

Halle la solución general de $y'' - 6y' + 9y = (1 - t)e^{2t}$ $y'' = 6y + ay = (1-t)e^{2t} = e^{2t} - te^{2t}$ $Y^2 - (Y + 9 - 0)$ (Y - 3)(Y - 3), las raices son $Y_1 = Y_2 = 3$ $V_{h} = C_{1}e^{3t} + C_{2}te^{3t}$ Por princes de Suerrosición $\forall \rho_1 = A e^{2t} \qquad \forall \rho_2 = -A + e^{2t}$ $\sqrt{\rho_1} = 2 A e^{2t}$ $\sqrt{\rho_1} = 4 A e^{2t}$ y'' = 6 $y' + ay = e^{2t}$ = -4 A e^{2t}
-4 At e^{2t} $(4Ae^{2t}) - 6(2Ae^{2t}) + 9(Ae^{2t})$ $y'' = 6y' + ay = -te^{2t}$ e2 (1A - 12 A 19) = e2t (-4Aet - AALe2+) = 6 (-2ALe2+ - Le2+) +9 (-Ate2+) 4 = 1 e2t (1-4A - AAt + 12 At + 6A - 9At) xx (2A - At) = - tx A (2-t) = -t A = -t 2 2-t



