second triangle point.
<i>v3</i>	The third triangle point.
<i>s1</i>	The start of the segment.
<i>s2</i>	The end of the segment.
<i>t</i>	The point along the input segment where it intersects the triangle, or -1.

#### Returns

Whether the segment intersects the triangle.

```
6.17.2.13 Dot() static int Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.Dot (
    Vector3Int v1,
    Vector3Int v2 ) [static]
```

Dot product of two int vectors.

```
6.17.2.14 GetCorners() static void Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.GetCorners (
    this Bounds bounds,
    Vector3[] corners ) [static]
```

Get the eight corners of a bounding box and save them in the given array.

You can use [BoundsCornerArray](#) to avoid allocating here.

#### Parameters

<i>bounds</i>	The input bounds.
<i>corners</i>	Array to save the values in.

```
6.17.2.15 GetNearestPointOnLine() static float Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.GetNearestPointOnLine (
    Line l,
```

```
Ray line,
Vector3 p ) [static]
```

Get the point on a line where it is nearest to a position.

#### Parameters

<i>line</i>	The input line.
<i>p</i>	The input position.

#### Returns

The point along the line where it is nearest to the position.

**6.17.2.16 GetNearestPointOnLines()** static bool Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.GetNearestPointOnLines (

```
Ray line1,
Ray line2,
out float t1,
out float t2 ) [static]
```

Find the point along each line where the lines come closest to each other.

If the lines are parallel, then return false.

#### Parameters

<i>line1</i>	The first line.
<i>line2</i>	The second line.
<i>t1</i>	The point along the first line where they are closest to intersecting.
<i>t2</i>	The point along the second line where they are closest to intersecting.

#### Returns

False if the lines are parallel, true otherwise.

**6.17.2.17 GetNearestPointOnSegment()** static bool Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.GetNearestPointOnSegment (

```
Vector3 v1,
Vector3 v2,
Vector3 point,
out Vector3 pointOnSegment ) [static]
```

Find the point on a bounded line segment where it is nearest to a position, and return whether that point is in the segment's bounds.

Does not return points on the ends of the segment. If the nearest point on the segment's line is outside the segment, will fail and not return a valid point.

**Parameters**

<i>v1</i>	The start of the segment.
<i>v2</i>	The end of the segment.
<i>point</i>	The point to search for.
<i>pointOnSegment</i>	The point on the segment closest to the input point.

**Returns**

Whether the nearest point is within the segment's bounds.

```
6.17.2.18 GetNearestPointOnTriangle() static bool Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.GetNearestPoint←
OnTriangle (
    Vector3 v1,
    Vector3 v2,
    Vector3 v3,
    Vector3 point,
    out Vector3 pointOnTriangle ) [static]
```

Find the point on a triangle where it is nearest to a position, and return whether that point is in the triangle's bounds.

Does not return points on the edge of the triangle. If the nearest point on the triangle's plane is outside the triangle, will fail and not return a valid point.

**Parameters**

<i>v1</i>	The first triangle point.
<i>v2</i>	The second triangle point.
<i>v3</i>	The third triangle point.
<i>point</i>	The point to search for.
<i>pointOnTriangle</i>	The point on the triangle closest to the input point.

**Returns**

Whether the nearest point is within the triangle's bounds.

```
6.17.2.19 GetNearestPointOnTriangleIncludingBounds() static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.Math←
Utility.GetNearestPointOnTriangleIncludingBounds (
    Vector3 v1,
    Vector3 v2,
    Vector3 v3,
    Vector3 point ) [static]
```

Find the point on a triangle (including its bounds) where it is nearest to a position.

If nearest point is on the triangle's bounds, that point will be returned, unlike [GetNearestPointOnTriangle](#).

**Parameters**

<i>v1</i>	The first triangle point.
<i>v2</i>	The second triangle point.
<i>v3</i>	The third triangle point.
<i>point</i>	The point to search for.

**Returns**

The nearest point on the triangle to the given point.

```
6.17.2.20 GetPerpendicularVector() static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.GetPerpendicularVector (
    this Vector3 vector ) [static]
```

Returns a vector that is perpendicular to the given vector.

**Parameters**

<i>vector</i>	Input vector.
---------------	---------------

**Returns**

A perpendicular vector.

```
6.17.2.21 IsPointInsideBound() static bool Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.IsPointInsideBound (
    Vector3 v1,
    Vector3 v2,
    Vector3 normal,
    Vector3 point ) [static]
```

Returns true if a given point is on the inner side (defined by a given normal) of a segment.

**Parameters**

<i>v1</i>	The start of the segment.
<i>v2</i>	The end of the segment.
<i>normal</i>	The normal, defining which side is inside.
<i>point</i>	The point to search for.

**Returns**

Whether the point is on the inner side.

**6.17.2.22 Multiply()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.Multiply (

```
Vector3 left,
Vector3 right ) [static]
```

Multiply the components of left by the components of right.

**6.17.2.23 NormalizeAngle()** static float Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.NormalizeAngle (

```
float angle ) [static]
```

Normalize an angle to a value between 0 and 360.

**Parameters**

<i>angle</i>	Input angle.
--------------	--------------

**Returns**

Angle between 0 and 360.

**6.17.2.24 NormalizeAngles()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.NormalizeAngles (

```
Vector3 angles ) [static]
```

Normalize a set of euler angles to values between 0 and 360.

**Parameters**

<i>angles</i>	Input angles.
---------------	---------------

**Returns**

Angles between 0 and 360.

**6.17.2.25 NormalizeInnerAngle()** static float Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.NormalizeInnerAngle (

```
float angle ) [static]
```

Normalize an angle to a value between -180 and 180.

**Parameters**

<i>angle</i>	Input angle.
--------------	--------------

**Returns**

Angle between -180 and 180.

**6.17.2.26 NormalizeInnerAngles()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.NormalizeInner→  
Angles (

Vector3 angles )	[static]
------------------	----------

Normalize a set of euler angles to values between -180 and 180.

**Parameters**

<i>angles</i>	Input angles.
---------------	---------------

**Returns**

Angles between -180 and 180.

**6.17.2.27 Reciprocal()** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.Reciprocal (

Vector3 vector )	[static]
------------------	----------

Take the reciprocal of each component of a vector.

**6.17.2.28 RoundToNearest() [1/2]** static float Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.RoundToNearest (

float value,	float factor )	[static]
--------------	----------------	----------

Round a value to the nearest multiple of a given factor.

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	Input value.
<i>factor</i>	Value to round to a multiple of.

**Returns**

Rounded value.

**6.17.2.29 RoundToNearest() [2/2]** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.RoundToNearest (

Vector3 vector,	float factor )	[static]
-----------------	----------------	----------

Round a each component of a vector to the nearest multiple of a given factor.

**Parameters**

<i>vector</i>	Input values.
<i>factor</i>	Value to round to a multiple of.

**Returns**

Rounded values.

**6.17.2.30 SignZero()** static float Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.SignZero ( float value ) [static]

Same as Mathf.Sign, except that if the input is zero, it returns zero.

**Parameters**

<i>value</i>	A number to get the sign of.
--------------	------------------------------

**Returns**

1 if the number is positive, -1 if the number is negative, 0 if the number is 0.

**6.17.2.31 SplitHorizontal()** [1/2] static void Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.SplitHorizontal ( Rect rect, float gap, out Rect out1, out Rect out2, float div = 0.5f ) [static]

Split a rect into two halves horizontally, with given gap between the halves.

**Parameters**

<i>rect</i>	Rect to split.
<i>gap</i>	Gap between the split halves.
<i>out1</i>	Output rect 1.
<i>out2</i>	Output rect 2.
<i>div</i>	The ratio of the total space taken up by the left rect.

**6.17.2.32 SplitHorizontal()** [2/2] static void Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.SplitHorizontal ( Rect rect,

```

    float gap,
    out Rect out1,
    out Rect out2,
    out Rect out3,
    float div1 = 1.0f / 3.0f,
    float div2 = 2.0f / 3.0f ) [static]
}

```

Split a rect into three thirds horizontally, with given gap between the thirds.

#### Parameters

<i>rect</i>	Rect to split.
<i>gap</i>	Gap between the split halves.
<i>out1</i>	Output rect 1.
<i>out2</i>	Output rect 2.
<i>out3</i>	Output rect 3.
<i>div1</i>	The ratio of the total space taken up by the left rect.
<i>div2</i>	The ratio of the total space taken up by the left and center rect.

**6.17.2.33 ToV4()** static Vector4 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToV4 ( this Vector3 vector ) [static]

Get a Vector4 with the components (x, y, z, 0).

**6.17.2.34 ToV4Pos()** static Vector4 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToV4Pos ( this Vector3 vector ) [static]

Get a Vector4 with the components (x, y, z, 1).

**6.17.2.35 ToXY()** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToXY ( this Vector3 v ) [static]

Get a Vector2 with the components (x, y).

**6.17.2.36 ToXZ()** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToXZ ( this Vector3 v ) [static]

Get a Vector2 with the components (x, z).

**6.17.2.37 ToYX()** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToYX ( this Vector3 v ) [static]

Get a Vector2 with the components (y, x).

**6.17.2.38 ToYZ()** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToYZ ( this Vector3 v ) [static]

Get a Vector2 with the components (y, z).

**6.17.2.39 ToZX()** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToZX ( this Vector3 v ) [static]

Get a Vector2 with the components (z, x).

**6.17.2.40 ToZY()** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ToZY ( this Vector3 v ) [static]

Get a Vector2 with the components (z, y).

**6.17.2.41 WithX() [1/2]** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WithX ( this Vector2 v, float x ) [static]

Replace the X component of a vector.

**6.17.2.42 WithX() [2/2]** static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WithX ( this Vector3 v, float x ) [static]

Replace the X component of a vector.

**6.17.2.43 WithY() [1/2]** static Vector2 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WithY ( this Vector2 v, float y ) [static]

Replace the Y component of a vector.

```
6.17.2.44 WithY() [2/2] static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WithY (
    this Vector3 v,
    float y ) [static]
```

Replace the Y component of a vector.

```
6.17.2.45 WithZ() [1/2] static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WithZ (
    this Vector2 v,
    float z ) [static]
```

Convert a Vector2 to a Vector3 with the given Z.

```
6.17.2.46 WithZ() [2/2] static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WithZ (
    this Vector3 v,
    float z ) [static]
```

Replace the Z component of a vector.

```
6.17.2.47 WorldToCanvasPoint() static Vector3 Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.WorldToCanvasPoint (
    this Camera camera,
    Canvas canvas,
    Vector3 point ) [static]
```

Projects a point in the world onto a canvas in camera or overlay space.

Similar to Camera.WorldToScreenPoint, but scaled to the size of the canvas and its viewport. Logs an error if the canvas is in world space, as that is not supported.

#### Parameters

<i>camera</i>	The camera to use for reference.
<i>canvas</i>	The canvas to use for reference.
<i>point</i>	The world point to find on the canvas.

#### Returns

The point on the canvas, usable as an anchoredPosition.

```
6.17.2.48 XYRotation() static Quaternion Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.XYRotation (
    Vector3 right,
    Vector3 upHint ) [static]
```

Get a quaternion based on a right vector and approximate up vector.

```
6.17.2.49 XZRotation() static Quaternion Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.XZRotation (
    Vector3 right,
    Vector3 forwardHint ) [static]
```

Get a quaternion based on a right vector and approximate forward vector.

```
6.17.2.50 YXRotation() static Quaternion Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.YXRotation (
    Vector3 up,
    Vector3 rightHint ) [static]
```

Get a quaternion based on a up vector and approximate right vector.

```
6.17.2.51 YZRotation() static Quaternion Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.YZRotation (
    Vector3 up,
    Vector3 forwardHint ) [static]
```

Get a quaternion based on a up vector and approximate forward vector.

```
6.17.2.52 ZXRotation() static Quaternion Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ZXRotation (
    Vector3 forward,
    Vector3 rightHint ) [static]
```

Get a quaternion based on a forward vector and approximate right vector.

```
6.17.2.53 ZYRotation() static Quaternion Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.ZYRotation (
    Vector3 forward,
    Vector3 upHint ) [static]
```

Get a quaternion based on a forward vector and approximate up vector.

### 6.17.3 Member Data Documentation

```
6.17.3.1 BoundsCornerArray readonly Vector3 [] Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.BoundsCornerArray
= new Vector3[8] [static]
```

A static array that can be used to store the output of [GetCorners](#), as long as the values are copied from the array right away.

```
6.17.3.2 Complex static Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.Complex [static]
```

Evaluate all cubic roots of this Complex.

**Parameters**

<i>complex</i>	The number to get the cube roots of.
----------------	--------------------------------------

**Returns**

All three complex cube roots.

**6.17.3.3 r1 static Complex Infohazard.Core.MathUtility.r1 [static]**

Solve a quadratic equation (find x such that the result is zero) in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ .

Solve a quartic equation (find x such that the result is zero) of the form  $ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e = 0$ .

Solve a cubic equation (find x such that the result is zero) in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$ .

**Parameters**

<i>a</i>	The coefficient for the $x^2$ term.
<i>b</i>	The coefficient for the $x$ term.
<i>c</i>	The constant term.

**Returns**

The two roots of the quadratic equation, which may be complex.

**Parameters**

<i>a</i>	The coefficient for the $x^3$ term.
<i>b</i>	The coefficient for the $x^2$ term.
<i>c</i>	The coefficient for the $x$ term.
<i>d</i>	The constant term.

**Returns**

The three roots of the cubic, which may be complex.

**Parameters**

<i>a</i>	The coefficient for the $x^4$ term.
<i>b</i>	The coefficient for the $x^3$ term.
<i>c</i>	The coefficient for the $x^2$ term.
<i>d</i>	The coefficient for the $x$ term.
<i>e</i>	The constant term.

**Returns**

The four roots of the quartic, which may be complex.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/MathUtility.cs

## 6.18 Infohazard.Core.MustImplementAttribute Class Reference

Applied to object reference fields to ensure that an assigned Object must implement one or more interfaces.

### Public Member Functions

- [MustImplementAttribute](#) (params Type[ ] types)

*Construct a new MustImplementAttribute.*

### Properties

- IReadOnlyList< Type > [RequiredTypes](#) [get]

*Interfaces that must be implemented by the assigned Object.*

### 6.18.1 Detailed Description

Applied to object reference fields to ensure that an assigned Object must implement one or more interfaces.

### 6.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.18.2.1 MustImplementAttribute() Infohazard.Core.MustImplementAttribute.MustImplementAttribute
(
    params Type[ ] types )
```

Construct a new [MustImplementAttribute](#).

#### Parameters

types	Interfaces that must be implemented by the assigned Object.
-------	---

### 6.18.3 Property Documentation

**6.18.3.1 RequiredTypes** `IReadOnlyList<Type> Infohazard.Core.MustImplementAttribute.RequiredTypes [get]`

Interfaces that must be implemented by the assigned Object.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/MustImplementAttribute.cs

## 6.19 Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator Class Reference

[IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#) that uses Unity validation internally, and allows adding additional validation with a simplified interface.

### Public Member Functions

- [ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#) (`Func< Object, Object > validator=null`)  
*Construct with a given validation function.*
- virtual Object [ValidateObjectFieldAssignment](#) (`Object[] references, Type objType, SerializedProperty property, int options`)  
*Validate the input objects for assignment to a field of the given type, and return a valid one.*

#### Parameters

<code>references</code>	<i>All objects attempting to be assigned.</i>
<code>objType</code>	<i>The type of the field.</i>
<code>property</code>	<i>The property that references the field.</i>
<code>options</code>	<i>Additional options (used internally by Unity).</i>

#### Returns

*The object to assign to the field, or null.*

### 6.19.1 Detailed Description

[IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#) that uses Unity validation internally, and allows adding additional validation with a simplified interface.

### 6.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.19.2.1 ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator()** `Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator.ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator ( Func< Object, Object > validator = null )`

Construct with a given validation function.

**Parameters**

<i>validator</i>	Simplified validation function that validates a single object.
------------------	--

### 6.19.3 Member Function Documentation

```
6.19.3.1 ValidateObjectFieldAssignment() virtual Object Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectReference<→
FieldAssignmentValidator.ValidateObjectFieldAssignment (
    Object[] references,
    Type objType,
    SerializedProperty property,
    int options ) [virtual]
```

Validate the input objects for assignment to a field of the given type, and return a valid one.

**Parameters**

<i>references</i>	All objects attempting to be assigned.
<i>objType</i>	The type of the field.
<i>property</i>	The property that references the field.
<i>options</i>	Additional options (used internally by Unity).

**Returns**

The object to assign to the field, or null.

Implements [Infohazard.Core.Editor.IObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Editor/Utility/ObjectReferenceFieldAssignmentValidator.cs

## 6.20 Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectValidators Class Reference

Provides methods for validating objects.

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static Func< Object, Object > [MustImplement](#) (!ReadOnlyList< Type > interfaces)  
*Ensures an object (or one of its components, if it's a GameObject) implements a list of interfaces.*

### 6.20.1 Detailed Description

Provides methods for validating objects.

## 6.20.2 Member Function Documentation

**6.20.2.1 MustImplement()** static Func< Object, Object > Infohazard.Core.Editor.ObjectValidators.←  
MustImplement ( IReadOnlyList< Type > *interfaces* ) [static]

Ensures an object (or one of its components, if it's a GameObject) implements a list of interfaces.

If the object is a GameObject and one of its components implements all interfaces, that component will be returned.

### Parameters

<i>interfaces</i>	List of interfaces that must be implemented.
-------------------	--

### Returns

The object or one of its components that implements all interfaces, or null.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Editor/Utility/ObjectValidators.cs

## 6.21 Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer Struct Reference

A lightweight timer that does not need to be updated each frame.

### Public Types

- enum [TimeMode](#)

*The various modes available for timers.*

### Public Member Functions

- [PassiveTimer](#) (float interval, [TimeMode](#) mode=[TimeMode.Scaled](#), bool initialize=true)  
*Construct a [PassiveTimer](#) with the given interval, which will be both the initial and repeat interval.*
- [PassiveTimer](#) (float initialInterval, float interval, [TimeMode](#) mode=[TimeMode.Scaled](#), bool initialize=true)  
*Construct a [PassiveTimer](#) with the given interval.*
- void [Initialize](#) ()  
*Initialize the timer.*
- bool [TryConsume](#) ()  
*If the current interval has ended, reset the interval and return true, else return false without reset.*
- void [StartInterval](#) ()  
*Restart the interval, so that the timer starts counting down from its repeat interval.*
- void [EndInterval](#) ()  
*End the interval, so the timer is in the expired state.*

## Properties

- float `InitialInterval` [get, set]  
*Initial interval to set the timer for in seconds.*
- float `Interval` [get, set]  
*The repeat interval for the in seconds.*
- `TimeMode Mode` [get, set]  
*What value for time that the timer uses (scaled, unscaled, or realtime).*
- bool `IsIntervalEnded` [get]  
*Whether the timer is in the expired state, meaning the current interval has elapsed.*
- float `IntervalStartTime` [get, set]  
*The start time for the current interval.*
- float `IntervalEndTime` [get]  
*The time at which the current interval will end (or has ended).*
- float `TimeSinceIntervalEnded` [get]  
*Time that has passed since the current interval ended (or, if not ended, a negative value).*
- bool `IsInitialized` [get, private set]  
*Whether the timer is initialized.*
- bool `HasIntervalStarted` [get, private set]  
*Whether an interval has started yet.*
- float `TimeUntilIntervalEnd` [get, set]  
*The time in seconds until the current interval ends.*
- float `RatioUntilIntervalEnd` [get]  
*A ratio going from one at interval start to zero at interval end.*
- float `TimeSinceIntervalStart` [get, set]  
*The time in seconds since the current interval started.*
- float `RatioSinceIntervalStart` [get]  
*A ratio going from zero at interval start to one at interval end.*
- bool `DidIntervalEndThisFrame` [get]  
*Whether the current interval ended during the current frame.*
- float `CurrentTimeWithoutPause` [get]  
*The current time read from Unity, based on the `Mode`.*
- float `CurrentTime` [get]  
*The current time read from Unity, taking into account time that the `PassiveTimer` has spent paused.*
- float `DeltaTime` [get]  
*The delta time read from Unity, based on the `Mode`.*
- float `PausedTime` [get, private set]  
*The time that the `PassiveTimer` has spent in a paused state.*
- bool `IsPaused` [get, set]  
*Get or set whether the `PassiveTimer` is paused.*

### 6.21.1 Detailed Description

A lightweight timer that does not need to be updated each frame.

Can be serialized directly in the inspector or created in code. If it is assigned in the inspector, you must call `Initialize` in Start/Awake/OnEnable/OnSpawned.

A `PassiveTimer` can be in one of four states:

- It has not yet been initialized (uninitialized state).
- An interval is active and counting down (counting state).
- The timer is paused (paused state).
- An interval has expired (expired state).

## 6.21.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

### 6.21.2.1 TimeMode enum Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.TimeMode

The various modes available for timers.

## 6.21.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.21.3.1 PassiveTimer() [1/2] Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.PassiveTimer (
    float interval,
    TimeMode mode = TimeMode.Scaled,
    bool initialize = true )
```

Construct a [PassiveTimer](#) with the given interval, which will be both the initial and repeat interval.

#### Parameters

<i>interval</i>	The initial and repeat interval.
<i>mode</i>	Time mode to use.
<i>initialize</i>	Whether to initialize the timer and start counting immediately.

```
6.21.3.2 PassiveTimer() [2/2] Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.PassiveTimer (
    float initialInterval,
    float interval,
    TimeMode mode = TimeMode.Scaled,
    bool initialize = true )
```

Construct a [PassiveTimer](#) with the given interval.

#### Parameters

<i>initialInterval</i>	The initial interval.
<i>interval</i>	The repeat interval.
<i>mode</i>	Time mode to use.
<i>initialize</i>	Whether to initialize the timer and start counting immediately.

## 6.21.4 Member Function Documentation

**6.21.4.1 EndInterval()** void Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.EndInterval ( )

End the interval, so the timer is in the expired state.

**6.21.4.2 Initialize()** void Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.Initialize ( )

Initialize the timer.

You must call this when your script initializes if the timer was assigned in the inspector.

**6.21.4.3 StartInterval()** void Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.StartInterval ( )

Restart the interval, so that the timer starts counting down from its repeat interval.

**6.21.4.4 TryConsume()** bool Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.TryConsume ( )

If the current interval has ended, reset the interval and return true, else return false without reset.

This is useful to create ability cooldowns or weapon fire rates. See the following example:

```
if (AbilityButtonPressed() && AbilityTimer.TryConsume()) {
    UseAbility();
}
```

**Returns**

Whether the interval was ended and has been reset.

**6.21.5 Property Documentation****6.21.5.1 CurrentTime** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.CurrentTime [get]

The current time read from Unity, taking into account time that the [PassiveTimer](#) has spent paused.

**6.21.5.2 CurrentTimeWithoutPause** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.CurrentTimeWithoutPause [get]

The current time read from Unity, based on the [Mode](#).

**Exceptions**

<a href="#">ArgumentOutOfRangeException</a>	If <a href="#">Mode</a> is invalid.
---	-------------------------------------

**6.21.5.3 DeltaTime** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.DeltaTime [get]

The delta time read from Unity, based on the [Mode](#).

**Exceptions**

<i>ArgumentOutOfRangeException</i>	If <a href="#">Mode</a> is invalid or realtime.
------------------------------------	---

**6.21.5.4 DidIntervalEndThisFrame** bool Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.DidIntervalEndThisFrame [get]

Whether the current interval ended during the current frame.

This can be used to create actions that happen only once, the moment a timer expires.

**6.21.5.5 HasIntervalStarted** bool Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.HasIntervalStarted [get], [private set]

Whether an interval has started yet.

**6.21.5.6 InitialInterval** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.InitialInterval [get], [set]

Initial interval to set the timer for in seconds.

This interval begins when [Initialize](#) is called, or when the timer is created from a non-default constructor.

**6.21.5.7 Interval** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.Interval [get], [set]

The repeat interval for the in seconds.

This interval begins when [StartInterval](#) or [TryConsume](#) is used.

**6.21.5.8 IntervalEndTime** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.IntervalEndTime [get]

The time at which the current interval will end (or has ended).

**6.21.5.9 IntervalStartTime** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.IntervalStartTime [get], [set]

The start time for the current interval.

**6.21.5.10 IsInitialized** bool Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.IsInitialized [get], [private set]

Whether the timer is initialized.

**6.21.5.11 IsIntervalEnded** bool Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.IsIntervalEnded [get]

Whether the timer is in the expired state, meaning the current interval has elapsed.

**6.21.5.12 IsPaused** bool Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.IsPaused [get], [set]

Get or set whether the [PassiveTimer](#) is paused.

It is not necessary to pause timers to account for the game pausing, as long as they are using realtime. This allows an individual timer to be paused separately from the rest of the game.

**6.21.5.13 Mode** [TimeMode](#) Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.Mode [get], [set]

What value for time that the timer uses (scaled, unscaled, or realtime).

**6.21.5.14 PausedTime** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.PausedTime [get], [private set]

The time that the [PassiveTimer](#) has spent in a paused state.

**6.21.5.15 RatioSinceIntervalStart** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.RatioSinceIntervalStart [get]

A ratio going from zero at interval start to one at interval end.

**6.21.5.16 RatioUntilIntervalEnd** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.RatioUntilIntervalEnd [get]

A ratio going from one at interval start to zero at interval end.

**6.21.5.17 TimeSinceIntervalEnded** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.TimeSinceIntervalEnded [get]

Time that has passed since the current interval ended (or, if not ended, a negative value).

**6.21.5.18 TimeSinceIntervalStart** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.TimeSinceIntervalStart [get], [set]

The time in seconds since the current interval started.

**6.21.5.19 TimeUntilIntervalEnd** float Infohazard.Core.PassiveTimer.TimeUntilIntervalEnd [get], [set]

The time in seconds until the current interval ends.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Timing/PassiveTimer.cs

## 6.22 Infohazard.Core.Pause Class Reference

Manages pausing and unpausing of the game.

### Properties

- static float [TimeScale](#) [get, set]  
*Get or set the non-paused timescale. Only affects current Time.timeScale if not paused.*
- static bool [Paused](#) [get, set]  
*Controls paused state of the game.*

### Events

- static Action [GamePaused](#)  
*Invoked when the game pauses.*
- static Action [GameResumed](#)  
*Invoked when the game un-pauses.*

### 6.22.1 Detailed Description

Manages pausing and unpausing of the game.

Any actions that should only happen when the game is not paused should check Pause.paused. Can be used statically if pause is controlled elsewhere, or placed as a component to pause the game from a UnityEvent. The game will automatically unpause when a new scene is loaded.

### 6.22.2 Property Documentation

**6.22.2.1 Paused** bool Infohazard.Core.Pause.Paused [static], [get], [set]

Controls paused state of the game.

This cannot completely prevent game actions from happening, but it does sets Time.timeScale to 0 so that Physics and animation will stop.

**6.22.2.2 TimeScale** float Infohazard.Core.Pause.TimeScale [static], [get], [set]

Get or set the non-paused timescale. Only affects current Time.timeScale if not paused.

**6.22.3 Event Documentation****6.22.3.1 GamePaused** Action Infohazard.Core.Pause.GamePaused [static]

Invoked when the game pauses.

**6.22.3.2 GameResumed** Action Infohazard.Core.Pause.GameResumed [static]

Invoked when the game un-pauses.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Timing/Pause.cs

**6.23 Infohazard.Core.Pool< T > Class Template Reference**

Provides a simple pool with an interface similar to the official Unity pool added in 2021.

**Public Member Functions**

- **Pool** (Func< T > createFunc, Action< T > getAction=null, Action< T > releaseAction=null, Action< T > destroyAction=null, int maxCount=0)  
*Create a new ObjectPool.*
- T **Get** ()  
*Retrieve an item from the pool, creating a new one if necessary.*
- void **Release** (T item)  
*Return an object to the pool, destroying it if over max count.*
- void **Clear** ()  
*Destroy all objects in the pool.*
- void **Remove** (T item)  
*Remove an item from the pool without cleaning it up.*
- void **Dispose** ()  
*Destroy all objects in the pool.*

## Properties

- Func< T > [CreateFunc](#) [get, set]  
*Function invoked to create an instance, which must not be null.*
- Action< T > [GetAction](#) [get, set]  
*Callback invoked when an object is retrieved from the pool.*
- Action< T > [ReleaseAction](#) [get, set]  
*Callback invoked when an object is returned to the pool.*
- Action< T > [DestroyAction](#) [get, set]  
*Callback invoked when an object is destroyed in the pool.*
- int [MaxCount](#) = 0 [get, set]  
*Max objects in pool, or 0 for no limit.*

### 6.23.1 Detailed Description

Provides a simple pool with an interface similar to the official Unity pool added in 2021.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	Type of pooled object.
----------	------------------------

### 6.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.23.2.1 Pool() Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.Pool (
    Func< T > createFunc,
    Action< T > getAction = null,
    Action< T > releaseAction = null,
    Action< T > destroyAction = null,
    int maxCount = 0 )
```

Create a new ObjectPool.

#### Parameters

<i>createFunc</i>	Function invoked to create an instance, which must not be null.
<i>getAction</i>	Callback invoked when an object is retrieved from the pool.
<i>releaseAction</i>	Callback invoked when an object is returned to the pool.
<i>destroyAction</i>	Callback invoked when an object is destroyed in the pool.
<i>maxCount</i>	Max objects in pool, or 0 for no limit.

### 6.23.3 Member Function Documentation

**6.23.3.1 Clear()** void `Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.Clear ( )`

Destroy all objects in the pool.

**6.23.3.2 Dispose()** void `Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.Dispose ( )`

Destroy all objects in the pool.

**6.23.3.3 Get()** T `Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.Get ( )`

Retrieve an item from the pool, creating a new one if necessary.

**Returns**

The retrieved object.

**6.23.3.4 Release()** void `Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.Release ( T item )`

Return an object to the pool, destroying it if over max count.

**Parameters**

<i>item</i>	The object to release.
-------------	------------------------

**6.23.3.5 Remove()** void `Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.Remove ( T item )`

Remove an item from the pool without cleaning it up.

**Parameters**

<i>item</i>	Item to remove.
-------------	-----------------

**6.23.4 Property Documentation**

**6.23.4.1 CreateFunc** Func<T> Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.CreateFunc [get], [set]

Function invoked to create an instance, which must not be null.

**6.23.4.2 DestroyAction** Action<T> Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.DestroyAction [get], [set]

Callback invoked when an object is destroyed in the pool.

**6.23.4.3 GetAction** Action<T> Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.GetAction [get], [set]

Callback invoked when an object is retrieved from the pool.

**6.23.4.4 MaxCount** int Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.MaxCount = 0 [get], [set]

Max objects in pool, or 0 for no limit.

**6.23.4.5 ReleaseAction** Action<T> Infohazard.Core.Pool< T >.ReleaseAction [get], [set]

Callback invoked when an object is returned to the pool.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/Pool.cs

## 6.24 Infohazard.Core.PooledParticleEffect Class Reference

A component that can be attached to ParticleSystem GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.

### 6.24.1 Detailed Description

A component that can be attached to ParticleSystem GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.

This script enables ParticleSystems to reset and play when they are spawned using the pooling system, and to optionally despawn themselves when they complete. This script must be placed on a GameObject with a ParticleSystem component, and there must be a **Spawnable** component in this object or a parent. In order for despawning to work, the ParticleSystem must have its Stop Action set to Callback. If there are multiple ParticleSystems in a prefab, only the root one should have \_despawnOnDone set to true.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/PooledParticleEffect.cs

## 6.25 Infohazard.Core.PooledTrail Class Reference

A component that can be attached to TrailRenderer GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.

### 6.25.1 Detailed Description

A component that can be attached to TrailRenderer GameObjects to make them work correctly with pooling.

This script enables TrailRenderers to reset when they are spawned using the pooling system. This script must be placed on a GameObject with a TrailRenderer component.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/PooledTrail.cs

## 6.26 Infohazard.Core.PoolManager Class Reference

The singleton manager class that handles object pooling.

### Public Member Functions

- **Spawnable SpawnPrefab** ([Spawnable](#) prefab, in [SpawnParams](#) spawnParams=default)  
*Spawn an instance of the specified prefab, creating a [DefaultPoolHandler](#) if one does not already exist.*
- **Spawnable SpawnFromKey** (object key, in [SpawnParams](#) spawnParams=default)  
*Spawn an instance with the specified key. If no IPoolHandler is registered for key, an error is logged and null is returned.*
- bool **HasPoolHandler** (object key)  
*Return whether a IPoolHandler has been registered with the given key.*
- bool **TryGetPoolHandler** (object key, out IPoolHandler handler)  
*Get the IPoolHandler for the given key, if one is registered (return false otherwise).*
- void **AddPoolHandler** (object key, IPoolHandler handler)  
*Register a new IPoolHandler for the given key.*
- void **DespawnInstance** ([Spawnable](#) instance)  
*Despawn the given instance, returning it back to its pool if it has one.*
- void **ClearInactiveObjects** ()  
*Destroy and cleanup any inactive instances for [DefaultPoolHandlers](#) created by the [PoolManager](#).*

### Properties

- static **PoolManager Instance** [get]  
*The singleton [PoolManager](#) instance.*
- Transform **PoolTransform** [get]  
*Transform that inactive instances will be parented to.*

### 6.26.1 Detailed Description

The singleton manager class that handles object pooling.

There should only ever be one [PoolManager](#) at a time, but this can be created either manually or automatically when needed. You can have one [PoolManager](#) per scene, or have a shared one across all scenes. The only time you'll typically need to interact with the [PoolManager](#) is to call [ClearInactiveObjects](#) when loading a new level, if the previously pooled objects are no longer necessary. All normal spawning and despawning of instances should be done through the [Spawnable](#) class.

### 6.26.2 Member Function Documentation

**6.26.2.1 AddPoolHandler()** `void Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.AddPoolHandler (`  
`object key,`  
`IPoolHandler handler )`

Register a new IPoolHandler for the given key.

The registered IPoolHandler will NOT be retained by the [PoolManager](#).

#### Parameters

<code>key</code>	Key used to spawn objects using handler.
<code>handler</code>	IPoolHandler used to spawn objects for key.

**6.26.2.2 ClearInactiveObjects()** `void Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.ClearInactiveObjects ( )`

Destroy and cleanup any inactive instances for [DefaultPoolHandlers](#) created by the [PoolManager](#).

IPoolHandlers created manually and added using [AddPoolHandler](#) will NOT be affected. This is meant to be called when loading a new level, to ensure pooled instances to not stay around forever.

**6.26.2.3 DespawnInstance()** `void Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.DespawnInstance (`  
`Spawnable instance )`

Despawn the given instance, returning it back to its pool if it has one.

#### Parameters

<code>instance</code>	<input type="text"/>
-----------------------	----------------------

**6.26.2.4 HasPoolHandler()** `bool Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.HasPoolHandler (`  
`object key )`

Return whether a IPoolHandler has been registered with the given key.

#### Parameters

<i>key</i>	Key of the IPoolHandler, such as the prefab itself.
------------	---

#### Returns

Whether there is an IPoolHandler for key.

**6.26.2.5 SpawnFromKey()** `Spawnable Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.SpawnFromKey (`  
`object key,`  
`in SpawnParams spawnParams = default )`

Spawn an instance with the specified key. If no IPoolHandler is registered for key, an error is logged and null is returned.

The key may be a prefab that was previously registered using [SpawnPrefab](#), or another object for which an IPoolHandler was manually registered using [AddPoolHandler](#).

#### Parameters

<i>key</i>	Key of the IPoolHandler, such as the prefab itself.
<i>spawnParams</i>	Additional spawn info.

#### Returns

The spawned instance, or null if no handler found.

**6.26.2.6 SpawnPrefab()** `Spawnable Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.SpawnPrefab (`  
`Spawnable prefab,`  
`in SpawnParams spawnParams = default )`

Spawn an instance of the specified prefab, creating a [DefaultPoolHandler](#) if one does not already exist.

If a new [DefaultPoolHandler](#) is created, it will be retained by the [PoolManager](#).

#### Parameters

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>spawnParams</i>	Additional spawn information.

#### Returns

The spawned instance.

```
6.26.2.7 TryGetPoolHandler() bool Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.TryGetPoolHandler (
    object key,
    out IPoolHandler handler )
```

Get the IPoolHandler for the given key, if one is registered (return false otherwise).

#### Parameters

<code>key</code>	Key of the IPoolHandler, such as the prefab itself.
<code>handler</code>	The registered IPoolHandler for key, or null if none.

#### Returns

Whether there is an IPoolHandler for key.

## 6.26.3 Property Documentation

**6.26.3.1 Instance** `PoolManager` Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.Instance [static], [get]

The singleton `PoolManager` instance.

If this property is accessed when there is no active instance, one will be created automatically.

**6.26.3.2 PoolTransform** `Transform` Infohazard.Core.PoolManager.PoolTransform [get]

Transform that inactive instances will be parented to.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/PoolManager.cs

## 6.27 Infohazard.Core.ProgressBar Class Reference

Used to create health bars and other types of progress bars without using a Slider.

### Properties

- float `FillAmount` [get, set]

*By what value to fill the bar.*

### 6.27.1 Detailed Description

Used to create health bars and other types of progress bars without using a Slider.

It supports images that fill the bar using either the “filled” image type or by manipulating the RectTransform anchors.

### 6.27.2 Property Documentation

#### 6.27.2.1 **FillAmount** float Infohazard.Core.ProgressBar.FillAmount [get], [set]

By what value to fill the bar.

A value of zero means empty, one means full.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/ProgressBar.cs

## 6.28 Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.PropNames Class Reference

This is used to refer to the names of private fields in this class from a custom [Editor](#).

### 6.28.1 Detailed Description

This is used to refer to the names of private fields in this class from a custom [Editor](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/SpawnRef.cs

## 6.29 Infohazard.Core.RandomUtility Class Reference

Contains extensions to builtin randomization functionality.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static long [NextLong](#) (this System.Random random, long min, long max)  
*Generate a random long between min and max.*
- static ulong [NextUlong](#) (this System.Random random)  
*Generate a random ulong.*

### 6.29.1 Detailed Description

Contains extensions to builtin randomization functionality.

### 6.29.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.29.2.1 NextLong() static long Infohazard.Core.RandomUtility.NextLong (
    this System.Random random,
    long min,
    long max ) [static]
```

Generate a random long between min and max.

```
6.29.2.2 NextUlong() static ulong Infohazard.Core.RandomUtility.NextUlong (
    this System.Random random ) [static]
```

Generate a random ulong.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/RandomUtility.cs

## 6.30 Infohazard.Core.SceneControl Class Reference

Provides some methods to navigate to scenes.

### Public Member Functions

- void [CancelButton \(\)](#)  
*Non-static equivalent of [Quit](#).*
- void [ReloadScene \(\)](#)  
*Reload the current scene.*
- void [LoadScene \(string sceneName\)](#)  
*Load a scene with a given name.*

### Static Public Member Functions

- static void [Quit \(\)](#)  
*If in the editor, exit play mode. Otherwise, close the application.*

### 6.30.1 Detailed Description

Provides some methods to navigate to scenes.

Also provides a static method to quit the game that works in a standalone build as well as in the editor. This script is useful if you're building a super quick main menu (such as in the last half hour of a game jam) and need to hook up your buttons as fast as possible.

### 6.30.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.30.2.1 LoadScene() `void Infohazard.Core.SceneControl.LoadScene ( string sceneName )`

Load a scene with a given name.

Scene will be loaded as a single (not additively).

##### Parameters

<code>sceneName</code>	The scene name to load.
------------------------	-------------------------

#### 6.30.2.2 Quit() `static void Infohazard.Core.SceneControl.Quit ( ) [static]`

If in the editor, exit play mode. Otherwise, close the application.

#### 6.30.2.3 QuitButton() `void Infohazard.Core.SceneControl.QuitButton ( )`

Non-static equivalent of [Quit](#).

#### 6.30.2.4 ReloadScene() `void Infohazard.Core.SceneControl.ReloadScene ( )`

Reload the current scene.

Current scene is determined by `SceneManager.GetActiveScene ()`, and is loaded as a single scene. This method is not very helpful if your game has multiple scenes open at a time.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/SceneControl.cs

## 6.31 Infohazard.Core.Singleton< T > Class Template Reference

Base class that makes it easier to write scripts that always have exactly one instance.

### Properties

- static T **Instance** [get]  
*Get the singleton instance of the script.*

#### 6.31.1 Detailed Description

Base class that makes it easier to write scripts that always have exactly one instance.

You can inherit from this script in managers or other scripts. You must still place the script on a GameObject in the scene. A static **Instance** accessor is automatically provided, which will do a lazy search for the correct instance the first time it is used, or if the previous instance was destroyed. After that it will just return a cached instance.

### Template Parameters

T	Pass the name of the inheriting class here to set the type of <b>Instance</b> .
---	---

### Type Constraints

**T : SingletonBase**

#### 6.31.2 Property Documentation

##### 6.31.2.1 Instance T Infohazard.Core.Singleton< T >.Instance [static], [get]

Get the singleton instance of the script.

If it hasn't been found yet (or the old instance was destroyed), will do a search using `Object.Find{T}`. Otherwise it returns the cached instance. However, it will not create a new instance for you.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/Singleton.cs

## 6.32 Infohazard.Core.SingletonAsset< T > Class Template Reference

Base class that makes it easier to write ScriptableObjects that always have exactly one instance in your project.

### Properties

- static T **Instance** [get]  
*Get the singleton instance of the script.*

### 6.32.1 Detailed Description

Base class that makes it easier to write ScriptableObjects that always have exactly one instance in your project.

Similar to [Singleton](#), but for ScriptableObjects. You specify a path in your subclass where the instance should live (this must be under a Resources folder) and the editor will automatically handle loading and even creating this asset for you when needed.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	Pass the name of the inheriting class here to set the type of <a href="#">Instance</a> .
----------	--

#### Type Constraints

*T* : [SingletonAssetBase](#)

### 6.32.2 Property Documentation

#### 6.32.2.1 Instance `T Infohazard.Core.SingletonAsset< T >.Instance [static], [get]`

Get the singleton instance of the script.

If it hasn't been loaded yet, will try to load from [SingletonAssetBase.ResourcePath](#). If in the editor and the asset doesn't exist, it will be created at [SingletonAssetBase.ResourceFolderPath/SingletonAssetBase.ResourcePath](#). Otherwise, the cached instance (or null) will be returned.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/SingletonAsset.cs

## 6.33 Infohazard.Core.SingletonAssetBase Class Reference

Base class of `SingletonAsset<T>`. For internal use only.

#### Properties

- abstract string [ResourceFolderPath](#) [get]  
*Return the path at which the Resources folder containing this asset lives.*
- abstract string [ResourcePath](#) [get]  
*Returns the path of this asset relative to its Resources folder.*

### 6.33.1 Detailed Description

Base class of `SingletonAsset<T>`. For internal use only.

### 6.33.2 Property Documentation

**6.33.2.1 ResourceFolderPath** abstract string Infohazard.Core.SingletonAssetBase.ResourceFolderPath [get]

Return the path at which the Resources folder containing this asset lives.

```
public override string ResourceFolderPath => "Infohazard.Core.Data/Resources";
```

**6.33.2.2 ResourcePath** abstract string Infohazard.Core.SingletonAssetBase.ResourcePath [get]

Returns the path of this asset relative to its Resources folder.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/SingletonAsset.cs

## 6.34 Infohazard.Core.Spawnable Class Reference

Attach this component to a prefab to enable it to use the pooling system.

### Public Member Functions

- void **DespawnSelf** ()
 

*Despawn this instance and return it to the [PoolManager](#).*

### Static Public Member Functions

- static **Spawnable Spawn** (**Spawnable** prefab, Vector3? position=null, Quaternion? rotation=null, Transform parent=null, bool inWorldSpace=false, ulong persistedInstanceId=0, Scene? scene=null)
 

*Spawn a new pooled instance with the given properties.*
- static **Spawnable Spawn** (**Spawnable** prefab, in **SpawnParams** spawnParams=default)
 

*Spawn a new pooled instance with the given properties.*
- static void **Despawn** (**Spawnable** instance, float inSeconds=0.0f)
 

*Despawn a pooled instance, optionally after some time has passed.*
- static GameObject **Spawn** (GameObject prefab, Vector3? position=null, Quaternion? rotation=null, Transform parent=null, bool inWorldSpace=false, ulong persistedInstanceId=0, Scene? scene=null)
 

*Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.*
- static GameObject **Spawn** (GameObject prefab, in **SpawnParams** spawnParams=default)
 

*Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.*
- static void **Despawn** (GameObject instance, float inSeconds=0.0f)
 

*Despawn an instance, optionally after some time has passed, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.*
- static T **Spawn< T >** (T prefab, Vector3? position=null, Quaternion? rotation=null, Transform parent=null, bool inWorldSpace=false, ulong persistedInstanceId=0, Scene? scene=null)
 

*Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.*
- static T **Spawn< T >** (T prefab, in **SpawnParams** spawnParams=default)
 

*Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.*

## Properties

- bool **Pooled** [get]  
*Whether this object should be pooled.*
- bool **IsSpawned** [get, private set]  
*Whether or not this object is an active, spawned instance.*
- bool **IsDespawned** [get, private set]  
*Whether or not this object is currently an inactive instance.*
- IPoolHandler **PoolHandler** [get, set]  
*IPoolHandler which was used to spawn the object.*

## Events

- Action< **Spawnable** > **Spawned**  
*Invoked when the **Spawnable** is spawned.*
- Action< **Spawnable** > **Despawned**  
*Invoke when the **Spawnable** is despawned.*
- Action< **Spawnable** > **Destroyed**  
*Invoked when the **Spawnable** is destroyed (not just despawned).*

### 6.34.1 Detailed Description

Attach this component to a prefab to enable it to use the pooling system.

The static methods in this class are also the main way to spawn objects in a way that's compatible with the pooling system. When a **Spawnable** object is spawned, it will broadcast the **OnSpawned** message to its children. When it is despawned, it will broadcast the **OnDespawned** method.

### 6.34.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.34.2.1 Despawn() [1/2] static void Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Despawn (
    GameObject instance,
    float inSeconds = 0.0f ) [static]
```

Despawn an instance, optionally after some time has passed, using the pooling system if the prefab has a **Spawnable** script.

#### Parameters

<i>instance</i>	The instance to despawn.
<i>inSeconds</i>	The time to wait before despawning. If zero, despawn is synchronous.

```
6.34.2.2 Despawn() [2/2] static void Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Despawn (
```

```
Spawnable instance,
float inSeconds = 0.0f ) [static]
```

Despawn a pooled instance, optionally after some time has passed.

#### Parameters

<i>instance</i>	The instance to despawn.
<i>inSeconds</i>	The time to wait before despawning. If zero, despawn is synchronous.

#### 6.34.2.3 DespawnSelf() void Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.DespawnSelf ( )

Despawn this instance and return it to the [PoolManager](#).

```
6.34.2.4 Spawn() [1/4] static GameObject Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawn (
    GameObject prefab,
    in SpawnParams spawnParams = default ) [static]
```

Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.

#### Parameters

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>spawnParams</i>	Spawn properties.

#### Returns

The spawned instance.

```
6.34.2.5 Spawn() [2/4] static GameObject Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawn (
    GameObject prefab,
    Vector3? position = null,
    Quaternion? rotation = null,
    Transform parent = null,
    bool inWorldSpace = false,
    ulong persistedInstanceId = 0,
    Scene? scene = null ) [static]
```

Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.

#### Parameters

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>position</i>	The position to spawn at.

**Parameters**

<i>rotation</i>	The rotation to spawn at.
<i>parent</i>	The parent to spawn under.
<i>inWorldSpace</i>	If true, position/rotation are global, else they are local to parent.
<i>persistedInstanceID</i>	Existing persisted instance ID to assign.
<i>scene</i>	The scene to spawn in.

**Returns**

The spawned instance.

**6.34.2.6 Spawn()** [3/4] static `Spawnable` Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawn (   
     `Spawnable` *prefab*,  
     in `SpawnParams` *spawnParams* = *default* ) [static]

Spawn a new pooled instance with the given properties.

**Parameters**

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>spawnParams</i>	Spawn properties.

**Returns**

The spawned instance.

**6.34.2.7 Spawn()** [4/4] static `Spawnable` Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawn (   
     `Spawnable` *prefab*,  
     `Vector3?` *position* = *null*,  
     `Quaternion?` *rotation* = *null*,  
     `Transform` *parent* = *null*,  
     bool *inWorldSpace* = *false*,  
      *persistedInstanceID* = 0,  
     `Scene?` *scene* = *null* ) [static]

Spawn a new pooled instance with the given properties.

**Parameters**

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>position</i>	The position to spawn at.
<i>rotation</i>	The rotation to spawn at.
<i>parent</i>	The parent to spawn under.
<i>inWorldSpace</i>	If true, position/rotation are global, else they are local to parent.
<i>persistedInstanceID</i>	Existing persisted instance ID to assign.
<i>scene</i>	The scene to spawn in.

**Returns**

The spawned instance.

```
6.34.2.8 Spawn< T >() [1/2] static T Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawn< T > (
    T prefab,
    in SpawnParams spawnParams = default ) [static]
```

Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.

**Parameters**

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>spawnParams</i>	Spawn properties.

**Returns**

The spawned instance.

**Type Constraints**

*T* : *Component*

```
6.34.2.9 Spawn< T >() [2/2] static T Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawn< T > (
    T prefab,
    Vector3? position = null,
    Quaternion? rotation = null,
    Transform parent = null,
    bool inWorldSpace = false,
    ulong persistedInstanceId = 0,
    Scene? scene = null ) [static]
```

Spawn a new instance with the given properties, using the pooling system if the prefab has a [Spawnable](#) script.

**Parameters**

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to spawn.
<i>position</i>	The position to spawn at.
<i>rotation</i>	The rotation to spawn at.
<i>parent</i>	The parent to spawn under.
<i>inWorldSpace</i>	If true, position/rotation are global, else they are local to parent.
<i>persistedInstanceId</i>	Existing persisted instance ID to assign.
<i>scene</i>	The scene to spawn in.

**Returns**

The spawned instance.

**Type Constraints**

*T : Component*

**6.34.3 Property Documentation****6.34.3.1 IsDespawned** `bool Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.IsDespawned [get], [private set]`

Whether or not this object is currently an inactive instance.

**6.34.3.2 IsSpawned** `bool Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.IsSpawned [get], [private set]`

Whether or not this object is an active, spawned instance.

**6.34.3.3 Pooled** `bool Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Pooled [get]`

Whether this object should be pooled.

**6.34.3.4 PoolHandler** `IPoolHandler Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.PoolHandler [get], [set], [package]`

IPoolHandler which was used to spawn the object.

**6.34.4 Event Documentation****6.34.4.1 Despawned** `Action<Spawnable> Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Despawned`

Invoke when the [Spawnable](#) is despawned.

**6.34.4.2 Destroyed** `Action<Spawnable> Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Destroyed`

Invoked when the [Spawnable](#) is destroyed (not just despawned).

**6.34.4.3 Spawned** `Action<Spawnable> Infohazard.Core.Spawnable.Spawned`

Invoked when the `Spawnable` is spawned.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/Spawnable.cs

**6.35 Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams Struct Reference**

Used to pass spawn parameters to various object creation/initialization methods.

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static `SpawnParams At` (`Transform transform, bool parented=false, bool includeScene=false`)  
*Spawn at a given transform (copy position and rotation).*

**Public Attributes**

- `Vector3? Position`  
*Position to spawn at (if null, do not set position).*
- `Quaternion? Rotation`  
*Position to spawn at (if null, do not set rotation).*
- `Vector3? Scale`  
*Scale to spawn at (if null, do not set the scale).*
- `Transform Parent`  
*Parent to attach the object to. If null, no parent.*
- `bool InWorldSpace`  
*If true, given position/rotation/scale are considered world space. If false, they are considered in the space of the parent.*
- `ulong PersistedInstanceId`  
*Instance ID to pass to a `IPersistedInstance` script.*
- `Scene? Scene`  
*Scene to spawn in, if `Parent` is null.*

**Static Public Attributes**

- static readonly `SpawnParams Default = new SpawnParams()`  
*Default spawn params (no transform, parent, scene, or instance ID).*

**6.35.1 Detailed Description**

Used to pass spawn parameters to various object creation/initialization methods.

**6.35.2 Member Function Documentation****6.35.2.1 At()** `static SpawnParams Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.At (`  
`Transform transform,`  
`bool parented = false,`  
`bool includeScene = false ) [static]`

Spawn at a given transform (copy position and rotation).

**Parameters**

<i>transform</i>	The transform to spawn at.
<i>parented</i>	If true, parent spawned object to given transform.
<i>includeScene</i>	If true and parented is false, move to given transform's scene.

**Returns**

Resulting [SpawnParams](#).

### 6.35.3 Member Data Documentation

**6.35.3.1 Default** readonly [SpawnParams](#) Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.Default = new [SpawnParams\(\)](#) [static]

Default spawn params (no transform, parent, scene, or instance ID).

**6.35.3.2 InWorldSpace** bool Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.InWorldSpace

If true, given position/rotation/scale are considered world space. If false, they are considered in the space of the parent.

**6.35.3.3 Parent** Transform Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.Parent

Parent to attach the object to. If null, no parent.

**6.35.3.4 PersistedInstanceId** ulong Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.PersistedInstanceId

Instance ID to pass to a [IPersistedInstance](#) script.

**6.35.3.5 Position** Vector3? Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.Position

Position to spawn at (if null, do not set position).

**6.35.3.6 Rotation** Quaternion? Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.Rotation

Position to spawn at (if null, do not set rotation).

**6.35.3.7 Scale** Vector3? Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.Scale

Scale to spawn at (if null, do not set the scale).

**6.35.3.8 Scene** Scene? Infohazard.Core.SpawnParams.Scene

Scene to spawn in, if **Parent** is null.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/SpawnParams.cs

## 6.36 Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T > Class Template Reference

[SpawnRef](#) for spawning a GameObject directly.

### Public Member Functions

- [SpawnRef \(\)](#)  
*Default constructor (needed for Unity serialization).*
- [SpawnRef \(GameObject prefab\)](#)  
*Construct with a given prefab.*
- [SpawnRef \(\)](#)  
*Default constructor (needed for Unity serialization).*
- [SpawnRef \(T prefab\)](#)  
*Construct with a given prefab component.*

### Protected Member Functions

- override void [GetSpawnableAndGameObject](#) (T obj, out [Spawnable](#) spawnable, out GameObject game←Object)  
*Override to return the associated [Spawnable](#) script and GameObject for given object.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 6.36.1 Detailed Description

[SpawnRef](#) for spawning a GameObject directly.

[SpawnRef](#) for spawning a GameObject via one of its components.

### Type Constraints

**T : Component**

## 6.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 6.36.2.1 `SpawnRef()` [1/4] `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >.SpawnRef ( )`

Default constructor (needed for Unity serialization).

### 6.36.2.2 `SpawnRef()` [2/4] `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >.SpawnRef ( GameObject prefab )`

Construct with a given prefab.

#### Parameters

<code>prefab</code>	The prefab to be spawned.
---------------------	---------------------------

inheritdoc/>>

### 6.36.2.3 `SpawnRef()` [3/4] `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >.SpawnRef ( )`

Default constructor (needed for Unity serialization).

### 6.36.2.4 `SpawnRef()` [4/4] `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >.SpawnRef ( T prefab )`

Construct with a given prefab component.

#### Parameters

<code>prefab</code>	The prefab to be spawned.
---------------------	---------------------------

inheritdoc/>>

## 6.36.3 Member Function Documentation

### 6.36.3.1 `GetSpawnableAndGameObject()` `override void Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >.Get← SpawnableAndGameObject ( T obj, out Spawnable spawnable, out GameObject gameObject ) [protected], [virtual]`

Override to return the associated `Spawnable` script and `GameObject` for given object.

### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	The attached object.
<i>spawnable</i>	The <a href="#">Spawnable</a> script for <i>obj</i> .
<i>gameObject</i>	The <a href="#">GameObject</a> for <i>obj</i> .

Implements [Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/SpawnRef.cs

## 6.37 Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T > Class Template Reference

Only used internally.

### Classes

- class [PropNames](#)

*This is used to refer to the names of private fields in this class from a custom [Editor](#).*

### Public Member Functions

- [SpawnRefBase \(\)](#)  
*Default constructor (needed for Unity serialization).*
- [SpawnRefBase \(T prefab\)](#)  
*Construct with a given prefab.*
- virtual void [Retain \(\)](#)  
*Add a user to the [SpawnRef](#), creating the [DefaultPoolHandler](#) if necessary.*
- virtual void [Release \(\)](#)  
*Remove a user from the [SpawnRef](#), in turn releasing the [IPoolHandler](#).*
- T [Spawn \(in \[SpawnParams\]\(#\) spawnParams=default\)](#)  
*Spawn an instance of [Prefab](#). The [SpawnRef](#) MUST be retained.*

### Protected Member Functions

- abstract void [GetSpawnableAndGameObject \(T obj, out \[Spawnable\]\(#\) spawnable, out \[GameObject\]\(#\) gameObject\)](#)  
*Override to return the associated [Spawnable](#) script and [GameObject](#) for given object.*

### Properties

- bool [IsValid \[get\]](#)  
*Whether there is a valid prefab is attached.*
- T [Prefab \[get\]](#)  
*The prefab to be spawned.*

### 6.37.1 Detailed Description

Only used internally.

Used as a serializable utility for referencing a prefab, managing its [DefaultPoolHandler](#), and retaining/releasing that pool handler as necessary.

**Template Parameters**

<i>T</i>	The type of object to be referenced.
----------	--------------------------------------

**Type Constraints**

*T : Object*

**6.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation****6.37.2.1 SpawnRefBase() [1/2] `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.SpawnRefBase ( )`**

Default constructor (needed for Unity serialization).

**6.37.2.2 SpawnRefBase() [2/2] `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.SpawnRefBase ( T prefab )`**

Construct with a given prefab.

**Parameters**

<i>prefab</i>	The prefab to be spawned.
---------------	---------------------------

**6.37.3 Member Function Documentation****6.37.3.1 GetSpawnableAndGameObject() abstract void `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.GetSpawnableAndGameObject ( T obj, out Spawnable spawnable, out GameObject gameObject ) [protected], [pure virtual]`**

Override to return the associated **Spawnable** script and **GameObject** for given object.

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	The attached object.
<i>spawnable</i>	The <b>Spawnable</b> script for <i>obj</i> .
<i>gameObject</i>	The <b>GameObject</b> for <i>obj</i> .

Implemented in **Infohazard.Core.SpawnRef< T >**.

**6.37.3.2 Release()** virtual void `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.Release ( ) [virtual]`

Remove a user from the [SpawnRef](#), in turn releasing the [IPoolHandler](#).

**6.37.3.3 Retain()** virtual void `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.Retain ( ) [virtual]`

Add a user to the [SpawnRef](#), creating the [DefaultPoolHandler](#) if necessary.

The [IPoolHandler](#) for the object will be retained.

**6.37.3.4 Spawn()** `T Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.Spawn ( in SpawnParams spawnParams = default )`

Spawn an instance of [Prefab](#). The [SpawnRef](#) MUST be retained.

**Parameters**

<code>spawnParams</code>	Additional spawn info.
--------------------------	------------------------

**Returns**

The spawned object.

**6.37.4 Property Documentation****6.37.4.1 IsValid** bool `Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.IsValid [get]`

Whether there is a valid prefab is attached.

**6.37.4.2 Prefab** `T Infohazard.Core.SpawnRefBase< T >.Prefab [get]`

The prefab to be spawned.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Pooling/SpawnRef.cs

**6.38 Infohazard.Core.StringUtility Class Reference**

Contains string processing utilities.

## Static Public Member Functions

- static string [SplitCamelCase](#) (this string str, bool capitalizeFirst=false)  
*Splits a camel-case string into words separated by spaces.*

### 6.38.1 Detailed Description

Contains string processing utilities.

### 6.38.2 Member Function Documentation

**6.38.2.1 [SplitCamelCase\(\)](#)** static string Infohazard.Core.StringUtility.SplitCamelCase ( this string str, bool capitalizeFirst = false ) [static]

Splits a camel-case string into words separated by spaces.

Multiple consecutive capitals are considered the same word.

#### Parameters

<i>str</i>	The string to split.
<i>capitalizeFirst</i>	Whether to capitalize the first letter.

#### Returns

The split string.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/StringUtility.cs

## 6.39 Infohazard.Core.Tag Class Reference

Provides string constants for builtin Unity tags.

## Static Public Attributes

- const string [Untagged](#) = "Untagged"  
*The string "Untagged".*
- const string [Respawn](#) = "Respawn"  
*The string "Respawn".*
- const string [Finish](#) = "Finish"  
*The string "Finish".*

- const string **EditorOnly** = "EditorOnly"  
*The string "EditorOnly".*
- const string **MainCamera** = "MainCamera"  
*The string "MainCamera".*
- const string **Player** = "Player"  
*The string "Player".*
- const string **GameController** = "GameController"  
*The string "GameController".*
- static readonly string[] **DefaultTags**  
*Array of default tags provided by Unity.*
- static string[] **GameOverrideTags** = null  
*Set by the generated GameTag script.*

## Properties

- static string[] **Tags** [get]  
*Array of all default and custom tags in the project.*

### 6.39.1 Detailed Description

Provides string constants for builtin Unity tags.

To extend with custom tags, see `GameTag`, which you can generate using the command `Infohazard > Generate > Update GameTag.cs`.

### 6.39.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.39.2.1 DefaultTags readonly string [] Infohazard.Core.Tag.DefaultTags [static]

##### Initial value:

```
= {  
    "Untagged", "Respawn", "Finish", "EditorOnly", "MainCamera", "Player", "GameController",  
}
```

Array of default tags provided by Unity.

#### 6.39.2.2 EditorOnly const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.EditorOnly = "EditorOnly" [static]

The string "EditorOnly".

#### 6.39.2.3 Finish const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.Finish = "Finish" [static]

The string "Finish".

**6.39.2.4 GameController** const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.GameController = "GameController" [static]

The string "GameController".

**6.39.2.5 GameOverrideTags** string [] Infohazard.Core.Tag.GameOverrideTags = null [static]

Set by the generated GameTag script.

**6.39.2.6 MainCamera** const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.MainCamera = "MainCamera" [static]

The string "MainCamera".

**6.39.2.7 Player** const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.Player = "Player" [static]

The string "Player".

**6.39.2.8 Respawn** const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.Respawn = "Respawn" [static]

The string "Respawn".

**6.39.2.9 Untagged** const string Infohazard.Core.Tag.Untagged = "Untagged" [static]

The string "Untagged".

### 6.39.3 Property Documentation

**6.39.3.1 Tags** string [] Infohazard.Core.Tag.Tags [static], [get]

Array of all default and custom tags in the project.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/Tag.cs

## 6.40 Infohazard.Core.TagMask Struct Reference

Used to select tags in the inspector, including the ability to select multiple tags.

### Public Member Functions

- [TagMask](#) (long value)  
*Initialize a new [TagMask](#) with the given value.*
- override string [ToString](#) ()
- bool [Equals](#) ([TagMask](#) other)
- override bool [Equals](#) (object obj)
- override int [GetHashCode](#) ()

### Static Public Member Functions

- static implicit operator long ([TagMask](#) mask)  
*Convert a [TagMask](#) to a long.*
- static implicit operator [TagMask](#) (long mask)  
*Convert a long to a [TagMask](#).*
- static [TagMask operator&](#) (in [TagMask](#) lhs, in [TagMask](#) rhs)  
*Apply bitwise AND operator to two [TagMask](#)s.*
- static [TagMask operator&](#) ([TagMask](#) lhs, long rhs)  
*Apply bitwise AND operator to a [TagMask](#) and a long.*
- static long [operator&](#) (long lhs, [TagMask](#) rhs)  
*Apply bitwise AND operator to a long and a [TagMask](#).*
- static [TagMask operator|](#) ([TagMask](#) lhs, [TagMask](#) rhs)  
*Apply bitwise OR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a [TagMask](#).*
- static [TagMask operator|](#) ([TagMask](#) lhs, long rhs)  
*Apply bitwise OR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a long.*
- static long [operator|](#) (long lhs, [TagMask](#) rhs)  
*Apply bitwise OR operator to a long and a [TagMask](#).*
- static [TagMask operator^](#) ([TagMask](#) lhs, [TagMask](#) rhs)  
*Apply bitwise XOR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a [TagMask](#).*
- static [TagMask operator^](#) ([TagMask](#) lhs, long rhs)  
*Apply bitwise XOR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a long.*
- static long [operator^](#) (long lhs, [TagMask](#) rhs)  
*Apply bitwise XOR operator to a long and a [TagMask](#).*
- static [TagMask operator~](#) ([TagMask](#) mask)  
*Apply bitwise NOT operator to a [TagMask](#).*
- static int [NameToTag](#) (string name)  
*Gets the index of a given tag in the [Tag.Tags](#) array.*
- static string [TagToName](#) (int tag)  
*Gets the tag name at the given index in the [Tag.Tags](#) array.*
- static long [GetMask](#) (params string[] names)  
*Get a mask value that contains all the given tag names.*
- static long [GetMask](#) (string name)  
*Get a mask value that contains the given tag name.*

## Static Public Attributes

- const long `UntaggedMask` =  $1 \lll 0$   
*Mask value for the Untagged tag.*
- const long `RespawnMask` =  $1 \lll 1$   
*Mask value for the Respawn tag.*
- const long `FinishMask` =  $1 \lll 2$   
*Mask value for the Finish tag.*
- const long `EditorOnlyMask` =  $1 \lll 3$   
*Mask value for the EditorOnly tag.*
- const long `MainCameraMask` =  $1 \lll 4$   
*Mask value for the MainCamera tag.*
- const long `PlayerMask` =  $1 \lll 5$   
*Mask value for the Player tag.*
- const long `GameControllerMask` =  $1 \lll 6$   
*Mask value for the GameController tag.*

## Properties

- long `Value` [get, set]  
*The value of the mask as a 64-bit integer.*

### 6.40.1 Detailed Description

Used to select tags in the inspector, including the ability to select multiple tags.

Works similar to LayerMask. If you have a custom GameTag script generated, your custom tags will be available here too. You can find code constants for those tags in GameTagMask. Like LayerMask, `TagMask` is implicitly convertible to and from an integer value (long in this case).

### 6.40.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.40.2.1 TagMask()** `Infohazard.Core.TagMask.TagMask (`  
`long value )`

Initialize a new `TagMask` with the given value.

#### Parameters

<code>value</code>	The value to initialize with, representing which tags are "on".
--------------------	---

### 6.40.3 Member Function Documentation

**6.40.3.1 Equals() [1/2]** override bool Infohazard.Core.TagMask.Equals ( object *obj* )

**6.40.3.2 Equals() [2/2]** bool Infohazard.Core.TagMask.Equals ( TagMask *other* )

**6.40.3.3 GetHashCode()** override int Infohazard.Core.TagMask.GetHashCode ( )

**6.40.3.4 GetMask() [1/2]** static long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.GetMask ( params string[] *names* ) [static]

Get a mask value that contains all the given tag names.

**Parameters**

<i>names</i>	Names of tags to include in the mask.
--------------	---------------------------------------

**Returns**

The created mask.

**6.40.3.5 GetMask() [2/2]** static long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.GetMask ( string *name* ) [static]

Get a mask value that contains the given tag name.

**Parameters**

<i>name</i>	Name of tag to include in the mask.
-------------	-------------------------------------

**Returns**

The created mask.

**6.40.3.6 NameToTag()** static int Infohazard.Core.TagMask.NameToTag ( string *name* ) [static]

Gets the index of a given tag in the [Tag.Tags](#) array.

**Parameters**

<i>name</i>	Tag name.
-------------	-----------

**Returns**

The index of the tag or -1 if it doesn't exist.

**6.40.3.7 operator long()** static implicit Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator long ( TagMask mask ) [static]

Convert a [TagMask](#) to a long.

**Parameters**

<i>mask</i>	TagMask to convert.
-------------	---------------------

**Returns**

The mask's value.

**6.40.3.8 operator TagMask()** static implicit Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator TagMask ( long mask ) [static]

Convert a long to a [TagMask](#).

**Parameters**

<i>mask</i>	The mask value.
-------------	-----------------

**Returns**

The created [TagMask](#).

**6.40.3.9 operator&() [1/3]** static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator& ( in TagMask lhs, in TagMask rhs ) [static]

Apply bitwise AND operator to two TagMasks.

```
6.40.3.10 operator&() [2/3] static long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator& (
    long lhs,
    TagMask rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise AND operator to a long and a [TagMask](#).

```
6.40.3.11 operator&() [3/3] static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator& (
    TagMask lhs,
    long rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise AND operator to a [TagMask](#) and a long.

```
6.40.3.12 operator^() [1/3] static long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator^ (
    long lhs,
    TagMask rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise XOR operator to a long and a [TagMask](#).

```
6.40.3.13 operator^() [2/3] static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator^ (
    TagMask lhs,
    long rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise XOR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a long.

```
6.40.3.14 operator^() [3/3] static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator^ (
    TagMask lhs,
    TagMask rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise XOR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a [TagMask](#).

```
6.40.3.15 operator"|" [1/3] static long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator| (
    long lhs,
    TagMask rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise OR operator to a long and a [TagMask](#).

```
6.40.3.16 operator" |() [2/3] static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator| (
    TagMask lhs,
    long rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise OR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a long.

```
6.40.3.17 operator" |() [3/3] static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator| (
    TagMask lhs,
    TagMask rhs ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise OR operator to a [TagMask](#) and a [TagMask](#).

```
6.40.3.18 operator~() static TagMask Infohazard.Core.TagMask.operator~ (
    TagMask mask ) [static]
```

Apply bitwise NOT operator to a [TagMask](#).

```
6.40.3.19 TagToName() static string Infohazard.Core.TagMask.TagToName (
    int tag ) [static]
```

Gets the tag name at the given index in the [Tag.Tags](#) array.

#### Parameters

<i>tag</i>	<a href="#">Tag</a> index. Must be in range [0, TAG COUNT - 1].
------------	---

#### Returns

The tag's name.

```
6.40.3.20 ToString() override string Infohazard.Core.TagMask.ToString ( )
```

## 6.40.4 Member Data Documentation

```
6.40.4.1 EditorOnlyMask const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.EditorOnlyMask = 1 << 3 [static]
```

Mask value for the EditorOnly tag.

**6.40.4.2 FinishMask** const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.FinishMask = 1 << 2 [static]

Mask value for the Finish tag.

**6.40.4.3 GameControllerMask** const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.GameControllerMask = 1 << 6 [static]

Mask value for the GameController tag.

**6.40.4.4 MainCameraMask** const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.MainCameraMask = 1 << 4 [static]

Mask value for the MainCamera tag.

**6.40.4.5 PlayerMask** const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.PlayerMask = 1 << 5 [static]

Mask value for the Player tag.

**6.40.4.6 RespawnMask** const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.RespawnMask = 1 << 1 [static]

Mask value for the Respawn tag.

**6.40.4.7 UntaggedMask** const long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.UntaggedMask = 1 << 0 [static]

Mask value for the Untagged tag.

## 6.40.5 Property Documentation

**6.40.5.1 Value** long Infohazard.Core.TagMask.Value [get], [set]

The value of the mask as a 64-bit integer.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/Tag.cs

## 6.41 Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility Class Reference

Static operations on [Tag](#) enum values.

### Static Public Member Functions

- static bool [CompareTagMask](#) (this GameObject obj, long tag)  
*Return true if GameObject's tag matches given any tag in given value.*
- static bool [CompareTagMask](#) (this Component obj, long tag)  
*Return true if Component's tag matches given any tag in given value.*
- static void [SetTagIndex](#) (this GameObject obj, int tagIndex)  
*Set the tag index of a GameObject.*
- static int [GetTagIndex](#) (this GameObject obj)  
*Get the tag index of a GameObject.*
- static int [GetTagIndex](#) (this Component obj)  
*Get the tag index of a Component.*
- static long [GetTagMask](#) (this GameObject obj)  
*Get the tag mask of a GameObject.*
- static long [GetTagMask](#) (this Component obj)  
*Get the tag mask of a Component.*

### 6.41.1 Detailed Description

Static operations on [Tag](#) enum values.

### 6.41.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.41.2.1 [CompareTagMask\(\)](#) [1/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.CompareTagMask (this Component obj, long tag) [static]

Return true if Component's tag matches given any tag in given value.

##### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	The Component to check.
<i>tag</i>	The tag to compare, which may be multiple tags.

##### Returns

Whether Component matches given tag.

```
6.41.2.2 CompareTagMask() [2/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.CompareTagMask (
    this GameObject obj,
    long tag ) [static]
```

Return true if GameObject's tag matches given any tag in given value.

#### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	The GameObject to check.
<i>tag</i>	The tag to compare, which may be multiple tags.

#### Returns

Whether GameObject matches given tag.

```
6.41.2.3 GetTagIndex() [1/2] static int Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.GetTagIndex (
    this Component obj ) [static]
```

Get the tag index of a Component.

#### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	Object to read.
------------	-----------------

#### Returns

The Component's tag index.

```
6.41.2.4 GetTagIndex() [2/2] static int Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.GetTagIndex (
    this GameObject obj ) [static]
```

Get the tag index of a GameObject.

#### Parameters

<i>obj</i>	Object to read.
------------	-----------------

#### Returns

The GameObject's tag index.

**6.41.2.5 GetTagMask() [1/2]** static long Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.GetTagMask ( this Component *obj* ) [static]

Get the tag mask of a Component.

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	Object to read.
------------	-----------------

**Returns**

The Component's tag as a mask.

**6.41.2.6 GetTagMask() [2/2]** static long Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.GetTagMask (this GameObject *obj*) [static]

Get the tag mask of a GameObject.

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	Object to read.
------------	-----------------

**Returns**

The GameObject's tag as a mask.

**6.41.2.7 SetTagIndex()** static void Infohazard.Core.TagMaskUtility.SetTagIndex (this GameObject *obj*, int *tagIndex*) [static]

Set the tag index of a GameObject.

**Parameters**

<i>obj</i>	Object to modify.
<i>tagIndex</i>	Tag to set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/Tag.cs

## 6.42 Infohazard.Core.Editor.TagsGenerator Class Reference

Class used to generate the GameTag.cs file to use your custom tags in code.

## Static Public Member Functions

- static void [Generate](#) ()  
*Generate the GameTag file.*
- static void [Remove](#) ()  
*Remove the GameTag file.*

### 6.42.1 Detailed Description

Class used to generate the GameTag.cs file to use your custom tags in code.

To generate this file, use the menu item [Infohazard](#) > Generate > Update GameTag.cs.

### 6.42.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 6.42.2.1 [Generate\(\)](#) static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.TagsGenerator.Generate () [static]

Generate the GameTag file.

#### 6.42.2.2 [Remove\(\)](#) static void Infohazard.Core.Editor.TagsGenerator.Remove () [static]

Remove the GameTag file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Editor/Misc/TagsGenerator.cs

## 6.43 Infohazard.Core.TimeToLive Class Reference

Despawns a GameObject after a set amount of time.

### Properties

- float [TimeRemaining](#) [get, set]  
*How much time remains before the GameObject is destroyed.*

### 6.43.1 Detailed Description

Despawns a GameObject after a set amount of time.

Compatible with the pooling system.

### 6.43.2 Property Documentation

#### 6.43.2.1 TimeRemaining float Infohazard.Core.TimeToLive.TimeRemaining [get], [set]

How much time remains before the GameObject is destroyed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Timing/TimeToLive.cs

## 6.44 Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEvents Class Reference

Class that stores the UnityEvents used by a [TriggerVolume](#).

### Properties

- UnityEvent [OnTriggerEnter](#) [get]  
*Invoked when an object matching the tag filter enters the trigger.*
- UnityEvent [OnTriggerExit](#) [get]  
*Invoked when an object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.*
- UnityEvent [OnAllExit](#) [get]  
*Invoked when the last object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.*

### 6.44.1 Detailed Description

Class that stores the UnityEvents used by a [TriggerVolume](#).

### 6.44.2 Property Documentation

#### 6.44.2.1 OnAllExit UnityEvent Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEvents.OnAllExit [get]

Invoked when the last object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.

#### 6.44.2.2 OnTriggerEnter UnityEvent Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEvents.OnTriggerEnter [get]

Invoked when an object matching the tag filter enters the trigger.

**6.44.2.3 OnTriggerExit** UnityEvent Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEvents.OnTriggerExit  
[get]

Invoked when an object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/TriggerVolume.cs

## 6.45 Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume Class Reference

A script that makes it easy to add events to a trigger collider.

### Classes

- class [TriggerEvents](#)  
*Class that stores the UnityEvents used by a TriggerVolume.*

### Properties

- [TriggerEvents Events](#) [get]  
*UnityEvents that enable you to assign functionality in the editor.*
- [IReadOnlyCollection< GameObject > Occupants](#) [get]  
*All objects currently inside the trigger volume.*
- [IReadOnlyList< Collider > ControlledColliders](#) [get]  
*List of colliders to enable/disable along with this component.*

### Events

- [Action< GameObject > TriggerEntered](#)  
*Invoked when an object matching the tag filter enters the trigger.*
- [Action< GameObject > TriggerExited](#)  
*Invoked when an object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.*
- [Action< GameObject > AllExited](#)  
*Invoked when the last object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.*

### 6.45.1 Detailed Description

A script that makes it easy to add events to a trigger collider.

Provides both UnityEvents (assignable in the inspector) and normal C# events for when an object enters or leaves the trigger, and when all objects have left the trigger. Also provides a tag filter, allowing you to control which types of object can activate it.

### 6.45.2 Property Documentation

**6.45.2.1 ControlledColliders** IReadOnlyList<Collider> Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.ControlledColliders [get]

List of colliders to enable/disable along with this component.

**6.45.2.2 Events** TriggerEvents Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.Events [get]

UnityEvents that enable you to assign functionality in the editor.

**6.45.2.3 Occupants** IReadOnlyCollection<GameObject> Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.Occupants [get]

All objects currently inside the trigger volume.

### 6.45.3 Event Documentation

**6.45.3.1 AllExited** Action<GameObject> Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.AllExited

Invoked when the last object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.

**6.45.3.2 TriggerEntered** Action<GameObject> Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerEntered

Invoked when an object matching the tag filter enters the trigger.

**6.45.3.3 TriggerExited** Action<GameObject> Infohazard.Core.TriggerVolume.TriggerExited

Invoked when an object matching the tag filter exits the trigger.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Misc/TriggerVolume.cs

## 6.46 Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute Class Reference

Attribute that draws string fields as a dropdown where a Type can be selected.

## Public Member Functions

- **TypeSelectAttribute** (Type baseClass, bool allowAbstract=false, bool allowGeneric=false, bool search=false)  
*Construct a new TypeSelectAttribute.*

## Properties

- Type **BaseClass** [get]  
*If set, dropdown will only show types assignable to this type.*
- bool **AllowAbstract** [get]  
*Whether to show abstract classes.*
- bool **AllowGeneric** [get]  
*Whether to show generic types.*
- bool **Search** [get]  
*Whether to show a search bar.*

### 6.46.1 Detailed Description

Attribute that draws string fields as a dropdown where a Type can be selected.

### 6.46.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**6.46.2.1 TypeSelectAttribute()** Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute.TypeSelectAttribute (

Type	baseClass,
bool	allowAbstract = false,
bool	allowGeneric = false,
bool	search = false )

Construct a new TypeSelectAttribute.

#### Parameters

<i>baseClass</i>	If set, dropdown will only show types assignable to this type.
<i>allowAbstract</i>	Whether to show abstract classes.
<i>allowGeneric</i>	Whether to show generic types.
<i>search</i>	Whether to show a search bar./

### 6.46.3 Property Documentation

**6.46.3.1 AllowAbstract** bool Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute.AllowAbstract [get]

Whether to show abstract classes.

**6.46.3.2 AllowGeneric** `bool Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute.AllowGeneric [get]`

Whether to show generic types.

**6.46.3.3 BaseClass** `Type Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute.BaseClass [get]`

If set, dropdown will only show types assignable to this type.

**6.46.3.4 Search** `bool Infohazard.Core.TypeSelectAttribute.Search [get]`

Whether to show a search bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Attributes/TypeSelectAttribute.cs

**6.47 Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility Class Reference**

Contains utilities for working with C# reflection types and getting a type by its name.

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static Type [GetType](#) (string fullName)  
*Get a type given its full name (including namespace).*
- static string [GetDisplayName](#) (this Type type, bool includeNamespace=false, bool capitalizeFirst=false)  
*Get a human-readable name of a type (mostly used for generic types). Generally equivalent to the name you use in C# code.*

**Properties**

- static Assembly[] [AllAssemblies](#) [get]  
*Returns an array of all loaded assemblies.*
- static IEnumerable< Type > [AllTypes](#) [get]  
*Returns an enumeration of all loaded types.*

**6.47.1 Detailed Description**

Contains utilities for working with C# reflection types and getting a type by its name.

**6.47.2 Member Function Documentation****6.47.2.1 GetDisplayName()** `static string Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility.GetDisplayName (`  
`this Type type,`  
`bool includeNamespace = false,`  
`bool capitalizeFirst = false ) [static]`

Get a human-readable name of a type (mostly used for generic types). Generally equivalent to the name you use in C# code.

**Parameters**

<i>type</i>	The type.
<i>includeNamespace</i>	Whether to include namespaces in the result.
<i>capitalizeFirst</i>	If true, force the first character to a capital.

**Returns**

A human-readable name of the type.

**6.47.2.2 GetType()** static Type Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility.GetType ( string *fullName* ) [static]

Get a type given its full name (including namespace).

**Parameters**

<i>fullName</i>	Name of the type including namespace.
-----------------	---------------------------------------

**Returns**

The found type, or null.

### 6.47.3 Property Documentation

**6.47.3.1 AllAssemblies** Assembly [] Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility.AllAssemblies [static], [get]

Returns an array of all loaded assemblies.

**6.47.3.2 AllTypes** IEnumerable<Type> Infohazard.Core.TypeUtility.AllTypes [static], [get]

Returns an enumeration of all loaded types.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/Utility/TypeUtility.cs

## 6.48 Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject Class Reference

This script is used to assign a unique name to an object, which can then be used to find that object.

## Static Public Member Functions

- static bool [TryGetObject](#) (string name, out GameObject result)  
*Try to get a GameObject with the given unique name, and return whether it was found.*
- static bool [TryGetObject](#) ([UniqueNameListEntry](#) entry, out GameObject result)  
*Try to get a GameObject with the given unique name asset, and return whether it was found.*

## Properties

- [UniqueNameListEntry UniqueNameListEntry](#) [get]  
*Unique name asset for the object.*
- string [UniqueName](#) [get, private set]  
*Unique name string for the object.*
- static IReadonlyDictionary< string, [UniqueNamedObject](#) > [Objects](#) [get]  
*Dictionary of all active UniqueNamedObjects keyed by their unique names.*

## Events

- static Action< [UniqueNamedObject](#) > [ObjectAdded](#)  
*Invoked when a new UniqueNamedObject is added to the dictionary.*
- static Action< [UniqueNamedObject](#) > [ObjectRemoved](#)  
*Invoked when a UniqueNamedObject is removed from the dictionary.*

### 6.48.1 Detailed Description

This script is used to assign a unique name to an object, which can then be used to find that object.

Unique names can be created under a [UniqueNameList](#). The static methods in this class can be used to quickly find objects by their unique names. Since the unique names are asset references, there is no chance of making typos, and they can even be renamed without breaking references. There is nothing that prevents two objects from sharing the same name, but you will get a log error if they are active at the same time.

### 6.48.2 Member Function Documentation

```
6.48.2.1 TryGetObject() [1/2] static bool Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.TryGetObject (
    string name,
    out GameObject result ) [static]
```

Try to get a GameObject with the given unique name, and return whether it was found.

#### Parameters

<code>name</code>	The name to search for.
<code>result</code>	The object with that name, or null if not found.

**Returns**

Whether the object was found.

**6.48.2.2 TryGetObject() [2/2]** static bool Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.TryGetObject ( UniqueNameListEntry entry, out GameObject result ) [static]

Try to get a GameObject with the given unique name asset, and return whether it was found.

**Parameters**

<i>entry</i>	The name asset to search for.
<i>result</i>	The object with that name, or null if not found.

**Returns**

Whether the object was found.

**6.48.3 Property Documentation**

**6.48.3.1 Objects** IReadOnlyDictionary<string, UniqueNamedObject> Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.Objects [static], [get]

Dictionary of all active UniqueNamedObjects keyed by their unique names.

**6.48.3.2 UniqueName** string Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.UniqueName [get], [private set]

Unique name string for the object.

**6.48.3.3 UniqueNameListEntry** UniqueNameListEntry Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.UniqueNameListEntry [get]

Unique name asset for the object.

**6.48.4 Event Documentation**

**6.48.4.1 ObjectAdded** Action<[UniqueNamedObject](#)> Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.ObjectAdded [static]

Invoked when a new [UniqueNamedObject](#) is added to the dictionary.

**6.48.4.2 ObjectRemoved** Action<[UniqueNamedObject](#)> Infohazard.Core.UniqueNamedObject.ObjectRemoved [static]

Invoked when a [UniqueNamedObject](#) is removed from the dictionary.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/UniqueName/UniqueNamedObject.cs

## 6.49 Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameList Class Reference

A list used to organize unique names used by objects.

### Properties

- IReadOnlyList<[UniqueNameListEntry](#)> Entries [get]  
*All unique name assets in this list.*

### 6.49.1 Detailed Description

A list used to organize unique names used by objects.

You can have one or many UniqueNameLists in your project, it is totally up to you. When selecting a unique name for an object, you will have the option to create a new one in any [UniqueNameList](#).

### 6.49.2 Property Documentation

**6.49.2.1 Entries** IReadOnlyList<[UniqueNameListEntry](#)> Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameList.Entries [get]

All unique name assets in this list.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/UniqueName/UniqueNameList.cs

## 6.50 Infohazard.Core.UniqueNameListEntry Class Reference

A unique name asset, usable by a [UniqueNamedObject](#).

### 6.50.1 Detailed Description

A unique name asset, usable by a [UniqueNamedObject](#).

The asset's name is the unique name that will be referenced. UniqueNameListEntries should be created via a [UniqueNameList](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Runtime/UniqueName/UniqueNameListEntry.cs

